

Hon. Mr. Herdman.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS AMENDMENT.

ANALYSIS.

<p>Title.</p> <p>1. Short Title. Commencement.</p> <p>2. One district electors list may be made for divided borough.</p> <p>3. Section 6 of principal Act amended.</p> <p>4. Use by other authorities of district electors roll.</p> <p>5. Election of Mayor by Councillors. Repeals.</p> <p>6. Quorum of committees.</p> <p>7. Section 83 of principal Act amended.</p> <p>8. Water rates to be payable in advance either yearly or half-yearly.</p> <p>9. Section 89 of principal Act amended.</p> <p>10. Repeal.</p> <p>11. New boroughs. Repeals.</p> <p>12. Alterations of boundaries of boroughs. Repeal.</p> <p>13. Section 120 of principal Act modified.</p> <p>14. Town districts to be deemed boroughs for certain purposes.</p> <p>15. Council may, by way of special loan, raise moneys payable on adjustment of boundaries.</p> <p>16. Power to Council to sell or exchange land.</p> <p>17. Section 140 of principal Act amended.</p>	<p>18. Section 153 of principal Act amended.</p> <p>19. Section 169 of principal Act amended.</p> <p>20. Repeal.</p> <p>21. Provision in the case of blind streets.</p> <p>22. Council may sell coal or coke.</p> <p>23. Power to establish service for conveyance of passengers, &c.</p> <p>24. Rights in respect of certain private drains and registration thereof.</p> <p>25. Power to lead certain water into streams.</p> <p>26. Repeal.</p> <p>27. Cost of installing gas or electric light may be paid by instalments.</p> <p>28. Section 294 of principal Act amended.</p> <p>29. Council may light and maintain public clocks.</p> <p>30. Registration of charges against private properties.</p> <p>31. Section 299 of principal Act amended.</p> <p>32. Suitable locality for public billiard-room.</p> <p>33. Section 36 of Municipal Corporations Amendment Act amended.</p> <p>34. Subject-matters of by-laws. Repeal.</p> <p>35. Seventh Schedule to principal Act amended.</p> <p>36. Thirteenth Schedule to principal Act amended. Schedule.</p>
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A BILL INTITULED

AN ACT to amend the Municipal Corporations Act, 1908.

Title.

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

5 1. (1.) This Act may be cited as the Municipal Corporations Amendment Act, 1913, and shall form part of and be read together with the Municipal Corporations Act, 1908 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

Short Title.

10 (2.) Except as otherwise expressly provided, this Act shall come into operation on the first day of January, nineteen hundred and fourteen.

Commencement.

15 2. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the principal Act, the Council of a divided borough may direct that a district electors list shall be made out for the whole borough and not for each ward thereof, and that the ward in which each elector has his qualification shall be stated in a separate column of the list.

One district electors list may be made for divided borough.

Section 6 of
principal Act
amended.

3. Section six of the principal Act is hereby amended by adding the following subsection:—

“(4.) Every person who wilfully makes a false claim to have his name entered on the district electors list is liable to a fine not exceeding *five pounds*.”

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Use by other
authorities of
district electors roll.

4. All local authorities (other than the Borough Council) entitled to use the district electors roll of any borough or ward for the purposes of the election of their members or for polls taken by them shall pay to the Borough Council a fair proportion of the cost of making and printing the roll. Such proportion shall, in the case of dispute, be fixed by the Audit Office.

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Election of Mayor
by Councillors.

5. (1.) There shall be a Mayor of every borough, who shall be elected by the Council from among its members at a meeting of the Council to be held for that purpose on the first Wednesday in May in every year.

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(2.) At every such meeting the Town Clerk shall preside, and in the case of an equality of votes shall determine the election by lot in such manner as the Council directs.

(3.) The Mayor shall come into office on his election, and shall hold office until the election of his successor.

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Repeals.

(4.) Section twenty-five of the principal Act, and section nine of the Municipal Corporations Amendment Act, 1910, are hereby repealed.

(5.) The principal Act is hereby consequentially amended in the manner indicated in the Schedule hereto.

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(6.) This section shall come into operation on the first day of April, nineteen hundred and *fifteen* :

Provided that all persons who on that date hold office as Mayors shall continue to hold such office until the election of their successors respectively pursuant to this section.

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Quorum of
committees.

6. The Council may fix the quorum of any committee appointed by it, and in default of its so doing the committee may fix such quorum; and all acts of such committee and all questions before it may be done and determined by such quorum.

Section 83 of
principal Act
amended.

7. Section eighty-three of the principal Act is hereby amended by repealing subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (a), and substituting the following:—

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“(iii.) The rate on buildings used as stores or warehouses, or for any purposes other than as dwellinghouses, shall be one-half of the rate mentioned in subparagraph (i) or (ii) hereof, as the case may be.”

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Water-rates to be
payable in advance
either yearly or
half-yearly.

8. (1.) Subsection one of section eighty-five of the principal Act is hereby repealed, and the following substituted therefor:—

“(1.) All water-rates for an ordinary supply shall be payable in advance, on such day or days, either yearly or half-yearly, as the Council determines.”

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(2.) Subsection two of the said section eighty-five is hereby amended by omitting the words “during the currency of any such half-year,” and substituting the words “after the date of such yearly or half-yearly payment, as the case may be”; and by omitting the words “such half-year,” and substituting the words “the year or half-year.”

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9. Section eighty-nine of the principal Act is hereby amended—

Section 89 of
principal Act
amended.

(a.) By omitting the word "house" before the word "refuse" in subsection one thereof:

(b.) By omitting the first proviso in subsection one thereof, and substituting the following proviso:—

"Provided that such rate shall be levied only upon such properties as have a building erected thereon, from which the Council is prepared to remove all refuse."

(c.) By adding to subsection two the following proviso:—

"Provided further that in any case where, in the opinion of the Council, the refuse from any building is principally trade-refuse or is excessive in quantity, the Council may, if it thinks fit, in lieu of levying such rate make a reasonable charge for the removal of such refuse, or may require the owner or occupier of the building to have the same removed regularly at his own cost."

10. (1.) Sections one hundred and twelve, one hundred and thirteen, and one hundred and fourteen of the principal Act are hereby repealed. Repeal.

(2.) Section one hundred and eighteen of the Public Revenues Act, 1910, is hereby amended by omitting the words "but does not include a City or Borough Council."

11. (1.) Any area having the qualifications for a borough prescribed by paragraph (c) of section three of the principal Act may at any time be constituted a borough in the manner following:— New boroughs.

(a.) A petition in accordance with regulations, praying that any area be constituted a borough shall be presented to the Governor. Every such petition shall be signed by not less than one-fourth of the persons for the time being entitled in respect of a qualification within that area to vote at the election of a member of any local authority, and shall be accompanied by a deposit of *ten* pounds.

(b.) The Minister of Internal Affairs shall thereupon gazette and publicly notify a notice containing an approximate description of the proposed boundaries of the new borough, and calling upon all persons affected to lodge any written objections to or petitions against the constitution thereof within one month from the first publication of the notice.

(c.) As soon as practicable after the expiration of one month from the first publication of the notice as aforesaid, the Governor shall direct a Commission, consisting of the Commissioner of Crown Lands for the land district and the officer in charge of the valuation district in which the area is situated, to inquire and report to him upon the subject-matter of the original petition, and as to the suitability for municipal control of the area referred to in the original petition. For the purposes of such report the Commissioners shall consider the objections or petitions (if any) lodged as aforesaid, and may in their report make such alterations in the proposed boundaries as they deem necessary and advisable, but no alteration shall be made that will leave the area without the qualifications prescribed by paragraph (c) of section three of the principal Act.

- (d.) The Commission shall have all of the powers and functions of a Commission under the Commissions of Inquiry Act, 1908.
- (e.) If the Commission reports that the area referred to in the original petition, or that area as altered by the Commission as hereinbefore provided, is suitable for municipal control and possesses the qualifications aforesaid, but not otherwise, the Governor shall direct that a poll be taken within the area as fixed by the Commission upon the proposal that the area so fixed shall be constituted a new borough. 5 10
- (f.) The Governor may, by Order in Council, make such appointments and arrangements (including the preparation of a voters roll) as he deems necessary for the purpose of taking the poll. 15
- (g.) The voters roll shall contain the names of all persons possessing, in respect of the area fixed as aforesaid, qualifications entitling them to be placed on the electors list of any local authority any part of whose district is within the area in which the poll is to be taken and of no others, and each such person shall have and may exercise one vote and no more : 20
- Provided that the omission from such roll of any person entitled to be placed thereon, or the inclusion on such roll of any person not entitled to be placed thereon, shall not invalidate either the roll or the poll. 25
- (h.) If the result of the poll is in favour of the proposal, the Governor shall, by Proclamation, constitute as a borough the area within which the poll was taken, and shall fix the name of the new borough. 30
- (i.) The Governor may leave such new borough undivided, and, by Proclamation, fix the number of Councillors therefor, or he may, by Proclamation, divide the borough into wards and fix the names of such wards and the number of Councillors for each ward. 35
- (2.) The cost of all proceedings under this section (including the cost of taking the poll) shall be defrayed by such of the local authorities concerned and in such proportions as the Governor by Order in Council directs.
- (3.) If on the taking of the poll the number of votes cast in favour of the proposal is less than one-fourth of the number cast against it, the deposit paid pursuant to subsection one hereof shall be forfeited and applied towards the cost of taking the poll, and in all other cases it shall be returned to the person by whom the petition was presented. 40 45
- (4.) If the result of the poll is not in favour of the proposal, then no fresh petition containing a like proposal dealing with substantially the same area shall be presented to the Governor within two years after the date of the poll.
- (5.) Upon any area being constituted a borough it shall cease to form part of the district or districts to which it formerly belonged, but the entity of the Corporation or Corporations of such district or districts shall not thereby be destroyed. 50

(6.) Where a new borough is constituted and comprises the whole or any part of the area of a then existing district the following provisions shall apply :—

5 (a.) The local authority of such district shall, during the period between the constitution of the borough and the date when the first Councillors of the borough come into office, continue to exercise its functions with respect to the area comprised in the new borough in like manner in all respects as if such area were still in its district and the new borough had not been constituted.

10 (b.) Where the whole area of such district is comprised in the new borough the local authority of such district shall continue to exist during the aforesaid period.

15 (c.) The provisions of the principal Act as to financial and other adjustments shall extend to and include the aforesaid period.

(7.) Section one hundred and seventeen of the principal Act and section nineteen of the Municipal Corporations Amendment Act, 1910, are hereby repealed.

Repeals.

20 12. (1.) The boundaries of a borough may at any time be altered in the manner following :—

Alterations of boundaries of boroughs.

25 (a.) A petition in accordance with regulations, praying the Governor to include any defined area in the borough, or, as the case may be, to exclude any defined area from a borough and to include it in a county or some other district, shall first be presented to the Governor. Every such petition shall be signed by not less than one-fourth of the persons for the time being entitled in respect of a qualification within that area to vote at the election of a member of any local authority.

30 (b.) The Minister of Internal Affairs shall thereupon gazette and publicly notify a notice setting out the proposed alteration of boundaries, and, in cases where an area is proposed to be added to a divided borough, stating in what ward or wards the area is proposed to be included, and calling upon all persons affected to lodge any objections in writing to or petitions against the proposed alteration within one month from the first publication of such notice.

35 (c.) After duly considering the original petition and the objections so lodged (if any), the Governor may make the alteration prayed for by the original petition, or any other alteration involving the severance from any district and the inclusion in any other district of part or parts only of the area mentioned in the original petition, or he may direct a Commission consisting of the Commissioner of Crown Lands for the land district and the officer in charge of the valuation district in which the area is situated to inquire and report to him upon the subject-matter of the original petition and the objections lodged as aforesaid (if any), and as to the suitability or otherwise for municipal control of the area referred to in the original petition, and to recommend such alterations of the boundaries of the area as they deem necessary and advisable.

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(d.) If the Commission reports that the area referred to in the original petition, or that area as recommended to be altered by the Commission, should be included in or excluded from the borough, as the case may be, the Governor may, by Order in Council, make the alteration recommended by the Commission, or such other alteration involving the severance from any district and the inclusion in any other district of part or parts only of the area mentioned in the original petition or in the report of the Commission, as he thinks fit.

(2.) Any area included in a borough or any other district under this section shall thenceforth form part of that borough or district accordingly.

(3.) An alteration may be made under this section notwithstanding that the effect of the alteration may be that the borough may thereby exceed the limits of area or distance between points prescribed by paragraph (c) of section three of the principal Act.

(4.) Where the boundaries of a borough are altered under this section the Governor may, by Order in Council gazetted,—

(a.) Declare in what ward (if a divided borough) any area added to the borough shall be included, or declare that the area so added shall form a new ward or new wards, and fix the name of such new ward or new wards and the number of Councillors therefor :

(b.) Divide the borough (if an undivided borough) into wards and fix the names of the same, and the number of Councillors for each ward ; or redivide the borough (if a divided borough) into new wards and fix the number of Councillors for each new ward :

(c.) Make provision where expedient for the dissolution of the Corporation of the district from which the said area was taken, and for the merger of the remaining area of that district in some other district, and may declare to what subdivision of such other district such remaining area shall be added :

(d.) Declare to what district and subdivision thereof any area excluded from the borough shall belong.

(5.) Section one hundred and eighteen of the principal Act is hereby repealed.

13. Any union of boroughs may be made under section one hundred and twenty of the principal Act notwithstanding that the effect thereof may be that the united borough so constituted may exceed to any extent the limits of area or distance between points prescribed by paragraph (c) of section three of the principal Act.

14. (1.) The provisions of sections one hundred and twenty to one hundred and twenty-four of the principal Act and of section twenty-nine of the Rating Amendment Act, 1910, shall apply to the case not only of the union of two or more boroughs forming one continuous area, but also to the case of the union of one or more boroughs with one or more town districts forming one continuous area.

(2.) For the purposes of this section a town district shall be deemed to be a borough, and a Town Board to be a Council, and

Repeal.

Section 120 of principal Act modified.

Town districts to be deemed boroughs for certain purposes.

members of a Town Board to be Councillors within the meaning of the said sections and of section three hundred and fifty-eight of the principal Act:

6 Provided that for the purposes of section one hundred and twenty-two of the principal Act only three members of a Town Board (to be chosen by the Town Board) shall be Councillors of the united borough.

15. Where by the terms of any adjustment made pursuant to section one hundred and twenty-seven of the principal Act any sum of money is payable by the Council of a borough, the Council may raise such sum or any part thereof by way of special loan without taking the steps described in sections seven to thirteen of the Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1908.

Council may, by way of special loan, raise moneys payable on adjustment of boundaries.

15 16. The Council may sell any land vested in the Corporation or exchange any such land for other land, and in respect of any such exchange may either give or receive any money for equality of exchange:

Power to Council to sell or exchange land.

20 Provided that all moneys received by the Council upon any such sale or exchange shall be applied to the purchase of other lands to be held for the same purposes as affected the lands parted with, and all lands received in exchange shall be held for the purposes that affected the land given in exchange.

25 17. Subsection two of section one hundred and forty of the principal Act is hereby amended by omitting the words "or public utility."

Section 140 of principal Act amended.

18. Section one hundred and fifty-three of the principal Act is hereby amended as follows:—

Section 153 of principal Act amended.

(a.) By adding to subsection four thereof the following paragraph:—

30 " (n.) For the purpose of providing access from one street to another, or from one part of a street to another part of the same street, to construct on any street, or on land adjacent to any street, elevators, moving platforms, and machinery for passenger traffic, and such subways, tunnels, shafts, and approaches as are required in connection therewith.

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(b.) By adding after subsection four the following subsection:—

40 " (5.) The Council may, by by-law, fix charges for and regulate the use of any means of access constructed under paragraph (n) of subsection four hereof. Where the amount received in respect of such charges in any year is insufficient to pay the cost of working and maintaining such means of access during that year (not including in such cost the annual charges payable in respect of any loan raised for the purpose of providing such means), the Council may make and levy a separate rate of such amount as will realise the amount of the deficiency. Every such rate shall be levied on all the rateable property within the area over which the special rate made in respect of the said loan (if any) is leviable, or within such area as the Council from time to time by special order determines:

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“ Provided that, before passing any resolution defining any such area, the Council shall proceed as directed by subsection three of section three of the Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1908, in the case of a loan proposed to be raised for part of a district, and all the provisions of that subsection, except paragraph (a), shall, *mutatis mutandis*, extend and apply accordingly.” 5

Section 169 of principal Act amended.

19. Section one hundred and sixty-nine of the principal Act is hereby amended by the addition of the following proviso :—

“ Provided that this section shall not apply to any private way granted or reserved for the purpose of affording access to not more than one dwellinghouse or other building over a strip of land forming part of the land previously held with the land on which such building is erected, if such private way is not open or intended to be open for the use of persons other than the owners and occupiers of such building.” 10

Repeal.

20. Section one hundred and seventy-four of the principal Act is hereby amended by omitting the words “ being not less than twenty feet in width.”

Provision in the case of blind streets.

21. (1.) The Governor may, by Order in Council, authorize the Council to lay off or permit to be laid off streets and private streets of a width less than sixty-six feet, but not less than forty feet, for the purpose of connecting blind streets with other streets, but no such connecting street of a greater length than two chains shall be so authorized. 25

(2.) In this section “ blind street ” means a street opening at one end on a public street and at the other end on private land or on a private way.

Council may sell coal or coke.

22. The Council may purchase and sell coal or coke on such terms as it thinks fit. 30

Power to establish service for conveyance of passengers, &c.

23. (1.) The Council may establish, maintain, and regulate a service for the conveyance of passengers and goods to and from any place within the borough, or, with the consent of any neighbouring local authority, between any place within the borough and any place within the district of that local authority, or the Council may contribute out of the District Fund to any such service established or maintained by any person or company or by any other local authority. 35

(2.) Nothing herein shall authorize a Council to construct any tramway or railway.

Rights in respect of certain private drains and registration thereof.

24. Where any existing private drain passes through or serves separately owned premises there shall be attached to each and all of the lands served by such private drain a right to the free and uninterrupted use of such private drain, and a right for the occupier thereof to enter upon all lands served by such drain, or through which such drain passes, for the purpose of effecting necessary repairs to such drain, and a right to contribution from the owners or occupiers of other lands so served by such drain towards the cost of executing, providing, and doing all or any of the things required in respect of such drain by the principal Act or any by-law, and a right to 40 45

contribution from such owners or occupiers of such other lands towards the cost of all necessary repairs to such drain; and such rights, upon a certificate being furnished by the Town Clerk that any of such lands is actually served by such drain, shall be registered by the District Land Registrar against the titles, whether under the Land Transfer Act, 1908, or not, to all the other lands so served by such drain, and also, in the case of the right to free and uninterrupted use of such drain, and the right to enter upon land to effect necessary repairs, against the titles, whether under the Land Transfer Act, 1908, or not, to the lands through which such drain passes.

(2.) The foregoing provisions of this section shall extend and apply to all such private drains hereafter required by the Council to be provided, constructed, and laid out.

25. The Council may in time of flood or other emergency lead any surplus water from any waterworks vested in the Council into any natural stream with a view to the protection of the waterworks.

Power to lead certain water into streams.

26. Subsection two of section two hundred and fifty-eight of the principal Act is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

27. Where under any provision of Part XXVII of the principal Act any owner or occupier of any building is required to pay to the Council the cost of connecting such building with any main gaspipe or with any electric-light main, and of laying on all necessary service-pipes, fittings, and meters, the Council and such owner or occupier may agree in writing that any moneys so payable to the Council shall be payable by such instalments as the Council thinks fit, with interest at a rate not less than four and not more than six per centum per annum.

Cost of installing gas or electric light may be paid by instalments.

28. Section two hundred and ninety-four of the principal Act is hereby amended—

Section 294 of principal Act amended.

(a.) By adding to subsection three the following proviso:—

“ Provided that if the site of the dwellinghouse abuts on two or more streets of not less than fifty feet each in width, then the minimum distance aforesaid shall be fifteen feet, irrespective of the height of the dwellinghouse.”

(b.) By omitting from subsection nine all words after the words “ one and one-half times the area,” and substituting the words “ hereinbefore required to be left at the side or in the rear of the dwellinghouse.”

(c.) By the addition of the following subsection:—

“(9A.) The owner of any land on which a dwellinghouse is erected shall not sell or otherwise dispose of any portion of such land, if the effect of such disposition would be to leave a smaller area of open space to such dwellinghouse than is required in respect of a new dwellinghouse.”

29. The Council may expend money on lighting and maintaining any public clock in any public building, and shall be deemed to have been so empowered as from the commencement of the principal Act.

Council may light and maintain public clocks.

30. (1.) Where any moneys paid or expended by the Council in respect of or in relation to any private property are by any Act made a charge upon that property the Council may, within six months from

Registration of charges against private properties.

the time when the amount has been ascertained, cause a notice of such charge under the hand of the Town Clerk to be registered against the title to such property, whether under the Land Transfer Act, 1908, or not.

(2.) Every notice under this section shall be accepted for registration by the District Land Registrar or other proper officer. 5

(3.) On full satisfaction of such charge the Council shall register a notice of such satisfaction.

(4.) The omission to register any such notice of charge shall not affect the liability of the person originally liable to pay the amount or the rights of the Corporation under such charge as against him. 10

Section 299 of principal Act amended.

31. Section two hundred and ninety-nine of the principal Act is hereby amended by the addition of the following subsection :—

“(3.) The Council may from time to time, out of its general funds, pay to any person or persons such sums as it thinks fit for supplying music in any of the pleasure-grounds, gardens, libraries, museums, music-halls, or gymnasiums provided by the Council for the purpose of the enjoyment or recreation of the public.” 15

Suitable locality for public billiard-room.

32. The Council, in considering any application for a billiard-room license, may take into account the question whether the locality in which the proposed billiard-room is situated is suitable, and may, if it considers it undesirable that a billiard-room license should be granted within that locality, refuse to grant such license. 20

Section 36 of Municipal Corporations Amendment Act amended.

33. If the Council of any of the cities mentioned in subsection one of section thirty-six of the Municipal Corporations Amendment Act, 1910, has not made by-laws with respect to the matters mentioned in that section, then the provisions of subsections one, two, and three of that section shall cease to apply to that city, and in such case the provisions of subsection four thereof shall, notwithstanding anything therein contained, apply to that city. 25

Subject matters of by-laws.

34. (1.) The Council may make by-laws for the following purposes :— 30

(a.) For licensing persons to set up and remove electric wires for whatever purpose used or intended to be used, and to repair, renew, or otherwise interfere with electric wires when set up as a part of any installation, and prohibiting unlicensed persons from acting as in this section described : 35

(b.) For prescribing the limits within which yards and premises for the sale of live-stock may be erected or established, and to prevent the sale of live-stock within the borough save within the limits so prescribed : 40

(c.) For licensing, inspecting, and regulating boardinghouses (not being houses for which publicans' licenses are held) in which persons are lodged for hire for a single night or for less than one week at one time, or any part of which is let for any term less than a week at one time : 45

(d.) For licensing sports-grounds or other lands (whether privately owned or not) on which large numbers of persons are likely to assemble, and for requiring sufficient modes of ingress thereto and egress therefrom to be provided and maintained, and for preserving good order therein : 50

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(e.) For prohibiting or regulating and licensing the keeping in the borough of any animals, reptiles, or birds, the existence or keeping of which within the borough is, or in the opinion of the Council is likely to become, a nuisance or injurious to health :

(f.) For prohibiting the burial of animals within the borough, and, in the case of a Council possessing a digester or destructor, prescribing that any animals dying within the borough shall be removed to such digester or destructor for destruction.

(2.) Every by-law made pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section shall be read subject to the provisions of section two of the Public Works Amendment Act, 1911.

(3.) Paragraph (d) of section three hundred and forty-five of the principal Act is hereby repealed.

35. The Seventh Schedule to the principal Act is hereby amended as follows :—

Repeal.

Seventh Schedule to principal Act amended.

(a.) By repealing clause one, and substituting the following :—

“ 1. The Council shall have a plan prepared of the street proposed to be stopped, and a survey made and a plan prepared of any new street proposed to be made in lieu thereof, showing the lands through which it is proposed to pass and the owners and occupiers of such lands so far as known.”

(b.) By inserting the following new clauses :—

“ 1A. The said plans shall be open to public inspection at the office of the Council during four consecutive weeks prior to the holding of the meeting of electors hereinafter referred to, and the Council shall once in each such week give public notice of the proposals and of the place where the plans are on view.

“ 1B. A notice of the proposed stoppage, printed on linen or calico or other permanent material, shall during the said period be kept fixed in a conspicuous place at each end of the street proposed to be stopped.

“ 9. A copy of the said notice and the plans hereinbefore referred to shall be transmitted by the Council for record in the office of the Chief Surveyor of the district, and no notice of the stoppage of the street shall take effect until such record is made.”

36. The Thirteenth Schedule to the principal Act is hereby amended by inserting in clause three, after the words “ The Council,” the words “ may attach to the license any conditions as to the use in the building of any means of producing light or heat, or otherwise for the safety of persons assembled in the building and.”

Thirteenth Schedule to principal Act amended.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS OF PRINCIPAL ACT.

Number of Section.	Nature of Amendment.
Section 14 By omitting from subsection (1) the words " the election of May of a divided borough, or for."
Section 19 By omitting from subsection (1) the words " Mayor or," the words " ten pounds in the case of the Mayor and," and the words " in the case of the Councillor."
Section 39 (1) (a) By omitting the word " twelve," and substituting the word " thirteen"; and by omitting the words " exclusive of the Mayor."
Section 39 (1) (b) By omitting the words " twenty-one Councillors, exclusive of the Mayor," and substituting the words " twenty-two Councillors."
Section 122 By omitting the words " and the other Mayor or Mayors shall be a Councillor or Councillors of the united borough, and he or they."
Section 129 By repealing subsection (1).

By Authority : JOHN MACKAY, Government Printer, Wellington.—1913.