

(b.) To set aside areas of Native land approved by the Administrator for communal cultivation of cotton and other products.

46. Every person to whom land is allotted as aforesaid for his cultivation who without reasonable cause fails to comply with the reasonable requirements of the District Council or Village Committee for its cultivation, and every person who without reasonable cause fails to comply with the reasonable requirements of the District Council or Village Committee for the communal cultivation of any area set aside for that purpose, is liable to a fine not exceeding £2.

47. (1.) Each District Council is empowered and required to fix the number of coconut-trees, bread-fruit trees, banana, taro, yam, and sugar-cane plants, and other trees or plants for food purposes which shall be annually planted by each able-bodied male Samoan resident in its district.

(2.) Any such Samoan who, without reasonable cause, fails to comply with the reasonable requirements of the District Council under this clause is liable to a fine not exceeding £2.

48. Every person who occupies or takes the produce of or who controls persons who occupy or take the produce of any land planted with coconuts is liable to a fine not exceeding £2 if and as often as such plantation is not kept weeded to the satisfaction of the Director of Agriculture or his appointee, unless such person can show that he has made all reasonable efforts to keep it so weeded.

#### AITAGI OR DEATH FEAST ABOLISHED.

49. The holding of an "aitagi" or death feast in Samoa is prohibited. Any person present at or in any manner concerned in the holding of an "aitagi" is liable to a fine not exceeding £2.

#### TREATMENT OF DISEASES.

50. It shall be the duty of the father, or, in default of him, of the mother or other guardian, of any child suffering from yaws to immediately report the fact to the Pulenu'u of the village in which such child is resident.

51. It shall be the duty of every Pulenu'u who has information that any child is suffering from yaws to immediately report the fact to the Secretary for Native Affairs at Apia or to the Resident Commissioner in Savaii.

52. No person having custody of a child suffering from yaws shall permit such child to travel or to enter or remain in any other village than that in which it is usually resident, except for the purpose of being treated by a Medical Officer.

53. No person shall treat or undertake to treat any other person for the disease of yaws by means of any Native or other remedy not approved by the Chief Medical Officer.

54. It shall be the duty of the father, or, in default of him, of the mother or other guardian, of every child under the age of ten years to produce such child for inspection and medical treatment whenever and wherever reasonably required by a Medical Officer or by a person having the authority of such officer.

55. It shall be the duty of the father, or, in default of him, of the mother or other guardian, of every child treated by a Medical Officer, or other person having the authority of such officer, for yaws or any other disease to permit such child to receive, and to secure, that such child undergoes the full course of treatment prescribed by such officer or person.

56. No person being required by a Medical Officer or other person having the authority of such officer to submit himself for treatment for the disease of yaws shall refuse or neglect so to do.