

## PRISONS.

14. The Administrator may if he thinks fit, by writing under his hand, commit the custody and management of the property of any convicted prisoner who shall be serving a sentence of imprisonment in Samoa or otherwise to the Public Trustee, and such power may be exercised either generally or as to individual convicts.

15. On the appointment of the Public Trustee as aforesaid, all the real and personal property, including choses in action, to which the convict was at the time of his conviction entitled, or afterwards while serving a sentence of imprisonment becomes entitled, shall vest in the Public Trustee for all the estate and interest of such convict therein.

16. The Public Trustee shall receive and retain out of any estate of a convict which he shall administer such remuneration as the instrument appointing him to administer such estate shall prescribe.

17. The Public Trustee shall have all the rights and powers and shall perform all the duties as regards each such estate that he shall administer as are appointed and prescribed in New Zealand under the Prisons Act, 1908, and its amendments, to or for the administrators of the property of a convict.

18. The Administrator shall have power from time to time to make regulations with regard to prisons and in particular as to—

- (1) The safe custody and control of prisoners ;
- (2) The management of prisons ;
- (3) The discipline, conduct, and employment of prisoners ;
- (4) The duties and discipline of all constables, warders, or other persons engaged or employed in prisons ;
- (5) Penalties for breaches of such regulations.

C. A. JEFFERY,  
Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Regulating the Use of Nets for taking Fish in certain Waters.*

CHARLES FERGUSSON, Governor-General.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this 3rd day of April, 1929.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is provided by section five of the Fisheries Act, 1908 (hereinafter called "the said Act"), that the Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council gazetted, make regulations imposing conditions and restrictions on the taking of fish, and prohibiting any specified mode of taking fish, or the use of any specified engines, tackle, or apparatus for taking the same :

And whereas it is considered expedient to make the regulations hereinafter set forth with respect to the use of nets, tackle, and apparatus for taking fish within the waters hereinafter described :

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the powers and authorities conferred upon him by the said Act, and of all other powers and authorities enabling him in that behalf, and acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, doth hereby make the following regulations, and doth hereby revoke the regulations set forth in the Schedule hereto.

REGULATIONS.

TRAWLING.

(1) DURING the period from the 16th day of November in any year until the 15th day of March following, both days inclusive, no person shall haul or use a trawl-net for the purpose of taking fish in that portion of the sea which is bounded on the north by a straight line drawn from Cape Colville to Rodney Point.

(2) During the period from the 16th day of March to the 15th day of November in any year, both days inclusive, no person shall have or use a trawl-net for the purpose of taking

fish in that portion of the Hauraki Gulf which is bounded as follows : On the north by a straight line drawn from the north head of Colville Bay to Tiri Tiri Lighthouse ; on the west by a straight line drawn from the said lighthouse to Flat Rock ; and thence by a straight line drawn north (true) to its intersection with a straight line from Cape Colville to Rodney Point, and again on the north by a straight line drawn from the said point of intersection to Rodney Point.

DANISH SEINING.

(3) No person shall use a Danish seine net for taking fish within the waters respectively specified within the following boundaries :—

- (a) Commencing at high-water mark at Gull Point ; thence by a straight line drawn to Rangitoto Beacon, and then east (true) to a point at high-water mark on the shore of Rangitoto Island ; thence by the western and southern shores of Rangitoto Island and the south-western and south-eastern shores of Motutapu Island to a point at high-water mark to the eastward of the shed at Emu Bay ; thence by a straight line drawn from the said point to a point at high-water mark of Waiheke Island in line with the house in Cable Bay ; thence generally along the southern shores of Waiheke Island to the eastern head of Matuku Bay (otherwise known as McLeod's Bay) ; thence by a straight line to Thames Point on Ponui Island ; thence by high-water mark to a point north (true) of Ponui Passage Lighthouse, and thence by a straight line to the said lighthouse ; thence by a straight line to Deadman Point on the Coromandel Peninsula ; thence generally by high-water mark of the mainland to the commencing-point.

- (b) Inside straight lines drawn across Little Passage from Puri Point to Epuni Point, from the western extreme of Waihou Island (also known as Cook and the Maori) to the eastern extreme of Tuhua Islet (otherwise known as Cow Island) ; thence to the northern extreme of Rangipukea Island, and from the southern extreme of Rangipukea Island to Deadman Point ; as the said area is shown and delineated, coloured blue, on plan marked M.D. 6428, and deposited in the office of the Marine Department at Wellington.