

**1958/28**

**THE STOCK REMEDIES (BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS)  
REGULATIONS 1951, AMENDMENT NO. 2**

COBHAM, Governor-General  
ORDER IN COUNCIL

At the Government Buildings at Wellington this 3rd day of March 1958

Present:

THE HON. C. F. SKINNER, M.C., PRESIDING IN COUNCIL

PURSUANT to the Stock Remedies Act 1934, His Excellency the Governor-General, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, hereby makes the following regulations.

**REGULATIONS**

1. (1) These regulations may be cited as the Stock Remedies (Biological Products) Regulations 1951, Amendment No. 2, and shall be read together with and deemed part of the Stock Remedies (Biological Products) Regulations 1951\* (hereinafter referred to as the principal regulations).

(2) These regulations shall come into force on the day after the date of their notification in the *Gazette*.

2. The principal regulations are hereby amended by revoking regulation 39, and substituting the following regulation:

“39. (1) This regulation shall apply to every biological product in the form of a vaccine.

“(2) No person shall sell any biological product to which this regulation applies to any person who is not a veterinary surgeon or a veterinary practitioner.

“(3) No person shall use any biological product to which this regulation applies unless he is a veterinary surgeon or a veterinary practitioner.

\*S.R. 1951/202  
Amendment No. 1: S.R. 1953/119

“(4) Notwithstanding anything in subclause (2) or subclause (3) of this regulation—

“(a) Fowl pox vaccine for the prevention of fowl pox in poultry, and infectious laryngo tracheitis vaccine for the prevention of infectious laryngo tracheitis in poultry, may be sold by the proprietor thereof directly to any person for the preventive treatment of his poultry if the vendor is satisfied that an officer of the Animal Industry Division of the Department of Agriculture has recommended the purchaser to purchase and use the vaccine in the treatment of fowl pox, or infectious laryngo tracheitis, as the case may be; and a purchaser to whom such a recommendation has been made may use the vaccine for that purpose:

“(b) Contagious ecthyma vaccine for the prevention of scabby mouth in stock may be sold by the proprietor thereof or a veterinary surgeon or a veterinary practitioner directly to any person for the preventive treatment of his stock, and may be used by the purchaser for that purpose, if the vendor is satisfied that the purchaser is sufficiently instructed in the proper use of the vaccine in the treatment:

“(c) Blackleg vaccine for the prevention of blackleg in cattle, and *Brucella abortus* vaccine (strain 19) for the prevention of contagious abortion in cattle, may be sold to the Department of Agriculture and used by an officer of the said Department authorised by the Director-General of the said Department.

“(5) Nothing in this regulation shall apply to the following vaccines:

“(a) Blackleg vaccine for sheep:

“(b) Black disease vaccine:

“(c) Pulpy kidney (entero toxæmia) vaccine:

“(d) Pigeon pox vaccine:

“(e) Malignant oedema vaccine.”

T. J. SHERRARD,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

---

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

*This note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general effect.*

These regulations exempt certain named vaccines from the operation of the principal regulations and extend to all other vaccines the existing restrictions on their sale and use. They introduce the new provision that fowl pox vaccine and infectious laryngo tracheitis vaccine may be sold and used if their purchase and use in the particular case has been recommended by an officer of the Animal Industry Division of the Department of Agriculture.

---

Issued under the authority of the Regulations Act 1936.

Date of notification in *Gazette*: 6 March 1958.

These regulations are administered in the Department of Agriculture.

(Notice No. Ag. 6483.)