

# THE COASTAL FISHING BOATS (SCALE OF MEDICAL STORES) NOTICE 1965

Pursuant to the Shipping and Seamen Act 1952, the Minister of Marine hereby gives the following notice.

#### NOTICE

- 1. (1) This notice may be cited as the Coastal Fishing Boats (Scale of Medical Stores) Notice 1965.
  - (2) This notice shall come into force on the 1st day of February 1966.
- 2. (1) Every coastal fishing boat exceeding 20 ft register length shall carry a first-aid outfit according to the scale prescribed in the First Schedule hereto, and complying with the standards and requirements of the British Pharmacopoeia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex where such standards and requirements are applicable.
- (2) The first-aid outfit required to be carried under subclause (1) of this clause shall be packed in a container which is durable, dampproof, and provided with a lock. An itemised list of contents shall be given either on the inside or the outside of the lid, and the container shall be clearly marked to indicate that it is a first-aid outfit.
- 3. The instructions specified in the Second Schedule hereto shall be included with the first-aid outfit required to be carried under clause 2 hereof.

Con. Regs.—21A

#### SCHEDULES

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

SCALE OF FIRST-AID EQUIPMENT TO BE CARRIED ON COASTAL FISHING BOATS EXCEEDING 20 FT REGISTER LENGTH

| Item   | Quantity                               |
|--|--|
| (a) Ampoule syringes each containing 30 milligrams of "Papaveretum" equivalent to 15 milligrams of anhydrous morphine  (b) A sufficient number of the undermentioned items, being not less than the quantity shown:  Absorbent gauze, B.P.C., 1 yd packages  Adhesive plaster, B.P.C., 1 in. × 5 yds  Antiseptic burn or wound cream (e.g., "Savlon" or "Brulidine")  Antiseptic detergent  Bandages, triangular  Bandages, white open wove, B.P.C., 2 in. wide  Compound codeine tablets, B.P. (Tab. Codeine Co.)  Constrictive bandage  Cotton wool, compressed, B.P.C., 2 oz packets  First-aid handbook  Identification labels  Safety pins of rustless and stainless metal  Scissors, 4 in., blunt-pointed, or one blunt and one sharp point, of rustless and stainless metal | 2 3 1 3 tubes 1 bottle 3 25 1 2 1 2 12 |

## SECOND SCHEDULE

INSTRUCTIONS TO BE INCLUDED WITH COASTAL FISHING BOAT FIRST-AID

# 1. General

All injuries should be treated as a defence against sepsis. The hands of the person treating the injuries should be clean.

Nothing but first-aid equipment should be kept in the first-aid box or cabinet.

Cotton wool should not be used as a dressing for wounds or burns.

# 2. Bleeding

If the dressing is insufficient to stop bleeding, bind a large wad of

cotton wool tightly over the dressing with a bandage.

A tourniquet should be applied as a last resort, and only to thigh or upper arm, with several layers of bandage or clothing between tourniquet and skin.

A tourniquet must be loosened for not more than a minute every 15 minutes. Retighten only if bleeding recommences.

#### SECOND SCHEDULE—continued

#### 3. Burns and Scalds

Treat small burns and scalds as for cuts. Blisters should not be

Severe burns requiring hospital treatment should not be touched except to be covered with a clean dressing. Treatment for shock may also be required.

# 4. Cuts and Scratches

These should be washed with hot water and soap or antiseptic detergent, and, when dry, dressed with a sterile dressing of adhesive or other suitable type.

# 5. Foreign Bodies in Eyes

If an eye loop or brush cannot remove the foreign body, do not start to dig, but cover the eye with a dressing and obtain medical help as soon as possible.

#### 6. Fractures

If possible, splints should be applied before movement of the patient where fractures are suspected. These should immobilise the joints above and below the fracture. Where the skin is damaged, this should be suitably dressed.

When a fracture of the spine is suspected the patient should not be moved except under trained supervision. Treatment for shock may also be required.

## 7. Gassing

Remove the patient to fresh air, the rescuer taking precautions to safeguard himself against asphyxiation. Artificial respiration should be applied if required.

## 8. Shock

The patient should not be moved unnecessarily, but should lie down comfortably and be kept warm enough to avoid shivering. If thirsty, sips only of water, tea, etc., may be given, but alcohol should be avoided. Medical advice should be obtained as soon as possible.

Dated at Wellington this 16th day of December 1965.

W. J. SCOTT, Minister of Marine.

# EXPLANATORY NOTE

This note is not part of the notice, but is intended to indicate its general effect.

This notice prescribes the scale of medical stores to be carried on coastal fishing boats exceeding 20 ft register length.

Issued under the authority of the Regulations Act 1936. Date of notification in *Gazette*: 22 December 1965. These regulations are administered in the Marine Department.