

## 10. SERVICE OF NOTICE.

Notwithstanding anything in the last preceding clause, this license shall not be revoked, and no proceedings shall be taken for the recovery of a fine in respect of the breach thereof unless and until notice in writing of the intention so to revoke the license or to take such proceedings has been served upon the licensee, or placed upon some principal or conspicuous part of the works, and default has been made by the licensee in repairing or remedying the breach or breaches specified in the said notice for the following periods:—

- (a.) For any breach which in the opinion of the Governor can be met by a fine, for thirty days after the service of such notice.
- (b.) For any breach which in the opinion of the Governor is of such a nature as to require the revocation of this license, for ninety days after the service of such notice.

## 11. VARIATION IN CONDITIONS OF LICENSE.

The terms and conditions of this license may at any time, or from time to time, at the request or with the consent in writing of the licensee, be altered by the Governor by Order in Council.

## 12. SURRENDER OF LICENSE.

The licensee may at any time, with the consent of the Minister, surrender this license, and shall thereupon, if so required by the Minister, remove from the ground all removable equipment, machinery, buildings, poles, transmission-lines, and other plant herein authorized to be installed or provided. If the licensee neglects or fails so to remove the said plant within twelve months after being required so to do, such equipment, machinery, buildings, poles, lines, and other plant shall, without payment or compensation, vest in and become the property of the Crown.

## 13. SYSTEM OF SUPPLY.

The system of supply shall be two-wire direct current, with a pressure not exceeding 120 volts between the two conductors or between either conductor and the earth.

14. NOTICES *re* EXTENSIONS, ETC.

Notices *re* any extensions or alterations should be sent to the Public Works Engineer at present stationed at Blenheim, and to the Telegraph Engineer, or his Deputy, at present stationed at Blenheim.

J. F. ANDREWS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*License authorizing James O'Dowd, of Tapanui, to erect Electric Lines within the Township of Tapanui.*

LIVERPOOL, Governor.

## ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government Buildings at Wellington, this twenty-second day of February, 1915.

Present:

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE W. F. MASSEY, P.C., PRESIDING  
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by section two of the Public Works Amendment Act, 1911, it is provided that no person shall lay, construct, put up, place, or use any electric line except under authority of a license issued to him by the Governor in Council under that Act:

And whereas James O'Dowd (hereinafter referred to as "the licensee") desires to erect electric lines on Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4, Block XV, Tapanui Township, and it is expedient accordingly to issue a license in respect thereof under the said section:

Now, therefore, in pursuance and exercise of the powers conferred on him by the said section, and of all other powers in anywise enabling him in this behalf, His Excellency the Governor of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, doth, subject to the conditions set forth in the Schedule hereto, authorize the licensee to erect and maintain electric lines for lighting, heating, and power purposes as shown by dotted red lines on plan P.W.D. 36890, deposited in the office of the Minister of Public Works at Wellington, in the Wellington Provincial District.

## SCHEDULE.

## CONDITIONS OF LICENSE.

## 1. IN these conditions—

"Consumer" means any body or person supplied or entitled to be supplied with electrical energy by the licensee.

"Consumer's wires" means any electric line or lines on the consumer's premises which are electrically connected with the licensee's electric service lines.

"Earthed" means connected to the general mass of earth in such manner as to ensure at all times an immediate and safe discharge to earth of electric energy.

"Electric line" means any wire, wires, conductor, or other means used for conveying, transmitting, or distributing electricity for power, lighting, or heating-purposes; and includes any instrument, insulator, casing, tubing, pipe, covering, or post enclosing or supporting an electric line or anything connected therewith.

"Electric distribution line" means that portion of the system to which electric service lines are connected for the purpose of supplying consumers.

"Electric service line" means the line which connects consumers' premises with an electric distribution line.

"Inspecting Engineer" means and includes any Inspecting Engineer appointed by the Minister to inspect works constructed or maintained by virtue of electric-line licenses issued under the Public Works Act, 1908, and any or all of its amendments, or under any one or more of such amendments only, or any Act or Acts passed in amendment thereof or substitution therefor.

"Low pressure" means pressures up to 650 volts.

"Minister" means Minister of Public Works.

"Pressure" means the difference of electric potential between any two conductors through which a supply of energy is given, or between any part of either conductor and the earth.

"Public Works Engineer" means the Engineer in charge of the Public Works district in which the Township of Tapanui is situated.

"Street" includes road.

"Telegraph" includes telephone.

"Telegraph line" has the same meaning as "electric line" in the Post and Telegraph Act, 1908.

## 2. SYSTEM OF SUPPLY.

Electrical energy shall be supplied on the two-wire direct-current system at a pressure not exceeding 100 volts between the two conductors or between either conductor and the earth. The declared pressure at the consumer's terminals shall be 100 volts.

## 3. REGULATION OF PRESSURE.

The pressure shall be maintained within 4 per cent. above or below the declared pressure at the consumers' terminals. The licensee shall maintain a suitable recording voltmeter, and on complaint by any consumer that the variations in voltage exceed these limits, or on the instructions of the Inspecting Engineer, the licensee shall connect a recording voltmeter to record the pressure between the lines at their entrance to the consumers' premises, and shall supply to the Inspecting Engineer a chart showing the variations in voltage between the lines at this point for a period of seven consecutive days. If the variations thus recorded exceed the above limits the licensee shall take immediate steps to comply with this regulation. If after thirty days a similar chart shows that the above limits of variation in voltage are not complied with, a breach of these regulations shall be deemed to have been committed. If the accuracy of the licensee's recording voltmeter is questioned by the consumer, a standard instrument shall be supplied by the Inspecting Engineer, the readings of which shall be accepted as final.

## 4. SWITCHBOARDS.

All switchboards shall be made of and mounted on material that is not inflammable; and the maximum permissible current and temperature in any conductor mounted thereon or leading thereto shall not exceed the values permitted under the rules of the Institution of Electrical Engineers of Great Britain. No conductor at a pressure above 650 volts shall be exposed on the front of any switchboard, and the back of any switchboard carrying conductors at a pressure over 650 volts shall be screened off, and accessible only to authorized persons.

Every switch intended to be used for breaking a circuit, and every circuit-breaker, shall be so constructed or arranged that it cannot with proper care be left in partial contact or accidentally fall or move into contact when left out of contact.

All switchboard circuits shall be so arranged that the course of any conductor may be readily identified.

Adequate means of access, free from danger, shall be provided for every switchboard passage-way; and the following provisions shall apply to all switchboard working-platforms