

- (B) Ramie stockings and ramie fabrics suitable for the manufacture of gas mantles.
- (A) Range-finders and their component parts.
- (C) Rattans.
- (C) Resins and resinous substances (except such as contain caoutchouc).
- (B) Resinous substances containing caoutchouc.
- (A) Revolution indicators suitable for aircraft.
- (C) Rifling machines.
- (C) Rock crystal.
- (B) Rope made of steel wire, and steel hawsers.
- (B) Rubber (raw, waste, and reclaimed), solutions containing rubber, jellies containing rubber, and any other preparations containing rubber, and also balata, gutta-percha, and the following varieties of rubber, viz., Borneo, Guayule, Jelutong, Palembang, Pontianac, and all other substances containing caoutchouc.
- (B) Rubber, gutta-percha or balata, goods made wholly or partly of.
- (C) Rugs (except horse-rugs).
- (B) Rugs, horse.
- (C) Rum and imitation rum.
- (C) Sabadilla seeds and preparations therefrom.
- (B) Sacks, coal.
- (A) Saddle felt.
- (A) Saddlery, and metal fittings therefor.
- (A) Saddle serge.
- (C) Salt, rock and white (except table salt).
- (B) Sausage skins.
- (B) Searchlights.
- (C) Seeds, clover and grass.
- (B) Sheepskins, haired or woolled.
- (B) Shellac.
- Shipbuilding materials, the following:—
- (A) Boiler tubes.
- (A) Condenser tubes.
- (C) Diesel and other internal-combustion engines for marine propulsion, and component parts of such engines.
- (C) Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships.
- (C) Iron plates and sectional materials for shipbuilding.
- (C) Ships' auxiliary machinery.
- (C) Shovels.
- (B) Signalling lamps and their component parts.
- (A) Silica bricks.
- Silk and silk manufactures, the following:—
- (B) Broad silks of all kinds, whether all silk or of silk mixed with other yarns (except with artificial silk yarn or metal threads), in the grey or discharged, undyed, dyed, or printed, but unweighted.
- (A) Silk braid, silk cloth, silk thread, suitable for cart-ridges.
- (B) Schappe and spunyarn.
- (B) Shantung silk.
- (A) Silk noils.
- (B) Silk, raw or thrown.
- (B) Silk waste.
- (A) Sisal strings, old.
- (A) Sisal waste.
- (C) Slagwool.
- (A) Soap containing more than one per cent. of glycerine.
- (C) Soap (except soft soap) containing one per cent. or less of glycerine.
- (B) Soap, soft, containing one per cent. or less of glycerine.
- (C) Sounding machines and gear.
- (C) Spades.
- (C) Sparking plugs.
- (C) Spices other than pepper.
- (B) Spiegeleisen.
- (A) Spirits, methylated.
- (A) Spirits of a strength of not less than 43 degrees above proof.
- (C) Starch.
- (A) Steel stampings, suitable for aircraft.
- (B) Stockinette.
- (A) Strawboard waste.
- (B) Submarine sound-signalling apparatus.
- (B) Surgical bandages and dressings (except cotton wadding and cotton wool, the exportation of which is prohibited to all destinations).
- (B) Surgical instruments.
- (A) Swords, bayonets, and other arms (not being firearms), and their component parts.
- (B) Syringes, hypodermic.
- (B) Tar, vegetable.
- (B) Tar, wood.
- (A) Tarpaulins.
- (C) Telegraphs (except wireless), instruments and material for (not including insulated wires and cables, the exportation of which is prohibited to all ports and destinations abroad other than ports and destinations in British Possessions and Protectorates).
- (B) Telegraphs, wireless, instruments and material for.
- (C) Telephones, material for (except telephone sets and their component parts).
- (B) Telephone sets and their component parts.
- (A) Telescopes.
- (B) Tents and their component parts.
- (C) Terneplates and receptacles made from terneplates.
- (A) Theodolites.
- (B) Thermometers, clinical.
- (C) Tin plates and receptacles made from tin plates.
- (B) Torpedoes and their component parts.
- (B) Torpedo nets.
- (B) Torpedo tubes.
- (C) Transformer sheets.
- (A) Tubes, brass, solid drawn.
- (B) Tubes, brass, brazed.
- (A) Tubes, copper, solid drawn.
- (A) Turnbuckles suitable for aeroplanes.
- (B) Turpentine (oil and spirit), and articles containing turpentine.
- (B) Turpentine substitute, and articles containing turpentine substitute.
- (C) Twist drills.
- (B) Tyres for motor vehicles and for cycles (whether attached to a vehicle or cycle or not), together with articles and materials specially adapted for use in the manufacture or repair of tyres.
- (B) Uniform clothing (except second-hand military uniform clothing).
- (A) Uniform clothing, second-hand military.
- (B) Vessels, boats, and craft.
- (B) Wagons, four-wheeled, capable of carrying one ton or over, and their component parts.
- (A) Wagon covers.
- (C) Water bottles suitable for military use.
- (C) Wax, carnauba.
- (B) Waxed paper.
- (B) Waxes, mineral and vegetable (except carnauba), and composite waxes.
- (B) Web equipment.
- (B) Wires and cables, insulated.
- (C) Wire-winding machines.
- Woods, the following:—
- (A) Ash.
- (A) Ash three-ply wood.
- (C) Lignum vitae.
- (C) Mahogany.
- (C) Plywood, except ash three-ply wood.
- (A) Spruce.
- (A) Walnut.
- (B) Wool grease.
- (B) Woollen and worsted yarns and mixtures thereof.
- (B) Woollen scarves, jerseys, cardigan jackets, socks, and men's woollen gloves and underwear.
- (B) Woollen rags, shoddy, and mungo, applicable to other uses than manure.
- (B) Wool noils and mixtures thereof.
- (B) Wool, raw (sheep's and lambs') and mixtures thereof.
- (B) Wool tops and mixtures thereof.
- (B) Wool waste.
- (B) X-ray apparatus.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace this tenth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the Seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING!

*Notice under the War Regulations revoking the Declaration of a certain Company as an Enemy.*

WHEREAS by notice dated the 7th day of June, 1916, the Attorney-General, in pursuance of clause 10 of the War Regulations of the 2nd day of May, 1916, declared the company named in the Schedule hereto to be an enemy, and in pursuance of clause 1 of the War Regulations of the 11th day of May, 1916, appointed the Public Trustee as the Controller of the business of that company: And whereas the Attorney-General is satisfied that no alien enemy now possesses or exercises any substantial interest or control in or over that company, and that it is therefore expedient to revoke the aforesaid declaration and appointment:

Now, therefore, I, Alexander Lawrence Herdman, His Majesty's Attorney-General for the Dominion of New Zealand, do hereby, in pursuance of clause 10 of the War Regulations of the 2nd day of May, 1916, and in pursuance of clause 1 of the War Regulations of the 11th day of May, 1916,