



THE FISHERIES (AUCKLAND COMMERCIAL FISHING RESTRICTIONS) NOTICE 1985

PURSUANT to section 89 of the Fisheries Act 1983 and to the Fisheries (Commercial Fishing) Regulations 1983, the Director-General of Agriculture and Fisheries hereby gives the following notice.

ANALYSIS

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NOTICE

1. Title, commencement, and application—(1) This notice may be cited as the Fisheries (Auckland Commercial Fishing Restrictions) Notice 1985.

(2) This notice shall come into force on the 1st day of July 1985.

(3) This notice shall apply in respect of all commercial fishermen taking any fish or aquatic life specified in the notice, when in the Auckland Fishery Management Area.

2. Interpretation—(1) In this notice, unless the context otherwise requires,—

“Act” means the Fisheries Act 1983:

“Auckland Fisheries Area” means any or all of those waters described as such in the Schedule to this notice:

“Auckland Fishery Management Area” means the Fishery Management Area that is described as the Auckland Fishery Management Area in the Schedule to the notice declaring fishery management areas that was published in the *Gazette* on the 27th day of April 1984 at page 1402:

“Cod-end” means that end part of the net which is normally closed during fishing and is capable of holding fish while in the water; and includes, in respect of a net carried on a vessel—

(i) Up to 10 m overall length of vessel, not less than the last 3 m of net:

(ii) Ten to 20 m overall length of vessel, not less than the last 5 m of net:

(iii) Twenty to 30 m overall length of vessel, not less than the last 10 m of net:

(iv) Thirty to 40 m overall length of vessel, not less than the last 15 m of net:

(v) Over 40 m overall length of vessel, not less than the last 20 m of net:

“Conveyance” means any vehicle, vessel, aircraft, hovercraft, animal, or other thing of whatever size which is capable of being used to carry or transport any fish or fishing gear:

“Danish seine net” means any net or part thereof (including any warp, rope, chain, material, or device used in conjunction with, or attached to, the net) which has a buoyancy system on the top edge and is weighted on the bottom edge and is operated, without the use of any horizontal net opening device, by surrounding any fish and being drawn over the bed of any waters or through any waters to one or more vessels:

“Danish seining” means the use of a Danish seine net:

“Drag net” or “beach seine net” means any net or part thereof (including any warp, rope, chain, material, or device used in conjunction with, or attached to, the net) which has a buoyancy system on the top edge and is weighted on the bottom edge and is operated by surrounding any fish and being drawn over the bed of any waters or through any waters to the shore:

“Harbour”, unless otherwise specified in this notice, means those waters lying inside the seaward entrance to any harbour:

“Longline” includes any line or lines (whether baited or not) which are set, moored, or placed, and that are capable of taking fish:

“Mussel” means the green mussel (*Perna canaliculus*), the blue mussel (*Mytilus edulis aoteanus*), and the horse mussel (*Atrina zelandica*):

“Net” includes any net or part thereof used or capable of being used to take fish; but does not include a whitebait net:

“Overall length” means the length of a vessel measured by a straight middle line from the extreme forward end to the extreme aft end of the hull of the vessel:

“Oyster” includes the kinds of molluscs known as *Saccostrea glomerata* (formerly known as *Crassostrea glomerata* or *Saxostrea glomerata*) and *Crassostrea gigas*, commonly known as the rock oyster and Pacific oyster respectively; and *Tiostrea lutaria* (formerly known as *Ostrea lutaria*), commonly known as the dredge oyster:

“Set net” includes a gill net, drift net, trammel net, or any other sort of net which acts by enmeshing, entrapping, or entangling any fish:

“Stalling” means the process whereby a net is set in such a manner that any fish enclosed or entangled by the net is left stranded by the falling tide or in such a manner that at any stage of the tide there is an insufficient depth of water at either end of the net to enable the fish to pass from the waters above the net to the waters below the net:

“Trawl net” means any net or part thereof (including any warp, rope, chain, material, or device used in conjunction with, or attached to, the net) which has a buoyancy system on the top edge and is

weighted on the bottom edge and is operated by being drawn over the bed of any waters or through any waters by one or more vessels underway:

“Whitebait net” means any net, contrivance, instrument, or device used or capable of being used to take whitebait.

(2) Words and expressions in this notice which are defined in the Fisheries Act 1983 or the Fisheries (Commercial Fishing) Regulations 1983* shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meanings so defined.

3. Stalling allowed in certain cases—Notwithstanding any other provision of this notice or the provisions of any other notice made pursuant to the Fisheries (Commercial Fishing) Regulations 1983 relating to stalling, it shall be lawful to take fish using a set net on the mudflats in Kaipara Harbour by the process known as stalling, subject to the following conditions:

- (a) The size of mesh of set nets so used shall not be less than 100 mm:
- (b) No set net the size of the mesh of which is less than 100 mm shall be aboard any fishing vessel used in such fishing or in its tender:
- (c) No person shall set more than 540 m of set net from any one fishing vessel (including its tender):
- (d) Not more than 540 m of set net shall be carried aboard any one fishing vessel (including its tender):
- (e) No person shall join together the set nets used or set by different persons:
- (f) There shall be a clear space of not less than 90 m between any nets set by different persons, and no person shall set nets without leaving such a space.

4. Set netting for snapper, trevally, or rig—Notwithstanding any other provisions of this notice or the provisions of any other notice made pursuant to the Fisheries (Commercial Fishing) Regulations 1983 relating to net mesh size, no person shall fish for or take any snapper, trevally, or rig by means of any set net which has mesh of a size less than 125 mm.

5. Drag netting prohibited—No person shall use a drag net in the following waters:

- (a) *Whangarei Harbour*: The waters of the Whangarei Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from Marsden Point (at 35°50.45' S and 174°29.96' E) to Lort Point (at 35°49.98' S and 174°30.13' E); except that area specified in clause 6 (1) of this notice:
- (b) *Kawhia Harbour*: The waters of Kawhia Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the northernmost extremity of Urawitiki Point (at 38°05.34' S and 146°46.25' E) on the Southern Head of Kawhia Harbour to North Head or Tau-ra-tahi (at 38°05.18' S and 174°46.9' E):
- (c) *Aotea Harbour*: The waters of Aotea Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the northernmost extremity of Kahua Point (at 38°02.2' S and 174°46.8' E) to Potahi, the Northern Head (at 38°00.5' S and 174°47.5' E):
- (d) *Raglan Harbour*: The waters of Raglan Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the northernmost extremity of South Head (at

37°48.3'S and 174°50.64'E) to the westernmost extremity of Rangitoto Point (at 37°48.1'S and 174°50.55'E) on the Northern Head at the entrance of Raglan Harbour:

- (e) *Manukau Harbour*: Those waters of the Manukau Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the signal staff at South Head (at 37°03.17'S and 174°32.65'E) to Paratutai Island (at 37°02.92'S and 174°30.73'E):
- (f) *Kaipara Harbour*: The waters of Kaipara Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the southernmost extremity of North Head (at 36°24.2'S and 174°03'E) to Pukitu on the South Head of the harbour (at 36°28.5'S and 174°09.2'E):
- (g) *Tauranga Harbour*:

- (i) Those waters lying south-east of a straight line drawn from Panepane Point (at 37°38'S and 176°09.5'E) to Tilby Point (at 37°39.7'S and 176°07.4'E):

- (ii) Those waters enclosed by a line commencing at Flax Point (at 37°36'S and 175°58'E) on Matakana Island, to Pahoia Point on the mainland (at 37°37.5'S and 176°01'E), then along the mean high-water mark to a point east of Tahawai Stream (at 37°32'S and 175°56.8'E), then by straight line in an easterly direction to a point at the southern headland of the entrance to Blue Gum Bay on Matakana Island (at 37°34.3'S and 176°01.8'E), then along the mean high-water mark to the point of commencement.

6. Restricted drag netting—(1) *Snake Bank*—Notwithstanding the provisions of clause 5 (a) of this notice, no person shall use a drag net with a pocket or cod-end in the waters surrounding Snake Bank in the Whangarei Harbour bounded by a line commencing at Marsden Point (at 35°50.45'S and 174°29.96'E), then along the mean high-water mark to One Tree Point (at 35°49.18'S and 174°27.23'E), then along a straight line to Manganese Point (at 35°47.8'S and 174°26.75'E), then along a straight line to Reserve Point (at 35°47.68'S and 174°27.44'E), then along the mean high-water mark to a point approximately one-half nautical mile due South of Munro Bay (at 35°47.71'S and 174°28.88'E), then along a straight line to Darch Point (at 35°49.33'S and 174°29.55'E), then along the mean high-water mark to Lort Point (at 35°49.98'S and 174°30.13'E), then along a straight line to the point of commencement at Marsden Point.

(2) *Tauranga Harbour*—No person shall use a drag net in the Tauranga Harbour lying inside a line drawn from Papatu Point (at 37°28.25'S and 175°59.2'E), then in a straight line to the northwesternmost point of Matakana Island (at 37°28.5'S and 175°59.1'E), then along the mean high-water mark to the easternmost point of Matakana Island (at 37°38.3'S and 176°09.2'E), then in a straight line to the northernmost extremity of Mount Manganui (at 37°38.3'S and 176°10.2'E), during the period commencing on the 1st day of June in any year and expiring with the 31st day of August in the same year (both days inclusive); and during the period commencing on the 14th day of December in any year and expiring with the 31st day of January in the year following (both days inclusive).

7. Trawling and Danish seining prohibited—(1) No person shall use a trawl net or a Danish seine net within the following waters:

- (a) *Parengarenga Harbour*: The waters of Parengarenga Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the northeasternmost extremity of the

- Kokota Peninsula (at 34°32'S and 172°59.4'E) in a north-easterly direction to the easternmost extremity of Ohao Point (otherwise known as Coal Point) (at 34°30.68'S and 173°00.49'E):
- (b) *Rangaunu Bay*: The waters of Rangaunu Bay lying inside a straight line drawn from the easternmost extremity of Grenville Point (at 34°46.45'S and 173°09.35'E) to the northernmost end of the northern island of the Mutoroa Islands (at 34°46.1'S and 173°20.7'E) and then to the northernmost extremity of Cape Karikari (at 34°46.95'S and 173°23.76'E):
- (c) *Doubtless Bay*: The waters of Doubtless Bay lying inside a straight line drawn from the easternmost extremity of Knuckle Point (at 34°51.06'S and 173°28.2'E) to the northernmost extremity of Flat Head (otherwise known as Bergan Point) (at 34°54.85'S and 173°33.5'E):
- (d) *Whangaroa Harbour*: The waters of Whangaroa Harbour and Whangaroa Bay lying inside a line commencing at Karau Point (at 34°57.4'S and 173°42.3'E), then in a straight line to the northwesternmost point of Stephenson Island (at 34°57.44'S and 173°47.5'E), then along the mean high-water mark of the southern shore of Stephenson Island in a generally south-easterly direction to the easternmost point of Stephenson Island (at 34°58.25'S and 173°47.2'E), then in a straight line to Frenchman Rock (at 34°59.33'S and 173°49'E), then in a straight line due South to the point of intersection with the shore at the north-eastern entrance of Whangaihe Bay (at 34°59.69'S and 173°49'E):
- (e) *Bay of Islands*: The waters of the Bay of Islands lying inside a line commencing at the easternmost point of Cape Wiwiki (at 35°09.4'S and 174°07.66'E) and running then in a straight line to the northern extremity of Red Head (at 35°11.9'S and 174°12.44'E); and then a straight line in a north-easterly direction to the northern extremity of Cape Brett (at 35°10.46'S and 174°20.03'E):
- (f) *Whangaruru Harbour*: The waters of Whangaruru Harbour lying inside a line commencing at the westernmost extremity of Cape Home (at 35°22.7'S and 174°22.6'E) on the northern side of the entrance of the said harbour, and running then in a straight line in a south-westerly direction to the easternmost extremity of Henry Island (at 35°23.2'S and 174°22.4'E), then through the easternmost extremity of Nops Island (at 35°24.4'S and 174°21.8'E) in a straight line to the shore on the southern side of the said harbour (at 35°25.1'S and 174°20.5'E):
- (g) *Tutukaka Harbour*: The waters of Tutukaka Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the southern extremity of Tutukaka Head (at 35°36.9'S and 174°32.7'E) in a south-westerly direction through the Rocky Islets to the headland on the southern side of the entrance (at 35°37.2'S and 174°32.4'E) to the said harbour:
- (h) *Whangarei-Bream Bay*: The waters of the sea lying inside a straight line drawn from the southernmost extremity of Busby Head (at 35°51.8'S and 174°31.9'E) in a straight line to the shore on the southern end of Bream Bay (at 36°02.9'S and 174°33.3'E):
- (i) *North Rodney*: At any time between the 1st day of October in any year and the 1st day of April in the following year (both days inclusive) in the waters of the sea lying within 1 nautical mile from the mean high-water mark of the shore that extends from Sentinel Rock (at 36°05'S and 174°36.1'E) to the easternmost extremity of Cape Rodney (at 36°16.8'S and 174°49.3'E):

- (j) *Hauraki Gulf (including the Firth of Thames)*: Area 007 of the Auckland Fisheries Area and that part of area 006 of the Auckland Fisheries Area inside the straight line drawn from the easternmost point of Tawharanui Peninsula (at 36°22.2'S and 174°52.06'E); then by straight line to Slater Point on Kawau Island (at 36°24.6'S and 174°52.2'E); then by the mean high-water mark around the eastern side of Kawau Island to Kawau Point (at 36°26.95'S and 174°52.7'E); then by straight line to the western extremity of Motukahaua Island (at 36°39.6'S and 175°22.2'E); then by straight line to Tokotarea Point at the northern entrance to Colville Bay (at 36°36.78'S and 175°26.2'E); except that nothing in this notice shall prohibit the use of a Danish seine net drawn or hauled by not more than one vessel anywhere in the waters of area 006 of the Auckland Fisheries Area as specified in the Schedule to this notice:
- (k) *Areas 005 and 006 of the Auckland Fisheries Area*, from a vessel of 20 m or more overall length:
- (l) *Port Abercrombie and Port Fitzroy*: The waters of and adjacent to Port Abercrombie and Port Fitzroy in Great Barrier Island lying inside a line drawn from Wellington Head (at 36°09.78'S and 175°16.91'E) to the northwesternmost point of Okokewa Island (at 36°08.6'S and 175°18.41'E) (Green Isle); then by a straight line to the nearest point of the mainland of Great Barrier Island (at 36°08.5'S and 175°18.53'E); and lying inside a line drawn from the northeasternmost point of Motukaku Island (at 36°09.91'S and 175°17.61'E) to the northwesternmost point of Nelson Island (at 36°10'S and 175°17.8'E); and then from the most south-eastern point of Nelson Island (at 36°10.11'S and 175°18.07'E) to the northwesternmost point of Kaikoura Island (at 36°10.14'S and 175°18.18'E) and lying inside a straight line drawn across Man 'O' War Passage at its narrowest point (from 36°11.35'S and 175°19.51'E to 36°11.42'S and 175°19.51'E):
- (m) *Tryphena Harbour*: The waters of Tryphena Harbour on Great Barrier Island lying inside a straight line drawn from Tryphena Point (at 36°19.23'S and 175°28.75'E) and passing through Bird Islet (at 36°18.8'S and 175°28.25'E) to the nearest point of the mainland of Great Barrier Island:
- (n) *Kennedy Bay and adjacent waters*: The waters of Kennedy Bay on the Coromandel Peninsula lying inside a straight line drawn from the point 36°40'S and 175°35.5'E (which is one-half nautical mile north of the southernmost extremity of the northern entrance of Kennedy Bay) in a south-easterly direction to the northernmost extremity of Anarake Point (at 36°41.1'S and 175°36.3'E):
- (o) *Mercury Bay*: The waters of Mercury Bay lying inside a line commencing at the northernmost extremity of Motukoranga Island (at 36°44.7'S and 175°49.2'E); then along the mean high-water mark to the southernmost extremity of Motukoranga Island (at 36°44.9'S and 175°49.25'E); then to the northeasternmost extremity of Te Tui Island (otherwise known as Mahurangi Island) (at 36°49.6'S and 175°49.3'E); then to the easternmost extremity of Heriheritauru (at 36°50.6'S and 175°49.3'E):
- (p) *Whangamata Harbour and Whangamata River, Bay of Plenty*: The waters of Whangamata Harbour and Whangamata River and the part of the sea adjacent thereto lying within a radius of 3 nautical

miles from the southernmost extremity of the northern head at the mouth of the Whangamata Harbour (at 37°12.3'S and 175°53'E):

- (q) *Homunga Bay to Haurere Point*: All those waters lying within 2 nautical miles of the mean high-water mark on that part of the shore of the Bay of Plenty which commences at the northernmost extremity of Homunga Bay (at 37°21.52'S and 175°56.5'E) to the westernmost extremity of Haurere Point (at 37°57.5'S and 177°26.5'E):
- (r) *Cape Runaway*: All those waters lying inside a straight line drawn from the northernmost extremity of Orete Point on the eastern side of the Bay of Plenty (at 37°36.2'S and 177°54.4'E) to the northernmost extremity of Cape Runaway (at 37°32.2'S and 177°59.5'E):
- (s) *Kawhia Harbour*: The waters of Kawhia Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the northernmost extremity of Urawitiki Point (at 38°05.34'S and 146°46.25'E) on the Southern Head of Kawhia Harbour to North Head or Tau-ra-tahi (at 38°05.18'S and 174°46.9'E):
- (t) *Aotea Harbour*: The waters of Aotea Harbour and the sea adjacent thereto lying within a radius of one and one-half nautical miles from the westernmost extremity of Kahua Point (at 38°02.2'S and 174°46.8'E):
- (u) *Raglan Harbour*: The waters of Raglan Harbour and the sea adjacent thereto lying within a radius of one and one-half nautical miles from the westernmost extremity of Rangitoto Point (at 37°48.09'S and 174°50.56'E):
- (v) *Manukau Harbour*: The waters of Manukau Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the signal staff on the South Head (at 37°03.17'S and 174°32.65'E) to the easternmost extremity of Paratutai Island (at 37°02.92'S and 174°30.73'E):
- (w) *Kaipara Harbour*: The waters of Kaipara Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the southernmost extremity of North Head (at 36°24.2'S and 174°03'E) to the westernmost extremity of Pukitu (at 36°28.5'S and 174°09.2'E):
- (x) *Herekino Harbour*: The waters of Herekino Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the north head of the harbour (at 35°17.7'S and 173°09.85'E) to the south head of the harbour (at 35°17.7'S and 173°09.5'E):
- (y) *Whangape Harbour*: The waters of Whangape Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the north head of the harbour (at 35°22.8'S and 173°12.9'E) to the south head of the harbour (at 35°23.06'S and 173°13.17'E):
- (z) *Hokianga Harbour*: The waters of Hokianga Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the north head of the harbour (at 35°31.5'S and 173°22.11'E) to the south head of the harbour (at 35°32.13'S and 173°22.03'E).

(2) No person shall at any time use for taking fish in the Auckland Fisheries Area any trawl net or Danish seine net the size of the mesh of which is less than 125 mm in the cod-end.

8. Pair trawling and pair Danish seining prohibited—(1) *Bay of Plenty*: No person shall use any trawl net or Danish seine net that is drawn or hauled by more than one fishing vessel in the waters of the Bay of Plenty

enclosed by a line commencing at Needles Point (at 36°01.6'S and 175°24.5'E); then due East to a point 36°01.6'S and 177°59'E); then due South to Cape Runaway (at 37°32.2'S and 177°59'E); then generally westward along the mean high-water mark of the North Island to Cape Colville (at 36°28.3'S and 175°20.65'E); then to Cape Barrier (at 36°20.9'S and 175°31.8'E); then along the mean high-water mark of the eastern side of Great Barrier Island to its northernmost point (at 36°02.6'S and 175°24.15'E); then by a straight line to the point of commencement.

(2) Notwithstanding subclause (1) of this clause, nothing shall prevent any person from pair trawling or pair Danish seining within that portion of the area specified in subclause (1) of this clause north of a line along latitude 36°41.7'S provided that his trawl fishing permit or Danish seine fishing permit is endorsed with a condition authorising him to do so.

(3) *Auckland Fisheries Area*: No person shall use any trawl net or Danish seine net that is drawn or hauled by more than one fishing vessel in areas 005, 006, or 007 of the Auckland Fisheries Area, except within those waters of area 005 which lie north of a line drawn between Cape Rodney (at 38°15.8'S and 174°49.25'E) and Cape Barrier on Great Barrier Island (at 36°20.9'S and 175°31.8'E) by any person whose fishing permit has been endorsed with a condition authorising him to do so.

9. All methods prohibited—(1) *Tawharanui Peninsula*: No person shall take by any fishing method from or be in possession of any fish or seaweed taken from the waters lying on the northern side of Tawharanui Peninsula inside a straight line drawn from a point 36°21.8'S and 174°49.3'E; and then in a northerly direction to a point 36°21.4'S and 174°49.6'E; and then in a generally easterly direction by a line every point of which is one-half nautical mile from the mean high-water mark to a point 36°21.3'S and 174°51.7'E; and then by a straight line due South to the point of commencement.

(2) *Mimiwhangata Peninsula*: No person shall take by any fishing method from, or be in possession of any fish or seaweed taken from, Mimiwhangata Peninsula, except that potting for rock lobster and longlining for finfish shall be permitted until the 1st day of October 1993.

(3) For the purposes of subclause (2) of this clause, Mimiwhangata Peninsula means all that area of water adjacent to Paparahi Point and Rimariki Island on the east coast of the county of Whangarei, bounded by a line commencing at the mean high-water mark of the sea at the western extremity of Lot 1, D.P. 89739, North Auckland Land District being approximately latitude 35°26.08'S and longitude 174°23.08'E and proceeding due North for a distance of 1000 m, then proceeding initially in a generally easterly direction to a point 1000 m due North of Ngataurau Rock, then to a point 1000 m due North of the northern extremity of Rimariki Island, then in a south-easterly direction to a point 1000 m due East of Motuwharariki Island, then in a generally south-westerly direction to a point 1000 m due East of the eastern extremity of Otawhanga Island, then to a point on a bearing of 59°02.67' and distance of 1000 m from the south-eastern boundary of Te Ruatahi 2A Block, then in a generally south-westerly direction to a point at the mean high-water mark of the sea at the south-eastern boundary of the aforementioned Te Ruatahi 2A Block being approximately latitude 35°27.75'S and longitude 174°25.91'E, then along the line of the mean high-water mark initially in a northerly direction and proceeding along that mark to the point of commencement.

(4) *Tauranga Harbour*: No person shall take by any fishing method or be in possession of any fish or seaweed taken from those waters of Tauranga Harbour which lie south of the Tauranga-Taneatua railway bridge (at 37°41.33' S and 176°10.23' E; to 37°41.22' S and 176°10.5' E).

10. Restrictions on fishing in Manukau Harbour—(1) No person shall take any fish from the prescribed area during the hours between sunrise and sunset or be in possession of any fish during those hours while within the prescribed area.

(2) No person aboard any boat in the prescribed area shall at any time cast overboard any fish, fish offal, or other refuse likely to attract birds into the area.

(3) For the purposes of this clause, the expression “prescribed area” means all that area of water in the Manukau Harbour bounded by a line commencing at the intersection of 37°01.5' S and 174°45.2' E and proceeding northerly along the 174°45.2' East meridian of longitude to the mean high-water mark of the sea; then in a generally easterly direction along that mean high-water mark to its intersection with the 37°00' South parallel of latitude; then easterly along the 37°00' South parallel of latitude to its intersection with the mean high-water mark; then in a generally south-easterly direction along the mean high-water mark to its intersection with the 37°01' South parallel of latitude; then south-westerly along a straight line to its intersection with the point 37°01.5' S and 174°49.3' E; then westerly along the 37°01.5' South parallel of latitude to the point of commencement.

11. Taking of finfish prohibited in Poor Knights Islands—(1) No person shall take any finfish or have in possession any finfish taken from the waters lying between the outer limits of the Poor Knights Islands Marine Reserve, as described in the Marine Reserve (Poor Knights Islands) Order 1981*, and a line every point of which is 3 nautical miles from the mean high-water mark on the Poor Knights Islands, High Peak Rocks, Sugarloaf Rock, and adjacent islands and rocks.

(2) Notwithstanding subclause (1) of this clause the use of a longline to take finfish shall be permitted in those waters lying between a line every point of which is 1 nautical mile from the mean high-water mark on the Poor Knights Islands, High Peak Rocks, Sugarloaf Rock, and adjacent islands and rocks, and a line every point of which is 3 nautical miles from the aforementioned mean high-water mark.

12. Taking of rock lobster prohibited—No person shall take any rock lobster from those waters lying to the north-east of the North Island bounded by a line commencing at the North Cape light (at 34°25.2' S and 173°03.6' E) and proceeding northerly along the 173°03' East meridian of longitude to its intersection with the 34°20' South parallel of latitude; then easterly along that parallel of latitude to its intersection with the 173°09' East meridian of longitude; then southerly along that meridian of longitude to its intersection with the 34°28' South parallel of latitude to its intersection with the 173°03' East meridian of longitude; then northerly along that meridian of longitude to the North Cape light.

13. Taking of scallops—No person shall take by any fishing method from or be in possession of scallops within the following waters:

*S.R. 1981/16

Amendment: Notice No. 2619 *Gazette* 1981, Vol. II, p. 1695

- (a) *Manukau Harbour*: The waters of Manukau Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the signal staff on the South Head (at 37°03.17'S and 174°32.65'E) to the easternmost extremity of Paratutai Island (at 37°02.9'S and 174°30.73'E);
- (b) *Kaipara Harbour*: The waters of Kaipara Harbour lying inside a straight line drawn from the southernmost extremity of North Head (at 36°24.2'S and 174°03'E) to Pukitu on the South Head of the harbour (at 36°28.5'S and 174°09.2'E).

14. Revocation—The Fisheries (Auckland Commercial Fishing Restrictions) Notice 1983* is hereby revoked.

SCHEDULE

Cl. 7 (1)(k) and (l)

Cl. 8 (3)

AUCKLAND FISHERIES AREA

The following area shall be the Auckland Fisheries Area:

Areas	Description
Area 005	Those waters lying inside a line drawn from Bream Tail (at 36°03'S and 174°35.3'E) to Needles Point (at 36°01.6'S and 175°24.5'E); then by a straight line to the northernmost extremity of Great Barrier Island (at 36°02.6'S and 175°24.15'E); then around the mean high-water mark of the western coastline of Great Barrier Island to Cape Barrier (at 36°20.9'S and 175°31.8'E); then by a straight line to Cape Colville (at 36°28.3'S and 175°20.65'E); then by a straight line to Cape Rodney (at 36°15.8'S and 174°49.25'E); then by the mean high-water mark in a north-westerly direction to Bream Tail (at 36°02.9'S and 174°35.25'E).
Area 006	The waters of Hauraki Gulf lying inside a straight line drawn from the easternmost point of Tawharanui Peninsula (Takatu Point) (at 36°22.2'S and 174°52.1'E) on Kawanu Island; then by the mean high-water mark of the eastern side of Kawanu Island to Kawanu Point (at 36°27.15'S and 174°52.65'E); then by a straight line to the lighthouse on Tiritiri Matangi Island (at 36°36.4'S and 174°53.85'E); then by a straight line to Thumb Point (at 36°02.6'S and 175°24.1'E) on Waiheke Island; then by a straight line to the western extremity of Motuoruhi Island (at 36°44.85'S and 173°23.8'E); then by a straight line to the western extremity of Motukahaua Island (at 36°39.45'S and 175°22.2'E); then by a straight line to Tokotarea Point (at 36°36.75'S and 175°26.2'E) at the northern entrance to Colville Bay; then by the mean high-water mark in a north-westerly direction to Cape

SCHEDULE—continued

Areas	Description
Area 007	<p>Colville (at 36°28.35'S and 175°20.8'E); then by a straight line to Cape Rodney (at 36°15.8'S and 174°49.25'E); then by the mean high-water mark in a southerly direction to the easternmost point of Tawharanui Peninsula (Takatu Point) (at 36°22.2'S and 174°52.1'E).</p> <p>The waters of Hauraki Gulf and the Firth of Thames lying inside a straight line drawn from the easternmost point of Tawharanui Peninsula (Takatu Point) (at 36°22.2'S and 174°52.1'E) to Slater Point (at 36°24.6'S and 174°52.2'E) on Kawau Island; then around the mean high-water mark to Kawau Point (at 36°27.15'S and 174°52.65'E); then by a straight line to the lighthouse on Tiritiri Matangi Island (at 36°36.4'S and 174°53.85'E); then by a straight line to Thumb Point (at 36°02.6'S and 175°24.1'E) on Waiheke Island; then by a straight line to the western extremity of Motuoruhi Island (at 36°44.85'S and 173°23.8'E); then by a straight line to the western extremity of Motukahaua Island (at 36°39.45'S and 175°22.2'E); then by a straight line to Tokotarea Point (at 36°36.75'S and 175°26.2'E) at the northern entrance to Colville Bay; then by the mean high-water mark around the coast of the mainland back to the easternmost point of Tawharanui Peninsula (at 36°22.2'S and 174°52.1'E).</p>

Dated at Wellington this 18th day of June 1985.

M. L. CAMERON,
Director-General of Agriculture and Fisheries.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This note is not part of the notice, but is intended to indicate its general effect.

This notice, which comes into force on 1 July 1985, amends and replaces the restrictions imposed by the Fisheries (Auckland Commercial Fishing Restrictions) Notice 1983.

This notice, apart from making minor amendments,—

- (a) Prohibits set netting for snapper, trevally, and rig with mesh of a size less than 125 mm;
- (b) Prohibits drag netting in Tauranga Harbour from 1 June to the following 31 August and from 14 December to the following 31 January, except for 2 parts which are closed all year round;
- (c) Enlarges the area in Whangaroa Harbour in which trawling and Danish seining are prohibited;
- (d) Permits longlining to within 1 nautical mile of the Poor Knights Islands.

Issued under the authority of the Regulations Act 1936.

Date of notification in *Gazette*: 20 June 1985.

This notice is administered in the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.