

THE FISHERIES (COMMERCIAL QUOTAS) REGULATIONS 1984

DAVID BEATTIE, Governor-General

ORDER IN COUNCIL

At the Government House at Wellington this 10th day of December 1984

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL

PURSUANT to section 89 of the Fisheries Act 1983, His Excellency the Governor-General, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, hereby makes the following regulations.

REGULATIONS

- 1. Title, commencement, and application—(1) These regulations may be cited as the Fisheries (Commercial Quotas) Regulations 1984.
- (2) These regulations shall come into force on the day after the date of their notification in the *Gazette*, and shall apply in respect of all fish for which a quota is prescribed taken by commercial fishermen during the fishing year commencing on the 1st day of October 1984.
- **2. Interpretation**—In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,—
 - "Barracouta" means the fish of which the scientific name is Thyrsites
 - "Greenweight" means the weight of any fish which is in a whole and unprocessed state:
 - "Hake[†] means the fish of which the scientific name is *Merluccius australis*: "Hoki" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Macruronus novaezelandiae*:
 - "Ling" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Genypterus blacodes*: "New Zealand fisheries areas" means any or all of those parts of New Zealand fisheries waters described as such in Part I of the Schedule to these regulations:

- "Orange roughy" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Hoplostethus atlanticus*:
- "Oreo dory" means the black oreo dory (Allocyttus sp.), the smooth or small spined oreo dory (Pseudocyttus maculatus), and the spiky oreo dory (Neocyttus rhomboidalis):
- "Paua" means ordinary paua (Haliotis iris) and yellow foot paua (Haliotis australis):
- "Silver warehou" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Seriolella punctata*:
- "Southern bluefin tuna" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Thunnus maccoyi*:
- "Southern Islands Fisheries Area" means those parts of New Zealand fisheries waters described in Part II of the Schedule to these regulations:
- "Squid" means—
 - (a) The shellfish, commonly known as arrow squid, which has the scientific name *Nototodarus* sp.; and
 - (b) The shellfish, commonly known as broad squid, which has the scientific name Sepioteuthis bilineata.
- **3. Finfish and squid quotas imposed**—(1) There are hereby imposed quotas on the taking of certain species of finfish and squid by New Zealand registered fishing vessels in particular areas of New Zealand fisheries waters (hereinafter referred to as "NZFW") as prescribed in the following table:

TOTAL QUOTA FOR ALL NEW ZEALAND REGISTERED VESSELS

Species	Area o	of NZFW			Quota (Green- weight Tonnes)
Barracouta	B C				2 000 7 000
	D				2 600 6 900
	G and H combined				9 150
					27 650
Hake	D G Rest of NZFW (exclud	 ding area	 s A and	E)	700 1 000 700
	Trest of Till W (exclusion	ang area	o i ui	2,	2 400
Hoki	G Rest of NZFW (exclud	 ding area	s A and	E)	20 000 20 400
					40 400
Ling	В				1 000
	C D				1 200 3 950
	F G and H combined				1 500 1 970
					9 620

Areas

TOTAL QUOTA FOR ALL NEW ZEALAND REGISTERED VESSELS—continued

Species	Атеа (of NZFW			Quota (Green- weight Tonnes)
Orange roughy	A B C and D combined G and H combined E and F combined				Nil 3 500 29 750 4 950 Nil
Oreo dories	C D Rest of NZFW (exclu	 iding are	 eas A and	 E)	38 200 10 000 6 750 3 850 20 600
Silver warehou	G C, D, and F		::		1 000 5 240 6 240
Squid	A Rest of NZFW Southern Islands Fisl	 heries A	 rea		Nil 15 520 17 200 32 720

⁽²⁾ There is hereby imposed a quota of 10 000 individual southern bluefin tuna to be taken from Area G of New Zealand fisheries waters.

4. Paua quota imposed—There is hereby imposed a quota of 1 095 greenweight tonnes of paua to be taken from New Zealand fisheries waters.

SCHEDULE

The areas of New Zealand fisheries waters referred to in these regulations, being New Zealand Fisheries Areas A to H, and the Southern Islands Fisheries Area, shall be the following areas:

PART I New Zealand Fisheries Areas

Description

Α	All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters around the Kermadec
	Islands enclosed by a line commencing at a point 34°34.3′ South
	and 179°51.0' West on the outer limits of the exclusive economic
	zone; and then proceeding in a north westerly direction along
	zone; and then proceeding in a north-westerly direction along
	the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to a point
	34°22.1' South and 179°29.6' East on the outer limits of the
	exclusive economic zone; and then proceeding in a straight line
	to the first-mentioned point.

SCHEDULE—continued

Description Areas В All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing at Cape Reinga lighthouse at a point 34°25.7′ South and 172°40.3' East; and then proceeding in a north-westerly direction to the Three Kings, Great Island lighthouse, at a point 34°09.4′ South and 172°08.2′ East; and then proceeding due North in longitude 172°08.2' East to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone; and then proceeding in a south-easterly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to a point 34°22.1' South and 179°29.6' East; and then proceeding in a south easterly direction to a point 34°34.3′ South and 179°51.0′ West; and then proceeding in a southerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to latitude 42°30.0′ South; then proceeding due West to a point 42°30.0′ South and 175°17.3' East; and then proceeding in a northerly direction to Cape Palliser lighthouse at a point 41°36.8' South and 175°17.3' East; and then proceeding in a northerly direction along the line of the mean low-water mark of the North Island to the point of commencement. C All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing from a point on shore at 41°36.8' South and 174°09.9' East; and then proceeding in an easterly direction to Cape Palliser lighthouse at a point 41°36.8′ South and 175°17.3′ East; and then proceeding in a southerly direction to a point 42°30.0' South and 175°17.3' East; and then proceeding due East to a point 42°30.0′ South and 176°00.0′ East; and then proceeding due South to a point 47°00.0' South and 176°00.0' East; and then proceeding due West to a point 47°00.0' South and 171°00.0 East; and then proceeding due North to a point 46°00.0′ South and 171°00.0′ East; and then proceeding due West to a point on the shore at 46°00.0' South and 170°15.5' East; and then proceeding in a northerly direction along the line of the mean low-water mark of the South Island to the point of commencement. D All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing from a point 42°30.0′ South and 176°00.0′ East; and then proceeding due East to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone; and then proceeding in a southerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to latitude 45°30.0′ South; and then proceeding due West to a point 45°30.0' South and 176°00.0' East; and then proceeding due North to the point of commencement. E. All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing in the West at a point on the outer limit of the exclusive economic zone at the 49°00.0′ South parallel of latitude; and then proceeding due East to a point 49°00.0' South and 169°00.0' East; and then proceeding due North to a point 48°30.0′ South and 169°00.0′ East; and then proceeding due East to a point 48°30.0′ South and 171°00.0′ East; and then proceeding due North to a point 47°00.0' South and 171°00.0'

East; and then proceeding due East to a point 47°00.0′ South and 176°00.0′ East; and then proceeding due North to a point

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SCHEDULE—continued

Description Areas

> 45°30.0' South and 176°00.0' East; and then proceeding due East to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone in latitute 45°30.0' South; and then proceeding in a southerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to the

point of commencement.

All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing from a point on the shore at 45°30.0' South and 166°41.5′ East; and then proceeding due West to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone in latitude 45°30' South; and then proceeding in a southerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to latitude 49°00.0' South; and then proceeding due East to a point 49°00.0' South and 169°00.0' East; and then proceeding due North to a point 48°30.0' South and 169°00.0' East; and then proceeding due East to a point 48°30.0' South and 171°00.0' East; and then proceeding due North to a point 46°00.0' South and 171°00.0' East; and then proceeding due West to a point on the shore at 46°00.0' South and 170°15.5' East; and then proceeding in a south-westerly direction along the line of the mean low-water mark of the South Island to the point of commencement. All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line

commencing from Cape Farewell lighthouse at a point 40°30.4' South and 172°42.8' East; and then proceeding due West to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone in latitude 40°30.4′ South; and then proceeding in a south-westerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to latitude 45°30.0′ South; and then proceeding due East to the shore at a point 45°30.0' South and 166°41.5' East; and then proceeding in a north-easterly direction along the line of the mean lowwater mark of the South Island to the point of commencement.

All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing from Cape Reinga lighthouse at a point 34°25.7' South and 172°40.3' East; and proceeding in a north-westerly direction to the Three Kings, Great Island lighthouse at a point 34°09.4' South and 172°08.2' East; and then proceeding due North to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone in longitude 172°08.2' East; and then proceeding in a south-westerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to latitude 40°30.4' South; and then proceeding due East to Cape Farewell lighthouse at a point 40°30.4' South and 172°42.8' East; and then proceeding in a southerly direction along the line of the mean low water mark of the South Island to a point on shore at 41°36.8' South and 174°09.9' East; and then proceeding in an easterly direction to Cape Palliser lighthouse at a point 41°36.8' South and 175°17.3' East; and then proceeding in a north-westerly direction along the line of the mean low-water mark of the North Island to the point of commencement.

PART II SOUTHERN ISLANDS FISHERIES AREA

Areas	Description		
1	All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing at a point 49°30′ South and 165° East; and then proceeding due East to a point 49°30′ South and 168° East; and then proceeding due South to a point 51°30′ South and 168° East; and then proceeding due West to a point 51°30′ South and 165° East; and then proceeding to the point of commencement.		
2	All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing at a point 51°30′ South and 168° East; and then proceeding due East to a point 51°30′ South and 171° East; and then proceeding due South to a point 53°30′ South and 171° East; and then proceeding due West to a point 53°30′ South and 168° East; and then proceeding due North to the point of commencement.		

P. G. MILLEN, Clerk of the Executive Council.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This note is not part of the regulations, but is intended to indicate their general effect.

These regulations prescribe the quotas for certain species of finfish, squid, and paua to be taken from New Zealand fisheries waters during the fishing year 1 October 1984 to 30 September 1985 by commercial fishermen.

Details of the allocation of the quotas by the Minister of Fisheries are contained in the Fisheries (Sea Fishing) Notice 1984.

Issued under the authority of the Regulations Act 1936. Date of notification in *Gazette*: 13 December 1984.

These regulations are administered in the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.