

		£	s.	d.
8. Farming industries—				
General, without bushfelling	0	17	0
Clearing and stumping land (no explosives)	2	5	0
Agricultural-machine tenders	2	5	0
Scrub-cutting, bill-hook or slasher only (no bushfelling)	1	15	0
Clearing stumps by blasting	6	0	0
Bushfelling and clearing virgin country	6	0	0
9. Sports and amusements.				
Class A	0	4	0
„ B	0	8	0
„ C	0	16	0
„ D	1	0	0
„ E	1	5	0
„ F	1	10	0
„ G	1	15	0
„ H	3	0	0
„ I	4	0	0
„ J	5	0	0
„ K	7	10	0

F. D. THOMSON,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Regulations under the Opium Act, 1908, and the Treaties of Peace Act, 1919.

JELlicoe, Governor-General.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this 18th day of January, 1921.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the powers conferred on him by the Opium Act, 1908, and by the Treaties of Peace Act, 1919, and of all other powers and authorities enabling him in this behalf, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, doth hereby revoke the regulations made under the Opium Act, 1908, on the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, and gazetted on the twenty-seventh day of the same month, and doth hereby make the following regulations.

REGULATIONS.

1. IN these regulations, if not inconsistent with the context, the term—

“Importer and exporter” means the holder of a permit under these regulations to import and export opium, morphine, heroine, cocaine or the salts thereof, or preparations containing the same :

“Minister” means the Minister of Customs :

“The said Act” means the Opium Act, 1908, and its amendments :

“Opium” includes raw opium, prepared opium, opium in powder, solid extract of opium, solutions or liquids containing opium, moist or semi-liquid preparations containing opium, or opium in mixture with other substances, provided that no preparation containing 0.2 per cent. of morphine or less shall be regarded as opium :

“Morphine” means the principal alkaloid of opium having the chemical formula $C_{17}H_{19}NO_3$, and salts and preparations containing the same ; provided that no salt or preparation containing 0.2 per cent. of morphine or less shall be regarded as morphine :

“Heroine” means diacetyl-morphine having the chemical formula $C_{21}H_{23}NO_5$, and salts and preparations containing the same ; provided that no salt or preparation containing 0.1 per cent. of heroine or less shall be regarded as heroine :

“Cocaine” means the principal alkaloid of the leaves of *Erythroxylon coca* having the chemical formula $C_{17}H_{21}NO_4$, and salts and preparations containing the same ; provided that no salt or preparations containing 0.1 per cent. of cocaine or less shall be regarded as cocaine.

2. No person shall import into or export from New Zealand opium, morphine, heroine, or cocaine without a permit from the Minister of Customs.

3. Every applicant for a permit shall apply therefor in writing to the Minister, and shall forward his application to the Comptroller of Customs at Wellington.

4. On receipt of any such application the Minister shall, if satisfied as to the character of the applicant and as to his fitness to be the holder of a permit, issue to the applicant a permit in the form numbered 1 in the Schedule hereto.

5. Subject to the provisions of the said Act and its amendments and to these regulations, it shall be lawful for the holder of a permit to import or to export opium, morphine, heroine, and cocaine ; provided that in every case where exportation is to take place at least forty-eight hours' notice shall be given to the Collector of Customs before any of the before-mentioned drugs are packed for export.

6. The Collector of Customs may provisionally veto the exportation of any opium, morphine, heroine, or cocaine wherever on any grounds he is not satisfied as to the purpose of such exportation or as to the ultimate destination thereof. Wherever such veto is exercised the circumstances shall be reported to the Minister for confirmation of the veto or otherwise.

7. In judging of the propriety of exercising any veto of exportation the Minister and the Collector shall take into consideration the terms of Article thirteen of the “International Opium Convention” signed at the Hague on 23rd January, 1912, which reads as follows :—

“The Contracting Powers shall use their best endeavours to adopt, or cause to be adopted, measures to ensure that morphine, cocaine, and their respective salts shall not be exported from their countries, possessions, colonies, and leased territories to the countries, possessions, colonies, and leased territories of the other Contracting Powers except when consigned to persons furnished with the licenses or permits provided for by the laws or regulations of the importing country.

“With this object each Government may communicate from time to time to the Governments of the exporting countries lists of the persons to whom licenses or permits for the import of morphine, cocaine, and their respective salts have been granted.”

8. For the purpose of the Opium Act, 1908, and its amendments, the following articles are declared to be opium in a form which though not suitable for smoking may yet be made suitable for smoking : Opium crude, opium in powder, solid extract of opium, opium in mixture with other substances (if such mixture may be made suitable for smoking), liquid extract of opium, tincture of opium, sedative liquor of opium, wine of opium, or moist or semi-liquid preparations containing opium, which are in a form which may be made suitable for smoking. The articles hereinbefore enumerated shall be included within the definition of “opium” for all the purposes of these regulations.

9. Every importer and exporter shall keep a book in the form numbered 2 in the Schedule hereto (hereinafter referred to as the O.M.H.C. Book), and shall enter or cause to be entered therein the particulars indicated in that form with respect to all opium, morphine, heroine, or cocaine imported or exported by him ; provided that where an importer and exporter sells, exports, or otherwise disposes of any article or goods imported or exported by him in pursuance of his permit for export or to a registered medical practitioner, a duly qualified veterinary surgeon, a registered chemist, a manufacturing chemist, a Hospital Board, or a dentist, the licensee or manager of a private hospital, or such other person as the Minister may approve, it shall not be necessary to obtain the signature of the purchaser or other person to whom those articles or goods are so sold or disposed of.

10. Before making any other entries in his O.M.H.C. Book, the importer and exporter shall enter therein the prescribed particulars (so far as applicable) as to all opium, morphine, heroine, or cocaine which he may have in his possession on the date of the issue of the permit.

11. On the 31st day of March and the 30th day of September in each year the importer and exporter shall take stock, and shall balance his O.M.H.C. Book ; in the event of the amount of opium, morphine, heroine, or cocaine as shown by the book failing to correspond with the amount actually in stock, the importer and exporter shall enter in his book his explanation of the cause of the discrepancy, and shall sign the same.

12. The importer and exporter shall, at all reasonable times, on request so to do, produce for inspection all books kept by him under these regulations to the Collector or other officer of Customs, or to any constable, or to any other person appointed by the Minister in that behalf ; and shall permit any such person to examine and take stock of all opium, morphine, heroine, and cocaine in his possession ; and shall truly answer any questions put to him with reference to the entries in the said books or as to any opium, morphine, heroine, and cocaine imported or exported by him or in his possession.

13. The Collector or other officer of Customs may at any time demand samples of any goods in the possession of an importer and exporter, or in possession of any other person where he believes or suspects that such goods are held in