



THE  
**NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE**  
 EXTRAORDINARY.

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WELLINGTON, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1916.

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*Additional Regulations under the War Regulations Act, 1914.*

LIVERPOOL, Governor.  
 ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government Buildings at Wellington, this eighteenth day of  
 December, 1916.

Present :

THE HONOURABLE J. ALLEN PRESIDING IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by clause thirty-two of the War Regulations of the third day of April, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, it is provided that no owner of a British ship registered in New Zealand, or of any share in such a ship, shall transfer the ship or any share therein to any person not qualified to own a British ship: And whereas it is expedient to impose further restrictions with respect to the transfer of such ships or shares therein, and to impose restrictions with respect to mortgages and transfers of mortgages of such ships and shares:

Now, therefore, I, Arthur William de Brito Savile, Earl of Liverpool, the Governor of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, do hereby, in pursuance of the War Regulations Act, 1914, and of all other powers and authorities enabling me in that behalf, make the following additional regulations for the purposes aforesaid.

REGULATIONS.

1. No owner of a British ship registered in New Zealand, or of any share in such a ship, shall transfer the ship or any share therein to a foreign-controlled company.

2. No owner of a British ship registered in New Zealand, or of any share in such a ship, shall mortgage the ship or any share therein to any person not qualified to own a British ship or to a foreign-controlled company; and no person, being the mortgagee of any such ship or of any share therein, shall transfer his mortgage to a person not qualified to own a British ship or to a foreign-controlled company.

3. For the purposes of these regulations the expression "foreign-controlled company" means any corporation—

(a.) Where the majority of the directors, or persons occupying the position of directors, by whatever name called, are not British subjects; or

- (b.) Where the majority of the voting-power is in the hands of persons who are not British subjects, or who exercise their voting-powers directly or indirectly on behalf of persons who are not British subjects; or
- (c.) Where the control is by any other means whatever in the hands of persons who are not British subjects; or
- (d.) Where the executive is a foreign-controlled company, or where the majority of the executive are appointed by a foreign-controlled company.

J. F. ANDREWS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Regulations under the War Regulations Act, 1914.*

LIVERPOOL, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this twenty-first day of December, 1916.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

I, ARTHUR WILLIAM DE BRITO SAVILE, Earl of Liverpool, the Governor of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, do hereby, in pursuance of the authority conferred on me by the War Regulations Act, 1914, and its amendments, and of all other powers and authorities enabling me in that behalf, make the following regulations under that Act and the amendments thereof; and do hereby, with the like advice and consent, declare that the regulations hereby made shall be read together with and deemed part of the War Regulations of the tenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

REGULATIONS.

*Enemy Property.*

1. WHERE any property is enemy property within the meaning of section 3 of the War Regulations Amendment Act, 1916, by reason of the fact that any interest in that property (whether such interest is that of ownership or any lesser interest) belongs or at any time since the commencement of the present war with Germany has belonged to any person or company of enemy nationality, descent, origin, residence, connections, or associations (other than a person resident in New Zealand or a company incorporated in New Zealand), the Attorney-General may, by order signed and gazetted by him, order and declare that such interest shall be vested in the Public Trustee as the Custodian of Enemy Property.

2. On the gazetting of any such order the interest to which it relates shall thereupon vest in the Public Trustee as the Custodian of Enemy Property in trust to sell the same, and to hold the same and the income thereof, and the proceeds of the sale thereof, in trust for all persons entitled thereto in accordance with their respective rights and titles.

3. When the interest so vested in the Public Trustee is a registered interest in land under the Land Transfer Act, 1915, the District Land Registrar shall, on the request of the Public Trustee, register him as the proprietor of that interest in the same manner as if that interest had been duly transferred to the Public Trustee by the registered proprietor thereof, and the order of the Attorney-General shall be a sufficient warrant for such registration accordingly.

4. The Public Trustee may in such manner and on such terms as he thinks fit sell and transfer any interest so vested in him.

5. The proceeds of any such sale, and all revenues derived by the Public Trustee from any interest so vested in him, shall be disposed of in accordance with the trusts affecting the same in his hands. All such moneys for the time being unexpended by the Public Trustee shall be invested by him in the common fund of the Public Trust Office. No moneys so invested shall, so far as payable to any person to whom payment is unlawful during the present war, bear any interest.

*Unlawful Meetings.*

6. If the Commissioner of Police is satisfied that any place is about to be used or is likely to be used for the holding of any meeting or meetings having reference to the war, and of a kind injurious to the

public safety or the interests of His Majesty in respect of the war, the Commissioner may by notice prohibit the use of that place for meetings having reference to the war.

7. So long as any such notice remains in force with respect to any place, every meeting held in that place and having reference to the war shall, unless held in pursuance of a written permit issued by the Commissioner of Police, be an unlawful meeting within the meaning and for the purposes of these regulations.

8. Every person who permits an unlawful meeting to be held in or upon any premises or land owned or occupied by him shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations, and shall be liable accordingly.

9. Every person, other than a constable or a person acting in aid of the police, who is present at an unlawful meeting, or who is a party to the holding of any such meeting, shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations, and shall be liable accordingly.

10. So long as any such notice remains in force with respect to any place, a constable may at all times by day or night, when he has reason to believe that any meeting is being or is about to be held in that place, enter upon that place and upon every part thereof, and any one who obstructs a constable in the exercise of this right of entry shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations, and shall be liable accordingly.

11. Every such notice shall be given either by publishing the same in some newspaper circulating in the neighbourhood of the place to which the notice relates, or by publicly exhibiting the same at that place. Every person who without lawful authority removes or otherwise interferes with any notice so exhibited at any time while it remains in force shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations, and shall be liable accordingly.

12. It shall be sufficient if any such notice issued in respect of any place sets forth that meetings having reference to the war are prohibited in that place under the War Regulations.

13. Every such notice shall remain in force until revoked by the Commissioner of Police by a notice published in some newspaper circulating in the neighbourhood of the place to which it relates.

14. In these regulations—

“Meeting” means any assembly at which more than twelve persons are present:

“Place” means a building, or a part of a building, or a public place within the meaning of Part II of the Police Offences Act, 1908, or a piece of land owned or occupied by any person.

#### *Miscellaneous.*

16. No prosecution for an offence against the War Regulations of the 21st day of August, 1916 (relating to treating), shall, without the consent of the Attorney-General, be commenced—

(a.) Against any constable; or

(b.) Against any other person in respect of an act done by him in pursuance of the directions of a Superintendent or Inspector of Police.

F. W. FURBY.

Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.

#### *Prohibiting the Importation into New Zealand of certain Newspapers and Periodical Literature.*

LIVERPOOL, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this twenty-first day of December, 1916.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by section forty-six of the Customs Act, 1913, as extended by section two of the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Amendment Act, 1915, it is enacted that the Governor may from time to time by Order in Council prohibit the importation into New Zealand of any goods the prohibition of the importation of which is in his opinion necessary in the public interest: And whereas in the opinion of the Governor it is necessary in the public interest that the importation into New Zealand of the newspapers and periodical literature hereinafter referred to should be prohibited:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Dominion of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the powers and authorities conferred upon him by section forty-six of the Customs Act, 1913, and section two of the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Amendment Act, 1915, and of all other powers and authorities enabling him in that behalf, and acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of that Dominion, doth hereby prohibit the importation into New Zealand of the newspapers and other periodical literature specified in the Schedule hereto.

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SCHEDULE.

Atlanta American.  
Atlanta Georgian.  
Boston American.  
Chicago American.  
Chicago Examiner.  
Los Angeles Examiner.  
Los Angeles Herald.  
Morgan Journal.  
New York American.  
New York Deutsches Journal.  
New York Evening Journal.  
San Francisco Examiner.  
San Francisco Sunday American.  
Sunday Georgian.  
Cosmopolitan Magazine.  
Good Housekeeping Magazine.  
Harper's Bazaar.  
Hearst's Magazine.  
Motor Magazine.  
Motor Boating Magazine.  
Ross's Magazine.  
Bull (illustrated newspaper).

F. W. FURBY.

Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.