14:1

This Public Bill originated in the House of Representatives, and having this day passed as now printed is transmitted to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

House of Representatives, 7th July, 1886.

[As AMENDED BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.]

Hon. Mr. Ballance.

# NATIVE LAND COURT.

ANALYSIS.

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- 85. Security for costs of.
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# A BILL INTITULED

AN ACT to amend and consolidate the Laws relating to the Native Title. Land Court of New Zealand.

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in 

# PART I.

# PRELIMINARY.

1. The Short Title of this Act is "The Native Land Court Act, Short Title. 1886."

2. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of January, Commenceme of 10Act. October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven six.

3. In this Act, if not inconsistent with the context,---

"Court" means the Court created by this Act :

- "Chief Judge" and "Judge" mean respectively the Chief Judge and a Judge of the Court :
- "Crown grant" includes certificate of title under The Land Transfer Act :

"Native" means an aboriginal native of New Zealand, and includes half-castes and their descendants by Natives :

- "Land" means land held under-
  - A Crown grant, or the subject of an order therefor under this Act or under any Act hereby repealed;
  - A memorial of ownership;
  - A certificate of title under Land Transfer Act or under any Act relating to Native land;
  - But only where such instruments were made or issued in favour of Natives:

"Native land" means land in the colony owned by Natives under their customs or usages, save under the title "Succession," where it means land so owned of which the title has been determined by the Court, and includes Native reserves :

"Land-Court-title-"-means-title-to-land-under-memorial-of-ownership-or-certificate-of-title-issued-under-any-Act-relating-to Native land.

"Parcel of land" means one of several parcels into which under this Act land may be partitioned or Native land divided :

- "Purchasers" mean the persons to whom one of such parcels may be awarded on partition :
- "Person" includes a person whether Native or otherwise :
- "Hereditament" means land granted by the Crown to and held by Natives :

"Sealed" means sealed with the seal of the Court.

4. Title to land or to a parcel of land shall be deemed to "be Interpretation. 45 ascertained" when-

- (a.) After the adjudication whereon it ceased to be Native land, or whereby it was partitioned, the time within which a rehearing might have been applied for in respect of such decision shall have elapsed without any application having been made; or
- 50
- (b.) All applications for rehearing have been refused; or
- (c.) Decision is made on a rehearing had.

1883, No. 20, s.7.

Interpretation

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# PART II.

# CREATION AND CONSTITUTION OF COURT.

5. There shall be within the Colony of New Zealand a Court of Record, to be called "The Native Land Court," for the investigation and determination of titles to Native land and for the several other purposes hereinafter set forth.

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6. The Court shall consist of one Chief Judge and such other Judges, together with such Assessors, as the Governor may from time to time determine.

7. It shall be lawful for the Governor from time to time to 10 appoint a Chief Judge, Judges, and Assessors, and also such Registrars, Clerks, Interpreters, and other officers as may be required for the conduct of the business of the Court throughout the colony.

Every person appointed or holding office under this Act shall hold office during the Governor's pleasure. 15

The Chief Judge, Judges, and Assessors, Registrars, Clerks, and other officers holding office at the time of the coming into operation of this Act shall hold office and be deemed to have been appointed hereunder.

8. Such salaries shall be paid to the several persons appointed 20 under this Act as shall from time to time be appropriated for the purpose by the General Assembly, and out of money appropriated for the purpose there shall be paid such travelling allowances as the Governor shall from time to time determine.

9. In exercising its jurisdiction under Part VII. VI. (rehearing), the 25 Court shall consist of two or more Judges and one or more Assessors, as the Chief Judge may direct. Under Part III. or Part X. IX. of one or more Judges and one or more Assessors, as the Chief Judge may direct, and in each such case the assent of one Assessor shall be necessary to the validity of a decision of the Court. 30

In all other respects the jurisdiction, powers, and authorities vested in the Court may be exercised by a Judge.

10. The Court shall have in the custody of each Judge a seal which shall be a seal of the Court, and shall be used for sealing documents which require to be sealed.

11. The Court shall have the same power of summoning and compelling the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and of punishing persons duly summoned for non-attendance, or for refusing to give evidence or to produce documents, and the same means of enforcing the observance of order and of its rules during its sittings, 40 and of punishment for contempt, as is now possessed by the District Court or by a Judge thereof.

12. It shall be lawful for the Governor-in-Council, for the purposes of this Act, from time to time to divide the colony into Registrar's districts, and to annul, alter, or vary such divisions. 45

For each district the Governor may appoint a Registrar and such other officers as may be necessary.

The records, maps, and documents relating to land within each district shall be deposited, and the official or administrative work of each district carried on, at such place in each district as the 50 Governor shall from time to time appoint.

Creation and style of Court. 1880, No. 38, s. 4.

To consist of Judge and Assessors. Ib., s. 5.

Governor may appoint Judges. Ib., s. 6.

Tenure of office. Ib.

Present Judges, &c., to continue in office.

Salaries. Travelling allowance. Ib., ss. 7, 8.

Quorum to exercise jurisdiction. Ib., s. 47. Ib., ss. 5, 11.

Ib., s. 9.

Scal. Ib., s. 10.

General powers of Court. Ib., s. 15.

Districts. 1882, No. 27, s. 5.

Registrars to be appointed

To have charge of records, &c

If a block of land extends into more than one district, the application may, if any question arises thereon, be recorded, and the papers deposited, and the work about the same conducted in either of the districts, as may be decided by the Chief Judge.

:5 13. Until the powers of division hereby authorized are exercised, Existing districts Registrar's districts as now existing under "The Native Lands Act continued. Amendment Act, 1882," shall be Registrar's districts under this Act.

14. Registers shall be kept by the Court, in which shall be Registers to be kept recorded minutes of all applications made to the Court, and orders by Court. 1882, No. 27, s. 12. **10** and proceedings made and had thereon.

15. The Governor may appoint any Resident Magistrate to be a Recorders may be Recorder of the Court for such district as he may prescribe.

Such Recorder shall possess, but only exercise within such district, Their powers. the jurisdiction, powers, and authorities of a Judge, and shall be 15 furnished with a seal.

16. It shall be lawful for the Governor before the commencement Governor may stay or at any stage of a proceeding under this Act, by notice in writing or proceedings by by telegram to the Chief Judge or a presiding Judge, to declare that Tb., s. 28. such proceeding shall not be proceeded with; and upon the receipt of

20 such notice the jurisdiction of the Court in respect of such proceeding shall cease.

Any such notice may be revoked by the Governor by writing, and And such notice thereon the jurisdiction of the Court shall revive.

# PART III.

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# JURISDICTION. (1.) Investigation of Title.

17. Natives claiming to be owners of, or interested in, Native Application for inland may, subject to and in manner directed by any rules for the vestigation of title. time being in force, make application to the Court to have the title <sup>Ib., ss. 16, 17.</sup> **30** thereto investigated.

Such application shall contain a description of the land by name or otherwise sufficient to identify it.

18. On the investigation of title to Native land, the Court shall No investigation in the first place require to be satisfied that it has before it a certified without certified map. 35 map of such land.

If such map be not produced, the Court may adjourn such investigation as it may think fit, or may dismiss the application.

Provided that it-shall-be-lawful-for-the-Court, the Court may, on the application in writing of the Governor, to investigate the title to 40 Native land which has not been surveyed upon any sketch map which it

may consider sufficient, and may make such order as it may think fit.

19. Being-satisfied-as-afforesaid, The Court may thereon proceed by How application such evidence as it shall think fit (whether admissible in a Court of be dealt with. ordinary jurisdiction or not) to ascertain and decide what Natives are ordinary jurisdiction or not) to ascertain and decide what Natives are, 45 according to Native custom or usage, entitled to such Native land or

to any part or parts thereof.

Or the Court may refuse to decide on such application, or may make such order or give such direction as it may think fit.

20. The Court, having ascertained and decided who are the Natives Order to Native owners. 50 entitled, shall make order declaring such Natives to be the owners of  $\frac{1}{10.8, 25}$ . 2

appointed.

notice.

may revoke.

the land, or of the parts thereof the title whereto shall have been ascertained.

Such order shall be prepared in duplicate, and authenticated by the signature of a Judge and by the seal of the Court.

Such order shall give the name by which the land is known and 5 the number of the certified map thereof.

21. The Court may, if it think fit, in the course of or at the close of an investigation into the title to Native land, order one or more divisions to be made of such land, and in such case ascertain and decide who are the Natives entitled to each part and as to each 10 such part make its order in duplicate as hereinbefore provided.

Such order shall not be signed and sealed until a certified plan of the part the subject thereof shall have been furnished to and approved by a Judge.

22. It shall be a duty of the Chief Judge forthwith, upon the 15 title to the land the subject of each such order becoming "ascertained," to forward to the Minister of Lands one of the duplicate orders aforesaid, either as originally made, if not varied or altered, or as varied or altered on rehearing, and thereon the Natives named in such order as owners shall be entitled to have issued to them a warrant under "The 20 Land Transfer Act, 1885," for the issue of a certificate of title for the land the subject of such order.

# (2.) Partition.

# Application for Partition.

23. Any Native owner of land held otherwise than in severalty, 25 or any person who has may claim to have purchased or acquired an undivided share therein, may apply to the Court to make partition thereof, and thereon the Court may proceed to partition, as hereinafter provided.

Land subject to a mortgage shall be partitioned only with the **30** consent of the first mortgagee, and upon such terms as may be agreed to by the parties interested and be approved by the Court, and which terms the Court is hereby empowered to give effect to. Partition of a Native reserve shall not be had without unless the Commissioner of Native Reserves concurs in and approves of such partition being had. **35** 

24. The Minister of Lands, when he considers that Her Majesty has acquired an interest in land, may make like application on behalf of Her Majesty.

# Procedure on Application.

25. The Court may order such partition as it may deem just, and 40 either to each in severalty or as to some in severalty and to others in common.

26. If during any hearing it appear that a Native has died entitled to an interest in the land to be partitioned, but that no succession order has been made in respect of such interest, the Court may, if it 45 deem fit, summarily appoint a successor to such interest, in like manner and with like effect as if the matter of such succession were then properly before it on an application under this Act for succession, but no rehearing shall be had in respect of any such appointment.

27. The Court may give authority for any valuer or other person 50 to enter upon any land the subject of partition; and any person

Land may be divided into several parts, and orders made for each, 1882, No. 27, s. 34.

On certified plan being produced.

Orders to be forwarded to Minister for Lands,

Thereon persons entitled to have warrant for Land Transfer certificate issued.

Application for partition,

Consent of mortgagee necessary.

Minister of Lands may make application. 1877, No. 31, s. 6.

Partition may be made.

Successors may be appointed.

Valuers, &c., may enter on land.

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impeding any one acting under such authority shall be deemed guilty of a contempt of Court, and may be punished accordingly.

28. If during a hearing on partition it appear to the Court Questions may be that the title to the land is involved in any question not within the referred to Supreme 5 jurisdiction of the Court to dispose of, the Court may, if of opinion that partition cannot be had without prejudice to the interests of parties, dismiss the case or adjourn the further hearing until such question has been disposed of by a Court of competent jurisdiction.

29. The Court, having decided what would be a just partition, order on partition. 10 shall make its order in partition accordingly in respect of each parcel of land.

A partition order shall name the persons to become entitled What to state. under it, and shall state the name or description of the parcel of land the subject thereof.

**30**. The Court may direct the persons entitled under a partition survey to be 15 order to have made a survey of the parcel of land, and to furnish to the Court an approved plan thereof, a copy whereof shall be placed or indorsed on the order, or the Court may procure the Surveyor-General to make and furnish such survey and plan.

**31.** Where the title to land the subject of partition is memorial Partition order of 20 of ownership or certificate of title under any Act relating to Native land not held by Crown grant. land each partition order shall be prepared in duplicate, and, when the approved plan of the parcel of land shall be placed or indorsed thereon, and when the title to the parcel of land the subject of such order shall have become ascertained, such duplicate orders shall be signed by a

25 Judge, and sealed. A Judge shall thereon mark the muniment of original title as cancelled, and it shall thereby be cancelled. **32.** It shall thereon be a duty of the Chief Judge to forward to Order to be

the Minister of Lands one of such duplicate partition orders either as forwarded to the Minister of Lands. originally made, if not varied or altered, or as varied or altered on re-

**30** hearing, and thereon the Natives or persons named in such order as entitled under it shall be entitled to have issued to them a warrant under "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," Crown grant for the issue of a Thereon certificate eertificate of title to the parcel of land the subject of such order.

33. Where land the subject of partition is held under Crown Partition order of 35 grant or under certificate of title under Land-Transfer Act, the partition order shall declare the persons named therein in such order to be the Transfer title. owners of the parcel of land the subject of such order. thereof.

Such an order, or such order as varied or altered on rehearing, Effect of order. shall, on the title thereunder becoming ascertained, be signed by a

40 Judge and sealed, and shall thereon have the effect of vesting in feesimple the parcel of land the subject thereof (subject as hereinafter provided) in the persons named therein: Provided that as to land subject to the Land Transfer Act, such vesting shall not take effect as from the date of until registration of the order.

34. Persons being trustees for Natives under disability in respect Trustees continued 50 of an interest in land partitioned shall continue to be trustees for their cestui que trust in respect of any parcel of land of which such cestui que trust may become owner on partition, in the same manner as if such trustees had been appointed in respect of the interest of such 55 cestui que trust. as-such-owner.

35. Where deeds intended to affect land heretofore divided under Ante-vesting of Crown grants any Act hereby repealed or partitioned under this Act, have been by 1883, No. 31, s. 22, any Natives becoming grantees taking under any such partition or 123.

directed.

to issue.

land held by Crown grant or Land

in office.

division as aforesaid, been executed heretofore but since the day when, as to the land divided or partitioned, the certificate of Native Land Court title or memorial of ownership first therefor took or had effect any a Crown grant issued or to be issued for any parcel of such land shall, for the purpose of completing the title of parties te-the-land-or estate-therein-purporting to be assured by under such deeds to-them, be deemed to have had effect as-such-grants on and from the day when the certificate or memorial aforesaid-made-and-issued-in-respect-of the-land-partitioned-or-divided-first-had-effect. took effect as aforesaid.

When the Land is subject to a Lease.

**36**. If land to be partitioned is subject to a lease the Judge at the hearing, or a Judge at any time before the sealing of the order in partition, may by "lease order," briefly referring to such lease by registered number or otherwise sufficiently to identify it, and also referring to such partition order,—

(1.) Apportion what sum shall, in lieu of the rent reserved by such lease, be paid to the purchasers of each parcel of land;

(2.) Negative, modify, or apportion any covenant expressed or implied in such lease as he may deem would be just under the circumstances of such partition.

Such lease order shall be signed by a Judge and sealed, and shall be dated on the day of the date of the partition order, and shall take effect from the day when title under the partition order shall become ascertained: Provided that if as to such partition a rehearing be ordered, any such lease order and any dealing by the Court with such 25 lease may be affirmed, varied, or altered as to the Court may seem fit.

**37.** From the date of such lease order taking effect the lessee shall be liable to the purchasers of each parcel of land for the payment of the rent so apportioned to such purchasers as if such rent had been severally reserved by the lease to them in respect of such parcel of 30 land; but the lessee shall cease to be liable to further payment of the rent reserved by such lease.

**38.** From the date aforesaid the lessor and lessee shall cease to be liable on any covenant negatived as aforesaid, and, as to any apportioned or modified covenant, shall be liable on it only in its 40 apportioned or modified form.

**39.** A duplicate of a lease order shall be delivered to the lessee, and one to the owner of each parcel of land who may require it, and any such duplicate shall be entitled to like registration as the lease.

## Exceptional Titles.

40. As to land held by Natives subject to section seventeen of "The Native Lands Act, 1867,"

For the purpose of this Act the persons named in the body of the certificate, or the survivor of them, and the successors and persons entitled to succeed to such of them as may be deceased, and the 50 persons registered as owners, *interested in such land*, or the survivors of them, and the successors and persons entitled to succeed to such of them as may be deceased, shall be deemed to be the owners.

Partition of land subject to a lease.

Apportionment of rent and covenants.

By lease order.

Lessee liable on obligations as apportioned.

Original obligations determined.

Copy of lease order to be delivered to lessee and lessor.

Land subject to section 17 of "The Native Lands Act, 1867." 15

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Native Land Court.

1467

41. As to land granted to a tribe or hapu by name, or to Land granted to any person or persons on behalf of a tribe or hapu, or where land tribe. is held in trust for a tribe or hapu, the-persons-beneficially -entitled each member of such tribe or hap shall, for the purposes of partition under this Act, be deemed to be an owner.

(3.) Determination of Individual Interests.

42. The Court may, on making an order on an original in- Individual interests vestigation of title to Native land, or on making an order on partition may be determined where the persons taking under such respective orders are several in number, either at the time of making such order or at any time after-10wards, on the request *application* of any person interested in the land the subject of such order, inquire and decide what as among the several owners are their relative shares or interests in such land, and the Court shall make order accordingly.

- The Court may in like manner, at any time, on the application 15 of any person *claiming to be* entitled to any share or interest in land not held in severalty, inquire and decide what as among the several owners of such land are their relative shares or interests therein, and shall make order accordingly.
- Apart from and without prejudice to any partition of the land 20 among such owners, their relative shares and interests therein shall be deemed and taken to be as defined and set out in and by any such order.

# (4.) Succession.

# Realty.

- 43. In case any Native has died, or shall die, entitled to any Successors may be 25estate, share, or interest in any Native land or hereditaments, whether appointed. in severalty or as tenant in common, without having made a disposition thereof by will, the Court may, on the application of any Native claiming to be interested therein, inquire and ascertain who
- 30 ought to succeed to such estate, share, or interest in such land or hereditaments.

In respect of Native land the Court shall be guided by Native Native land. custom or usage.

In respect of hereditaments the Court shall decide according to Hereditaments. 35 the law of New Zealand, as nearly as it can be reconciled with Native custom.

44. If the deceased made a will or left any writing bearing his Where deceased left signature or mark which, though not legally executed as a will, the Court shall be of opinion was intended to be a testamentary disposition

40 of any such estate, share, or interest, it shall make the order as nearly as may be in accordance therewith.

45. The Court, having determined who in its judgment ought Succession order. to succeed, shall grant a certificate accordingly.

Such certificate shall be in duplicate, and shall be signed by a What to contain. 45 Judge and sealed, and shall set forth the death and, if proved, the

date of the death of the owner, a description of the land, and the name and place of abode of the person entitled to succeed.

1881, No. 38.

a will.

Effect of.

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46. The certificate shall have the same force and effect in favour of the successor as the instrument under which the deceased Native owner was entitled had in his favour at the time of his decease, and, as regards hereditaments, shall be entitled to registration under the Land Transfer Acts or the Decds Registration Act, in like manner 5 as a valid will.

Personalty.

Succession to personal estate.

Where deceased left a will.

Persons to be named for administration.

Orders in duplicate.

One copy to Stamp officer.

47. Where a Native dies intestate possessed of personal estate within New Zealand, any person claiming to be interested in or entitled to such personal estate may apply to the Court for a certifi- 10 cate setting forth the name of the person who ought to succeed to such personal estate. The Court thereon may, if it think fit, grant a certificate setting forth the names and places of abode of the persons entitled to succeed according to Native usage or custom.

48. If the deceased left any writing which, though not legally 15 executed as a will, the Court shall be of opinion was intended to be a testamentary disposition of any personal estate therein mentioned, it shall, as to such part of the personal estate, grant the certificate as nearly as may be in accordance with the terms of such writing.

49. The certificate shall designate one or more person or persons 20 to whom letters of administration may be granted to administer the estate on behalf of those entitled to succeed thereto. Such person or persons shall be entitled to the grant of such letters by a Court of competent jurisdiction, such grant being chargeable with all duties and fees ordinarily chargeable on grants of letters of administration. 25

50. One duplicate of any succession order either as to realty or personalty shall be retained by the Registrar in whose district the subject-matter thereof may be situate, or in whose district the order is made; the other shall be forwarded by him to a Deputy Commissioner of Stamps immediately upon the title under such order becoming 30 ascertained.

Such Deputy Commissioner shall deliver such duplicate to the parties entitled on receiving all duties and fees aforesaid.

# (5.) Incidental Matters.

51. As to any matter or question which may arise in relation 35 to land and to Native land or title thereto, or in relation to the ownership of any improvements thereon, over which no jurisdiction is given heretofore, but as to which it may be convenient that such jurisdiction should be possessed by the Court, the Governor in Council may, by order, declare that any such matter or question which shall be 40 specified in such order shall be within the jurisdiction of the Court, and thereon the Court and each Judge thereof shall have full jurisdiction and power to decide and make order as it may deem fit, and which decision or order shall be valid and binding in law.

Native Land Court.

# PART IV.

## PRACTICE.

52. It shall be the duty of the Court, by what it may deem the Court not bound by best ways and means, and without reference to or being bound by legal legal formalities. formalities, to decide the various matters submitted to its jurisdiction.

53. The Court shall sit at such times and places as the Chief Sittings of Court. Judge shall appoint.

Before the time appointed for the opening of a sitting the Chief Adjournment.  $\mathbf{5}$ Judge may order such opening to be adjourned to a future time or to Ib., s. 6. another place; after the opening of a sitting the presiding Judge or the Chief Judge may order such sitting to be adjourned to such time and place as may be thought fit, or may order any part or parts of the business notified to be transacted at any such sitting to be so 10 adjourned.

54. After the receipt of an application for the investigation of Any applications to title to Native land, or for partition, or order for succession, or for <sup>be notified.</sup> Ib., ss. 20, 21. other business within the jurisdiction of the Court, notice thereof shall be given by the Chief Judge in such manner as may appear to him

15 to be best calculated to give proper publicity to the same.

By the same or some subsequent notice the day and place sittings to be when and where the Court will sit for hearing the matter of such notified. application shall be notified in manner aforesaid.

55. Copies of notices of sittings, and a schedule of the cases to be Copies of all notices, 20 heard thereat, shall be forwarded forthwith to the Commissioner of dc., to Commis-sioner of Crown Crown Lands in whose district any land the subject of any such Lands. notice may be situate.

56. Except on rehearing an order made for a grant or Land Orders to take effect Transfer Certificate, an order made on partition, and a succession order from day of decision. Ib., s. 85.

25 shall respectively bear date on the day on which the Court decided that such order should be made, and shall be deemed to have been made and shall take effect from the day of such date.

57. When it shall appear to the Court that a Native entitled Provision as to inunder an order to any estate or interest in property is a minor, the fants found to be owners. 30 Court shall ascertain as nearly as possible the age of such minor, and  $I_{b...5,37}$ .

shall minute the age so determined in or on such order. In respect of the subject-matter of such order, the time at which

such minor shall be deemed to attain his majority shall be computed in accordance with the age so minuted. Unless, upon application

- 35 at any time made to a Judge, he shall be satisfied that such minute did not correctly note the age of such minor, in which case such Judge shall give his certificate of what he considers the then real age of such person, and he shall be deemed to be of that age in relation to the subject-matter of such order.
- 4058. When a Native declared entitled as aforesaid is under any Governor to be disability, an intimation of the case, with full particulars, shall be notified. 1873, No. 56, s. 55. furnished to the Governor.

59. It shall be lawful for the Court, in any proceeding under Voluntary arrangethis Act, to give effect to any arrangement voluntarily come to by the effect to.

45 Natives or by the Natives and Europeans concerned therein, and to Ib., s. 56. decide such proceedings in accordance with such arrangement.

Ib., s. 19.

1883, No. 20, s. 6.

Ib., s. 18.

Such decision shall be as effectual and binding as if arrived at on evidence taken.

60. The Court may receive and use as evidence in any proceeding before it for the time being any evidence which may have been given in any previous proceeding before it, provided that the parties are in the opinion of the Court substantially the same.

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As the evidence so to be received, the Court may accept and use any notes or minutes thereof which it may think reliably sets out the matter thereof.

61. The Court may, in any proceeding before it, make any order, 10 interlocutory or final, which it may deem necessary or just, and the Court or a Judge may from time to time extend any time limited or fixed by any such order.

62. The Court or any Judge may at all times amend at discretion all defects and errors in any proceeding or *document*, whether there is 15 anything in writing to amend by or not.

**63.** All amendments necessary for the purpose of determining the real question in controversy between the parties, or for giving effect to and recording the intended decision of the Court in any proceeding or document, may be made at any time by the Court or a Judge. 20

Amendments may be made whether applied for or not, and may be made with or without costs, and upon such terms as the Court or a Judge may think fit.

## Struck out.

64. No person shall in any case be permitted to appear in Court 25 by, or to have the assistance therein of, any counsel, solicitor, agent, or other representative :

Provided that if it be shown to the Court that any party to the proceeding is through age, sickness, or infirmity, or through unavoidable absence unable to appear, or, if appearing, is incompetent to conduct his case, such person may, in the discretion of the Court, be allowed to appear by a Native.

65.64. The decision of the Court shall, subject to any such amendment and to any dealing therewith on rehearing, be final and conclusive.

66. 65. It shall not be lawful for any person to appear or be assisted in Court by counsel or agent without the assent of the presiding Judge first obtained, and which assent may be at any time withdrawn.

With and during the continuance of such assent such appearance and assistance may be had. 40

67. 66. Where the Crown claims to be interested under any deed, contract, or other document, the same shall, on production, be admitted in evidence in any case in the Court, and have due effect given thereto, notwithstanding any law to the contrary.

68. 67. The Chief Judge may sign any order, instrument, or paper 45 which ought to have been signed by a deceased or retired Judge.

Such signature of the Chief Judge shall have the same effect as the signature of the Judge for whom he signs would have had if made while such Judge, provided that the Chief Judge shall add to his signature "on behalf of A. B., Judge, deceased or retired," or words to that effect.

Prior evidence may be used. b., s. 58.

Orders, interlocutory or final. Ib., s. 57.

Powers of amendment. 1b., s. 59.

Amendments may be made by Court or Judge. Ib.

Decision final, except as provided. Ib., s 50.

Appearance by counsel may be sanctioned. Ib., s. 63.

Deeds in favour of Crown admissible. 1881, No. 18, s. 3.

Signatures for retired, &c., Judges. Ib., s. 4.

# PART V.

### COSTS.

69-68. The Court may, in any proceeding, award costs, to be paid <sub>Costs may be</sub> by or to any person before it, and may fix the amount and time of ordered. 1880, No. 38, 5. 49-55. 5 payment by order.

70.69. If costs are not paid as ordered, the amount thereof shall be costs, how and may be recovered as a debt by the person entitled to receive from recovered. the person liable to pay the same.

71. 70. Costs may be ordered to be paid by or to the Crown.

1072.71. The Colonial Treasurer shall pay costs ordered to be paid by entitled to costs. the Crown, and costs payable to the Crown may be recovered as a debt recovered by due to Her Majesty.

73. 72. An order for payment of costs, until rescinded, or as varied or Order for payment conclusive. altered, signed by a Judge and sealed, shall be conclusive evidence that

15 the amount specified therein was due and payable at the time, and in manner specified in the order.

74. 73. An order for payment of costs may, at the discretion of the Except varied, &c. Court, be rescinded, varied, or altered.

75. 74. The Court may order any party to a case to deposit such sum Security for costs 20 as the Court shall fix as security for costs, and may refuse to proceed may be ordered. with the case, or to hear any person until such order is complied with.

Crown liable or

Colonial Treasurer.

# PART VI.

# REHEARING.

76. 75. As to partition it shall be lawful for any person, and as to Who may apply for. 25 other business it shall be lawful for any Native, who feels himself 1880, No. 38, s. 47. aggrieved by the decision of the Court, or for the Governor, to apply for a rehearing, provided the application be made within three months after such decision is given.

Such application shall be made to the Chief Judge in writing.

- 30 77-76. The application shall be determined by the Chief Judge By whom and how (except as hereinafter provided), who shall have power to dismiss the application to be dealt with. application, or to order a rehearing of the case, or he may order that Ib. part of the case or question of title to part of the land, should be reheard. Such rehearing or partial rehearing shall, subject to the powers
- 35 of adjournment herein contained, be heard at a time and place to be named by the Chief Judge either on making the order therefor or at some subsequent time, which time and place shall be duly notified as aforesaid.

If the Chief Judge were a party to a decision appealed against, 40 the application for rehearing shall, instead of being dealt with by the Chief Judge, be dealt with as aforesaid by two other Judges to be named by him.

78.77. If a rehearing be ordered it shall take place before two Before whom Judges, to be named by the Chief Judge, of which two he may be one rehearings to be had.

45 (except when a party as aforesaid), and before one or two Assessors, as  $_{\rm Ib}$ . the Chief Judge may think fit.

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Judgment on a rehearing. 1880, No. 38, s. 47.

To date back. Ib., s. 48.

To be final. Ib., s. 47.

Plan not to be used by Court unless "approved." Ib., ss. 39, 40, 41, 42

By Surveyor-General. His approval may be refused. 1873, No. 56, ss. 69-74.

Security for surveyors' charges.

Costs of survey by unsuccessful Natives.

79. 78. On a rehearing the Court may affirm the original decision,  $i^n$ which event any order made in accordance therewith shall be as effectual as if no application for rehearing had been made; or the Court may reverse, alter, or vary such decision, and any order made thereunder, in which case new orders shall be prepared, and, being authenticated as aforesaid, shall take the place of any reversed, altered, or varied order.

Save that such new order shall bear the same date as the original order, and shall be deemed to have been made on and shall take effect from such date.

A decision on a rehearing shall be final and conclusive.

# PART VII.

## SURVEYS.

80. 79. The Court shall not, except on the application of the Governor as aforesaid, receive in evidence or use or accept any plan of land the 15 subject of any proceeding or order, unless such plan be certified by the Surveyor-General, or some officer authorized by him for the purpose, to be "approved."

81, 80. The Surveyor-General or other such officer as aforesaid may refuse to certify a plan to be "approved" if—

- (a.) Such plan, and any survey on which it is based, be not the work of a surveyor who holds a certificate of competency from the Surveyor-General;
- (b.) If such surveyor before entering upon such survey had not the authority of the Surveyor-General in writing for 25 making such survey.

82.81. If at any time it be made to appear to the Court that it has been certified by the Surveyor-General, or other officer authorized by him for the purpose, that money was owing to any certified surveyor by Natives for any plan used or accepted as aforesaid, or for the 30 survey on which such plan was founded, and that such sum or any part thereof is still owing and unpaid, the Court may make an order in favour of such surveyor, that the estate and interest in the land the subject of such survey of the Natives owing such money shall be charged with the payment to such surveyor of the amount so owing. 35

Such charge shall have the effect of a mortgage of such estate and interest in favour of the surveyor.

83.82. If any claimant or counter claimant to Native land shall have had the same surveyed at his own cost, and on the investigation of the title to such land it shall be found that other Natives are entitled 40 to the whole or any part thereof, it shall be lawful for the Court, in case it shall order a certificate of title to any other than the Natives who made such survey, to order also that the whole or a proportionate part of the cost of such survey and of the plan used by the Court the result of such survey, shall be paid to the Natives who made such 45 survey by the Natives in whose favour the order for a certificate is made.

Such order shall have the effect of a mortgage of the land the subject of such certificate in favour of the claimant for the amount mentioned in such order.

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84.83. Instead of making such order in favour of the Natives afore- Court may make said, the Court may make it in favour of any certificated surveyor to order in favour of surveyor. whom it may appear that such Natives are indebted for the cost of such survey and plan, provided that such plan be "approved" as 5 aforesaid. 85. 84. The Governor may, at the request of any Natives, cause Governor may surveys and plans to be made, and may defray the cost thereof out of cause surveys to be any moneys appropriated by the General Assembly for the purpose. 86.85. If the amount of such cost be not repaid when required the Security for costs 10 Court may make an order in favour of the Surveyor-General for the of. payment by the Natives at whose request such survey was made of such amount, or of any lesser sum where the amount is disputed. Such order shall have the effect of a mortgage in favour of the Surveyor-General of the estate and interest of such Natives in the land 15 surveyed. 87.86. Any order as aforesaid having the effect of a mortgage may Order may be registered as a deed. be registered, and shall have like priority as such, and shall carry interest on the sum secured by it at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum. 88.87. The payment by any person into the office of the Public Discharge of old 20 survey liens. Trustee of a sum of money protected or secured by a surveyor's lien or mortgage to the account of the Native Land Court in the matter of the block named, and ex parte the person who originally obtained the lien or order, shall be a discharge of such lien or mortgage. 25The money so paid to the Public Trustee shall be held in trust for the person entitled to the same. 89. 88. The fact of any Native having caused any survey of land or Surveying no evidence of title. of Native land to be made, or the fact of his having pointed out for the purpose of any survey the boundaries of any such land or Native land, **30** or of having in any way taken part in or obstructed the making of a survey shall not be accepted by the Court as evidence of title to any land. 90. 89. The Court may by order give authority to any surveyor to Court may order survey with sanction enter upon any land or Native land for the purpose of making any sur- of Survey or-35 vey thereof, and such order, being approved by the Surveyor-General General. or the Assistant Surveyor-General and indorsed by him as being so approved, shall be authority for such surveyor and such persons as he may employ in or about such survey, to enter upon the land to be surveyed, and to do all things necessary for effecting such survey. 40 91. 90. Any person obstructing such survey oror any person cm- Obstructing survey an offence. ployed by him in or about such survey (such order having been made

and indorsed as aforesaid, and inspection thereof tendered to any person threatening or engaged in such obstruction or theretofore), shall be guilty of an offence, and being convicted thereof shall be 45 liable to a penalty not exceeding *fifty* pounds or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding one month.

# PART VIII.

# ROADS.

# Private.

Private rcals may be set out.

Land already divided subject to rights of road.

Rights of Crown not to be prejudiced.

Governor's right to lay off public roads.

1873, No. 56, s. 106.

1878, No. 40, s. 15.

92. 91. When upon an investigation of title to Native land, or upon partition, land is ordered to be divided into several parts or parcels, 5 each of such parts or parcels shall be subject to such rights of private road for the purpose of access to other or others of such parts or parcels as may be ordered.

Such order may be made by the Court at the time when division or partition is ordered, or it may, on the application of any person 10 interested therein, be made by the Court or a Judge at any time within five years from the date of such division or partition.

93.92. Each part or parcel into which land has heretofore been divided under any Act relating to Native land, shall be subject to like rights of private road, for the purpose of access to the other or others of 15 such parts or parcels, as the Court or Judge may order, provided such order be applied for within two years from the passing of this Act.

The provisions as to private roads herein contained shall not affect the rights of the Crown to reserve or take sites for roads, nor any reservation for roads provided for by law, or the right to take the 20 sites for and to construct and maintain roads by law, given to any person or corporate body.

## Public.

94.93. From and out of land which has or may be granted under the provisions of any Act hereby repealed or repealed by "The Native 25 Lands Act, 1873," or which shall be granted or become the subject of land transfer certificate under the provisions of this Act, or which is owned by Natives under Native Land Court certificate of title, or under memorial of ownership, it shall be lawful for the Governor. at any time hereafter, to take and lay off for public purposes one or 30 more line or lines of road through the said lands, provided that the total quantity of land which may be taken, inclusive of any already taken, for such line or lines of road shall not exceed one-twentieth part of the whole.

The Governor may, at any time by indorsment on the Crown 35 grant or on a subsequent or other instrument of title or by deed, release the land the subject of such right therefrom, or from any part thereof.

95.94. But there shall not be taken under the authority of the pre-When compensation ceding section any land occupied by any pa, village, or cultivation, 40 or any buildings, gardens, orchards, plantations, or any burial or ornamental grounds, except subject to the provisions of "The Public Works Act, 1882," and "The Public Works Act 1882 Amendment Act. 1884."

Determination of right.

Right may be released.

payable.

1883, No. 31, s. 43.

96. 95. The powers hereby given as to public roads shall cease—

Native Land Court.

- (a.) As to land the subject of a grant or certificate issued under this Act, at the end of fifteen years from the date of such grant or certificate;
- (b.) As to grants issued under any Act hereby repealed at the time when such power would have ceased under such repealed Act.

## New clause.

197. 96. Whenever any lines of road are surveyed and laid off on or Roads surveyed by over any Native lands, under the direction of the Surveyor-General, direction of Surveyor-General 10 the site of such road shall be deemed to be a road dedicated to the deemed public public, and shall vest in Her Majesty.

# PART IX.

## REFERENCE FROM SUPREME COURT.

98. 97. If any question of Maori fact, custom, or usage shall arise Reference from 15 in the Supreme Court, it shall be competent for any Judge of the Supreme Court. 1883, No. 31, ss. 65, Supreme Court to cause a case to be stated, and to refer the same to 69. the Court for its opinion thereon.

99. 98. The Court shall forthwith proceed to determine the question Procedure on. so referred, and shall transmit a certificate stating its opinion to a 20 Registrar of the Supreme Court.

- 100. 99. It shall be competent for any Judge of the Supreme Court, Judge may refer if he shall think fit, to refer back any question so determined to the question back. Court for reconsideration.
- 101. 100. The provisions of this Act in reference to hearing and Provisions of Act 25 determining cases brought before the Court shall, so far as applicable, hearing. be available for the hearing and determining any case so referred as

aforesaid.

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102. JO1. The opinion or final opinion on a case referred back to the Final opinion of Court shall be received and acted on by the Supreme Court as an Court authoritative. 30 authoritative and binding determination of the question referred.

# REFERENCE TO SUPREME COURT.

103. 102. On the application of either of the parties, or on its own Reference to motion, the Court may order that any question of law arising in, or Supreme Court. necessary to have decided for the purpose of, any matter judicially

- 35 before it shall be sent to the Supreme Court for decision, and thereupon all proceedings in such matter may be *ad interim* stayed in the Court, and a case stating the facts and the question of law arising shall be drawn up by the Court or be drawn up by the parties, and settled and approved by a Judge. The Supreme Court shall make its
- 40 decision on such case, and a certificate of such decision shall be returned into the Court and be accepted by it as authoritative and final on the question submitted.

# PART X.

## RULES.

45 104. 103. It shall be lawful for the Judges, subject to the approval of Rules may be the Governor in Council, from time to time to make rules for regulating the sittings, practice, forms, and procedure of the Court, and for the government of all persons acting under this Act, and also for fixing the fees to be paid under this Act, the time and mode of payment, and for enforcing the payment thereof, and such rules from time to time by other rules to alter or revoke.

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roads.

1873, No. 56, s. 103.

Ib., s. 13.



Existing rules preserved.

Until such rules are approved, the rules as amended existing under "The Native Land Court Act, 1880," shall be approved rules under this Act.

Fees payable under this Act should be paid into the Colonial Treasury.

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# PART XI.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

# Interpreters.

Interpreters may be 105. 104. The Governor may grant under his hand licenses to such persons as he may think fit, authorizing them to act as interpreters under 10 this Act, and may revoke the same: Provided that licenses granted to interpreters before the passing of this Act and unrevoked shall authorize the licensees to act as interpreters under this Act until the Governor shall otherwise direct.

> 106. 105. The Governor may, at his discretion, suspend or remove any 15 interpreter appointed or acting under this Act. A Judge may suspend any such interpreter, but shall forthwith report such suspension to the Governor, with the reasons therefor.

> 107.106. Any person acting as or pretending to be a licensed interpreter under this Act who is not so licensed, or whose license is sus- 20 pended, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds, to be recovered in a summary way.

# Closing Hotels.

108. 107. When a Judge shall find that the selling of spirituous or fermented liquors to Natives by any person holding a publican's 25 license is interfering with the business of the Court then being held, such Judge may issue an order, under his hand, directing that such person shall not sell any such liquors, or permit the same to be sold in his licensed house during the then sittings of the Court, or during a specified period, to any Native. Any such order may be re- 30 voked and given again from time to time.

109. 108. Any person disobeying such order after the same shall have been served on him, or delivered at his licensed house, may be summoned before the Court, and, on conviction, fined in any sum not less than ten pounds nor more than fifty pounds for each offence, and the 35 said conviction shall be endorsed on his license.

# Moneys of Natives under disability.

110. 109. Moneys now being, or to come, to the credit of the account mentioned in section fourteen of "The Native Land Laws Amendment Act, 1883," and moneys which may be retained by the Commissioner 40under "The Native Land Administration Act, 1886," as having accrued to persons under disability, shall be paid over by the Public Trustee or Commissioner respectively to such persons and in such sums as the Court may from time to time direct.

111. 110. The Court may, from time to time, order any such moneys, 45 or any part thereof, to be from time to time paid out to such persons, and in such sums, as it may think necessary and proper for the maintenance, education, or advancement of any native under disability entitled to such moneys.

licensed.

1873, No. 56 s. 60.

Licenses may be suspended, &c. Ib., s. 61.

Penalty for acting without license. Ib., s. 62.

Hotels may be ordered to be closed. Ib., s. 64.

Penalty for not closing.

Moneys of Natives under disability to be paid as Court directs.

For maintenance, &o.

# Crown grants.

112, 111. In any grant hereafter to be made, and, except as herein Grantees to hold as excepted, in any grant heretofore made to several Natives, such tenants in common but not equally. grantees shall be deemed to have been from the date of the grant, or 1873, No. 56, s. 79.

5 the antevesting date thereunder, whichever may be earliest, tenants in common; but the estate or interest of the grantees shall not be deemed to be or to have been equal, or of equal value, unless so stated in the grant:

- Provided, that as to any grant issued under the provisions of "The Exceptions thereto. 10 Native Lands Act, 1865," or "The Native Land Acts, 1873," or under 1873, No. 58, s. 4. any Act amending either of such Acts, or as to any Crown grant heretofore made or hereafter to be made to more Natives than one in fulfilment of any contract, engagement, or promise made by or on behalf of Her Majesty or of the Government of the colony, or in
- 15 confirmation or satisfaction of any order or award made by any Court of compensation or arbitration, or by any agent of the Crown or Commissioners appointed by the Governor or by the Governor in Council, the foregoing part of this section shall not apply to cases in which the grantees or survivors of them shall, before the third day of

20 September, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, have alienated, by sale, lease, or mortgage, or otherwise, the land comprised in their grant, or to such part of the land as they may have so alienated :

Provided further that, as to any grant issued otherwise than as 1869 No 26, s. 12. mentioned in the previous proviso, the first part of this section shall

- 25 not apply to cases in which the grantees or survivors of them shall, before the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, have alienated, by sale, lease, or mortgage, or otherwise, the land comprised in their grant, or to such part of the land as they may have so alienated; nor to any case where any of the joint tenants
- **30** have died before the second day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three; nor wherein the grant is made expressly to the grantees as joint tenants; nor where the grant is upon expressed trust.

# New clause.

- 113. 112. A certificate of title issued under the Land Transfer Act When certificate o 35 for giving effect to any of the provisions of this Act or of any Act Crown grant. hereby repealed shall, for the purpose of enabling the registration of and giving effect to instruments executed prior to the date of such certificate, but not further or otherwise, be deemed a Crown grant within the meaning of "The Crown Grants Act, 1883," and of section 40 *thirty-five* of this Act.
- 114. 113. For the purpose of the requirements of section fifteen of Majority of tenant "The Native Lands Act, 1869," a deed heretofore executed by a majority in number of grantees and of the successors of deceased grantees (successors to the same grantee together counting as one
- **45** only) shall be deemed to have been executed by a majority in value of such grantees.

# New clause.

115. 114. The several orders for division of lands granted under "The Orders for division of lands validated. Poverty Bay Grants Act, 1869," made by Judge Halse without oppo-50 tion at the time of hearing by the Native Land Court, under the

provisions of "The Native Land Act, 1873," and amendments thereto,

title deemed a

in common.

and by Judges O'Brien and Williams when acting under section eight of "The Native Land Act Amendment Act, 1882," shall be and be deemed to have been from the date of such orders as valid and effectual as if the Native Land Court had at the time of the making of such orders full jurisdiction to divide or award land so granted as aforesaid:

Provided, however, that nothing in this section contained shall apply to or affect any land or hereditaments, or any estate, title, or interest therein or thereto of any Native or other person where such land or hereditaments, or such estate, title, or interest were, at the 10 opening of the present session of Parliament, the subject of any suit or proceeding in the Supreme Court of New Zealand.

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Proviso.

Acts scheduled repealed.

Courts to be one and continuous.

Proceedings under repealed Acts, how completed. PART XII.

## REPEAL.

116. 115. The Acts named in the Schedule hereto are hereby repealed, 15 and such repeal shall take effect on the first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, but sections seven to thirteen, both inclusive, of "The Native Land Laws Amendment Act, 1883," shall be deemed to have been repealed from the passing of this Act; and the repeal of "The Maori Real Estate Management 20 Act, 1867," and of "The Maori Real Estate Management Act Amendment Act, 1877," shall not take effect until the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Provided that any incompleted procedure thereunder shall from its stage, when this Act comes into operation, be at the discretion of a 25 Judge, either continued and completed under this Act in like manner as if such procedure had been commenced hereunder, or, at like discretion, shall be continued and completed under the Act under which such procedure was initiated.

Applications for investigation of title, division, or succession 30 heretofore made, if not dealt with beyond gazetting, shall have the effect of applications for investigation, partition, or succession made under this Act.

117. 116. The several Courts constituted under "The Native Lands Act, 1865," "The Native Lands Act, 1873," "The Native Land Court 35 Act, 1880," and under this Act, shall, notwithstanding the repeal of any Act, be deemed and taken to have been, and to be and continue to be, one continuous Court.

118. 117. Any proceeding commenced in, and any right or duty given to or imposed on or accrued to any one of such Courts, 40 shall be deemed to have continued to any or all of such subsequently created Courts, which subsequent Courts respectively shall be deemed to have had, and the Court under this Act shall be deemed to have, full jurisdiction to complete such proceeding, to exercise such right, and to perform such duty. Native Land Court.

# New clause.

119. 118. Where in any unrepealed Act, enactment, document, or References to instrument, reference is made to any Act, or to any provisions of any repealed Acts to operate as if made Act repealed by this Act, such reference shall be construed and shall to this Act. operate as if it had been made to this Act, or to the provisions thereof

corresponding to the provisions referred to. 120, 119. The second section of "The Native Land Division Act, Repeal of certain 1882," hereby repealed, shall be retrospectively read and construed sections to be retrospective. as if the word "not" had not been inserted omitted therefrom in the fourth line of section two at the passing thereof.

## New clause.

10 121. 120. A conveyance or lease of land not held under Crown grant, Conveyance or lease or of any estate or interest therein (except and until prohibited by under Crown grant law), shall be as effectual to vest in a grantee or lessee the estate effectual. purporting to be as assured as it would if such land were held by Crown grant.

# SCHEDULE.

ACTS REPEALED.

- (1-) The Maori Funds Investment Act, 1865.
- (2.) The Maori Real Estate Management Act, 1867.
- (3.) The Maori Real Estate Management Act Amendment Act, 1877.
- (4.) The Native Land Act, 1873.
- (5.) The Native Grantees Act, 1873.
- (6.) The Native Land Act Amendment Act, 1874.
- (7.) The Native Land Act Amendment Act, 1877.
- (8.) The Native Land Act 1873 Amendment Act, 1878.
- (9.) The Native Land Act Amendment Act, 1878 (No. 2).

(10.) The Native Land Court Act, 1880.

- (11.) The Taonui-Ahuaturanga Land Act, 1880.
- (12.) The Native Land Acts Amendment Act, 1881, except the last three clauses. The Native Succession Act, 1881.
- (18.) The Native Land Acts Amendment Act, 1882. (14.) The Native Land Division Act, 1882.
- (15.) The Native Land Laws Amendment Act, 1883.

By Authority : GEORGE DIDSBURY, Government Printer, Wellington.-1886.

Schedule.

