

THE

# NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

### EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1914.

Additional Regulations under the War Regulations Act, 1914.

## LIVERPOOL, Governor. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this seventeenth day of December, 1914.

#### Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the War Regulations Act, 1914, the Governor in Council may, for the purpose of better securing the public safety during the present war, make regulations as to the powers and duties of any person acting on His Majesty's behalf: And whereas by the same Act the Governor in Council may also make regulations prohibiting any acts which in his opinion are injurious to the public safety during the present war: And whereas by two Orders in Council made and gazetted respectively on the tenth and twenty-fifth day of November, 1914, the Governor in Council made certain regulations under the said Act: And whereas it is expedient to make further regulations under the said Act:

Now, therefore, I, Arthur William de Brito Savile, Earl of Liverpool, the Governor of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, do hereby, in pursuance of the War Regulations Act, 1914, and of all other powers and authorities enabling me in that behalf, make the following regulations; and do with the like advice and consent declare that such regulations

shall come into force on the publication thereof in the New Zealand Gazette.

#### REGULATIONS.

1. These regulations shall be read together with and shall be deemed part of the regulations made under the War Regulations Act, 1914, by Order in Council of the 10th day of November, 1914, and published in the New Zealand Gazette on the same day.

2. If the Postmaster-General has at any time reasonable ground to suppose that any person, firm, or company in New Zealand or elsewhere is engaged in any business, undertaking, correspondence, or communications of a nature injurious to the public safety or the effective conduct of the military or naval operations of His Majesty during the present war, the Postmaster-General may, by notice under his hand in the Gazette, order that no postal packet or telegram addressed to or intended for that person, firm, or company shall be forwarded or delivered by the Post Office or transmitted by telegraph.

3. Until such order is in like manner revoked no such postal packet or telegram shall be forwarded, delivered, or transmitted, nor shall any money-order be issued in

favour of or paid to such person, firm, or company.

4. While any such order remains in force all postal packets and telegraphic messages received by the Post Office or Telegraph Office for transmission to such person, firm, or company shall be delivered by the Postmaster-General to a military authority.

5. While any such order remains in force no person shall communicate or attempt to communicate by post or telegraph, and whether directly or indirectly through any other person, firm, or company in New Zealand or elsewhere, with the person, firm, or company to whom or to which the order relates, and no person shall act as an intermediary or be otherwise knowingly concerned in any such communication or attempted communication.

6. While any such order remains in force no person shall remit or attempt to remit from New Zealand, whether directly or indirectly, any money to or for the benefit of or on behalf of the person, firm, or company to whom or to which the order relates, or be in any manner knowingly concerned in any such remission or attempted remission.

7. While any such order remains in force no person shall make or offer to make any contract with the person, firm, or company to whom or to which the order relates, or be in any manner knowingly concerned in the making or offering of any such contract.

8. (1.) An alien enemy shall not after the 22nd day of December, 1914, for any purpose assume or use, or purport to assume or use, or continue the assumption or use of any name other than that by which he was originally known at the date of the commencement of the present war with Germany.

(2.) Where an alien enemy carries on or purports or continues to carry on, or is a member of a partnership or firm which carries on or purports or continues to carry on, any trade or business under any name other than that under which the trade or business was carried on at the date of the commencement of the present war with Germany, he shall for the purposes of this regulation be deemed to be using or purporting or continuing to use a name other than that by which he was originally known at the date of the commencement of the present war with Germany.

(3.) Nothing in this regulation shall affect the right of a woman who, after the commencement of the present war with Germany, has married an alien enemy to use the

name which she has acquired on her marriage.

(4.) The Minister of Internal Affairs may, if it appears desirable in any particular

case, grant an exemption from the provisions of this regulation.

9. (1.) No person shall communicate or attempt to communicate, whether by letter, telegram, or in any other manner whatever, and whether directly or indirectly through any intermediary in New Zealand or elsewhere, with any person, firm, or company being or carrying on business in the territory of any State at war with His Majesty.

(2.) No person shall in any manner act as an intermediary in any such communication or attempted communication, or be in any manner knowingly concerned

therein

(3.) Nothing in this regulation shall apply to enemy territory in the military occupation of His Majesty's Forces.

(4.) The Minister of Internal Affairs may, if it appears desirable in any particular

case, grant an exemption from the provisions of this regulation.

10. (1.) No person shall do any act with intent to evade, obstruct, or interfere with the effective censorship of telegrams, letters, or other postal packets, whether in New Zealand or elsewhere.

- (2.) No person shall, otherwise than through the Post Office, send or cause to be sent out of New Zealand, or bring or cause to be brought into New Zealand, any letter or other written communication of such a nature that in the ordinary course of correspondence or business it would be transmitted from or into New Zealand through the Post Office.
- 11. (1.) An officer or any person authorized for that purpose by a military authority may arrest, without warrant, any person found in New Zealand who is reasonably suspected of having committed in enemy territory in the military occupation of His Majesty's Forces an offence against any rules or orders there established by the military Government thereof, or of having there acted in a manner injurious to the public safety or to the interests of His Majesty in respect of the present war.

(2.) Unless the person so arrested is an alien enemy he shall, unless discharged by the Minister of Defence, be sent in custody at the first suitable opportunity to the territory

aforesaid, and shall be there delivered to the military Government thereof.

- (3.) If the person so arrested is an alien enemy, he shall be either dealt with as here-inbefore provided or shall be detained in New Zealand in such place and manner as a military authority directs, and during his pleasure, unless discharged by the Minister of Defence.
- 12. Any person who has been sentenced to any term of imprisonment by any Court or judicial authority constituted in enemy territory in the military occupation of His Majesty's Forces may, if found in New Zealand, be arrested and detained by order of a military authority in such place and manner as that military authority thinks fit, and during his pleasure, unless discharged by the Minister of Defence, but not for any longer period than the unexpired term of his sentence of imprisonment. For the purpose of this regulation such term shall be deemed to have commenced on the day on which the sentence of imprisonment was pronounced.

J. F. ANDREWS, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Prohibiting the Export of Forage from New Zealand.

### LIVERPOOL, Governor. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this seventeenth day of December, 1914.

#### Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by section forty-seven of the Customs Act, 1913, as extended by section twenty-four of the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Act, 1914, it is enacted that the Governor may from time to time, by Order in Council gazetted, prohibit the exportation of any goods the prohibition of the exportation of which is in his opinion necessary in the public interest: And whereas in the opinion of the Governor it is necessary in the public interest that the exportation of forage, except as hereinafter specified, should be prohibited:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Dominion of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the powers and authorities conferred upon him by section forty-seven of the Customs Act, 1913, and section twenty-four of the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Act, 1914, and of all other powers and authorities enabling him in that behalf, and acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of that Dominion, doth hereby prohibit the exportation of forage—that is to say, grass clover or oaten hay, oaten chaff, and bran—from the said Dominion save and except where in the case of any specified country or place the Minister of Defence consents to the exportation to that country or place of any specified quantity of such forage in a specified ship and authorizes the lading and exportation thereof accordingly.

J. F. ANDREWS, Clerk of the Executive Council.