# [As reported from the Committee of the Whole] House of Representatives, 5 November 1953

#### Hon. Mr Goosman

### UNDERGROUND WATER

#### ANALYSIS

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## A BILL INTITULED

An Act to provide for the control of the tapping, use, Title. and pollution of underground water.

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New 5 Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the Underground Water short Title. Act 1953.

No. 41--3

Interpretation.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires.— "Bore" means every device for or means of tapping water which is below the surface of the ground other than a natural spring or a natural watercourse; and includes a natural spring or a natural watercourse if anything has been done to it by any person which increases the amount of water from below the surface of the

ground which is tapped by it: "Catchment Board" means a Catchment Board 10 constituted under the Soil Conservation and

Rivers Control Act 1941:

"Constituent local authority", in relation to any underground water area or proposed underground water area, means-

(a) The local authority for any district the whole or any part of which is within the

area or proposed area; or

(b) The local authority for any district the whole or any part of which is supplied 20 with underground water drawn by pipe or water race from within the area or proposed area: or

(c) Any local authority which has publicly notified its intention of drawing supplies of 25 underground water by pipe or water race from within the area or proposed area for the supply of the whole or any part of its district:

"Local authority" means any City Council, 30 Borough Council, County Council, Board, or Catchment Board, and any Road Board in a county where the Counties Act 1920 is suspended or is not in force:

"Minister" means the Minister of Works:

"Publicly notify", in relation to any matter or thing done or intended to be done, means notify by a notice which conveys the general effect of the matter or thing and is published in some newspaper circulating in the district 40 to which the matter or thing relates:

"Underground water" means all water which is below the surface of the ground whether it is flewing or not and, if it is flowing, whether it

1941, No. 12

See Reprint of Statutes. Vol. V, p. 180 5

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is in a defined channel or not: and includes all water which has been brought above the surface of the ground from below the surface of the ground by means of any bore:

"Underground water area" or "area" means an underground water area constituted under

this Act:

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"Underground Water Authority" means an Underground Water Authority constituted under this Act.

3. (1) Any local authority which proposes to present Proposal to a petition to the Governor-General in respect of the constitute an constitution of any part or parts of New Zealand as an water area underground water area shall publicly notify its inten-15 tion of so doing and shall give notice thereof in writing Water to the Minister and to every other constituent local Authority to authority. Any two or more local authorities may join in giving any such public notification and notice.

(2) Every such public notification and notice shall 20 contain particulars of the proposals in connection with

the constitution of the area including—

(a) The names of the constituent local authorities:

(b) The boundaries of the proposed area:

(c) Whether it is proposed that the Underground Water Authority for the area shall be a local authority or an Underground Water Committee specially constituted for the purpose:

(d) The number of members on any proposed Underground Water Committee: whether they are to represent any specified local authorities and persons; and the mode in which it is proposed that they shall be appointed or elected:

(e) The place within the proposed area at which appeals and objections in connection with the proposals may be lodged.

4. (1) Any constituent local authority or any two Right of or more constituent local authorities may, within one local month after the date on which notice of the particulars individuals to 40 of the proposals in connection with the constitution of appeal against or the area was given to the appellant or to any of the the area was given to the appellant or to any of the object to appellants as aforesaid, by a memorandum in writing proposals.

underground Underground be notified.

lodged at the place specified in the public notification or notice, appeal in respect of the inclusion of any district or land in the area, or in respect of all or any of the proposals, and may in the memorandum set out any alternative proposal or alternative proposals recommended by the appellant or appellants in place of any proposal or proposals of which notice has been given as aforesaid.

(2) A copy of every such memorandum of appeal shall, within the period allowed for appeal, be given 10 by the appellant or appellants to every local authority which gave the notice to which the appeal relates and, where the memorandum sets out any alternative proposal or alternative proposals, to the Minister and to every other constituent local authority or local authority 15 which is in any way affected by any such alternative proposal or proposals.

(3) Any person or body interested may, within one month after the last public notification of the proposals, by a memorandum in writing lodged at the place 20 specified in the public notification object to the inclusion of any district or land in the area or the omission of any district or land from the area or in respect of all or any of the proposals.

(4) As soon as practicable after the expiration of 25 the time within which all such appeals and objections may be lodged as aforesaid the Minister shall appoint a Commission comprising a Magistrate as Chairman, a geologist from the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, and a civil engineer from the 30 Ministry of Works; and shall direct the Commission to inquire into the proposals and consider the appeals and objections, if any. The local authority or local authorities which gave the notice or public notification shall deliver all appeals and objections which have been 35 lodged as aforesaid to the Commission. The Commission may hear such persons as it thinks fit, and shall act as and be deemed to be a Commission of Inquiry under the Commissions of Inquiry Act 1908; and, subject to the provisions of this Act, the provisions of that Act shall 40 apply accordingly. The date for hearing any such appeal or objection shall not be earlier than one month after the last day for lodging the same.

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. I, p. 1036

- (5) The Commission may hear any appeal or objection separately or may hear two or more of them which relate to the same proposals together, as it thinks fit.
- (6) The Commission shall cause its findings in 5 respect of every appeal and objection to be made available to the appellant or objector, and shall report generally to the Minister regarding-

(a) The proposals for the constitution of the underground water area and the Underground

Water Authority:

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(b) The appeals and objections lodged in respect of those proposals, and its findings in respect of each subject of appeal or objection:

(c) Where conflicting proposals have been made by any local authorities, which (if any) of the

proposals should be adopted:

(d) Whether any necessity exists or is about to arise for conserving or replenishing, or protecting the purity of, the supplies of underground water in the proposed area, and (if so) whether it is desirable to constitute the area as an underground water area under this Act:

(e) The nature of the Underground Water Authority which the Commission recommends for the proposed area and, where an Underground Committee is recommended. suggested membership of the committee. whether the members should be appointed or elected, and whether they should represent any specified local authorities or persons:

(f) Whether the powers of the proposed Underground Water Authority to make by-laws under this Act should be restricted, and (if so) in what respects.

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(7) The Commission shall supply a copy of its report to every constituent local authority and every other local authority affected thereby.

5. (1) Where it appears from the report of the Constitution of 40 Commission that it is desirable to do so, the Governor-General may, by Order in Council made on the

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application of one or more of the constituent local authorities, constitute and declare any part or parts of New Zealand to be an underground water area with such name and from such date as may be specified in the order; and may, by Order in Council made on the application of one or more of the constituent local authorities or of the Underground Water Authority and after compliance with sections three and four of this Act, extend or reduce any underground water area.

(2) The Governor-General may, by Order in Council 10 made at the request of the Underground Water Authority, change the name of or abolish any under-

ground water area.

(3) Every application under subsection one of this section shall be by petition under the seal of the local 15 authority showing—

(a) The names of the constituent local authorities:

(b) The boundaries of the proposed area:

(c) Whether it is proposed that the Underground Water Authority for the area shall be 20 a local authority or an Underground Water Committee specially constituted for the purpose:

(d) The number of members on any proposed Underground Water Committee; whether they are 25 to represent any specified local authorities or persons; and the mode in which it is proposed that they shall be appointed or elected:

(e) The names of the local authorities which have been notified of the proposals and the dates 30 on which they were so notified; and the names of the newspapers in which the proposals were publicly notified and the dates on which they were publicly notified in those newspapers:

(f) Whether the constituent local authorities have 35 by resolution agreed to the proposals set out in the petition and (if not) in what respects each of the local authorities has opposed the proposals or appealed in respect of them:

(g) Whether the powers of the Underground Water 40
Authority under this Act should be restricted,

and, if so, in what respects:

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- (h) That all appeals and objections that have been made have been disposed of by the Commission appointed as aforesaid and that the petition is in accordance with all findings and recommendations of the Commission.
- petition under this section shall be (4) No presented-

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- (a) Less than two months after the date on which the giving of the public notification and notices required under section three of this Act was completed:
  - (b) Before every appeal and objection in respect of all or any of the proposals has been disposed of by the Commission.
- 6. (1) The Governor-General may from time to time, Constitution of 15 by Order in Council.—
  - (a) Constitute any local authority as the Under- Authorities. ground Water Authority for any area from such date as may be specified in the Order:
  - (b) Constitute an Underground Water Committee as the Underground Water Authority for any area from such date as may be specified in the Order:
  - (c) Prescribe the membership of any Underground Water Committee, whether the members are to be appointed or elected, and whether they are to represent any specified local authorities or persons:
  - (d) Make all such regulations in connection with any Underground Water Committee as may be necessary or expedient for prescribing the manner in which members may be appointed or elected; the persons who may be appointed or elected and hold office as members; the persons who may vote at elections; and any matters relating to the holding and conduct of meetings:
  - (e) Restrict the powers of the Underground Water Authority to make by-laws under section eight of this Act in such manner as may be specified in the Order in Council.

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. V, p. 354 1934, No. 17 1951, No. 79

Officers and servants of Underground Water Authorities.

By-laws.

(2) Every Underground Water Authority is hereby declared to be a local authority for the purposes of the Local Bodies' Finance Act 1921-22, the Local Authorities (Members' Contracts) Act 1934, and the Fees and Travelling Allowances Act 1951.

7. Every Underground Water Authority may from time to time appoint, employ, and remove such officers and servants as it deems necessary for the purposes of this Act, and may pay them such salaries or other remuneration as it thinks fit.

**8.** (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act and any other Act and of any Order in Council made under this Act, any Underground Water Authority may, by resolution, make by-laws for all or any of the following purposes:

(a) Controlling, regulating, limiting, or prohibiting the taking and use of underground water and the tapping of underground water:

(b) Controlling, regulating, or limiting the locations, dimensions, and depths of bores; or pro-20 hibiting the making of bores within the whole or any specified part or parts of the underground water area:

(c) Requiring the lining, sealing, capping, filling, restriction, or control of bores:

(d) Controlling, regulating, limiting, or prohibiting the draining or taking of water which is above the surface of the ground if the draining or taking of the water may result in the tapping or prevent the replenishing of underground 30 water which is within the area:

(e) Controlling, regulating, or prohibiting in the whole or any specified part or parts of the underground water area any boring, drilling, pile driving, dredging, or digging which would 35 or might affect underground water which is within the area:

(f) Providing for the inspection, cleaning, and repairing of bores:

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(g) Prescribing circumstances in which a permit is required before any bore may be made or altered or water taken or used therefrom; and fees and charges for the issue of permits:

(h) Prescribing the form of any permit or dispensation which may be issued or granted under this Act and all or any of the terms and

conditions thereof:

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(i) Requiring any person claiming to hold a permit or dispensation under this Act to produce it for inspection:

(j) Prohibiting or preventing uneconomic or wasteful methods of extraction and of utilization of underground water which is within the area:

- (k) Requiring persons who make or maintain bores to keep records and provide information in relation to those bores that would or might be of value to the Underground Water Authority in the proper exercise of its functions:
- (1) Requiring persons to permit free access to any records kept in accordance with any such requirement, or to any bore, of a person duly authorized by the Underground Water Authority for the purpose of—

(i) Inspecting and taking copies of or extracts from the records:

(ii) Inspecting the bore and the material excavated therefrom:

(iii) Taking any specimen of any such material or of the water from the bore:

(m) Specifying in respect of any purpose for which underground water is required the source of supply and limits of depth from which the water may be taken:

(n) Protecting the purity of underground water within the area for domestic, farming, and industrial use:

(a) Providing for any dispensation from observance of any by-law to be granted by the Underground Water Authority or by the holder for the time being of any specified office or by any specified person:

(p) Controlling, regulating, limiting, or prohibiting, on lands anywhere within the underground water area or within any specified part or parts thereof, the placing or discharge on, onto, or into the ground of anything which is liable to affect detrimentally the purity of underground water in the area either directly or indirectly.

(2) Any such by-law may apply within the whole of the underground water area or within such part or parts 10 thereof as may be specified in the by law.

thereof as may be specified in the by-law.

(3) Unless the Governor-General, by Order in Council, in any case otherwise provides, and subject to such conditions as he may impose, no by-law made under this Act shall affect—

(a) Any mining privilege under the Mining Act 1926:

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(b) Any coal mining right under the Coal Mines Act 1925:

(c) Any licence under the Petroleum Act 1937:

(d) Any coal mine within the meaning of the Coal 20 Mines Act 1925 or any quarry within the meaning of the Quarries Act 1944:

(e) Any bore sunk in the mining of or search for coal within the meaning of the Coal Mines Act 1925:

(f) Any bore sunk in the mining of or search for gold, minerals (within the meaning of the Mining Act 1926), and any substance to which any of the provisions of that Act applies by reason of an Order in Council made under 30 section three of that Act (as amended by section three of the Mining Amendment Act 1937):

(g) Any bore sunk in the search for or recovery of petroleum products:

(h) Any bore sunk under the Geothermal Steam Act 1952:

(i) Any bore sunk by the Mines Department or the Geological Survey Branch or Geophysical Survey Branch of the Department of Scientific 40 and Industrial Research or any other bore sunk only for the purpose of obtaining geological or geophysical information:

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. V, p. 943 Ibid., p. 843 1937, No. 27

1944, No. 13

1937, No. 19

1952, No. 5

(j) Any bore on any land if the water tapped thereby is used exclusively for, and is not in excess of, the needs of the owners and occupiers of the land for their crops, and for their domestic purposes, including drinking and culinary purposes, and cleansing, washing, and supplying the usual needs of the ordinary quantity of animals on the land and the buildings used in connection with those animals:

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Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to any by-law made under paragraph (l) or paragraph (n) of subsection one of this section, or to any by-law made under paragraph (k) of that subsection which requires persons to keep records or provide information in relation to underground water reached and geologic strata reached when making or extending any bore which is more than thirty feet deep:

(k) Any right which any person may have under any other Act or any rule of law to restrict or prevent, or obtain damages in respect of, the taking, use, or pollution of underground water.

(4) No by-law made under the authority of this 25 Act shall come into operation until after a copy of the by-law under the seal of the Underground Water Authority has been sent to, and the receipt thereof has been acknowledged by, the Minister.

(5) Upon receiving acknowledgment from the 30 Minister of the receipt of a copy of any such by-law, the Underground Water Authority shall publicly notify the making of the by-law and the day on which it is to come into operation.

(6) The Underground Water Authority shall cause printed copies of all its by-laws to be kept at its office, and to be available for sale at a reasonable charge to any person applying therefor.

(7) Within six months after the date on which the receipt of a copy of any by-law has been acknowledged as aforesaid by the Minister, the Governor-General may disallow the by-law or any part thereof, and upon the disallowance being gazetted the by-law or part thereof so disallowed shall cease to have any force but the

disallowance shall not-affect the validity of anything theretofore done under the by-law or part thereof so disallowed.

- (8) The production of any document purporting to be a copy of any by-law made under this Act, and to be sealed with the common seal of the Underground Water Authority, shall, until the contrary is shown, be sufficient evidence of the by-law having been duly made, and that the by-law duly came into force on the day mentioned in that behalf in that copy of the by-law.
- (9) Nothing in this Act or in any by-law made under this Act shall authorize any Underground Water Authority to make a charge against or levy upon the owner or occupier of any land in respect of any water taken on the land or from any bore on the land.
- 9. (1) Every Underground Water Authority proposing to make any by-law as aforesaid shall publicly notify its intention to do so and shall deposit a copy thereof for public inspection in the office of every constituent local authority.

(2) No by-law shall be made by any Underground Water Authority--

- (a) Less than forty days after the last date on which the Underground Water Authority publicly notifies its intention to make the by-law in that 25 form or deposits a copy thereof for public inspection in the office of any constituent local authority; or
- (b) If any constituent local authority has requested the Underground Water Authority to modify 30 the proposed by-law or refrain from making any such by-law.
- 10. (1) Any constituent local authority with which notice of any proposed by-law has been deposited as aforesaid may, at any time not later than forty days 35 after the date of the deposit of the notice, request the Underground Water Authority in writing to modify the proposed by-law in any respect or to refrain from making any such by-law.
- (2) Where any such request has been made to an 40 Underground Water Authority and that Authority desires the proposed by-law to be made without modification, it shall apply to a Magistrate's Court to settle the substance, form, and application of the by-law and shall

Notice of proposed by laws to be given.

Local authority may request modification of any proposed by-law.

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give notice that it has so applied to every local authority which has made any such request in respect of the

proposed by-law.

(3) The Underground Water Authority and every 5 constituent local authority which has made any request to the Underground Water Authority in respect of the proposed by-law shall be entitled to be heard by the Magistrate's Court in connection with the application in respect of the by-law; and the Magistrate's Court 10 may hear any other local authority or person in connection therewith.

(4) Where the substance, form, and application of any by-law is settled by a Magistrate's Court as aforesaid, the by-law shall be deemed to have been made by 15 the Underground Water Authority in the form in which it is so settled, and shall be promulgated by the Underground Water Authority accordingly.

(5) No appeal in respect of any proposed by-law

shall lie under any other Act.

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11. (1) Nothing in any by-law made under this Act Permits and shall prevent any Underground Water Authority from granting any person a permit to make a bore or to take or use underground water or other water or a dispensation from observance of any by-law of that authority.

25 (2) Any permit to make a bore granted by an Underground Water Authority may be withdrawn by the Authority at any time before the bore is made: and any other permit or dispensation granted by an Underground Water Authority may be withdrawn by the Authority at 30 any time if conditions arise which would justify a refusal to grant the permit or dispensation.

(3) No permit to make a bore shall be refused by an Underground Water Authority unless it appears to the Authority, or the Court which has to determine

35 the question, that—

(a) By reason of the size, depth, or location of the proposed bore it is likely to interfere with the supplies of underground water in the area; or

- (b) That a permit to take or use water from the proposed bore could be refused under subsection four of this section.
- (4) No permit to take or use underground water or other water shall be refused by an Underground Water Authority unless it appears to the Authority or the Court 45 which has to determine the question that, judging from

dispensations.

the condition of other bores or from other evidence, the supplies of underground water likely to be affected are already being unduly depleted.

(5) No charge shall be made by any Underground Water Authority for any permit or dispensation granted

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by it.

Appeal against refusal to grant permit or dispensation.

12. (1) Any person may appeal to a Magistrate's Court or the Supreme Court against—

(a) Any refusal by any Underground Water Authority to grant him any permit to make a 10 bore or to take or use underground water in any case where he is prevented from or restricted in making the bore or taking or using underground water by any by-law of that Authority: 15

(b) Any refusal Underground bv any Water Authority to grant him any dispensation from observance of any by-law of that Authority.

(2) Any industrial user of water who is prevented by an Underground Water Authority from taking and 20 using underground water or other water under or on land of which he is the owner or occupier and who in consequence incurs expense through having to draw water from any other source of supply may apply to a Magistrate's Court or to the Supreme Court to 25 determine to what extent (if any), in order to prevent injustice, that expense should be borne by the Underground Water Authority. Any amount which the Court orders to be borne by an Underground Water Authority as aforesaid shall be recoverable from it as a debt. 30 Any Underground Water Authority may make any payment under this subsection if it considers that the Court would order the payment.

(3) Written notice of any such appeal or application shall be given by the appellant or applicant to the 35 Underground Water Authority.

(4) Where any person has appealed against any such refusal within three months after the date of the commencement of the by-law which makes it necessary for him to obtain the permit or dispensation, he may, 40 pending the decision of the Court in respect of the appeal, do or refrain from doing anything which he was lawfully doing or refraining from doing at the date of the commencement of the by-law to the extent that he was then doing it or refraining from doing it.

13. (1) Where any appeal or application is made Appeals to to a Court under section ten, section twelve, or section Courts. fifteen of this Act—

(a) The appeal or application, if to a Magistrate's Court, shall be heard and determined before a Magistrate alone, and the Court, for the purposes of hearing and determining the appeal or application, shall have all the powers vested in it in its ordinary civil jurisdiction:

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(b) The fees payable in respect of a like appeal or application in that Court shall be payable in the proceedings:

(c) The Court may award such costs as it deems just either in favour of or against the party making the appeal or application.

(2) The decision of a Magistrate's Court on any application made under section ten or section fifteen of this Act shall be final.

14. (1) Except as provided in this Act or any Compensation 20 other Act, every person who suffers any damage in consequence of the exercise of any of the powers given by or under this Act shall be entitled to full compensation for the damage from the Underground Water Authority that exercises those powers.

25 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, every claim for compensation under this Act shall be made and determined in accordance with the Public Works See Reprint Act 1928.

(3) No person shall be entitled to compensation in

30 respect of— (a) Any prohibition of or restriction upon the use

of underground water in a manner that is uneconomic or wasteful; or

- (b) Any prohibition of or restriction upon the placing or discharge on, onto, or into the ground of anything which is liable to affect detrimentally the purity of underground water; or
- (c) Any precaution that is intended for protecting 40 the purity of underground water, or any requirement of the Underground Water Authority that is intended as a precaution against the unnecessary or wasteful use of underground water; or

of Statutes, Vol. VII, p. 622

- (d) The refusal of a permit, or the loss of any right, to take or use underground water tapped by a bore which was not in existence when the area was constituted: or
- (e) The exercise by  $\mathbf{the}$ Underground Authority of any of the powers and authorities conferred by or under paragraphs (k) and (l)of subsection one of section eight of this Act.

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(4) Where any bore was in existence when any underground water area was constituted, no person shall be 10 entitled to compensation in respect of any prohibition of or restriction upon the use of underground water from that bore in excess of the amount of underground water from that bore which was being used when the area was constituted or of the amount of underground water which 15 could have been drawn from every installation which was being used to draw underground water from the bore when the area was constituted, whichever amount is the

Financial arrangements.

- **15.** (1) Every constituent local authority, other than 20 a Catchment Board, shall contribute equitably each year towards the expenses of the application of this Act within the area, and the amounts so contributed shall be paid to the Underground Water Authority. The amount to be contributed as aforesaid by each of the constituent local authorities shall be determined either by agreement between the constituent local authorities, or by a Magistrate's Court upon application made by any of those local authorities and served on all the other such local authorities.
- (2) Where the contributions of the local authorities have to be determined by a Magistrate's Court as aforesaid, each of the constituent local authorities shall be entitled to be heard in the matter by the Court, and the Court shall by warrant fix and determine in what 35 proportions the expenses shall be borne by the local authorities during the period specified in the warrant and how and when any payment is to be made to the Underground Water Authority.

(3) In determining the proportions in which the expenses of the application of this Act within any area shall be borne by the constituent local authorities, the Magistrate's Court shall have regard to all relevant 5 circumstances including—

(a) The extent to which underground water within the area may possibly be polluted from within the district of each of the constituent local authorities during the period to which the

warrant will relate; and

(b) The extent to which underground water from within the area is likely to be used within the district of each of the constituent local authorities during the period to which the warrant will relate.

(4) Every payment to be made by any constituent local authority as aforesaid shall be made as required by the agreement or warrant and, unless so made, may be recovered in any Court of competent jurisdiction by 20 the Underground Water Authority as a debt due to it.

(5) Every contribution by any local authority under

this section may be paid out of—

(a) The general fund of the local authority; or

(b) Any moneys (other than loan moneys) in any special or separate account that is available for water supply works or purposes; or

(c) Any special loan raised by the local authority

for the purpose.

(6) Any local authority may from time to time 30 borrow in accordance with the Local Bodies' Loans Act See Reprint 1926 any sums that are necessary to enable it to meet its contributions under this Act other than contributions which it has certified under paragraph (a) of subsection three of section twenty-four of this Act that it will meet 35 out of moneys other than loan moneys.

of Statutes,

16. (1) Every Underground Water Authority shall Books of cause books of account to be provided and kept, and account to be true and regular accounts to be entered therein, of all sums of money received and paid, and of the several 40 purposes for which those sums of money have been received and paid.

the Underground (2) Any member of Authority, and any member of any constituent local authority, may at all reasonable times inspect the books 45 and take copies of or extracts from them without fee.

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(3) Every person having the custody of the books who does not, on the reasonable demand of any such member as aforesaid, permit him to inspect the books, or to take copies or extracts as aforesaid, commits an offence against this Act.

Accounts to be kept in accordance with requirements of Audit Office.

17. Every Underground Water Authority shall keep such accounts and keep them in such manner as may be prescribed by the Audit Office, but so always that—

(a) A General Account shall be kept, and credited with all moneys not required by this Act to 10 be carried to any other account, and debited with expenditure that is not required by or under this or any other Act to be charged, or that is not otherwise properly chargeable, against any other account; and

(b) Separate accounts shall be kept and credited with all moneys raised or levied for, or appropriated or allocated to, or held in trust or received for, any special purpose, and debited with expenditure properly chargeable 20 against those accounts.

(2) The decision of the Audit Office as to whether or not any expenditure is properly chargeable against

any such account shall be final.

18. (1) If the balance in any of the separate 25 accounts is at any time insufficient to meet the lawful charges thereon, the Underground Water Authority may transfer such sums as are necessary from the General Account to meet the same, and may at any time repay any sum so transferred out of any excess 30

in the receipts over the liabilities of that separate account.

(2) It shall not be lawful to make any transfer from any one to any other of the separate accounts.

19. (1) On or before the fifteenth day of April in 35 each year every Underground Water Authority shall cause to be prepared and sent to the Audit Office a yearly balance sheet, being an abstract of the accounts above mentioned during the financial year ended on the thirtyfirst day of March then last past, together with a state- 40 ment of the whole assets and liabilities of the Authority at the end of that year.

Transfers from General Account to meet deficiencies.

Yearly balance sheet and statements. 5

(2) The yearly balance sheet and statements shall be audited by the Audit Office, which for that purpose shall have all such powers as it has under the Public See Reprint Revenues Act 1926 in respect of public moneys and of Statutes, vol. VII, p. 10 5 the audit of local authorities' accounts.

(3) A copy of the yearly balance sheet and statements shall when duly audited be submitted to the Minister and every constituent local authority, accompanied by a report as to the operations of the Under-10 ground Water Authority for the year.

20. (1) All moneys belonging to any Underground Moneys to be Water Authority amounting to five pounds and upwards paid into bank. shall within seven days after they have come to the hand of the proper officer of the Authority be paid into 15 the account of the Authority at such bank as the Authority from time to time appoints.

(2) No moneys shall be withdrawn from the bank except by authority of the Underground Water Authority and by cheque signed by the Treasurer and countersigned 20 by a member of the Authority.

21. (1) Every Underground Water Authority may, Imprest pursuant to a resolution in that behalf, establish an accounts. imprest account at such bank as the Authority from

time to time appoints.

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(2) Every imprest account may be held in the name or names of and be operated on by such person or persons (being members or responsible officers of the Underground Water Authority) as may be appointed in that behalf by the Underground Water Authority:

Provided that no such account shall be held in the name of or operated on by one person only without the prior written approval of the Audit Office, and any such approval may be subject to such conditions as the Audit Office thinks fit.

(3) The Underground Water Authority shall from 35 time to time by resolution fix the maximum amount that may be held at any time in the imprest account, not exceeding one hundred pounds in any case where the imprest account may be operated on by one person 40 acting alone, and not exceeding such amount as the Audit Office may approve in any other case.

(4) Moneys in the imprest account shall be available only for the payment of wages, travelling allowances and expenses, and of emergency expenditure. A statement of all payments made from the imprest account shall be submitted to the Underground Water Authority for approval at its first ordinary meeting thereafter. The payment of moneys out of the imprest account for any purpose not hereby authorized shall be deemed to be the misappropriation of the funds of the Authority.

(5) The provisions of section twenty of this Act 10 shall be read subject to the provisions of this section.

22. Every Underground Water Authority may pay to its members travelling allowances and expenses in accordance with the Fees and Travelling Allowances Act 1951, and the provisions of that Act shall apply 15 accordingly.

23. Any person authorized by an Underground Water Authority may at any reasonable time or times, upon producing evidence that he has been authorized as aforesaid, enter upon any land or premises for the purpose 20 of making an inspection to determine whether there has been any breach of any by-law made under this Act.

24. (1) Any Underground Water Authority may make such investigations above and below the ground as will enable or assist it to ascertain the extent of the 25 underground water that is from time to time available

within its area or any part thereof.

(2) Every constituent local authority which has any powers in relation to waterworks in or affecting any underground water area may delegate all or any of 30 those powers so far as they apply to underground water to the Underground Water Authority for the area, and the Underground Water Authority may exercise all powers so delegated on behalf of the local authority which made the delegation.

(3) Any Underground Water Authority, with the consent of the constituent local authorities, may construct works which it considers necessary for conserving, replenishing, or purifying the underground water in its area or any part thereof or maintaining the purity of 40

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that underground water:

Travelling allowances of members of Underground Water Authorities. 1951, No. 79

Power to enter and inspect.

Power to make investigations and construct works.

Provided that the Underground Water Authority shall not construct any such work unless-

(a) Every constituent local authority which will have to contribute towards the cost of the work has certified in writing, before the commencement of the work, that it will meet its contribution towards the work out of moneys other than loan moneys; or

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(b) The Underground Water Authority has, before the commencement of the work, obtained the sanction of the Local Government Loans Board, which, with respect to any application for its sanction, shall have the same powers of investigation as are conferred on it in respect of applications made to it under the Local See Reprint Government Loans Board Act 1926.

of Statutes, Vol. V, p. 415

25. (1) Every person commits an offence against this Offences. Act who—

- (a) Wilfully hinders or obstructs any authorized person in the exercise of any powers conferred on that person by or under this Act; or
  - (b) Fails to comply with or acts in contravention of any by-law made under this Act.
- (2) Every person who commits an offence against 25 this Act shall be liable on summary conviction-
  - (a) For a first offence, to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds:
  - (b) For a second or any subsequent offence, to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both; and in the case of a continuing offence to a further fine not exceeding five pounds for each day or part of a day on which the offence continues.
- (3) Where any person has failed to comply with or 35 acted in contravention of any by-law made under this Act and has in consequence been convicted of an offence against this Act, the Underground Water Authority shall thereafter have power to execute any works and do any 40 things which are in the opinion of that Authority necessary in order to prevent or remove any damage which

may result or may have resulted from the failure or action of the offender, and the amount of any expenses reasonably incurred by the Underground Water Authority in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to that Authority by the offender.

Annual report to Soil Conservation and Rivers Control Council.

26. Every Underground Water Authority shall supply to the Soil Conservation and Rivers Control Council not later than the thirtieth day of June in each vear a report analysing all data received by the Authority under any by-law made under paragraph (k) of sub- 10 section one of section eight of this Act in respect of the year which ended on the thirty-first day of March immediately preceding that date.

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