

THE

GAZETTE NEW ZEALAND

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1922.

n pursuance and exercise of the power and authority of the power and authority of the power and authority of the Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, doth hereby, on the recommendation of the New Zealand Board of Trade, make the following Board of Trade Regulations fixing the maximum price of wheat grown in New Zealand.

REGULATIONS.

INTERPRETATION.

THESE regulations may be cited as the Board of Trade (Maximum Price of Wheat) Regulations, 1922.
 These regulations shall come into operation on the day

These regulations shall come into operation on the day after the publication thereof in the Gazette.
 In these regulations—
 "Wheat," "free wheat," and "good milling-wheat" mean wheat, free wheat, and good milling-wheat within the meaning of the Board of Trade (Wheat Industry) Regulations, 1922:
 "Government price" means, in respect of wheat sold for delivery in any month, the price payable by Government brokers under the Board of Trade (Wheat Industry) Regulations, 1922, for good milling-wheat sold to the Government for delivery in the same month:

in the same month:

"Miller's price" means, in respect of wheat sold for delivery in any month, the price receivable by Government brokers for good milling-wheat sold by them on account of the Government for delivery in

the same month in accordance with the Board of Trade (Wheat Industry) Regulations, 1922.

"Nearest port" means the port of entry under the Customs Act, 1913, nearest to the place in which the wheat is grown:
"Railway-station" mea

"Railway-station" means the railway-station nearest to the place in which the wheat is grown, and refers to wheat grown in the North Island or in the Provincial Districts of Marlborough and Nelson only.

4. When wheat is sold without express provision as to the month of delivery it shall be deemed to have been sold for

delivery in the month in which the contract is made, and the maximum price shall be determined accordingly.

WHEAT INFERIOR TO GOOD MILLING-WHEAT.

5. The maximum price of free wheat inferior in quality to good milling-wheat, when sold by the grower, shall be a price equivalent as regards the grower to the Government price of Tuscan wheat for the same month of delivery, less 2d. per bushel.

6. (1.) The maximum price of free wheat inferior in quality to good milling-wheat, when sold wholesale by millers, brokers, or other purchasers from the growers free on board or rail

Board of Trade Regulations.—Maximum Price of Wheat.

JELLICOE, Governor-General.
ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this 23rd day of February, 1922.

Tresent:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority conferred upon him by section twenty-six of the Board of Trade Act, 1919, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, doth hereby, on the recommendation of the New Zealand Board of Trade, make the following Board of Trade.

At the nearest port or railway-station on the usual trade terms as established at the date of this Order in Council, shall be the Government price for good milling-wheat of Tuscan variety delivered free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station on the usual trade terms as established at the date of this Order in Council, shall be the Government price for good milling-wheat of Tuscan variety delivered free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station on the said the nearest port or railway-station in the same month, less 1d. per bushel.

(2.) When sold otherwise than free on board at regards the nearest port or railway-station in the same month, less 1d. per bushel.

(2.) When sold otherwise than free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station on the said trade terms, the maximum price shall be a price equivalent as regards the seller to the maximum price aforesaid.

7. The maximum price aforesaid.

8. The maximum price aforesaid.

9. The maximum price aforesaid.

1. The maximum with the following additions only to such lawful price—namely, an addition of 15 per cent., together with a further addition of the transit charges actually paid by the retail seller of such wheat.

GOOD MILLING-WHEAT.

8. (1.) The maximum price of seed-wheat being good 8. (1.) The maximum price of seed-wheat being good milling-wheat (other than machine-dressed wheat), when sold for delivery free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station on the usual trade terms as established at the date of this Order in Council, shall be the millers' price for good milling-wheat of the same description delivered free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station in the same month, with an addition of 5d. per bushel.

(2.) When sold otherwise than free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station on the usual trade terms as aforesaid, the maximum price shall be a price equivalent as regards the seller to the maximum price aforesaid.

MACHINE-DRESSED SEED-WHEAT.

9. The maximum price of machine-dressed seed-wheat shall be the maximum price fixed by the last preceding clause, with the further addition of 5d. per bushel.

F. D. THOMSON, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Board of Trade (Wheat Industry) Regulations, 1922.

JELLICOE, Governor-General. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this 23rd day of February, 1922.

Present:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by section twenty-six of the Board of Trade WHEREAS by section twenty-six of the Board of Trade Act, 1919, it is enacted that the Governor-General in Council may, on the recommendation of the Board of Trade, by regulation, made provision for the regulation and control of industries in any manner deemed necessary for the maintenance and prosperity of those industries and the economic welfare of New Zealand: And whereas by section forty-seven of the Customs Act, 1913, as extended by the Customs Amendment Act, 1921, it is enacted that the Governor-General may by Order in Council prohibit the exportation of any goods the prohibition of the exportation of which is in his opinion necessary in the public interest: