## Serial Number 1939/256.



# THE DOGS REGISTRATION (PREVENTION OF HYDATID DISEASE) REGULATIONS 1938, AMENDMENT NO. 1.

## GALWAY, Governor-General.

#### ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this 7th day of December, 1939.

#### Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Pursuant to section 6 of the Dogs Registration Amendment Act, 1937, His Excellency the Governor-General, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, doth hereby make the following regulations.

#### REGULATIONS.

- 1. These regulations may be cited as the Dogs Registration (Prevention of Hydatid Disease) Regulations 1938, Amendment No. 1.
- 2. These regulations shall be read together with and form part of the Dogs Registration (Prevention of Hydatid Disease) Regulations 1938 (hereinafter referred to as the principal regulations).
- 3. The Schedule to the principal regulations is revoked, and the following substituted:—

### SCHEDULE.

#### ERADICATION OF HYDATIDS.

Arecoline Tablets-Worming Medicine for Dogs.

Antidotes.—Keep tablets out of reach of children. In case of accident (1) give salt or mustard in warm water to cause vomiting; (2) send for a doctor to administer atropine.

Doses.—The following scale refers to the tablets issued at registration, which contain 1 grain of arecoline:—

Toy size (Pekinese, miniature Pomeranian) . . .  $\frac{1}{2}$  tablet. Medium size (small terriers, collie puppies) . . . 1 tablet. Full size (collies, working and sporting dogs) . . . 2 tablets.

Dose dogs every three months. Postpone treatment in case of sickness or pregnancy. Dose collie puppies at age of three months, others at six months, using half-doses.

## 1016 Dogs Registration (Prevention of Hydatid Disease) [1939/256. Regulations 1938, Amendment No. 1.

Method of Dosing.—Starve the dog for twenty-four hours before dosing (small dogs eighteen hours).

Dose the dog out of a small bottle such as an aspirin, essence, or tiny medicine bottle in which the tablets are dissolved in about a teaspoonful of water.

Insert two fingers in the cheek, grip firmly, and hold the cheek open without unclenching the teeth. Pour the fluid in, keeping the dog's head up and retaining a firm grip to avoid loss by spilling or a breakaway. If the dog is slow in swallowing, squeeze his gullet.

Keep the dog on the chain till purging is completed. The infective material which causes hydatids in man and animals is concentrated in the droppings, which must be buried or burned, even if no worms are seen.

An alternative method is to dissolve the tablets in a small drink of milk or gravy. If the dog does not take it use the bottle as described above.

Failure to Purge.—If the dog does not purge it may be advisable to give another half-dose in about half an hour.

Infection of dogs occurs through eating livers or lungs of sheep or cattle. These organs should be destroyed or boiled, and on no account given to dogs raw.

C. A. JEFFERY, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Issued under the authority of the Regulations Act, 1936.

Date of notification in *Gazette*: 7th day of December, 1939.

These regulations are administered by the Department of Internal Affairs.