

1980/18



THE TERTIARY ASSISTANCE GRANTS REGULATIONS 1980

KEITH HOLYOAKE, Governor-General

ORDER IN COUNCIL

At the Government Buildings at Wellington this 18th day of February 1980

Present:

THE RIGHT HON. R. D. MULDOON PRESIDING IN COUNCIL

PURSUANT to the Education Act 1964, His Excellency the Governor-General, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, hereby makes the following regulations.

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REGULATIONS

1. Title and commencement—(1) These regulations may be cited as the Tertiary Assistance Grants Regulations 1980.

(2) These regulations shall come into force on the 19th day of February 1980.

2. Interpretation—In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,—

“The Act” means the Education Act 1964:

“A-Bursary” means an A-Bursary established by regulation 40 (1) (a) of these regulations:

“Appeal” means an appeal under section 193AA (8) of the Act:

“Authority” means the Tertiary Assistance Grants Appeal Authority established by section 193AA of the Act:

“B-Bursary” means a B-Bursary established by regulation 40 (1) (b) of these regulations:

“Council”, in relation to a tertiary institution, means the governing body of that institution:

- “Course of study” means any aggregate of courses, classes, and work required for the completion of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other qualification awarded by a tertiary institution:
- “Fees grant” means a tertiary fees grant established by regulation 10 (1) of these regulations:
- “Full-time programme” means a recognised course of study or any part of the work of a recognised course of study, declared to be a full-time programme under regulation 4 of these regulations:
- “Grant” means a fees grant, a study grant, a supplementary grant, a special grant, or a merit grant:
- “Grants Committee” means the University Grants Committee:
- “Merit grant” means a University Junior Scholarship, an A-Bursary, or a B-Bursary; and includes any other award declared by the Director-General to be a merit grant:
- “Parent” includes guardian and step-parent, and any person acting in place of a parent:
- “Recognised course of study” means a course of study at a tertiary institution recognised by the Director-General for the purposes of these regulations:
- “Registrar”, in relation to a tertiary institution, means the senior administrative officer of that institution.
- “Secretary” means the secretary of the authority:
- “Special grant” means a special hardship grant established by regulation 34 of these regulations:
- “Spouse”, in relation to the holder of a study grant, includes any person who is not legally married to that holder but has lived as that holder’s husband or wife for—
- (a) Such period as the Director-General thinks appropriate in all the circumstances, where there is a dependent child of 1 or both of them; or
 - (b) At least 1 year in any other case:
- “Study grant” means a tertiary study grant established by regulation 18 (1) of these regulations:
- “Supplementary grant” means a supplementary hardship grant established by regulation 33 of these regulations:
- “Tertiary institution” means a university, technical institute, or community college, and, in relation to any person who attends a secondary school pursuant to section 96A of the Act, includes that secondary school:
- “University” means a university within the meaning of the Universities Act 1961.

PART I

APPLICATIONS AND GENERAL ELIGIBILITY

3. Applications—(1) Any person who, in any year, is enrolled or proposes to apply for enrolment in a recognised course of study may apply to the Director-General, on a form approved by the Director-General for the purpose, for 1 or more grants to be awarded to him in respect of that course.

(2) Every application for a grant shall be forwarded to the Registrar of the tertiary institution concerned.

(3) The Director-General may require any applicant for the award of a grant, before being awarded that grant, to make a statutory declaration as to any matters that, under these regulations, are conditions precedent to—

(a) The award of that grant; or

(b) The award of that grant at a particular rate—
to that applicant; and in that case that applicant shall not be awarded that grant until he has made that declaration.

(4) Subject to subclause (5) of this regulation, where—

(a) An application for a supplementary grant relates to a course of study commencing during any year commencing on the 1st day of February; and

(b) Before that 1st day of February the applicant has not attained or, as the case may be, will not attain the age of 20 years,—
that application shall be completed jointly by the applicant and 1 or both of the applicant's parents; and in that case subclause (3) of this regulation shall apply to that parent or those parents, as well as to the applicant.

(5) Where the Director-General is satisfied by some person other than the applicant that there are good and sufficient reasons for allowing an application for a grant made by an applicant (being an applicant to whom subclause (4) of this regulation applies) alone, he may allow such an application to proceed.

(6) Except in circumstances that are, in the opinion of the Registrar or the Director-General, exceptional, no Registrar shall consider any application for a grant made more than 30 days after the commencement of the course of study concerned.

4 Full-time programmes—(1) Subject to subclause (4) of this regulation, the Council of a tertiary institution may, with the consent of either the Director-General or the Grants Committee declare any recognised course of study, or any specified part of the work of any recognised course of study, offered by that institution to be a full-time programme.

(2) Where the Director-General is satisfied that work required to be carried out by the holder of a study grant as part of a course of study leading to a Master's Degree cannot adequately be carried out in New Zealand, he may declare specified work intended to be done by that person for a period not exceeding 1 year to be a full-time programme in respect of that person only; and, subject to these regulations, payments may then be made to that person under that study grant notwithstanding that he is carrying out work outside New Zealand during that 1 year.

(3) Subject to subclause (4) of this regulation, the Director-General (in the case of a recognised course of study at a university, with the agreement of the Chairman of the Grants Committee) may declare to be a full-time programme any specified part of the work of a recognised course of study requiring a minimum period of more than 1 year for its completion.

(4) The Director-General or the Grants Committee may give his or its consent under subclause (1) of this regulation, or may make a

declaration under subclause (3) of this regulation, subject to any conditions and modifications he or it thinks fit; and in that case the declaration concerned shall have effect accordingly.

(5) For the purposes of subclause (1) of this regulation, "specified part", in relation to a recognised course of study requiring a minimum period of more than 1 year for completion, means a part of the academic work of that course that bears approximately the same proportion to the total academic work of that course as 1 year bears to the minimum period that course requires for its completion.

5. Courses for disabled persons—(1) Any physically disabled person may request the Director-General to approve any course of study at a tertiary institution as a special course appropriate for that person.

(2) Every such application shall be accompanied by—

(a) Such medical certificates as are, in the opinion of the Director-General, sufficient to demonstrate the nature and extent of that person's physical disablement; and

(b) The consent to that approval of the Principal or Council of that tertiary institution.

(3) Where the Director-General is satisfied that a person making such an application suffers from physical disablement to such a degree as to be seriously limited in the extent to which he can engage in the normal activities, pursuits, and processes of everyday life, the Director-General may approve the course of study concerned as a special course appropriate to that person; and in that case the Director-General shall also specify—

(a) The length of the time within which that student should complete that course; and

(b) The parts of that course that, in the opinion of the Director-General should constitute a full-time programme for that student.

(4) For the purposes of these regulations, where, under subclause (3) of this regulation, the Director-General approves a course of study as a special course for any person, then with respect to that person only—

(a) That course shall be deemed to be a recognised course of study; and

(b) The length of time specified under paragraph (a) of that subclause shall be deemed to be the minimum time that that course requires for its completion; and

(c) Every part of that course specified under paragraph (b) of that subclause shall be deemed to be a full-time programme.

6. Eligibility by citizenship or permanent residence—(1) No person shall be awarded a grant unless either—

(a) He is a New Zealand citizen; or

(b) He intends to reside indefinitely in New Zealand and is entitled under the Immigration Act 1964 to do so.

(2) No person shall be awarded a grant who—

(a) Has been granted a temporary permit to enter New Zealand for the purposes of study or training which permit requires him to leave New Zealand after completing that study or training; and

- (b) Has not thereafter become a person to whom paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of subclause (1) of this regulation applies.

7. Eligibility for award of study grants in respect of university study—(1) No person shall be awarded a study grant in respect of a course of study at a university unless—

- (a) He has qualified academically for entrance to a university in New Zealand in accordance with the requirements of the University Entrance Board, and—

(i) Has been granted a Higher School Certificate or a Higher School Certificate in Fine Arts under the Education (Secondary Instruction) Regulations 1975 or any former regulations; or

(ii) After 1 January 1974, has been awarded a Sixth Form Certificate, and has obtained a grade total of less than 13 in 4 subjects for that certificate; or

(iii) A period of 2 years or more has passed since he so qualified; or

(iv) In the opinion of the Director-General, it would in all the circumstances be unreasonable for him to be required to have obtained a Higher School Certificate or a Higher School Certificate in Fine Arts; or

(v) A period of 3 years or more has passed since he left school, and he qualified academically as aforesaid during that period; or

- (b) He has in any year been credited with passes in at least two-thirds of the work of a full-time programme at a university, or with passes at some other institution approved by the Director-General for the purpose that are, in the opinion of the Professorial Board of the University at which he is enrolled or intends to enrol, equivalent to two-thirds of the work of a full-time programme; or

- (c) He has over a period of more than 1 year been credited with passes in at least the work of a full-time programme at a university or with passes at some other institution approved by the Director-General for the purpose that are, in the opinion of the Professorial Board of the university at which he is enrolled or intends to enrol, equivalent to the work of a full-time programme; or

- (d) He has been awarded a New Zealand Certification recognition of his having successfully completed a course prescribed under the Technicians Certification Act 1958; or

- (e) He has since leaving school obtained some other qualifications approved by the Director-General for the purpose; or

- (f) He is enrolled or intending to enrol at the university concerned in—

(i) A diploma in the field of agriculture or horticulture; or

(ii) Some other diploma approved by the Director-General for the purposes of this paragraph.

(2) For the purposes of subclause (1) (a) (v) of this regulation, a person who attends at a secondary school pursuant to section 93 (5) or section 96A of the Act shall be deemed to have left school.

8. Eligibility for award of study grants in respect of study at technical institutes, community colleges, and senior technical divisions—No person shall be awarded a study grant in respect of a course of study at a technical institute, community college, or secondary school, unless he is enrolled or intending to enrol at that institute, college, or school for one of the following courses of study:

- (a) Part of a course leading to the award of a certificate by the Technicians Certification Authority of New Zealand:
- (b) A senior business course, senior secretarial course, or design course, that has been continuously in existence since before the 6th day of May 1966:
- (c) A course of study that is, in the opinion of the Director-General, equivalent to any course specified in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of this regulation:
- (d) A course of study that has been continuously in existence since before the commencement of the Tertiary Bursaries Regulations 1976* and that was approved for the award of bursaries under regulations revoked by those regulations:
- (e) A course of study approved by the Director-General for the purpose.

9. Applicants to give undertakings—Every applicant for a grant shall give the Director-General a written undertaking that if the amount of any payment made to him or on his behalf under these regulations is greater than the amount to which he is under these regulations entitled, he will, if called upon to do so by the Director-General, refund to the Director-General the difference between those amounts, or such lesser amount as the Director-General specifies.

PART II

FEES GRANTS

10. Fees grants established—(1) There are hereby established grants to be known as tertiary fees grants.

(2) Subject to the provisions of these regulations, there shall be paid on behalf of the holder of a fees grant that is not suspended 75 percent of the tuition fees payable by him for all the courses that normally constitute the recognised course of study in respect of which the grant was awarded.

11. Award of fees grant—(1) Subject to these regulations, no person shall be awarded a fees grant who has more than once previously been awarded a fees grant.

(2) Subject to these regulations, a fees grant shall in any year be awarded to every applicant who—

- (a) Is enrolled, or intending to enrol, in a recognised course of study at a tertiary institution; and
- (b) In that year is enrolled, or intending to enrol, in a course that comprises at least one-third of a full-time course.

12. Withholding of payments under fees grant in certain circumstances—(1) Notwithstanding regulation 10 (2) of these regulations,

*S.R. 1976/276

Amendment No. 1: S.R. 1977/258

Amendment No. 2: S.R. 1978/58

Amendment No. 3: S.R. 1979/2

no payment shall be made on behalf of the holder of a fees grant in any year where the holder's gross income exceeds, or is expected to exceed, \$3,000.

(2) For the purposes of subclause (1) of this regulation, the following amounts shall not be taken into account in assessing any person's gross income in any year:

- (a) Amounts payable to that person under any grant other than a merit grant:
- (b) The first \$600 payable to that person under any merit grant:
- (c) Any amount payable to or on behalf of that person by way of family benefit under Part I of the Social Security Act 1964:
- (d) In the case of a student enrolled or intending to apply for enrolment for a full-time programme, amounts earned by him from employment during vacations between any 2 consecutive periods of full-time study:
- (e) In the case of a person enrolled or intending to enrol in a course of study approved by the Director-General for the purpose, income derived by that person at any time during that year, or during the 2 months preceding the commencement of the part of that course undertaken or intended to be undertaken by him in that year, from work that is a prerequisite for or requirement of that course.

(3) The holder of a fees grant who in any year receives, or expects to receive, an income that exceeds \$3,000 as aforesaid shall forthwith give the Registrar of the tertiary institution concerned details in writing of that income.

13. Maximum tenure of fees grant—(1) Where any person has had payments made on his behalf under fees grants in respect of study that, in the opinion of the Director-General, is the equivalent of 5 years full-time study,—

- (a) Any fees grant he then holds shall cease; and
- (b) He shall not thereafter be entitled to be awarded a further fees grant.

(2) Subject to regulations 14 and 15 of these regulations, the holder of a fees grant shall, if he has not earlier ceased to hold it, cease to hold it when he successfully completes the recognised course of study in respect of which it was awarded.

(3) For the purposes of subclause (1) of this regulation, the holder of a fees grant shall be deemed not to have had any payments made under it on his behalf in any year if, with the consent of the Director-General, within 12 months of the commencement of his course of study in that year, that holder refunds to the Director-General all payments made on his behalf during that year under that grant.

14. Payment of additional tuition fees—Notwithstanding regulation 10 of these regulations, but subject to regulation 13 (1) of these regulations, the Director-General may,—

- (a) Where he is satisfied that there are special reasons for doing so; and

(b) Subject in each case to any conditions he thinks fit,—authorise the payment, on behalf of a person who is or has been the holder of a fees grant, of 75 percent of the tuition fees payable by him for any specified assisted courses.

15. Extension of fees grant—(1) Subject to regulation 13 (1) of these regulations, the Director-General may, for the purpose of enabling a person to obtain qualifications that are prerequisites for a master's course, authorise that person to continue to hold a fees grant after the successful completion of the recognised course of study in respect of which it was awarded; and in that case those qualifications shall be deemed to be part of that recognised course of study.

(2) Subject to regulation 13 (1) of these regulations, the Director-General may, for the purpose of enabling a person, after the successful completion of a recognised course of study, to undertake a second course of study approved by the Director-General for the purpose, authorise that person to continue to hold a fees grant after that completion.

(3) Subject to regulation 13 (1) of these regulations, where the Director-General has under these regulations extended the term of a study grant for any period to enable any person to complete any work, he may authorise that person to continue to hold a fees grant during that period; and in that case that work shall be deemed to be part of the recognised course of study in respect of which that fees grant was awarded.

16. Suspension of fees grant—(1) Subject to subclause (2) of this regulation, a fees grant shall be suspended if in any year, in the opinion of the Professorial Board or Principal of the tertiary institution concerned, the holder did not pass—

- (a) More than half the course of study for which he was in that year enrolled; or
- (b) At least one-third of a full-time programme.

(2) Where the Director-General is satisfied that the failure of the holder of a fees grant to pass the work specified in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of subclause (1) of this regulation in any year is due to reasons beyond the holder's control, he may direct that that grant should not be suspended despite the amount of work the holder has passed in that year; and in that case that grant shall not be suspended by reason only of the work passed by the holder in that year.

17. Reinstatement of fees grant—Where a fees grant has been suspended under regulation 16 of these regulations, it shall, subject to regulation 13 (1) of these regulations, be reinstated if, and only if, in a year subsequent to that in respect of which it was suspended, its holder passes one-third or more of a full-time course.

PART III

STUDY GRANTS

18. Study grants established—(1) There are hereby established grants to be known as tertiary study grants.

(2) Subject to the provisions of these regulations, the holder of a study grant that is not suspended in any year shall be paid under that grant during that year at a rate of \$23 per week.

(3) In any year, payments under a study grant shall be made for a period commencing with the beginning of the week during which, in the opinion of the Director-General, the portion being undertaken of the recognised course of study in respect of which the grant was awarded commences and, subject to subclause (4) of this regulation, ending at the end of the week during which, in the opinion of the Director-General, that portion ends.

(4) Where in any year examinations in respect of any portion of a recognised course of study in respect of which a study grant has been awarded commence within 6 weeks of the end of the period specified in subclause (3) of this regulation for that year, payments under that grant shall be made for a further period commencing upon the expiration of that first-mentioned period and ending at the end of the week during which the last such examination is held.

(5) Notwithstanding subclauses (2) and (3) of this regulation, the Director-General may extend or reduce by such number of weeks as he thinks fit the period in any year for which payments under any study grant are made, in any particular case or class or classes of case, to provide for any variation in the annual programme prescribed by the Professorial Board or Principal of any tertiary institution or class of tertiary institution for any class of student.

19. Award of study grant—(1) Subject to these regulations, no person shall be awarded a study grant who has more than once previously been awarded a study grant.

(2) Subject to these regulations, a study grant shall in any year be granted to every applicant who—

- (a) Is enrolled, or intending to enrol, in a recognised course of study at a tertiary institution; and
- (b) In that year is enrolled, or intending to enrol, in a full-time programme.

(3) Subject to regulations 3 (6) and 6 of these regulations and to subclause (1) of this regulation, a study grant shall in any year be awarded to every applicant enrolled or intending to enrol, in a recognised course of study at a tertiary institution who in that year is enrolled, or intending to enrol, in a course that is less than a full-time programme, if—

- (a) The Principal or Professorial Board of the tertiary institution concerned has prescribed a course of study that is less than a full-time programme for that person for that year—
 - (i) Because of that person's illness; or
 - (ii) For any cause that is, in the opinion of that Principal or Professorial Board, a sufficient cause that is outside that person's control; or
 - (iii) Where that Principal or Professorial Board considers such a course to be in that person's best interests; or

(b) In the opinion of that Principal or Professorial Board,—

- (i) He will complete that course within the minimum period required for its completion; and
- (ii) He is taking a course, or combination of courses, that constitutes more than half of a full-time programme.

20. Study grant payable in respect of full-time programme only—

Where in any year the holder of a study grant enrolls at a tertiary institution for a course of study that would not, if he were an applicant for a study grant, entitle him to the award of a study grant, he shall not be entitled to any payment under that grant during that year.

21. Reduction of course—Where in any year, after having undertaken the academic work of a full-time programme for at least 1 term, the holder of a study grant has, on the advice of the Principal or Professorial Board of the tertiary institution concerned, undertaken a reduced amount of work,—

- (a) He shall not, by reason only of that reduction, cease to be entitled to that grant; and
- (b) Regulation 23 of these regulations shall apply to him as if every reference in that regulation to his course of study were a reference to the residue of that full-time programme.

22. Restrictions on employment—(1) In any year, this regulation shall apply to every holder of a study grant who in that year—

- (a) Is enrolled, or intending to enrol, in a course of study that is less than a full-time programme; or
- (b) Is enrolled, or intending to enrol, for a Master's Degree; or
- (c) Has had that award extended pursuant to regulation 29 (1) (b) of these regulations; or
- (d) Is an extramural student.

(2) Where in any year a person to whom this regulation applies has, on days during the term of the tertiary institution at which he is enrolled (other than Saturdays, Sundays, and public holidays), undertaken paid employment for a number of hours greater than 10 times the number of weeks for which his study grant would otherwise be payable, he shall thereafter during that year not be entitled to any payment under that grant.

23. Failure to attend or perform work—Subject to regulation 21 of these regulations, if in any year the holder of a study grant—

- (a) Fails to attend regularly for classes appropriate to his course of study; or
- (b) Fails to submit the work required by the teachers of that course or any part of it,—

the Director-General may order the suspension of that grant for that year; and in that case the holder shall thereupon cease to be entitled to that grant during that year, and it shall be suspended at the end of the week during which the Director-General so orders.

24. Change in holder's circumstances affecting entitlement—If there occurs any change in the circumstances of the holder of a study grant of such nature that it affects his entitlement to that grant, or any allowance, portion, or payment, of it, he shall forthwith notify the Registrar of the tertiary institution concerned in writing of that change.

25. Reduction of amount of study grant in certain cases—(1) Subject to the provisions of this regulation, the weekly amount otherwise payable to the holder of a study grant in any year shall be reduced by \$2 for every \$100 or part thereof by which his gross income during that year exceeds \$2,000.

(2) For the purposes of subclause (1) of this regulation, the following amounts shall not be taken into account in the assessment of any person's gross income in any year:

- (a) Amounts payable to that person under any grant other than a merit grant:
- (b) The first \$600 payable to that person under any merit grant:
- (c) Any amount payable to or on behalf of that person by way of family benefit under Part I of the Social Security Act 1964:
- (d) Amounts earned by him from employment during vacations between any 2 consecutive periods of full-time study:
- (e) In the case of a person enrolled or intending to enrol in a course of study approved by the Director-General for the purpose, income derived by that person at any time during that year, or during the 2 months preceding the commencement of the part of that course undertaken or intended to be undertaken by him in that year, from work that is a prerequisite for or requirement of that course.

(3) The holder of a study grant who in any year receives, or expects to receive, an income that exceeds \$2,000 as aforesaid shall forthwith give the Registrar of the tertiary institution concerned details in writing of that income; and thereafter during that year shall give the Registrar details in writing of any additional income he receives or expects to receive during that year.

(4) The holder of a study grant may apply to the Director-General for approval to a diminution of the amount by which the payments under that grant would otherwise be reduced under subclause (1) of this regulation; and where the Director-General is satisfied that the holder would—

(a) Suffer hardship; and

(b) Be unable to pursue or continue to pursue his studies—

if no such diminution were approved, he shall approve such diminution in that reduction as appears to him in all the circumstances to be just, and that reduction shall be diminished accordingly.

26. Maximum tenure of study grant—(1) Subject to regulations 27 and 28 of these regulations, and to subclause (2) of this regulation, where any person has received payments under study grants for a total of 5 years,—

(a) Any study grant that he then holds shall cease; and

(b) He shall not thereafter be entitled to be awarded a further study grant.

(2) For the purposes of subclause (1) of this regulation, the holder of a study grant shall be deemed not to have received any payments under it in any year if, with the consent of the Director-General within 12 months of the commencement of his course of study in that year, that holder refunds to the Director-General all payments made to him during that year under every grant held by him that is not a fees grant.

(3) Subject to regulations 27 to 29 of these regulations, the holder of a study grant shall, if he has not earlier ceased to hold it, cease to hold it after he has received payments under it for a period that is, in the opinion of the Director-General, the minimum period required for the completion of the recognised course of study in respect of which it was awarded.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in these regulations, no holder of a study grant shall receive, or be entitled to receive, any payments under that grant in respect of any period during which he undertakes paid employment that is recognised as fulfilling part of the requirements of the recognised course of study in respect of which the grant was awarded.

27. Extension of usual term of study grant for long courses of study—

(1) Subject to subclause (2) of this regulation, where, in the opinion of the Minister, the minimum period required for the completion of a recognised course of study is greater than 5 years, he may approve the award of study grants in respect of that course to be held for a specified period that is, in his opinion, that minimum period; and in that case the references in regulations 13 (1) and 26 (1) of these regulations to the period of 5 years shall be deemed to be references to the period specified.

(2) Subclause (1) of this clause shall apply only to persons who have not previously been awarded a study grant.

28. Courses of national importance—(1) The Minister may from time to time declare any recognised course of study at a tertiary institution to be a course of national importance.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in these regulations, the Director-General may, at his discretion,—

(a) Award a study grant in respect of a course of national importance to a person who has already received payments under study grants for a total of 5 years:

(b) Authorise the continuation of payments under a study grant in any year to a holder enrolled in a course of national importance in that year who has already received payments under study grants for a total of 5 years as if he had not so received payments;—

and in that case, but subject to regulations 22 to 25 of these regulations, payments shall be made to that holder accordingly.

29. Extensions of study grants generally—(1) Subject to regulation 26 (1) of these regulations, and subject in each case to such conditions (if any) as he thinks fit, the Director-General may authorise the extension—

- (a) For a period not exceeding 1 year of a study grant if, in his opinion, having regard to the holder's progress in his course of study, such an extension is warranted; or
- (b) In the case of a study grant awarded in respect of a Bachelor's Degree in commerce or law, for a period that is, in his opinion, the minimum period required for the completion of any professional examination (being a full-time programme) for which that degree is a prerequisite;—

and in that case payments may during that period be made under that grant accordingly.

(2) The Director-General may—

(a) In the case of a person enrolled at a university, on the recommendation of the Professorial Board of that university; and

(b) At his sole discretion in any other case—

authorise the extension of a study grant during the final year of the course of study in respect of which it was awarded where the holder (being a person who has not already received payments under study grants for a total of 5 years) is in that year enrolled in some other recognised course of study and is, in the opinion of the Director-General, enrolled in that year in the equivalent of a full-time programme.

30. Reduction in term of study grant—Where the holder of a study grant has been granted credits towards, or exemptions from, parts of the recognised course of study in respect of which it was awarded, the Director-General may specify a period that is, in his opinion, the minimum period within which that person can complete such parts of that course as may entitle that person to be credited with having completed the whole of that course; and in that case, that period shall, in respect of that person, be deemed for the purposes of these regulations to be the minimum period necessary for that person to complete the whole of that course.

31. Suspension of study grant—(1) Subject to subclause (2) of this regulation, a study grant shall be suspended if in any year, in the opinion of the Professorial Board or Principal of the tertiary institution, the holder has not passed more than half the work of a full-time programme.

(2) Where—

(a) The Director-General is satisfied that the failure of the holder of a study grant to pass more than half the work of a full-time programme in any year is due to reasons beyond the holder's control; or

(b) The holder of a study grant awarded in respect of a Master's Degree has not completed that degree at the end of the final year of the minimum time necessary for the completion of that degree because of reasons beyond his control,—

the Director-General may direct that that grant should not be suspended despite the amount of work the holder has passed in that year; and in that case that grant shall not be suspended by reason only of the work passed by that holder in that year.

(3) Where the Director-General makes a direction under subclause (2) of this regulation, he may also direct that the holder of the grant concerned may receive payments under that grant for such further period as the Director-General specifies, notwithstanding that that period and the period for which the holder has already received payments under study grants may together exceed 5 years.

32. Reinstatement of study grant—A study grant suspended under regulation 23 or regulation 31 of these regulations shall be reinstated if the holder satisfies the Professorial Board or Principal of the tertiary institution at which he is enrolled that he has, in any year after that suspension, passed work, whether at a tertiary institution in New Zealand or elsewhere, that is, in the opinion of that Board or Principal, equivalent to more than half the work of a full-time programme.

PART IV

SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL HARDSHIP GRANTS

33. Supplementary hardship grants established—There are hereby established grants to be known as supplementary hardship grants.

34. Special hardship grants established—There are hereby established grants to be known as special hardship grants.

35. Supplementary and special grants to be awarded only to holders of study grants—No person shall be awarded or continue to hold a supplementary grant or a special grant unless he is awarded or as the case may be, continues to hold, a study grant; and where the holder of a study grant has his study grant suspended, any supplementary grant or special grant held by him shall also be suspended.

36. Period for which supplementary and special grants payable—Subject to regulations 37 and 38 of these regulations, in any year payments under a supplementary grant or a special grant shall be made for a period commencing—

- (a) Where a date is specified in that behalf, on that date; or
 - (b) In all other cases, at the commencement of the period for which the holder's study grant is payable,—
- and ending at the end of the last week in that year in respect of which a payment is made under the holder's study grant.

37. Award of supplementary grant—(1) Subject to regulations 35 and 39 (2) of these regulations, where the Director-General is satisfied that any applicant would in any year suffer financial hardship and be unable to pursue his studies as a full-time student unless awarded a supplementary grant, he shall award to that applicant a supplementary grant of such amount per week (not exceeding \$17) as he specifies in that behalf in respect of that year or, as the case may be, the residue of that year; but to the extent that the Director-General becomes satisfied that, by reason of a change in the applicant's circumstances,—

- (a) The applicant will suffer financial hardship and be unable to pursue his studies as a full-time student unless that amount is increased; or

(b) The applicant will not suffer financial hardship, and will still be able to pursue his studies as a full-time student, if that amount is reduced or that grant is cancelled—
the Director-General may, as the case requires, increase or reduce the amount of that grant, or cancel it.

(2) For the purposes of regulations 9 and 61 of these regulations, it is hereby declared that the holder of a supplementary grant shall not be entitled to receive under that grant in any year any amount in excess of the amount, in the opinion of the Director-General, necessary to prevent his suffering financial hardship and being unable to pursue his studies as a full-time student; and if there occurs any change in his circumstances of such nature that it affects his entitlement to that grant, or his entitlement to be paid that grant at the rate at which it is for the time being paid, he shall forthwith notify the Registrar of the tertiary institution concerned in writing of that change.

38. Award of special grant—(1) Subject to regulations 35 and 39 (2) of these regulations, where the Director-General is satisfied that—

(a) Any applicant has—

(i) A spouse and a dependent child or children; or

(ii) Other circumstances that, in the opinion of the Director-General, are exceptional and justify the award of a special grant; and

(b) That applicant would in any year suffer financial hardship and be unable to pursue his studies as a full-time student unless awarded a special grant,—

he shall award to that applicant a special grant of such amount per week (not exceeding \$38) as he specifies in that behalf in respect of that year or, as the case may be, the residue of that year; but to the extent that the Director-General becomes satisfied that, by reason of a change in the applicant's circumstances,—

(c) The applicant will suffer financial hardship and be unable to pursue his studies as a full-time student unless that amount is increased; or

(d) The applicant will not suffer financial hardship, and will still be able to pursue his studies as a full-time student, if that amount is reduced or that grant is cancelled—

the Director-General may, as the case requires, increase or reduce the amount of that grant, or cancel it.

(2) For the purposes of regulations 9 and 61 of these regulations it is hereby declared that the holder of a special grant shall not be entitled to receive under that grant in any year any amount in excess of the amount, in the opinion of the Director-General, necessary to prevent his suffering financial hardship and being unable to pursue his studies as a full-time student; and if there occurs any change in his circumstances of such nature that it affects his entitlement to that grant, or his entitlement to be paid that grant at the rate at which it is for the time being paid, he shall forthwith notify the Registrar of the tertiary institution concerned in writing of that change.

39. Matters to be considered in determining hardship—(1) Without limiting the generality of regulations 37 and 38 of these regulations, the following matters shall be taken into account in determining whether or not any person will suffer financial hardship and be unable to continue his studies as a full-time student:

- (a) That person's income and likely future income during the year concerned; and
 - (b) The savings and other financial resources of that person; and
 - (c) That person's recent, present, and likely future expenditure, as set out in a budget prepared by that person; and
 - (d) In the case of a person who is married, the matters specified in the foregoing paragraphs of this subclause as they relate to that person's spouse; and
 - (e) In the case of a person who will not have attained the age of 20 years until after the 31st day of January in that year (other than a divorced, separated, or widowed person),—
 - (i) The financial assistance that that person's parents or either of them might reasonably be expected to provide for that person, having regard to their, his, or the family circumstances, income, and commitments; and
 - (ii) The extent to which that person is or will be able to live with a parent while pursuing his course of study during that year.
- (2) Notwithstanding that the Director-General may, in the light of the matters specified in subclause (1) of this regulation, be satisfied that a person will during any year suffer financial hardship unless awarded a supplementary grant or a special grant in respect of that year, he may refuse to award a supplementary grant or a special grant to that person in respect of that year, or reduce the amount of any supplementary grant or special grant that he would otherwise have awarded to that person in respect of that year, if—
- (a) In the case of a person who claims to have been unable to find employment or adequately remunerative employment during the long vacation that commenced in the previous year, he is not satisfied that that person made adequate attempts to find employment or, as the case may be, adequately remunerative employment, during that year; or
 - (b) He is not satisfied that any recent or present expenditure, or likely or proposed expenditure during that year, by that person is reasonable expenditure for living expenses, course-related expenses, or some other proper purpose.

PART V

A-BURSARIES AND B-BURSARIES

40. A-Bursaries and B-Bursaries established—(1) There are hereby established—

- (a) Bursaries to be known as A-Bursaries; and
 - (b) Bursaries to be known as B-Bursaries.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of these regulations—
- (a) The holder of an A-Bursary in any year shall be paid \$150 under that bursary in that year; and
 - (b) The holder of a B-Bursary in any year shall be paid \$100 under that bursary in that year.

41. Award of A-Bursaries and B-Bursaries—(1) No holder of a University Junior Scholarship shall be awarded an A-Bursary or a B-Bursary.

(2) No person who holds or is eligible to be awarded an A-Bursary shall be awarded a B-Bursary.

(3) No person shall be awarded an A-Bursary or a B-Bursary in respect of any year unless, in that year, that person—

(a) Is or, but for regulation 22 or regulation 25 of these regulations, would be, entitled to receive payments under a study grant; or

(b) Is studying part-time at a technical institute all the subjects of the stage IV syllabus of the New Zealand Certificate, after having attained the required standard in all the stage 3 subjects of that certificate in the previous year.

(2) For the purposes of ascertaining the entitlement of any person to receive payments under a study grant, that person shall be deemed to have received payments under a study grant in any year in which that person received payments under an A-Bursary or a B-Bursary.

42. Award of A-Bursary—(1) For the purposes of subclause (2) of this regulation, a person shall become qualified to be awarded an A-Bursary who has, at any time,—

(a) Obtained an A award in the University Bursaries Examination; or

(b) Obtained a credit pass or better in the Entrance Scholarship Examination; or

(c) Obtained B passes or better in each part of a full-time programme at a tertiary institution; or

(d) Obtained—

(i) Passes in each part of a full-time programme at a tertiary institution; and

(ii) A passes in what was, in the opinion of the Professorial Board or Principal of that institution, at least half the work of that programme; or

(e) Being enrolled at a tertiary institution, obtained passes of such a standard in such work as, in the opinion of the Director-General, reached in the light of any recommendation in that behalf of the Professorial Board or Principal of the tertiary institution at which that person is enrolled or intends to enrol, to be reasonably equivalent to the standard and amount of work specified in paragraph (c) or paragraph (d) of this regulation; or

(f) Passed courses that together constituted more than a full-time programme at a standard that, in the opinion of the Director-General, reached in the light of any recommendation in that behalf by the Professorial Board or Principal of the tertiary institution at which that person is enrolled or intends to enrol, is reasonably equivalent to the standard specified in paragraph (c) or paragraph (d) of this regulation.

(2) Subject to regulation 41 of these regulations, an A-Bursary shall in any year be awarded to a person enrolled at a tertiary institution in that year who—

(a) Is qualified to be awarded an A-Bursary; and

(b) Has not been awarded an A-Bursary since last becoming so qualified.

43. Award of B-Bursary—(1) For the purposes of subclause (2) of this regulation, a person shall become qualified to be awarded a B-Bursary who has, at any time,—

- (a) Obtained a B award in the University Bursaries Examination; or
- (b) Under the provisions of the regulations governing the Entrance Scholarship Examination, was deemed to have obtained such an award; or
- (c) Obtained—
 - (i) Passes in each part of a full-time programme at a tertiary institution; and
 - (ii) B passes in what was, in the opinion of the Professorial Board or Principal of that institution, at least half the work of the programme; or
- (d) Being enrolled at a tertiary institution, obtained passes of such a standard in such work as in the opinion of the Director-General, reached in the light of any recommendation in that behalf of the Professorial Board or Principal of the tertiary institution at which that person is enrolled or intends to enrol, to be reasonably equivalent to the standard and amount of work specified in paragraph (c) of this regulation; or
- (e) Passed courses that together constituted more than a full-time programme at a standard that, in the opinion of the Director-General, reached in the light of any recommendation in that behalf by the Professorial Board or Principal of the tertiary institution at which that person is enrolled or intends to enrol, is reasonably equivalent to the standard specified in paragraph (c) of this regulation.

(2) Subject to regulation 41 of these regulations, a B-Bursary shall in any year be awarded to a person enrolled at a tertiary institution in that year who—

- (a) Is qualified to be awarded a B-Bursary; and
- (b) Has not been awarded a B-Bursary since last becoming so qualified.

PART VI

TEACHERS COLLEGE STUDENTS

44. Grants awarded for teachers college study—Subject to regulation 60 (1) of these regulations, the Director-General may, in accordance with these regulations, award study grants, supplementary grants, and special grants to full-time students enrolled at teachers colleges as if teachers colleges were tertiary institutions; and subject to regulations 45 to 47 of these regulations, these regulations, so far as they are applicable and with the necessary modifications, shall apply accordingly.

45. Studentship to qualify student for award of grant—No person enrolled or intending to enrol at a teachers college shall be awarded any grant unless he is for the time being the holder of a studentship.

46. Suspension of grant for teachers college student—Every grant held by a teachers college student shall be suspended if—

- (a) That student's studentship is suspended; or
- (b) That student resigns his studentship.

47. Payments under study grant to teachers college student not to reduce general entitlement—No period during which a student at a teachers college receives payment under a study grant shall be counted as such for the purposes of regulation 26 (1) of these regulations.

48. Payment of other fees—(1) Subject to subclause (2) of this regulation and to such terms and conditions as he thinks fit, the Director-General may, on the recommendation of the Principal of a teachers college, cause to be paid to or on behalf of any holder of a study grant who is a student at that college 75 percent of any tuition fees payable by that student at any tertiary institution that student attends, if that student is not eligible for a fees grant in respect of those fees.

(2) If a student on behalf of whom tuition fees have been paid under subclause (1) of this regulation—

- (a) Fails to attend regularly the classes to which those fees relate; or
- (b) Fails to comply with any term or condition subject to which those fees were authorised to be paid; or
- (c) In the opinion of the teachers at the institution to which those fees were paid, fails to make satisfactory progress in those classes,—

the Director-General may require that student to refund the amount of the fees paid on his behalf; and if not refunded, that amount may be deducted from any payments otherwise payable under that student's study grant.

49. No derogation from Teachers Training College Regulations 1959—Nothing in these regulations shall derogate from any provision of the Teachers Training College Regulations 1959, which, where appropriate, shall be read in conjunction with these regulations.

PART VII

CHANGES OF COURSE

50. Courses to be completed—Notwithstanding anything in these regulations, but subject to regulation 29 of these regulations, except as provided in this Part of these regulations no person who has been awarded a fees grant or a study grant in respect of a course of study shall be awarded a fees grant or study grant in respect of any other course of study unless he has completed the first-mentioned course of study.

51. Abandonment of course of study—Where, with the approval of the Director-General, the holder of a fees grant or a study grant abandons the course of study in respect of which that grant was awarded, he shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to have completed that course of study.

52. Transfer of course of study—Subject to regulation 54 of these regulations, where the holder of a fees grant or a study grant (being a fees grant or study grant that is not for the time being suspended), transfers from one recognised course of study to another, for the purposes of these regulations—

- (a) Those 2 courses of study shall be deemed to be 1 recognised course of study, the minimum period required to complete which shall be deemed to be the minimum period required to complete the course of study to which that holder has transferred; and

- (b) That grant shall be deemed to have been awarded in respect of that 1 course of study; and
- (c) That holder shall be deemed already to have received payment under that grant in respect of that 1 course of study for the period for which he so received payment in respect of the course of study from which that holder has transferred.

53. Deferment of courses of study—Subject to regulation 54 of these regulations, the holder of a fees grant or a study grant (being a fees grant or study grant that is not for the time being suspended) who defers the completion of the recognised course of study in respect of which that grant was awarded (being the first course of study in respect of which he was eligible to be awarded a grant) in order to pursue a second recognised course of study, shall be eligible for the award of a second such grant in respect of that second course of study; and in that case, during any year when he pursues any part of 1 of those 2 courses of study, these regulations shall apply to that holder as if he had completed the other course of study, but—

- (a) Where, under regulation 16, regulation 23, or regulation 31 of these regulations, a fees grant or study grant awarded in respect of 1 of those courses of study is suspended, the fees grant or study grant (as the case may be) he holds that was awarded in respect of the other course of study shall also be suspended; and
- (b) Where, under regulation 17 or regulation 32 of these regulations a fees grant or study grant awarded in respect of 1 of those courses of study that has been suspended is reinstated, the fees grant or study grant (as the case may be) he holds that was awarded in respect of the other course of study shall also be reinstated.

54. Approval required for transfers and deferments—Regulations 52 and 53 of these regulations shall not apply to any person who transfers from 1 course of study to another, or, as the case may be, defers the completion of 1 course of study in order to pursue a second, without the approval of—

- (a) The Professorial Board or Principal of the tertiary institution concerned, in the case of 2 courses of study at the same tertiary institution; or
- (b) The Director-General in any other case.

PART VIII

APPEALS

55. Lodging of appeals—(1) Every appeal shall be by notice in writing lodged with the Secretary within 21 days, or such longer period as the authority in any case allows, of the decision appealed against.

(2) Every such notice shall—

- (a) Be signed by the appellant or a person authorised by him to act on his behalf; and
- (b) Specify the decision appealed against; and
- (c) Provide an address for the sending of communications in connection with the appeal.

56. Director-General to be given copies of notices of appeal—

(1) Forthwith after the lodgment of a notice of appeal, the Secretary shall send a copy of that notice to the Director-General.

(2) As soon as possible after receiving a copy of any notice of appeal, the Director-General shall send to the Secretary,—

(a) All applications, documents, written submissions, statements, reports, and other papers relating to the decision appealed against, that are in the possession or under the control of the Director-General; and

(b) A copy of the decision appealed against; and

(c) A report setting out the matters to which the Director-General had regard in making the decision appealed against; and

(d) A statement of any other matters that the Director-General wishes to draw to the attention of the authority.

(3) Forthwith after receiving a report under subclause (2) (c) of this regulation, the Secretary shall send a copy of it, and of any statement under subclause (2) (d) of this regulation, to the appellant concerned.

(4) An appellant may send to the authority—

(a) Any comments he has on the report, and on any statement a copy of which has been sent to him under subclause (3) of this regulation; or

(b) Notice that he wishes to discontinue the appeal; and in that case the appeal shall be discontinued.

(5) The authority shall not determine any appeal until the expiration of 14 days from the date on which a copy of the report under subclause (2) (c) of this regulation was sent to the appellant.

(6) Where before an appeal is decided the authority receives from the appellant comments sent to the authority under subclause (4) (a) of this regulation,—

(a) The Secretary shall forthwith send a copy to the Director-General who shall as soon as possible send to the authority either any comments he wishes to make on those comments or a new decision; and

(b) The authority shall not determine the appeal concerned until the expiration of 14 days from the date on which that copy was sent to the Director-General.

(7) Where under subclause (6) (a) of this regulation the Director-General sends the authority a new decision,—

(a) He shall also send a copy to the appellant; and

(b) Without prejudice to the appellant's right to appeal against the new decision, the appeal against the old decision shall be discontinued.

57. Evidence—(1) The authority shall have full discretionary power to request further written evidence from any appellant on questions of fact; and may require any such evidence to be verified by statutory declaration.

(2) In the exercise of its powers the authority may receive as evidence any statement, document, information, or matter, that, in its opinion, may assist it to deal with any matter before it, whether or not the same would be admissible in a Court of law.

58. Matters to which authority to have regard—(1) In reaching any decision, the authority shall have regard to—

- (a) The notice of appeal concerned; and
- (b) All documents sent to the authority under subclause (2), subclause (4), or subclause (6) of regulation 56 of these regulations; and
- (c) All evidence received by it—

whether or not that notice, those documents, or that evidence, or any part of it or them, would be admissible in a Court of law.

(2) On the determination of an appeal, the authority shall notify the Director-General and the appellant, in writing, of the authority's decision and the reasons for it.

PART IX

GENERAL

59. Exercise of Director-General's powers by Councils of tertiary institutions—(1) Subject to subclauses (3) and (6) of this regulation, except where the Director-General by notice in writing to the Professorial Board or Principal of that tertiary institution otherwise directs, any power conferred on the Director-General by any provision of these regulations relating to—

- (a) Tertiary institutions or any class of tertiary institution; or
- (b) Students enrolled or proposed to be enrolled at tertiary institutions or any class of tertiary institution—

in relation to any tertiary institution, any tertiary institution of that class, the students enrolled or proposed to be enrolled at any tertiary institution, or the students enrolled or proposed to be enrolled at any tertiary institution of that class (as the case may be) may be exercised, at its discretion, by the Council of that tertiary institution, or by any committee or person authorised by that Council in that behalf.

(2) The authorisation of any committee or person under subclause (1) of this regulation may be revoked at will by the Council concerned; and no such authorisation shall prevent the exercise by that Council of any power under this regulation.

(3) Every Council, committee, or person, exercising any power under this regulation, shall do so in accordance with such guidelines (if any) as the Director-General from time to time, by notice in writing to the Council concerned, prescribes.

(4) Any student may request the Director-General to review the exercise by any Council, committee, or person, of any power under this regulation where that exercise affects that student.

(5) Nothing in this regulation shall prevent the exercise of any power, or the performance of any duty, by the Director-General.

(6) No Council, committee, or person (other than the Director-General, or a member of his department to whom the power has been duly delegated), shall be capable of exercising any power conferred on the Director-General by any of regulations 2, 3 (5), 4 (2), 4 (4), 5, 7 (a) (iv), 7 (e), 7 (f) (ii), 8 (e), 12 (e), 15 (1), 15 (3), 25 (4), 27, 28, 29 (1) (a), 41 (3) (b), 51, 54, and 65 (2) of these regulations or under Part IV or Part VIII of these regulations.

60. Other government assistance—(1) This regulation applies to every person who has at any time held, or holds, any bursary, scholarship, award, or allowance, however described (not being a grant), awarded or made, out of money appropriated by Parliament for the purpose, for the purpose of study at a tertiary institution or teachers college.

(2) No person to whom this regulation applies shall be awarded a grant without the consent of the Director-General, and subject to such conditions (if any) as he may determine in any particular case or class of case.

(3) Without limiting the generality of subclause (2) of this regulation, it may be a condition of the award of a grant to a person to whom this regulation applies that the amount of that grant and the term for which it is payable, or either of them, be less than those to which that person would be entitled if he were not a person to whom this regulation applies.

61. Excess payments to be refunded—The holder of a grant who—

- (a) Receives any payment under that grant in respect of a period during any year when he was not entitled to that grant; or
- (b) Receives any payment in respect of that grant the amount of which exceeds the amount to which he is entitled under these regulations,—

shall, upon demand by the Director-General, refund to the Director-General the amount of that payment or, as the case may be, the amount by which that payment exceeded the amount to which the holder was so entitled; and any amount not repaid may be recovered by the Director-General as a debt due in any Court of competent jurisdiction, or may be deducted from any amount payable to the holder under any bursary, scholarship, grant, award, or allowance awarded to him at any time under the Act; and where the holder is not of full age, shall be recoverable as if he is of full age.

62. Progress reports—The Registrar of a tertiary institution shall, when so requested, supply to the Director-General, as soon as may be practicable, a report in writing as to the progress of any holder of an award in his course of study at that institution, and the extent of his compliance with the conditions subject to which he holds that award.

63. Payments—Payments under these regulations shall be made as follows:

- (a) Payments under a fees grant shall be made to the Registrar of the tertiary institution at which the holder is enrolled:
- (b) Payments under any other grant or award shall be made to the holder at such place, and by such instalments, as may be agreed by the Professorial Board or Principal of the tertiary institution at which he is enrolled.

64. Director-General to be provided with particulars of payments—As soon as may be practicable in each year, every Registrar of a tertiary institution shall provide the Director-General with particulars of payments made under these regulations in that year to or in respect of persons enrolled at that institution.

- 65. Transitional**—(1) Subject to subclause (2) of this regulation,—
- (a) These regulations shall apply to fees bursaries awarded under the Tertiary Bursaries Regulations 1976 (in this regulation referred to as the said regulations) before the commencement of these regulations as if they were fees grants; and
 - (b) These regulations shall apply to tertiary bursaries awarded under the said regulations before the commencement of these regulations as if they were study grants;—

and payments shall continue to be made accordingly.

(2) Where—

- (a) Any person was, or was deemed to have been, awarded a fees bursary or a tertiary bursary under the said regulations; and
- (b) In the opinion of the Director-General that person would have been entitled under the said regulations to have payments made to him or on his behalf under that bursary or allowance—
 - (i) For a period; or
 - (ii) In respect of a course of study—
 for or in respect of which he is not otherwise under these regulations entitled to payment; and
- (c) In the opinion of the Director-General it would be unfair to that person not to continue to make payments for that period or in respect of that course,—

the Director-General may, notwithstanding anything in these regulations, authorise the continued making of payments to that person under that bursary or allowance for a period specified in that behalf or in respect of some specified course of study, subject to such terms and conditions as he thinks fit; and subject to those terms and conditions, these regulations shall apply accordingly.

66. Revocations—The following regulations are hereby revoked:

- (a) The Tertiary Bursaries Regulations 1976*:
- (b) The Tertiary Bursaries Regulations 1976, Amendment No. 1†:
- (c) The Tertiary Bursaries Regulations 1976, Amendment No. 2‡:
- (d) The Tertiary Bursaries Regulations 1976, Amendment No. 3§.

P. G. MILLEN,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

*S.R. 1976/276

†S.R. 1977/258

‡S.R. 1978/58

§S.R. 1979/2

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general effect.

These regulations replace the Tertiary Bursaries Regulations 1976. The principal changes are the replacement of the standard tertiary bursary by a tertiary study grant and 2 discretionary hardship grants, and the imposition of a general limit of 5 years on the period for which payments may be made.

Issued under the authority of the Regulations Act 1936.

Date of notification in *Gazette*: 19 February 1980.

These regulations are administered in the Department of Education.