FIRST SCHEDULE.

INSTRUCTIONAL COURSE FOR NURSES, AND SYLLABUS OF SUBJECTS FOR EXAMINATION, UNDER THE NURSES AND MIDWIVES REGIS-TRATION ACT, 1925.

Elements of Anatomy.

- 1. General structure of human body: Systems of body.
- 2. Osseous system: Nature of bones; names; structure; classification; principal bones.
- 3. Articulatory system: Joints, definition of; classification; structure; movements; levers of body.
- 4. Muscular system: Voluntary muscles—structure, uses; names and position of chief muscles of body; involuntary musclesstructure, uses; where found.
- 5. Circulatory system: General sketch of systemic, pulmonary, and portal circulations; organs of circulation; names and position of chief arteries and veins; thoracic duct and lymphatic circulation.
- 6. Respiratory system: Anatomy of various parts; anatomy of various organs in chest cavity, and position.
- 7. Digestive system: Mouth, tongue, teeth, pharynx, œsophagus, stomach; small and large intestine; liver; pancreas, salivary glands; peritoneum; position of various abdominal and pelvic organs.
- 8. Secretory system: Names of glands; position.
- 9. Excretory system: Structure and functions of the skin, kidneys, ureters, bladder, and urethra.
- 10. Nervous system: Brain, its main divisions and coverings; spinal cord and its coverings; nerves, their structure.

 11. Organs of special sense: Eye, ear, nose.

Elements of Physiology.

- 1. Structure and uses of epithelium, connective tissue, adipose tissue, cartilage; bone; tooth; tendon, ligament.
- 2. Muscle: Varities; muscular movement; relation of muscles to
- 3. Circulatory system: Blood, its colour, composition, temperature, and uses; coagulation; heart, its structure and mode of action; heart sounds; cardiac impulse; frequency of heart's action; influence of age, posture, &c., on heart's action; arteries, veins, and capillaries, uses and structure of; pulse; sketch of course of circulation.
- 4. Respiratory system: Respiration, definition; respiratory apparatus with structure of each part; mechanism of respiration; respiratory rhythm; types of respiration; changes in air by respiration; changes in blood during respiration; conditions of gases in blood; regulation of respiration; apnœa; dyspnœa; asphyxia.
- 5. Digestive system: Classification of foods; object of digestion, mastication and swallowing; secretory glands, with uses of their secretions; structure and position of various digestive organs; sketch of digestive process; absorption.
- 6. Secretion and excretion: Definition; differences between secreting organs; excretory organs-structure of kidney; urine; structture and uses of skin.
- 7. The ductless glands and their functions.
- 8. Animal heat: Temperature of body; loss and gain of heat in body; regulation of body temperature.
- 9. Nervous system: Functions of cerebrum, cerebellum, pons, and medulla; afferent and efferent nerves; functions of spinal cord; reflex action.

General Nursing.

- 1. Qualification of a nurse, and her limitations.
- Ethics of nursing—i.e., nurse's duty to the patients, doctor, matron, patients' relatives, other nurses, and herself.
 Bedmaking; washing and care of patient; sponging fever
- patients; moving to second bed.