



**THE LAW PRACTITIONERS (NEW SOUTH WALES  
BARRISTERS) ORDER 1941.**

C. L. N. NEWALL, Governor-General.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this 22nd day of  
December, 1941.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

PURSUANT to the Law Practitioners Act, 1931, His Excellency the Governor-General, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, and being satisfied that the regulations respecting the admission of persons as barristers of the Supreme Court of New South Wales are such as to secure that such persons possess proper qualifications and competency and that by the law of the State of New South Wales barristers of the Supreme Court of New Zealand will be entitled to admission as barristers of the Supreme Court of New South Wales on terms as favourable as those on which barristers of the Supreme Court of New South Wales will under the Law Practitioners Act, 1931, be entitled to admission as barristers of the Supreme Court of New Zealand, doth hereby order as follows :—

1. This Order may be cited as the Law Practitioners (New South Wales Barristers) Order 1941.

2. This Order shall come into force on the 1st day of January, 1942.

3. Any barrister of the Supreme Court of New South Wales who has been in practice before that Court for not less than three years and who satisfies the Supreme Court of New Zealand or a Judge thereof that he is qualified under the qualifications set out in clause 4 of this Order and who complies with the requirements set out in clause 5 of this Order shall be admitted as a barrister of the Supreme Court of New Zealand without examination.

4. The qualifications referred to in clause 3 of this Order are the following, namely :—

(a) The applicant must have been resident in New Zealand for at least five months preceding the date at which he intends to apply for admission in New Zealand :

(b) The name of the applicant must not have been on the roll of solicitors in New South Wales during a period of at least one year preceding the date at which he intends to apply for admission in New Zealand :

(c) The applicant must not during the said period of at least one year have practised in partnership or other association (except that of counsel briefed by a solicitor) with any person on the roll of solicitors in New South Wales :

(d) The applicant must be a person of good character.

5. The requirements referred to in clause 3 of this Order are the following, namely:—

- (a) The applicant shall give to the Registrar of the Supreme Court at the place where he intends to apply for admission at least two months prior to his making application for admission a written notice in triplicate of his intention to make such application, stating the qualifications by reason of which the application is intended to be made:
- (b) At the same time as he gives the notice aforesaid the applicant shall lodge with the Registrar at the registry where the application is to be made the certificate of his admission as a barrister of the Supreme Court of New South Wales and a statutory declaration in the form set out in the Schedule hereto or to the like effect.

6. The fee for every admission of a barrister under this Order shall be the sum of £21, together with such fees of Court as are payable to the Registrar under the Third Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure.

7. Nothing contained in this Order shall give any person admitted as a barrister under the provisions hereof any right to be admitted thereafter as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of New Zealand.

#### SCHEDULE.

IN THE MATTER of the Law Practitioners Act, 1931,  
and

IN THE MATTER of the Law Practitioners (New South Wales Barristers)  
Order 1941;

and

IN THE MATTER of the application of A. B.

I, A. B., of ..... do solemnly and sincerely declare as follows:—

1. On the ..... day of ....., 19.. I was duly admitted a barrister of the Supreme Court of New South Wales.

2. The paper writing hereto annexed and marked "A" is a true copy of the certificate of my admission as such barrister, and I am the person named therein.

3. I have not done or committed any act or thing which would cause my name to be struck off the roll of barristers of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, and to the best of my knowledge and belief my name still remains on the said roll.

4. I ceased to practice in the State of New South Wales on the ..... day of ....., 19..

5. I arrived in the Dominion of New Zealand on the ..... day of ....., 19..

6. I have resided in the Dominion of New Zealand for a period of ..... preceding the date hereof [*State whether the residence has been continuous or not, and reason for absence from New Zealand, if any*].

7. Since I ceased to practice as aforesaid I have been engaged in [*State mode of employment*].

8. I am known to C. D., of ....., and E. F., of ....., two respectable householders resident in the Dominion of New Zealand, and I refer to the said C. D. and E. F. as to any inquiries that may be made respecting me.

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the Justices of the Peace Act, 1927.

Declared, &c.

T. J. SHERRARD,  
Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.

Issued under the authority of the Regulations Act, 1936.

Date of notification in *Gazette*: 23rd day of December, 1941.

These regulations are administered in the Department of Justice.