

### THE FISHERIES (SEA FISHING) NOTICE 1983

PURSUANT to section 89 of the Fisheries Act 1983 and the Fisheries (Commercial Fishing) Regulations 1983, the Minister of Fisheries hereby gives the following notice.

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### NOTICE

- 1. Title and commencement—(1) This notice may be cited as the Fisheries (Sea Fishing) Notice 1983.
  - (2) This notice shall come into force on the 1st day of January 1984.
- **2. Interpretation**—(1) In this notice, unless the context otherwise requires,—
  - "Albacore tuna" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Thunnus alalunga*:
    - "Barracouta" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Thyrsites*
    - "Bigeye tuna" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Thunnus obesus*:
  - "Cod-end" means that end part of a net which is normally closed during fishing and is capable of holding fish while in the water, being—
    - (a) For vessels up to 10 m overall length, not less than the last 3 m of the net:
    - (b) For vessels 10 to 20 m overall length, not less than the last 5 m of the net:

- (c) For vessels 20 to 30 m overall length, not less than the last 10 m of the net:
- (d) For vessels 30 to 40 m overall length, not less than the last 15 m of the net:
- (e) For vessels over 40 m overall length, not less than the last 20 m of the net:
- "Danish seine net" means a net which has a wing on each side of a cod-end or bag with a rope or fibrous warp attached to each wing and which is operated by being drawn over the bed of any waters or through any waters, the net being hauled to the vessel or to more than one vessel by a winch or other mechanical device or by hand:
- "Dressed", in relation to finfish, means the removal of the head (including the pectoral fins and gill covers), the dorsal fins, the anal fins, the tail, and all internal organs of the thoracic and abdominal cavities:
- "Fillet", in relation to finfish, means that part of the flesh from either side of the fish from the pectoral fin to the tail (including the skin on that part):
- "Fish packing house" means a premises licensed under the Fish (Packing for Export) Regulations 1977:
- "Greenweight" means the weight of any fish which is in a whole and unprocessed state:
- "Hake" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Merluccius australis*: "Headed and gutted" means, in relation to finfish, the removal of the head, including the pectoral fins and gill covers, and all internal organs of the thoracic and abdominal cavities; and, in relation to squid, means the removal of the head, including the tentacles, and all internal organs:
- "Hoki" means the fish of which the scientific name is Macruronus novaezelandiae:
- "Jack mackerel" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Trachurus declivis*:
- "Ling" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Genypterus blacodes*: "Line" or "lines" means any line to which hooks, whether baited or not, are attached (whether the line is held in the hand or otherwise), which is set, moored, or placed, and that is capable of taking fish:
- "Orange roughy" means the fish of which the scientific name is *Hoplostethus atlanticus*:
- "Oreo dory" means the black oreo dory (Allocyttus sp.), the smooth or small spined oreo dory (Pseudocyttus maculatus), and the spiky oreo dory (Neocyttus rhomboidalis):
- "Others", in relation to fishing vessels, means all other New Zealand registered fishing vessels not owned by the companies specified in clause 4 (1) (a) to (i) of this notice:
- "Pair trawling" means using a trawl net that is towed or hauled through the water by more than one vessel:
- "Pole and line" means any type of fishing method where a pole is used in conjunction with a line, to which a barbless hook is attached:
- "Purse seining" means the fishing method whereby a net is used to encircle fish; the bottom of the net then being drawn together to enclose the fish:
- "Silver warehou" means the fish of which the scientific name is Seriolella punctata:

"Single trawling" means the use of a trawl net by one vessel: "Skipjack tuna" means the fish of which the scientific name is Katsuwonus pelamis:

"Southern bluefin tuna" means the fish of which the scientific name is Thunnus maccoyii:

"Surface longlining" means any type of line fishing method which is capable of catching pelagic fish, but does not include pole and line or trolling:

"Squid" means—

(a) The shellfish, commonly known as arrow squid, which has the scientific name Nototodarus spp.; and

(b) The shellfish, commonly known as broad squid, which has

the scientific name Sepioteuthis bilineata:

"Squid jigging" means any type of fishing method for taking squid

using a line:

"Trawl net" means any net, or part thereof, not including a Danish seine net, that is used by being drawn over the bed of any water or through any waters by one or more vessels or mechanical devices:

"Trawling" means the use of a trawl net:
"Trolling" means any fishing method whereby a line is towed through, or on top of, the water:

"Yellowfin tuna" means the fish of which the scientific name is Thunnus albacares.

(2) Words and expressions in this notice which are defined in the Fisheries Act 1983 and the Fisheries (Commercial Fishing) Regulations 1983 shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meanings so defined.

# Quotas

3. Species quotas by area—(1) There shall be quotas for the taking of certain species of finfish and squid by trawling by New Zealand registered fishing vessels in particular areas of New Zealand fisheries waters as specified in the following table:

Total Quota for All New Zealand Registered Vessels

I Otal Ç	Zuota for All New Zealand Registered	u v esseis
Species	Area of NZFW	Quota (Greenweight Tonnes)
Barracouta	В	. 2 000
	C	. 7 000
	D	. 2 600
	F	. 6 900
	G and H combined	. 9 150
		27 650
Hake	D	. 700
	G	. 1 000
	Rest of NZFW (excluding areas A and I	E) 700
	_	2 400
Hoki	G	. 20 000
	Rest of NZFW (excluding areas A and I	E) 20 400
		40 400

Total Quota for All New Zealand Registered Vessels

Species	Area of N	ZFW				Quota (Greenweight Tonnes)
Ling	F		 excluding	areas A	 and E)	2 000 6 000
Oreo dories	C D					8 000 10 000 6 750
	_	NZFW (	excluding	areas A	and E)	$\frac{3850}{20600}$
Orange roughy		nd D con H combii				29 750 4 950
Silver warehou	C				• •	34 700 1 000 1 100
	D F G		• •			2 900 1 000
Squid			Fisheries			6 000 14 000 13 300
Mixed Species	A					27 300
-	B C D	• •				23 000 10 000 9 250
	E F G					32 275 6 000 6 000
	Н					$\frac{19\ 100}{105\ 625}$

- (2) The areas of New Zealand fisheries waters referred to in this notice, being Area A to Area H, and the Southern Islands Fisheries Area, are as described in the First Schedule to this notice.
- **4. Allocation of quota to specified companies**—(1) The total quota specified in clause 3 of this notice shall be allocated to the following companies and fishermen:
  - (a) Amaltal Coolstores and Exporters Limited (known as Amaltal):
  - (b) Sanford Limited (known as Sanford):
  - (c) Fletcher Fishing Limited (known as Fletcher):
  - (d) Sealord Products Limited (known as Sealord):
  - (e) Skeggs Foods Limited (known as Skeggs):
  - (f) South Island Deepwater Fishing Company Limited (known as SIDWF):
  - (g) Southland Fish Processors Co-operative Limited (known as Southland Co-op):
  - (h) Wanganui Trawlers Limited (known as Wanganui):
  - (i) Wattie Canneries Limited (known as Wattie):
  - (i) "Others"
- (2) The tonnages of the total quota allocated to the companies specified in subclause (1) of this clause by species and area shall be as set out in the following table:

# ALLOCATIONS FROM 1 OCTOBER 1988, PER ANNUM (tonnes)

Species and Fisheries Area	Amaltal	Sanford	Fletcher	Scalord	SIDWF	Skeggs	Southland Co-op	Wanganui	Watties	Others	Total
BARRACOUTA <sup>1</sup>							<u> </u>				
A D	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	2 000	2 000
Area C	26	188	85	190	26	26	26	51	82	6 300	7 000
Area D	78	566	259	566	78	78	78	154	243	500	2 600
Area F	221	1 586	716	1 595	221	221	221	433	686	1 000	6 900
Areas G and H	75	535	244	541	75	75	75	147	233	7 150	9 150
_	400	2 875	1 304	2 892	400	400	400	785	1 244	16 950	27 650
HAKE											
Area D	58	142	155	141	24	60	13	30	31	46	700
Area G	82	205	222	201	35	87	17	43	43	65	1 000
Rest <sup>2</sup>	58	142	155	141	24	60	13	30	31	46	700
_	198	489	532	483	83	207	43	103	105	157	2 400
HOKI											
Area G	1 280	3 156	3 431	7 000	539	1 337	277	663	678	1 639	20 000
Rest <sup>2</sup>	2 056	5 075	5 516	1 136	866	2 149	445	1 066	1 091	1 000	20 400
	3 336	8 231	8 947	8 136	1 405	3 486	722	1 729	1 769	2 639	40 400
LING											
Area F	165	407	442	403	70	173	36	85	88	131	2 000
Rest <sup>2</sup>	496	1 223	1 330	1 208	208	517	107	257	262	392	6 000
_	661	1 630	1 772	1 611	278	690	143	342	350	523	8 000
ORANGE ROUGHY											
Areas B, C and D	2 4 5 9	6 100	7 393	6 219	878	2 783	450	1 274	791	1 403	29 750
Areas G and H	407	1 011	1 228	1 031	146	462	7.5	210	131	249	4 950
	2 866	7 111	8 621	7 250	1 024	3 245	525	1 484	922	1 652	34 700

ALLOCATIONS F	FROM 1	OCTOBER	1983, PE	R ANNUM	(tonnes)—continued

Species and Fisheries Area	Amaltal	Sanford	Fletcher	Sealord	SIDWF	Skeggs	Southland Co-op	Wanganui	Watties	Others	Total
OREO DORIES											
Area C	826	2 049	2 484	2 089	295	935	151	428	266	477	10 000
Area D	557	1 383	1 677	1 4 1 1	199	631	102	289	179	322	6 750
Rest <sup>2</sup>	318	789	956	804	114	361	59	164	103	182	3 850
	1 701	4 221	5 117	4 304	608	1 927	312	881	548	981	20 600
SILVER WAREHOU											
Area C	83	204	222	201	35	87	17	43	44	64	1 000
Area D	91	224	243	222	38	95	20	47	48	72	1 100
Area F	240	591	642	584	101	250	52	124	127	189	2 900
Area G	82	204	221	201	35	86	18	43	44	66	1 000
_	496	1 223	1 328	1 208	209	518	107	257	263	391	6 000
SQUID											
Southern Islands	1 237	3 050	3 3 1 8	3 017	521	1 292	268	641	656	_	14 000
Rest <sup>3</sup>	1 018	2511	2 728	2 481	429	1 064	220	527	539	1 783	13 300
	2 255	5 561	6 046	5 498	950	2 356	488	1 168	1 195	1 783	27 300
		<u> </u>									
Totals	11 913	31 341	33 667	31 382	4 957	12 829	2 740	6 749	6 396	25 076	167 050

#### NOTES:

- 1. Barracouta allocations shown for companies and company groups relate only to chartered foreign-owned vessels registered as New Zealand fishing vessels for the companies concerned. Catches of barracouta by domestic fishing vessels registered in the names of the companies or constituent parties are covered by the "Others" allocation for this species only.
- 2. "Rest" for hake, hoki, ling, and oreo dories means New Zealand fisheries waters excluding Areas A, E, and other Areas specified for each species.
- 3. "Rest" for squid means all New Zealand fisheries waters excluding Area A and waters contained in the Southern Islands Fisheries Area.

- (3) There shall be payable to the Crown by each of the companies listed in paragraphs (a) to (i) of subclause (1) of this clause a royalty of \$3 a tonne for every tonne of every species of fish (except barracouta) allocated to that company under this clause.
- **5. Use of conversion factors**—(1) The Director-General may, for the purposes of converting the weight of processed fish to whole greenweight, use the following conversion factors:

Species	Headed and Gutted	Filleted	Dressed
Barracouta	 1.50	2.30	1.50
Hake	 1.50	2.30	1.70
Hoki	 1.50	2.10	2.00
Ling	 1.50	2.10	1.70
Oreo Dories	 2.15	5.30	2.36
Orange Roughy	 1.92	4.00	2.2
Silver Warehou	 1.50	3.90	1.7
Squid	 -	2.00	_
All other finfish	 1.50	2.40	1.70

- (2) For the purposes of converting the weight of fish processed into fish meal to whole greenweight, a conversion factor of 5.556 may be used.
- (3) Conversion factors may be used to ascertain the tonnage taken by any vessel fishing pursuant to a fish quota.
- **6. Fishing for barracouta**—(1) The tonnage of barracouta taken by chartered vessels operated by those companies specified in clause 4 (1) (a) to (i) of this notice shall count against the barracouta quota for each company.
- (2) The tonnage of barracouta taken by domestic vessels operated by those companies specified in clause 4 (1) (a) to (i) of this notice shall count against the barracouta quota for the "Others" category.
- **7. Fishing for southern bluefin tuna**—There shall be no more than 10,000 individual southern bluefin tuna taken from Area G during any fishing year.

#### Closed Areas

**8. Areas closed to fishing**—No person shall take finfish or squid using the trawl method, from any New Zealand registered fishing vessel over 42 m in overall length, in those waters specified in the Second Schedule to this notice.

### Net Mesh Restrictions

- **9.** Use of net mesh less than 100 mm prohibited—No person shall use for taking fish, in any part of Areas A, B, C, and D, that part of Area F north of latitude 48° 30.00′ South, and Areas G and H, a trawl net with a mesh size of less than 100 mm in any part; but this restriction shall not affect the carriage of such a net while in transit to Area E, or to that part of Area F south of 48° 30.00′ South.
- 10. Use of net mesh less than 60 mm prohibited—No person shall use for taking fish, or be in possession of, in Area E and that part of Area F south of latitude 48° 30.00′ South, a trawl net with a cod-end mesh size of less than 60 mm.

# Processing Requirements

11. Companies to process onshore—(1) Those companies specified in clause 4 (1) (a) to (i) of this notice shall process not less than 35 percent by weight of their respective aggregate allocations onshore in a fish packing house.

(2) Fish landed in a fish packing house pursuant to subclause (1) of this clause shall be processed further than the headed gutted stage in a fish

packing house.

(3) To ascertain whether a company has complied with subclause (1) of this clause, the aggregate allocation for any 3 consecutive fishing years shall be examined, commencing with the 3-year period from the 1st day of October 1983 and ending with the 30th day of September 1986.

(4) Failure to comply with the provisions of this clause shall constitute an offence against the Fisheries (Commercial Fishing) Regulations 1983, and

shall result in a review of any quota allocation.

# Reporting Requirements

- 12. Reporting requirements for sea fishing vessels—(1) Every New Zealand registered fishing vessel over 21 m overall length, and every other vessel which the Director-General, in writing, may direct to be subject to the requirements of this clause, which is permitted to fish in New Zealand fisheries waters using the methods of single or pair trawling, squid jigging, purse seining, trolling, pole and line, or surface longlining methods, shall report to the Fisheries Control Centre, Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, Wellington, as follows:
- (a) Daily Position Report (POSREP)—Its position at noon each day in latitude and longitude to the nearest minute of arc. These reports are to be received in the Fisheries Control Centre by noon on the following day and are to be in one of the forms shown in the following examples:

Single Vessel Multiple Vessels

Posrep Fletcher Fishing Noon Positions

MAL/Kobe Maru Posrep

10 Aug 83 10 Aug 83 4423S 17506E ZMRO/Otago Buccaneer

4423S 17506E ZMRO/Otago Buccaneer 4423S 17506E

ZMGF/Otago Galliard

4227S 17423E

Entering Harbour Dunedin 0800 11 Aug.

Surface longline and squid jigging fishing vessels are only required to report their positions at noon each Tuesday to the Fisheries Control Centre in the above form. If such a fishing vessel moves more than 60 nautical miles from its last reported position before the next weekly report is due, a new noon position must be reported to the Fisheries Control Centre within 24 hours of it being ascertained:

(b) Catch Report (CATREP)—Its catch for the preceding week from midnight on Sunday to 2359 hours the following Sunday. These reports are to be received in the Fisheries Control Centre by noon the Tuesday immediately following the catch week and are to be in one of the forms shown in the following examples:

Single Vessel	Multiple Vessels
Catrep	Catrep
09 Aug 83	16 Aug 83
JVAA/Tokyo Maru	JVAA/Tokyo Maru
Area Foxtrot	Area Foxtrot
ORH 22.7	HOK 24.5
SEA 27.4	LIN 21.2
Area Delta	Area Hotel
ORH 23.4	JMA 73.5
SQU 2.6	MIX 10.3
MIX 5.2	Total 148.3
Total 98.6	JBAT/Ghinza Maru Area Foxtrot ORH 22.6 MIX 16.4 Total 39.0

(c) Daily Catch Report (DAYREP)—Where a daily catch report is required, catches for the period from midnight on one day to 2359 hours of the next day are to be received in the Fisheries Control Centre by midday of the next day, including during weekends and statutory holidays. Reports are to be in one of the forms shown in the following examples,

Single Vessel	Multiple Vessels
Dayrep	Dayrep
09 Aug 83	09 Aug 83
JOHL/Osaka Maru	JOHL/Osaka Maru
Area Delta	Area Delta
ORH 73.2	ORH 73.2
	JVAA/Tokyo Maru
	Area Delta
	ORH 41.9

(2) In all reports, the following abbreviations are to be used:

# (a) Months

January	JAN	July	JUL
February	FEB	August	AUG
March	MAR	September	SEP
April	APR	October	OCT
May	MAY	November	NOV
June	JUN	December	DEC

# (b) Year

Last 2 numbers only are to be shown, e.g., 1983 becomes 83.

# (c) Catches

Species	Abbreviation	Species	Abbreviation
Albacore Tuna	ALB	Mixed	MIX
Barracouta	BAR	Oreo Dories	OEO
Bigeye Tuna	BIG	Orange Roughy	ORH
Haké	HAK	Skipjack Tuna	SKJ
Hoki	HOK	Silver Warehou	SWA
Jack Mackerel	JMA	Squid	SQU
Ling	LIN	Yellowfin Tuna	YFN

- (d) The day of the month is to be shown as 2 figures in reports. A zero is to be inserted before a single figure date, e.g., 9 August 1983 becomes 09 AUG 83.
- (e) To avoid confusion, designations are to be used to specify fisheries areas, as follows:

Fisheries		Fisheries	
Area	Designation	Area	Designation
Α	Alpha	E	Echo
В	Bravo	$\mathbf{F}$	Foxtrot
C	Charlie	G	Golf
D	Delta	H	Hotel
S*	Sierra		

<sup>\*</sup>This code is for the Southern Islands Fisheries Area and is to be used for reporting the catch of squid by the trawl method in that area.

# **SCHEDULES**

#### Clause 3

Area

# FIRST SCHEDULE

The areas of New Zealand fisheries waters referred to in this notice, being New Zealand Fisheries Areas A to H, and the Southern Island Fisheries Area shall be the following areas:

### NEW ZEALAND FISHERIES AREAS

Description

A	All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters around the Kermadec Islands enclosed by a line commencing at a point 34° 34.3′ South and 179° 51.0′ West on the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone; and then proceeding in a north westerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to a point 34° 22.1′ South and 179° 29.6′ East on the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone; and then
В	on the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone; and then proceeding in a straight line to the first-mentioned point. All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing at Cape Reinga lighthouse at a point 34° 25.7′ South and 172° 40.3′ East; and then proceeding in a north-westerly direction to the Three Kings, Great Island lighthouse, at a point 34° 09.4′ South and 172° 08.2′ East; and then proceeding due North in longitude 172° 08.2′ East to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone; and then proceeding in a south-easterly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to a point 34° 22.1′ South and 179° 29.6′ East; and then proceeding in a south-easterly direction to a point 34° 34.3′ South and 179° 51.0′ West; and then proceeding in a southerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to latitude 42° 30.0′ South;
	then proceeding due West to a point 42° 30.0′ South and 175° 17.3′ East; and then proceeding in a northerly direction to Cape Palliser lighthouse at a point 41° 36.8′ South and

C

D

E

F

### FIRST SCHEDULE—continued

175° 17.3′ East; and then proceeding in a northerly direction along the line of the mean low-water mark of the North

Island to the point of commencement.

All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing from a point on shore at 41° 36.8′ South and 174° 09.9′ East; and then proceeding in an easterly direction to Cape Palliser lighthouse at a point 41° 36.8′ South and 175° 17.3′ East; and then proceeding in a southerly direction to a point 42° 30.0′ South and 175° 17.3′ East; and then proceeding due East to a point 42° 30.0′ South and 176° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due South to a point 47° 00.0′ South and 176° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due West to a point 47° 00.0′ South and 171° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due West to a point 47° 00.0′ South and 171° 00.0′ South and 171° 00.0′ South and 171° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due West to a point on the shore at 46° 00.0′ South and 170° 15.5′ East; and then proceeding in a northerly direction along the line of the mean low-water mark of the South Island to the point of commencement.

All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing from a point 42° 30.0′ South and 176° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due East to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone; and then proceeding in a southerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to latitude 45° 30.0′ South; and then proceeding due West to a point 45° 30.0′ South and 176° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due North to the point of commencement.

All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing in the West at a point on the outer limit of the exclusive economic zone at the 49° 00.0′ South parallel of latitude; and then proceeding due East to a point 49° 00.0′ South and 169° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due North to a point 48° 30.0′ South and 169° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due East to a point 48° 30.0′ South and 171° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due North to a point 47° 00.0′ South and 171° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due East to a point 47° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due East to a point 47° 00.0′ South and 176° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due East to the proceeding due North to a point 45° 30.0′ South and 176° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due East to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone in latitude 45° 30.0′ South; and then proceeding in a southerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to the point of commencement.

All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing from a point on the shore at 45° 30.0′ South and 166° 41.5′ East; and then proceeding due West to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone in latitude 45° 30.0′ South; and then proceeding in a southerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to latitude 49° 00.0′ South; and then proceeding due East to a point 49° 00.0′ South and 169° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due North to a point 48° 30.0′ South and

#### FIRST SCHEDULE—continued

169° 00.0' East; and then proceeding due East to a point 48° 30.0′ South and 171° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due North to a point 46° 00.0′ South and 171° 00.0′ East; and then proceeding due West to a point on the shore at 46° 00.0' South and 170° 15.5′ East; and then proceeding in a southwesterly direction along the line of the mean low-water mark of the South Island to the point of commencement.

G

All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing from Cape Farewell lighthouse at a point 40° 30.4′ South and 172° 42.8′ East; and then proceeding due West to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone in latitude 40° 30.4′ South; and then proceeding in a southwesterly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to latitude 45° 30.0′ South; and then proceeding due East to the shore at a point 45° 30.0' South and 166° 41.5' East; and then proceeding in a north-easterly direction along the line of the mean low-water mark of the South Island to the point of commencement.

Н

Area

All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing from Cape Reinga lighthouse at a point 34° 25.7' South and 172° 40.3′ East; and proceeding in a north-westerly direction to the Three Kings, Great Island lighthouse at a point 34° 09.4′ South and 172° 08.2' East; and then proceeding due North to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone in longitude 172° 08.2' East; and then proceeding in a south-westerly direction along the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone to latitude 40° 30.4' South; and then proceeding due East to Cape Farewell lighthouse at a point 40° 30.4" South and 172° 42.8' East; and then proceeding in a southerly direction along the line of the mean low-water mark of the South Island to a point on shore at 41° 36.8′ South and 174° 09.9′ East; and then proceeding in an easterly direction to Cape Palliser lighthouse at a point 41° 36.8' South and 175° 17.3' East; and then proceeding in a north-westerly direction along the line of the mean lowwater mark of the North Island to the point of commencement.

# SOUTHERN ISLANDS FISHERIES AREA

Description All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing at a point 49° 30' South and 165° East; thence proceeding due East to a point 49° 30' South and 168° East; thence proceeding due South to a point 51° 30' South and 168° East; thence proceeding due West to a point 51° 30' South and 165° East; thence proceeding to the point of commencement.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE—continued

2

All that area of New Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line commencing at a point 51° 30′ South; and 168° East; thence proceeding due East to a point 51° 30′ South and 171° East; thence proceeding due South to a point 53° 30′ South and 171° East; thence proceeding due West to a point 53° 30′ South and 168° East; and thence proceeding due North to the point of commencement.

### SECOND SCHEDULE

Clause 8

The following areas shall be closed to the taking of fish using the trawl method from any New Zealand registered vessel over 42 m in overall length:

(a) Extended areas, being—

(i) The area enclosed by a line commencing at a point 37° 21.15′ South and 178° 19.6′ East; and then proceeding directly through a northerly direction to a point 37° 13.2′ South and 178° 19.6′ East; and then proceeding through a south-easterly direction along a line every point of which is 8 nautical miles seawards of the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand to a point 39° 06.3′ South and 178° 25.8′ East; and then proceeding directly through a westerly direction to a point 39° 06.31′ and 178° 15.6′ East; and then proceeding through a north-westerly direction along the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand to the first-mentioned point:

(ii) The area enclosed by a line commencing at a point 36° 24.1′ South and 173° 48′ East; and then proceeding directly through a westerly direction to a point 36° 24.1′ South and 173° 3.9′ East; and then proceeding through a southerly direction along a line every point of which is 8 nautical miles seawards of the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand to a point 40° 34.8′ South and 174° 37.2′ East; and then proceeding directly through a south-easterly direction to a point 40° 40.6′ South and 174° 44.6′ East; and then proceeding through a north-easterly direction along the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand to the first-

mentioned point:

(iii) The area enclosed by a line commencing at a point 41° 48.95′ South and 175° 17.4′ East; and then proceeding directly through a southerly direction to a point 42° 01.95′ South and 175° 17.4′ East; and then proceeding directly through a northwesterly direction to a point 41° 53.6′ South and 174° 49.4′ East; and then proceeding through a south-westerly direction along a line every point of which is 13 nautical miles seawards of the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand to a point 44° 19.2′ South and 172° 58.75′ East; and then proceeding through a south-westerly direction directly to a point 45° 53.0′ South and 171° 02.2′ East; and then proceeding through a northerly direction along the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand to the first-mentioned point:

(iv) The area enclosed by a line commencing at a point 43° 45.5′ South and 168° 37.35′ East; and then proceeding directly through

#### SECOND SCHEDULE—continued

a northerly direction to a point 43° 32.5′ South and 168° 37.35′ East; and then proceeding through a north-easterly direction along a line every point of which is 13 nautical miles seawards of the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand to a point 41° 44.9′ South and 170° 53.6′ East; and then proceeding directly through an easterly direction to a point 41° 44.9′ South and 171° 10.9′ East; and then proceeding through a southerly direction along the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand of the first-mentioned point:

(v) The area enclosed by a line commencing at a point 40° 19.4′ South and 173° 00.5′ East; and then proceeding directly through a south-easterly direction to a point 40° 27.8′ South and 174° 00′ East; and then proceeding through a south-westerly direction along the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand to the first-

mentioned point:

(vi) The area enclosed by a line commencing at a point 35° 20′ South and 172° 52.8′ East; and then proceeding directly through a north-westerly direction to a point 34° 21.4′ South and 171° 53.8′ East; and then proceeding through a south-easterly direction along the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand to a point 34° 16.2′ South and 172° 21.7′ East; and then proceeding directly through a south-easterly direction to a point 34° 19.4′ South and 172° 28′ East; and then proceeding through a south-westerly direction along the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand to the first-mentioned point:

(vii) The area enclosed by a line commencing at a point 40° 19.4′ South and 173° 00.5′ East; and then proceeding directly through a south-easterly direction to a point 40° 27.8′ and 174°.00′ East; and then proceeding through a south-westerly direction along the outer limits of the territorial sea of New Zealand to the first-

mentioned point:

(b) Area B of the New Zealand Fisheries Area:

(c) The Territorial Sea.

Dated at Wellington this 21st day of December 1983.

DUNCAN MacINTYRE, Minister of Fisheries.

### EXPLANATORY NOTE

This note is not part of the notice, but is intended to indicate its general effect.

Clause 2 is the interpretation clause.

Clause 3 sets the quotas on certain species by area.

Clause 4 allocates the quotas to certain companies, and provides for a royalty payment to be made in respect of tonnages allocated.

Clause 5 provides for conversion factors to be used to convert processed fish weights to whole green weights.

• Clause 6 makes special provision for catches of barracouta.

Clause 7 sets a limit on the number of southern bluefin tuna which may be taken.

Clause 8 closes certain areas to fishing.

Clauses 9 and 10 restrict the use of certain net meshes.

Clause 11 requires companies to process a set amount of fish onshore.

Clause 12 sets the reporting requirements for vessels.

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