## THIRD SCHEDULE.

## Computation of Premiums.

1. The amount of the premium payable on the conversion of any existing securities shall be equal to the product obtained by multiplying the following factors, namely :-
(a) The difference between one year's interest on the amount of principal secured by the existing securities at the rate payable thereon immediately before the date of conversion and one year's interest on the same amount at the rate payable on the new securities; and
(b) The appropriate factor specified in the Table of Factors hereinafter set out, according to the period between the date of conversion and the maturity date of the existing securities.
2. For the purpose of computing any such period as is mentioned in paragraph (b) of the last preceding clause, any fraction of a half-year that is not less than three months shall be counted as a half-year, and any such fraction that is less than three months shall not be taken into account.

Table of Factors.

| Period from Date of Conversion to Maturity Date of Existing Securities. | Factor. | Period from Date of Conversion to Maturity Date of Existing Securities. | Factor. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Years. |  | Years. |  |
| ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $0 \cdot 488998$ | $19 \frac{1}{2}$ | $12 \cdot 891438$ |
| 1 | $0 \cdot 967235$ | 20 | $13 \cdot 098761$ |
| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1-434948 | $20 \frac{1}{2}$ | $13 \cdot 297566$ |
| 2 | 1-892370 | 21 | 13.493952 |
| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2-339726 | $21 \frac{1}{2}$ | $13 \cdot 686017$ |
| 3 | 2.777238 | 22 | $13 \cdot 873855$ |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ | $3 \cdot 205123$ | $22 \frac{1}{2}$ | $14 \cdot 057560$ |
| 4 | 3.623592 | 23 | $14 \cdot 237222$ |
| $4 \frac{1}{2}$ | $4 \cdot 032853$ | $23 \frac{1}{2}$ | 14.412931 |
| 5 | $4 \cdot 433108$ | 24 | 14.584774 |
| $5 \frac{1}{2}$ | $4 \cdot 824556$ | $24 \frac{1}{2}$ | 14.752835 |
| 6 | 5-207389 | 25 | 14.917198 |
| $6 \frac{1}{2}$ | $5 \cdot 581799$ | $25 \frac{1}{2}$ | 15.077944 |
| $7{ }^{2}$ | 5.947970 | 26 | $15 \cdot 235153$ |
| $7 \frac{1}{2}$ | 6.306083 | 261 | $15 \cdot 388903$ |
| 8 | 6.656316 | 27 | $15 \cdot 539270$ |
| $8 \frac{1}{2}$ | 6.998842 | $27 \frac{1}{2}$ | $15 \cdot 686327$ |
| 9 | 7-333831 | 28 | 15.830149 |
| 912 | $7 \cdot 661448$ | $28 \frac{1}{2}$ | 15.970806 |
| 10 | $7 \cdot 981856$ | 29 | 16-108367 |
| $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | $8 \cdot 295214$ | 291 | 16.242902 |
| 11 | $8 \cdot 601676$ | 30 | $16 \cdot 374476$ |
| $11 \frac{1}{2}$ | $8 \cdot 901395$ | $30 \frac{1}{2}$ | $16 \cdot 503155$ |
| 12 | $9 \cdot 194518$ | 31 | $16 \cdot 629003$ |
| $12 \frac{1}{2}$ | $9 \cdot 481191$ | $31 \frac{1}{2}$ | $16 \cdot 752081$ |
| 13 | 9-761556 | 32 | $16 \cdot 872451$ |
| $13 \frac{1}{2}$ | 10.035752 | $32{ }^{1}$ | $16 \cdot 990172$ |
| 14 | $10 \cdot 303914$ | 33 | 17-105303 |
| 142 | 10.566175 | $33 \frac{1}{2}$ | $17 \cdot 217900$ |
| 15 | $10 \cdot 822665$ | 34 | $\checkmark 17 \cdot 328020$ |
| $15 \frac{1}{2}$ | 11.073511 | $34 \frac{1}{2}$ | $17 \cdot 435716$ |
| 16 | 11.318837 | 35 | $17 \cdot 541042$ |
| $16 \frac{1}{2}$ | 11.558765 | $35 \frac{1}{2}$ | 17.644051 |
| 17 | $11 \cdot 793413$ | 36 | 17.744793 |
| $17 \frac{1}{2}$ | 12.022898 | $36 \frac{1}{2}$ | 17.843319 |
| 18 | 12.247333 | 37 37 | 17.939676 18.033913 |
| ${ }_{19} 18$ | $12 \cdot 466829$ $12 \cdot 681496$ | $37 \frac{1}{2}$ | 18.033913 |

## Example of Working.

Conversion as from 15th December, 1933, of 6-per-cent. securities for $£ 100$, maturing 14th January, 1947, into $4 \frac{1}{4}$-per-cent. securities.

Interest rate on existing securities (as reduced by Part I of the Act) is $4 \frac{4}{5}$ per cent. per annum.


Period from date of conversion (15th December, 1933) to existing maturity date ( 14 th January, 1947) is 13 years 30 days, counted as 13 years.

Factor for 13 years is 9.761556 .
$£ 0.55$ multiplied by 9.761556 is $£ 5.3688558$, or $£ 57 \mathrm{~s} .4 \mathrm{~d}$., which is the premium for $£ 100$ of the existing securities.

The premiums on other amounts of existing securities of the same class can be computed in the same way, or alternatively, by ascertaining $5 \cdot 3688558$ per cent. of the amount of the principal in each case.
(T. $49 / 603$. )

