## FOURTH SCHEDULE.

## Computation of Premitus.

1. The amount of the premium payable on the conversion of any existing securities shall be equal to the product obtained by multiplying the following factors, namely :-
(a) The difference between one year's interest on the amount of principal secured by the existing securities at the rate payable thereon immediately before the date of conversion and one year's interest on the same amount at the rate payable on the new securities; and
(b) The appropriate factor specified in the Table of Factors hereinafter set out, according to the period between the date of conversion and the maturity date of the existing securities.
2. For the purpose of computing any such period as is mentioned in paragraph (b) of the last preceding clause, any fraction of a half-year that is not less than three months shall be counted as a half-year, and any such fraction that is less than three months shall not be taken into account.

Table of Factors.

| Period irgm Date of Conversion to Maturity Date of Existing Securities. | Factor. | Period from Date of Conversion to Maturity Date of Existing Securities. | Factor. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Years. |  | Years. |  |
|  | $0 \cdot 488998$ | 191 | $12 \cdot 891438$ |
| 1 | $0 \cdot 967235$ | 20 | $13 \cdot 096761$ |
| $1{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $1 \cdot 434948$ | $20 \frac{1}{2}$ | 13.297566 |
| 2 | 1-892370 | 21 | $13 \cdot 493952$ |
| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2-339726 | $21 \frac{1}{2}$ | $13 \cdot 686017$. |
| 3 | 2-777238 | 22 | $13 \cdot 873855$ |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ | 3.205123 | $22 \frac{1}{2}$ | 14.057560 |
| 4 | $3 \cdot 623592$ | 23 | 14.237222 |
| $4 \frac{1}{2}$ | $4 \cdot 032853$ | $23 \frac{1}{2}$ | 14.412931 |
| 5 | $4 \cdot 433108$ | 24 | 14.584774 |
| $5 \frac{1}{2}$ | $4 \cdot 824556$ | $24 \frac{1}{2}$ | 14.752835 |
| 6 | $5 \cdot 207389$ | 25 | 14.917198 |
| $6 \frac{1}{2}$ | $5 \cdot 581799$ | $25 \frac{1}{2}$ | $15 \cdot 077944$ |
| 7 | $5 \cdot 947970$ | 26 | $15 \cdot 235153$ |
| $7 \frac{1}{2}$ | $6 \cdot 306083$ | $26 \frac{1}{2}$ | $15 \cdot 388903$ |
| 8 | $6 \cdot 656316$ | 27 | $15 \cdot 539270$ |
| $8 \frac{1}{2}$ | 6.998842 | $27 \frac{1}{2}$ | 15.686327 |
| 9 | $7 \cdot 333831$ | 28 | $15 \cdot 830149$ |
| $9 \frac{1}{2}$ | 7-661448 | $28 \frac{1}{2}$ | $15 \cdot 970806$ |
| 10 | 7-981856 | 29 | $16 \cdot 108367$ |
| $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | $8 \cdot 295214$ | $29 \frac{1}{2}$ | $16 \cdot 242902$ |
| 11 | $8 \cdot 601676$ | 30 | $16 \cdot 374476$ |
| $11 \frac{1}{2}$ | $8 \cdot 901395$ | $30 \frac{1}{2}$ | $16 \cdot 503155$ |
| 12 | 9-194518 | 31 | $16 \cdot 629003$ |
| $12 \frac{1}{2}$ | $9 \cdot 481191$ | $31 \frac{1}{2}$ | $16 \cdot 752081$ |
| 13 | 9.761556 | 32 | 16.872451 |
| $13 \frac{1}{2}$ | 10.035752 | $32 \frac{1}{2}$ | $16 \cdot 990172$ |
| 14 | $10 \cdot 303914$ | 33 | 17.105303 |
| $14 \frac{1}{2}$ | $10 \cdot 566175$ 10.822655 | ${ }_{34} 331$ | 17.217900 |
| 15 | $10 \cdot 822665$ 11.073511 | 34 | 17-328020 |
| ${ }_{16} 15$ | $11 \cdot 073511$ 11.318837 | $34 \frac{1}{2}$ | 17-435716 |
| 16 | $11 \cdot 318837$ 11.558765 | ${ }_{35}^{35}$ | $17 \cdot 541042$ 17.644051 |
| 17 | $11 \cdot 793413$ | ${ }_{36}{ }^{3}$ | $17 \cdot 644051$ 17.744793 |
| $17 \frac{1}{2}$ | $12 \cdot 022898$ | $36 \frac{1}{2}$ | 17-843319 |
| 18 | 12.247333 | 37 | 17-939676 |
| $18 \frac{1}{2}$ | 12-466829 | $37 \frac{1}{2}$ | $18 \cdot 033913$ |
| 19 | 12-681496 |  |  |

## Example of Working.

Conversion as from 15 th December, 1933, of 6 -per-cent. securities for $£ 100$, maturing 14th January, 1947, into $4 \frac{1}{4}$-per-cent. securities.

Interest rate on existing securities (as reduced by Part I of the Act) is $4 \frac{4}{5}$ per cent. per annum.

One year's interest on $£ 100$ at new rate ( $4 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent.) is $\quad . . \quad . \quad 4 \cdot 25$
Difference is .. .. .. .. .. .. £0.55
Period from date of conversion (15th December, 1933) to existing maturity date ( 14 th January, 1947) is 13 years 30 days, counted as 13 years.

Factor for 13 years is $9 \cdot 761556$.
$£ 0.55$ multiplied by 9.761556 is $£ 5.3688558$, or $£ 57 \mathrm{~s} .4 \mathrm{~d}$., which is the premium for $£ 100$ of the existing securities.

The premiums on other amounts of existing securities of the same class can be computed in the same way, or, alternatively, by ascertaining $5 \cdot 3688558$ per cent. of the amount of the principal in each case.
(T. 49/196/1.)
C. A. JEFEERY,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

