



THE

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Effect on War Legislation of the Termination of the War on 10th January, 1920.

Attorney-General's Office, Wellington, 8th March, 1920.

THE following Schedule, showing the effect on war legislation of the termination of the war on 10th January, 1920, is published for general information.

F. H. D. BELL, Attorney-General.

EFFECT ON WAR LEGISLATION OF THE TERMINATION OF THE WAR ON 10TH JANUARY, 1920.

Reference to Act.

Remarks.

1914, No. 4.—Banking Amendment. (Bank-notes to be legal tender)

1914, No. 6.—Regulation of Trade and Commerce...

1914, No. 38.—War Regulations

1914, No. 48.—Patents, Designs, and Trade-marks Amendment

1914, No. 51.-Land Laws Amendment:-

Section 42. (Modification of leases as to rotation of crops, &c.)

Section 43.—(Power to postpone date of payment of rent of pastoral runs)

Section 44. (Power to postpone date of payment of rent of small grazing-runs)

1914, No. 62.—Mining Amendment: Section 7, paragraph (24A). (Restriction as to use of winding-ropes in mines)

Act not affected by termination of war. Proclamation has been issued declaring notes to be legal tender until 31st December, 1922.

Remains in force until the expiry of two years after the termination of the war. (See 1918, No. 10, section 28.)

The War Regulations Act and amendments remain in operation for one year after the war or for such shorter period as the Governor-General may by Proclamation determine. (See 1916, No. 9, section 7.) All War Regulations remain in force for the same period unless sooner revoked.

Remains in force for six months after the termination of the war.

Expire 31st August, 1920.

This section commences to operate on expiry of six months after termination of war. (See 1917, No. 21, section 24.)

Effect on War Legislation of the Termination of the War on the 10th January, 1920—continued.

Defining to Art	D
Reference to Act.	Remarks.
1915, No. 37.—Factories Amendment. (Repealing section 20 of Factories Act, 1908, as to hours of employment of women and boys in woollen-mills) 1915, No. 44.—Expeditionary Forces	Repeal operates on expiry of six months after termination of war. Period of enlistment is the duration of the war and twelve months thereafter. (See section 9 as
1915, No. 57.—Gaming Amendment: Section 2. (Authority to raffle property for benefit of war funds) 1915, No. 67.—Alien Enemy Teachers	amended by 1918, No. 9, section 2.) Expires immediately on termination of war. Of permanent duration. Section 5, fixing duration
1915, No. 77.—New Zealand University Amendment. (Concessions as to examination, &c.)	of Act, repealed by 1919, No. 37. Power may be exercised "during the continuance of the present war and within a reasonable time after a state of war has ceased to exist."
1916, No. 7.—Finance:— Section 41. (Issue of debentures in payment for land taken by Crown) Section 44. (Regulations as to banking)	Remains in force for twelve months after termination of war. To be determined by Order in Council not to be issued within five years after termination of war. (See 1917, No. 9, section 66.)
Section 45. (Regulations as to investment of moneys and rates of interest, &c.) Section 46. (Restrictions as to carrying-on of banking operations in New Zealand) Section 47. (Requiring regulations to be gazetted and laid before Parliament) 1916, No. 13.—War Legislation Amendment:—	Sections 45, 46, and 47 remain in force during the war and for twelve months thereafter.
Section 14. (Power to appoint temporary teachers)	Such temporary appointment not to continue for more than twelve months after termination of war. Appointments may be made during the war or within six months thereafter.
Section 20. (As to half-cost of fencing by adjoining occupiers) Section 31. (Mining Amendment)	Remains in force during the war and for twelve months thereafter. Minister of Mines may grant protection of certain mining privileges in Nelson Land District "for any period not exceeding twelve months after the conclusion of the war."
Section 34. (Soldiers' wills)	Soldiers' wills not operative as such unless the testator dies during the war or within six months thereafter. Remains in force for twelve months after termination of war. (See 1919, No. 37, section 5.)
flour) 1917, No. 9, Finance:— Section 52. (Payment of duty on gold proposed to be exported from New Zealand) Sections 83 and 84. (Temporary increases of oldage and other pensions) 1917, No. 19.—Sale of liquor restriction. (Sixo'clock closing)	The section remains in force during the war and for six months thereafter. Remain in force for twelve months after termination of war. This Act was originally expressed to remain in force during the continuance of the war and for six months thereafter (section 12). Section 12 was
1917, No. 21.—War Legislation:— Part II. (Electoral rights of aliens)	repealed by 1918, No. 11, section 2, and the Act is now permanent. The disqualification imposed on alien enemies is per-
Section 23. (Local Bodies' Loans)	manent, and is not affected by the termination of the war. Authority to raise loan conferred by poll of rate- payers and not exercised not to lapse in any case
Section 24. (Amendment of Mining Act as to winding-ropes) Section 28. (Extension of warrants for retention	until expiration of two years after termination of war. This section lapses six months after termination of war, when section 7, paragraph (24A), of Mining Amendment Act, 1914, commences to operate. Authority terminates on the expiration of three
of officers of Police Force after retiring-age) 1918, No. 2.—Finance: Section 20 (Protection of local authorities in respect of loans falling due)	months after end of the war. Term of loan may be extended for twelve months after termination of war.