

Serial Number 1951/197

Reprint under section 7 of the Regulations Act 1936 of Serial number 1941/66, as amended by Serial number 1941/131, Serial number 1942/3, Serial number 1943/155, Serial number 1946/135, Serial number 1951/87, and Serial number 1951/130.

THE SOCIAL SECURITY (PHARMACEUTICAL SUPPLIES) REGULATIONS 1941 (REPRINT)

C. L. N. NEWALL, Governor-General

ORDER IN COUNCIL

At the Government Buildings at Wellington, this 22nd day of
April 1941

Present :

THE HON. W. NASH PRESIDING IN COUNCIL

PURSUANT to the Social Security Act 1938, His Excellency the Governor-General, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, doth hereby make the following regulations with respect to the supply of prescribed medicines and other pharmaceutical requirements to persons who are entitled to receive pharmaceutical benefits in accordance with the said Act.

REGULATIONS

1. These regulations may be cited as the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941.

DEFINITIONS

2. In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,—

“The said Act” means the Social Security Act 1938 :

“Appointed date” means the date appointed by the Minister, pursuant to clause 3 hereof, as the date on and after which prescribed medicines and other pharmaceutical requirements will be available in accordance with these regulations to persons who are entitled to receive pharmaceutical benefits in accordance with the said Act :

“Appropriate Committee” means a Committee appointed or recognized by the Minister for the purposes of these regulations, in accordance with section 83 of the said Act :

[“Drug tariff” means every direction for the time being in force under subsection (1) of section 90 of the said Act fixing prices to be paid out of the Social Security Fund to persons approved as suppliers of medicines, drugs, materials, and appliances for the supply of medicines, drugs, materials, or appliances to persons entitled to claim pharmaceutical benefits, or fixing the terms and conditions subject to which such medicines, drugs, materials, or appliances shall be supplied] :

“Department” means the Department of Health established under the Health Act 1920 :

“Health district” or “district” means a health district constituted under the Health Act 1920 :

“Medical Officer of Health” means a Medical Officer of Health under the Health Act 1920 :

“Medical practitioner” means a medical practitioner registered under the Medical Practitioners Act 1914 :

“Minister” means the Minister of Health :

“Pharmaceutical requirements” includes all such medicines, drugs, appliances, and materials as are included in the drug tariff for the time being in force under these regulations.

“Drug tariff” : This definition was substituted for the original definition by clause 2 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 4 (Serial number 1946/135).

COMMENCEMENT OF BENEFITS

3. (1) The Minister shall appoint a date on and after which the benefits provided for by these regulations will be available for persons who are entitled to receive pharmaceutical benefits in accordance with the said Act.

(2) Notice of the appointed date shall be published in the *Gazette* and in such other manner, if any, as the Minister thinks fit.

The benefits provided for by these regulations were made available throughout New Zealand on and after the 5th day of May 1941 ; see *Gazette*, 1941, p. 1089.

THE DRUG TARIFF

4. [(1), (2), (3), and (4) *Rev. by Serial number 1946/135, clause 3.*]

(5) Copies of the drug tariff and of every amendment thereof shall be supplied, free of charge, to every person who has undertaken to supply pharmaceutical requirements in accordance with these regulations.

SUPPLY OF PHARMACEUTICAL REQUIREMENTS

5. (1) The proprietor of any pharmacy within the meaning of the Pharmacy Act 1939 may, by a notice of acceptance in the form No. 1 in the Schedule hereto or to the like effect, undertake to supply pharmaceutical requirements in accordance with these regulations to persons entitled to receive the same.

(2) Any person, other than the proprietor of a pharmacy, who is entitled to sell any drugs or other pharmaceutical requirements may, by a like notice, with the concurrence of the Minister, and subject to such conditions, if any, as the Minister may impose, undertake to supply pharmaceutical requirements or any specified kind or class of pharmaceutical requirements in accordance with these regulations.

(3) Every notice under this clause shall be delivered or sent to the Medical Officer of Health of the appropriate District.

(4) Every proprietor of a pharmacy or other person who undertakes to supply any pharmaceutical requirements in accordance with these regulations is hereinafter in these regulations referred to as a “contractor.”

OBLIGATIONS OF PERSONS WHO HAVE UNDERTAKEN TO SUPPLY
PHARMACEUTICAL REQUIREMENTS

6. (1) Every contractor, as defined in the last preceding clause, who is the proprietor of a pharmacy shall be required to keep open for business, during the times specified in his notice of acceptance, the place or the several places of business referred to therein. On the outer door or window of each such place of business he shall at all times keep prominently displayed a notice in the form No. 2 in the Schedule hereto or to the like effect.

(2) For the purpose of enabling him to comply with his undertaking to supply pharmaceutical requirements every contractor who is the proprietor of a pharmacy shall, as far as practicable, keep in stock a sufficient supply of all such medicines, drugs, appliances, and other materials (if any) as are specified in the drug tariff as being required to be kept in stock.

7. (1) In this clause the expression " medical prescription " means a prescription or order signed on or after the appointed date by any medical practitioner, prescribing pharmaceutical requirements for any person who is entitled to receive pharmaceutical benefits under the said Act.

(2) On presentation to a contractor under these regulations of any medical prescription, and on compliance by the customer with the requirements of clause 9 hereof, it shall be the duty of the contractor, with all reasonable promptitude and in accordance with the terms of the prescription, to supply the pharmaceutical requirements prescribed in the prescription :

[Provided that this subclause shall not apply in any case where it appears from the prescription or is otherwise known to the contractor that any prescribed drug, medicine, or medicinal preparation is not immediately required for the treatment of the person for whom the prescription has been given or has not been prescribed for the sole use of that person, and accordingly no payment shall in any such case be made from the Fund in respect of any drugs, medicines, or medicinal preparations supplied in accordance with any such prescription.**]**

The proviso to subclause (2) of clause 7 was added by clause 2 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 2 (Serial number 1942/3).

[7A. (1) If the Minister has reason to believe with respect to any medical practitioner that—

- (a) He has prescribed any pharmaceutical requirements for any person who when the prescription was given was not, in the opinion of the medical practitioner, in need of treatment or was not in need of treatment for a condition for which the prescription was given ; or
- (b) He has prescribed excessive quantities of any pharmaceutical requirements for the use of any person ; or
- (c) He has prescribed any pharmaceutical requirements for use over an unnecessarily long period ; or
- (d) He has prescribed excessive quantities of or unnecessarily expensive flavouring agents or vehicles for the administration of any drugs ; or

- (e) He has, in comparison with other medical practitioners engaged in similar practice, been in the habit of prescribing unduly large or unduly expensive quantities of any pharmaceutical requirements; or
- (f) He has, by any other practice in relation to prescriptions given by him, imposed an undue burden upon the Fund:

the Minister may, by notice in writing, require the medical practitioner, within a time specified in the notice or within a reasonable time, to show cause why a complaint concerning his conduct should not be made by the Minister to an appropriate Committee appointed for the purposes of the principal regulations [or to the Medical Practitioners Disciplinary Committee established under the Medical Practitioners Amendment Act 1949].

(2) If any medical practitioner to whom any such notice has been given fails to show cause in accordance with the terms of the notice the Minister may refer the matter to an appropriate Committee [or to the Medical Practitioners Disciplinary Committee] for investigation, and, if the Committee [to which reference is made] so recommends, may require the medical practitioner to pay into the Fund, by way of penalty, an amount not exceeding the estimated amount of the additional charges that have been imposed on the Fund by reason of the practices complained of, or, in the alternative or if any such penalty is not paid, may, by notice published in the *Gazette* and in such other manner, if any, as the Minister thinks proper, exclude from the operation of the principal regulations all prescriptions or all prescriptions of a specified class that may thereafter be given by that medical practitioner.

(3) Any notice under the last preceding subclause may be at any time revoked by the Minister and, if not sooner revoked, shall cease to operate on the expiration of six months from the date of its first publication in the *Gazette*.]

[4) Notwithstanding anything in subclauses (1) and (2) of this regulation, the Minister, without complying with any of the requirements of those subclauses, may, if he thinks fit, refer the matter in the first instance as a complaint to the Medical Practitioners Disciplinary Committee for investigation under section 6 of the Medical Practitioners Amendment Act 1949.]

[7B. If at any time the Minister is satisfied that any person, by reason of misrepresentation or collusion or by any other improper means, has been supplied under the principal regulations with any pharmaceutical requirements to which he was not equitably entitled, the Minister may call upon that person to refund an amount not exceeding the cost to the Fund of any excessive requirements supplied to him, and in any such case the amount demanded may be recovered as a debt due to the Crown.]

[7c. (1) If the pharmaceutical requirements or any of the pharmaceutical requirements prescribed by any prescription are to be supplied on more occasions than one, written directions to that effect shall be included in or added to the prescription. If such directions are written by any person other than the medical practitioner they shall be signed or initialled by the medical practitioner. Whenever any medical practitioner signs or initials any prescription or any directions thereon he shall, in his own handwriting, add the appropriate

date to his signature or initials. [Unless express directions are contained in any such prescription with respect to the intervals to elapse between the several occasions on which any prescribed pharmaceutical requirements are to be supplied in terms of that prescription, the prescription shall be deemed to authorize the supply of a "repeat" only when it can be reasonably assumed by the contractor that the last preceding supply has been exhausted or has been substantially exhausted: Provided that in special circumstances the contractor, if he is satisfied by representations made by or on behalf of the patient that there is a good and sufficient reason for the supply of a "repeat" before the expiration of the prescribed interval or before the last preceding supply has been exhausted, may, subject to the provisions of subclause (4) hereof, supply a "repeat" with the original supply or at any time thereafter.]

(2) Every prescription shall include directions as to dosage or as to the manner of use or application, except in cases where any such directions would be obviously unnecessary.

(3) If any prescription fails in any material respect to satisfy the requirements of this clause, it shall not be recognized for the purposes of these regulations except with the approval of the Medical Officer of Health.]

[(4) Where on any occasion any pharmaceutical requirements are supplied in excess of the requirements prescribed for that occasion the contractor shall disclose in his claim the reasons for the additional supply, and the Medical Officer of Health may disallow the claim, in whole or in part, if he is not satisfied as to the sufficiency of the reasons given by the contractor.]

Clauses 7A, 7B, and 7C were added by clause 3 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 2 (Serial number 1942/3).

The words printed within brackets in subclauses (1) and (2) of clause 7A were added or inserted, as the case may be, by subclause (1) of clause 2 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 6 (Serial number 1951/130), and subclause (4) of clause 7A was added by subclause (2) of such clause of the same regulations.

The words printed within brackets in subclause (1) of clause 7C and subclause (4) of clause 7C were added by clause 2 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 3 (Serial number 1943/155).

8. (1) In this clause—

The expression "authorized midwifery pharmaceutical requirements" means such pharmaceutical requirements, if any, as are specified in the drug tariff to be obtainable on the presentation of a midwifery order:

The expression "midwifery order" means an order for the supply of any authorized midwifery pharmaceutical requirements to or on behalf of a woman who has made arrangements with the licensee of a licensed maternity hospital or with an obstetric nurse to obtain maternity benefits in accordance with the provisions of the Social Security (Maternity Benefits) Regulations 1939.

(2) Every midwifery order under this clause shall be signed by the licensee or manager of the hospital or by the obstetric nurse, as the case may be

[(3) *Rev. by Serial number 1941/131, clause 2.*]

(4) On presentation to a contributor under these regulations of a midwifery order, and on compliance by the customer with the requirements of clause 9 hereof, it shall be the duty of the contractor to fulfil the order with all reasonable promptitude.

The points of omission indicate that the words "and shall be countersigned by the Medical Officer of Health of the district" were omitted from subclause (2) of clause 8 by clause 2 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 1 (Serial number 1941/131).

[8A. (1) No midwifery order shall be issued to or in respect of any woman earlier than three months before the expected date of her confinement.

(2) All authorized midwifery pharmaceutical requirements supplied pursuant to a midwifery order shall be supplied for use only during labour and the lying-in period of the woman to or for whom they have been supplied. Any such pharmaceutical requirements that are not used as aforesaid shall be deemed to be the property of the Department and may be disposed of in accordance with the directions of the Medical Officer of Health.]

Clause 8A was added by clause 4 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 2 (Serial number 1942/3).

9. (1) Where any prescription or order is presented to a contractor under these regulations by the person to whom it relates, the contractor shall require the customer to sign the prescription or order and to add to his or her signature the date of the presentation of the prescription or order, and also his usual place of residence if it does not already appear on the prescription or order.

(2) Where a prescription or order is presented to a contractor by any other person, the contractor shall require the customer to state on the prescription or order the name and usual place of residence of the person to whom it relates (if those particulars do not already appear on the prescription or order) and also to sign the prescription or order, and to add to his or her signature the date of the presentation of the prescription or order.

(3) Every prescription or order presented to a contractor under these regulations shall be surrendered to the contractor and shall be dealt with by him in accordance with clause 14 hereof.

(4) Where, in accordance with express directions contained in any medical prescription, the medicine prescribed therein is to be supplied on more occasions than one, the person taking delivery of such medicine on each separate occasion shall give to the contractor a receipt therefor bearing the date of the delivery of the medicine.

10. Where any contractor under these regulations has undertaken to supply only specified kinds or classes of pharmaceutical requirements, nothing in the foregoing provisions of these regulations shall be construed to impose on him an obligation to supply pharmaceutical requirements of any other kind or class.

LISTS OF PERSONS WHO HAVE UNDERTAKEN TO SUPPLY PHARMACEUTICAL REQUIREMENTS

11. (1) For every health district there shall be compiled a list of the persons carrying on business in the district who have undertaken to supply pharmaceutical requirements in accordance with these regulations.

(2) Every such list shall be in such form as the Minister may direct or approve and shall be amended from time to time as occasion requires.

(3) Copies of such lists shall be open to inspection by the public during office hours at the office of the Medical Officer of Health, and at such other places, if any, as the Minister thinks necessary for the information of persons concerned.

(4) The list shall, in respect of each contractor whose name is included therein, contain particulars of—

(a) His place or places of business :

(b) The times during which the several places of business are open :

(c) In the case of a contractor who has undertaken to supply only specified kinds or classes of pharmaceutical requirements, the kinds or classes so specified.

TERMINATION BY CONTRACTORS OF UNDERTAKING TO SUPPLY PHARMACEUTICAL REQUIREMENTS

12. (1) No person who has undertaken to supply any pharmaceutical requirements in accordance with these regulations shall, except with the leave of the Minister, be entitled to terminate his undertaking except on three months' written notice of intention to terminate the undertaking given to the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in the last preceding subclause, a contractor under these regulations shall not be entitled, except with the leave of the Minister, to terminate his undertaking under these regulations at any time while an investigation concerning him is pending under section 84 of the said Act.

REMUNERATION OF PERSONS SUPPLYING PHARMACEUTICAL REQUIREMENTS

Clause 5 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 4 (Serial number 1946/135), (which by virtue of subclause (1) of clause 6 was to come into force on a day for its commencement to be fixed by the Minister and published and notified in like manner as such regulations), provides that a contractor may claim on the Social Security Fund in respect of pharmaceutical requirements only when they have been supplied pursuant to a medical prescription written out in the handwriting of the medical practitioner who signs it. So far no day has been fixed by the Minister for the coming into force of this clause. Clause 4 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 6 (Serial number 1951/130), however, provides that until such clause does come into force the Minister may at any time, on the recommendation of a committee appointed by him pursuant to section 83 of the said Act, and by notice given in such manner as the Minister thinks proper, in respect of all medical prescriptions signed by any medical practitioner specified in the notice, exclude all claims by contractors on the Social Security Fund relating to pharmaceutical requirements prescribed by that medical practitioner, unless the medical prescriptions pursuant to which they have been supplied are written out in the handwriting of that medical practitioner.

13. (1) Where, on or after the appointed date, any contractor supplies any pharmaceutical requirements in accordance with these regulations for the use of a person who is entitled to receive pharmaceutical benefits under the said Act, he shall be entitled to receive payment out of the Social Security Fund of an amount to be assessed

by the Department, being the equivalent of the price of the goods supplied, computed in accordance with the provisions of the drug tariff, and of any additional fees authorized by the drug tariff.

(2) The price so computed shall be the price as at the pharmacy or other place of business of the contractor, and any expenses incurred by the contractor by way of postage or otherwise in delivering any goods at any other place shall be payable to the contractor by the person to or for whom such goods were supplied. Where any pharmaceutical requirements are to be delivered by post, the contractor may require prepayment of the postage. If in any case prepayment of postage is impossible or impracticable, the goods may be posted subject to the condition that the postage and any additional fees charged by the post-office for delivery will be payable on delivery.

(3) Except as provided in the last preceding subclause or as otherwise expressly provided in the drug tariff the amount paid to a contractor out of the Social Security Fund in respect of any pharmaceutical requirements supplied by him shall be accepted by him in full satisfaction of all claims in respect thereof.

14. (1) All claims for payment in respect of pharmaceutical requirements supplied by contractors under these regulations shall be made in the first instance to the Medical Officer of Health of the district in which the contractor carries on business.

(2) Every such claim shall be accompanied by the prescriptions or orders referred to in the claim, and shall be supported by such receipts, certificates or other documents as may be required in proof of the supply by the contractor of the pharmaceutical requirements to which the claim relates :

Provided that the production of any such receipts or other documents may be dispensed with in any case if the Department is satisfied that, owing to special circumstances, it was not practicable for the contractor to obtain or produce them.

(3) On every prescription or order forwarded with any claim under this clause the contractor shall, if required by the Department so to do, furnish his own computations, in detail, of the amount that he is entitled to receive from the Social Security Fund in respect thereof.

(4) Where the particulars required by clause 9 of these regulations are duly supplied on any prescription or order forwarded with any claim, the prescription or order shall, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, be deemed to have been duly fulfilled for the benefit of a person entitled in accordance with these regulations to receive the pharmaceutical requirements referred to therein.

15. (1) On application in that behalf by any contractor, the Department shall afford to the contractor reasonable facilities for examining the prescriptions or orders forwarded by him in respect of any claims, and also for examining the computations made by the Department in assessing the prices and fees payable in respect thereof.

(2) Similar facilities shall, on application, be afforded to duly appointed representatives of the Pharmacy Board of New Zealand, or of the Chemists Service Guild of New Zealand, or of the appropriate Committee appointed under section 83 of the said Act.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS AFFECTING HOSPITAL BOARDS

16. (1) Nothing in these regulations shall apply with respect to the supply of any pharmaceutical requirements prescribed for in-patients of any public hospital or other institution maintained by a Hospital Board

(2) Where any pharmaceutical requirements prescribed for out-patients of any public hospital are supplied by the Hospital Board, the Board shall be entitled to receive payment therefor as if it were a contractor within the meaning of these regulations :

[Provided that for the financial year commencing on the 1st day of April 1951 and for each subsequent financial year the Minister may direct with respect to any specified Hospital Board that, instead of the Board receiving payment calculated according to the actual pharmaceutical requirements supplied, there shall be paid to the Board in respect of all pharmaceutical requirements supplied for out-patients in that year such sum as the Minister determines, being an amount which in his opinion would be payable for that year in respect of those requirements had the amount been calculated in accordance with the actual pharmaceutical requirements supplied. Every direction or determination of the Minister under this proviso shall be final.]

The proviso to subclause (2) of clause 16 was added by clause 2 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 5 (Serial number 1951/87).

MISCELLANEOUS

17. (1) Any person who is entitled in accordance with these regulations to claim from any contractor any pharmaceutical requirements for himself or for any other person may make a complaint in writing to the Medical Officer of Health :—

- (a) If, on presentation of any prescription or order, the contractor refuses or fails, contrary to the provisions of these regulations, to supply any pharmaceutical requirements in accordance with the prescription or order ; or
- (b) If, in the supply of pharmaceutical requirements in accordance with any medical prescription, the contractor has displayed any culpable negligence or lack of care.

[(2) If in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health the complaint is not trivial, or in any case if the complainant so requires, the Medical Officer of Health shall refer it through the Director-General of Health to the Minister, who, if he considers that the complaint is well founded and is sufficiently serious, shall refer it for investigation and report to a committee appointed by him, pursuant to section 83 of the said Act, for the purpose of hearing complaints.]

[(3). *Rev. by Serial number 1951/130, clause 3.*]

Subclause (2) of clause 17 as printed within brackets was substituted for the original subclauses (2) and (3) thereof by clause 3 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 6 (Serial number 1951/130).

18. (1) If any person having undertaken to supply pharmaceutical requirements in accordance with these regulations wilfully fails or refuses, contrary to the provisions of these regulations, to supply any person entitled thereto with any such pharmaceutical requirements,

he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £10, which shall be recoverable by way of deduction from any moneys payable to him from the Social Security Fund in accordance with these regulations.

(2) Any penalty under this clause may be imposed by the Minister on the recommendation of the appropriate Committee and not otherwise.

Clause 3 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 3 (Serial number 1943/155), provides as follows:—

(1) Every person commits an offence against the principal regulations who—

- (a) Being a contractor under the said regulations, demands, requires, or accepts from any person a receipt for any pharmaceutical requirements that does not disclose the true date upon which such pharmaceutical requirements were in fact supplied; or
- (b) Being a contractor under the said regulations, supplies any pharmaceutical requirements by way of a "repeat" in terms of any medical prescription, except in response to a specific request made by or on behalf of the patient; or
- (c) Being a contractor under the said regulations, makes a claim for payment for any pharmaceutical requirements that he has not in fact supplied in accordance with those regulations or furnishes in support of any claim a receipt, certificate, or other document that is false or misleading in any particular; or
- (d) Gives to any contractor a receipt for any pharmaceutical requirements that he has not in fact received, or gives a receipt that does not disclose the true date on which the pharmaceutical requirements referred to therein were received by him.

(2) Every person who commits an offence against the principal regulations shall be liable in accordance with section 138 of the Social Security Act 1938 to a fine of £10.

Clause 4 of the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941, Amendment No. 4 (Serial number 1946/135), (which by virtue of sub-clause (2) of clause 6 thereof came into force on the 1st day of August 1946), provides that nothing in the principal regulations shall be construed to restrict the power of the Minister in the drug tariff to provide for the supply of pharmaceutical requirements to the inmates or members of any institution as a group, or to provide for an extended supply to any individual person entitled thereto, subject in each case to such conditions and restrictions as are prescribed in the drug tariff.

SCHEDULE

[Form No. 1

Under the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941

ACCEPTANCE OF CONTRACT TO SUPPLY PHARMACEUTICAL REQUIREMENTS

To the Medical Officer of Health at

I, [*Name in full*], being the proprietor of a pharmacy under the Pharmacy Act 1939 (*or as the case may require*), do hereby undertake to supply pharmaceutical requirements to persons entitled thereto, or (*as the case may require*) to supply [*specified kinds or classes of pharmaceutical requirements*] in accordance with the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941.

For the purposes of the said regulations, I supply the following particulars :—

My place(s) of business is (are) situated at

The said place(s) of business is (are) open for business at the following times : [*set out hours of business*].

Dated at, this day of 1941.

Signature :

[Form No. 2

Under the Social Security (Pharmaceutical Supplies) Regulations 1941

PARTICULARS TO BE DISPLAYED BY CONTRACTORS ON PHARMACY PREMISES

Name in full of contractor (*with academic or other qualifications*).

(*Under contract with Department of Health to supply Pharmaceutical Requirements.*) THESE premises are open for business at the following times : [*Set out hours of business*].

When these premises are closed the nearest pharmacy or other place where pharmaceutical supplies can be obtained under the regulations is [*Specify premises, if known*].

T. R. AICKIN,

Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Certified for the purposes of section 7 of the Regulations Act 1936
this 4th day of September 1951.*

T. CLIFTON WEBB,

Attorney-General.

Issued under the authority of the Regulations Act 1936.

Date of notification of principal regulations in *Gazette* : 23rd day of April 1941.

These regulations are administered in the Department of Health.