This Public Bill originated in the House of Repre-SENTATIVES, and, having this day passed as now printed, is transmitted to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

House of Representatives,

23rd September, 1936.

[As amended by the Legislative Council.] 29th September, 1936.

Hon. Mr. Nash.

## MORTGAGORS AND LESSEES REHABILITATION.

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# A BILL INTITULED

An Act to provide for the Adjustment of the Liabilities Title. of Mortgagors and Lessees in certain Cases, and for Matters incidental thereto.

5 BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the Mortgagors and Short Title.

Lessees Rehabilitation Act, 1936.

2. (1) The general purpose of this Act in relation General to farmer applicants is to retain them in the use purposes and occupation of their farms as efficient producers, relation to and to make such adjustments of their liabilities as will farmer ensure that the liabilities secured on any property do home 15 not exceed the value of that property, that the rent of applicants, and other

applicants, any leasehold property does not exceed the rental value applicants.

of that property, and that the total amount and terms of payment of all their liabilities (whether secured or unsecured) are such that, after allowing for all normal current expenditure and providing for the maintenance of themselves and their families in a reasonable standard of comfort, the applicants may reasonably be expected to meet their liabilities as they become due, either out of their own moneys or by borrowing on reasonable

(2) The general purpose of this Act in relation to 10home applicants is to retain them in the occupation of their homes, and to make such adjustments of their liabilities as will ensure that the liabilities secured on any property do not exceed the value of that property, that the rent of any leasehold property does not exceed 15 the rental value of that property, and that the total amount and terms of payment of those of their liabilities that are secured by adjustable securities or are adjustable debts are such that the applicants may reasonably be expected to meet them as they become due. 20 either out of their own moneys or by borrowing on reasonable terms.

(3) The general purpose of this Act in relation to applicants who are not farmer applicants or home

mortgaged or leasehold property, and to make such adjustments of their liabilities as will ensure that the liabilities secured on any property do not exceed the value of that property, that the rent of any leasehold

applicants is to enable them to retain possession of their 25

property does not exceed the rental value of that pro- 30 perty, and that the total amount and terms of payment of those of their liabilities that are secured by adjustable securities or are adjustable debts are such that the applicants may reasonably be expected to meet them as they become due, either out of their own moneys or by 35 borrowing on reasonable terms.

**3.** This Act is divided into Parts as follows:—

Part I.—Preliminary. (Sections 4 to 9.) PART II.—The Court of Review, and Adjustment Commissions. (Sections 10 to 28.)

Part III.—Rehabilitation of Mortgagors and Lessees. (Sections 29 to 54.)

Part IV.—Miscellaneous. (Sections 55 to 88.)

Act divided into Parts.

## PART I.

PRELIMINARY. 4. (1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. requires,— "Adjustable charge" means 5 an adjustable security, as hereinafter defined, that is not a mortgage: "Adjustable debts" means unsecured debts or liabilities, present or future, certain or con-10 tingent, arising out of any liability or obligation under an adjustable security or adjustable lease or under any guarantee in respect thereof; and, in the case of a farmer applicant, includes all his other unsecured debts or 15 liabilities; and, in the case of a home applicant, includes such of his other unsecured debts or liabilities as arise directly out of the acquisition, extension, improvement, or maintenance of the premises occupied by him as a 20 dwelling: "Adjustable lease" means a lease to which this

Act applies:

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"Adjustable mortgage" means a mortgage that is an adjustable security as hereinafter defined:

"Adjustable security" means a mortgage to which this Act applies; and, in the case of a farmer applicant, includes any other mortgage and any statutory or other charge on any property belonging to him; and, in the case of any applicant who is not a farmer applicant, includes any other mortgage and any charge on any property belonging to him, if the property is subject to a mortgage to which this Act applies or is comprised in a lease to which this Act applies:

"Adjustment Commission" means an Adjustment Commission appointed under this Act; and the expression "the Adjustment Commission", when used in relation to the affairs of

	any mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor, means the	
	particular Adjustment Commission to which	
	any application or other matter arising under	
	this Act and relating to that mortgagor, lessee,	
	or guarantor has been referred:	5
"	Agricultural purposes "has a meaning corresponding to the term "agriculture", which	
	responding to the term "agriculture", which	
	for the purposes of this definition means the	
	cultivation of the soil for the production of	
	food products or other useful products of the	10
	soil, and includes the use of land for	
	horticultural or pastoral purposes, or for the	
	keeping of pigs, bees, or poultry:	
"	Applicant '' means a mortgagor, lessee, or	
	Applicant" means a mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor for the adjustment of whose	15
	liabilities an application has been filed under	
	section twenty-nine or section thirty of this	
	Act:	
4 6	Court " means the Court of Review constituted	
	under this Act:	<b>2</b> 0
"	Creditor ", in relation to an applicant, includes	
	every person to whom the applicant is under	
	any legal liability, secured or unsecured,	
	present or future, certain or contingent; and	
	includes a guarantor; and also includes every	<b>25</b>
	mortgagee or other person entitled to any	
	security over any property of the applicant,	
	notwithstanding that in any particular case	
	there may be no privity of contract between	
	the applicant and the mortgagee or other	30
"	person as aforesaid:	
••	Farm lease "means a lease of any land that at	
	the passing of this Act is used by or on account	
	of the lessee, being a farmer, exclusively or	35
"	principally for agricultural purposes: Farm mortgage "means a mortgage, as herein-	၁၁
	after defined, granted over any land that at the	
	passing of this Act is used by or on account of	
	the mortgagor, being a farmer, exclusively or	
	principally for agricultural purposes:	40
	bimorpany to agricultural purposes.	TU

"Farmer" means a person whose normal income is derived wholly or principally from the use of lands for agricultural purposes; and includes a trustee where the income derived from the trust estate is derived wholly or principally from the use of lands for agricultural purposes; and also includes the personal representatives of a deceased farmer:

"Farmer applicant" means an applicant as

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meaning:

"Farmer applicant" means an applicant, as hereinbefore defined, who is a farmer:

"Guarantor" means a person who has guaranteed the performance by the mortgagor or lessee, as the case may be, or by any other person of any covenant, condition, or agreement expressed or implied in a mortgage or lease, whether the guarantee is expressed in the mortgage or lease or in any other instrument; and includes any person (not being the mortgagor or lessee, as hereinafter defined) who is liable under the provisions of the mortgage or lease, or against whom any person has a legal or equitable right of indemnity in respect of any liabilities under the mortgage or lease; and "guarantee" has a corresponding

'Home applicant' means an applicant, as hereinbefore defined, who is the mortgagor under a home mortgage to which this Act applies or is the lessee under a home lease to which this Act applies:

"Home lease" means a lease of any premises that at the passing of this Act are used by the lessee, not being a farmer, exclusively or principally for his own occupation as a dwelling:

"Home mortgage" means a mortgage, as hereinafter defined, granted over any premises that at the passing of this Act are used by the mortgagor, not being a farmer, exclusively or principally for his own occupation as a dwelling:

"Lease" means an instrument whereby a leasehold interest in land is created, whether at law or in equity; and "sublease" has a corresponding meaning:

"Lessee" means the lessee named in a lease or, if the rights of the lessee have been disposed of by way of sublease or assignment or have been transferred by operation of law, means the person for the time being entitled to those rights:

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"Lessor" means the person entitled to the rent reserved by a lease:

"Mortgage" means a deed, memorandum of mortgage, instrument, or agreement whereby security for the payment of any moneys or for 15 the performance of any contract is granted over any property as hereinafter defined; and includes an agreement for the sale and purchase of land:

"Mortgagee" means the person entitled to the 20 benefit of the security of a mortgage:

"Mortgagor" means the owner of the property that is subject to a mortgage; and includes any person claiming to be entitled under an agreement for sale and purchase to any 25 property that is subject to a mortgage:

"Property" includes real and personal property, and any estate or interest in any property real or personal, and any debt, and any thing in action, and any other right or interest:

action, and any other right or interest: 30
"Registrar" means a Registrar of the Court of
Review, and includes a Deputy Registrar of
that Court:

"Table mortgage" means a mortgage that is made repayable by instalments at regular intervals 35 throughout the term of the mortgage, each of the instalments consisting partly of principal and partly of interest.

(2) Where the use of any land by or on account of any mortgagor or lessee exclusively or principally for agricultural purposes or the use of any premises by any mortgagor or lessee for his own occupation as a 5 dwelling has ceased before the passing of this Act by reason of the fact that the mortgagor or lessee has abandoned the land or premises, or has temporarily left the land or premises unoccupied or occupied by any other person, or by reason of the fact that the mortgagee or 10 lessor has exercised, commenced to exercise, or indicated his intention to exercise any of his powers in respect of the mortgage or lease, the use as aforesaid of the land or premises shall, for the purposes of the foregoing definitions of the terms "farm lease", "farm 15 mortgage", "home lease", and "home mortgage", be deemed to have continued until the passing of this Act, unless that mortgagor or lessee has theretofore ceased to be the mortgagor or lessee of the land or

20 (3) For the purposes of this Act a person shall be deemed to have guaranteed the performance by a mortgagor or by any other person of a covenant, condition, or agreement expressed or implied in a mortgage if he has guaranteed the performance by the 25 mortgagor or other person of any obligation that is the same or is substantially the same as an obligation expressed or implied in the mortgage, notwithstanding that the instrument of guarantee may have been executed before the execution of the mortgage, and 30 whether in contemplation thereof or not, or notwithstanding that, whether the guarantee was executed before or after the execution of the mortgage, the existence of the mortgage or the terms thereof, or the proposal that a mortgage be executed, may not have been adverted to in the guarantee.

35 (4) For the purposes of this Act every lease that contains a compulsory purchasing clause, and every lease that contains an optional purchasing clause in respect of which the lessee has notified or is deemed under section twelve of the Mortgagors and Tenants Relief Act, 1933, 1933, No. 34

40 to have notified his intention to exercise the option to purchase, shall be deemed to be an agreement for sale and purchase, and the rent reserved by any such lease shall be deemed to be interest. The term of the lease shall, if necessary, be deemed to be extended for the 45 purpose of giving effect to this provision.

(5) For the purposes of this Act every license to occupy land pending the purchase thereof from His Majesty the King on a system of deferred payments shall be deemed to be an agreement for sale and purchase.

(6) For the purposes of this Act the owner of the equity of redemption in any property that is subject to a mortgage shall be deemed to be the owner of the

property.

(7) For the purposes of this Act every liability under a judgment obtained in any Court in respect of 10 any cause of action arising directly or indirectly out of a mortgage, lease, or guarantee shall be deemed to be a liability under the mortgage, lease, or guarantee.

(8) For the purposes of this Act the exercise of a power of sale shall be deemed to be completed when 15 the vendor becomes bound by an agreement or contract

of sale.

the Crown.

5. This Act shall bind the Crown.

Application of this Act to Mortgages.

**6.** (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, this 20 Act shall apply to mortgages of any of the following classes:—

(a) Mortgages that were executed before the passing of this Act:

(b) Mortgages that were in fact operative or designed 25 to take effect before the date of the passing of this Act, though not executed before that date:

(c) Mortgages to which this Act has at any time applied and which have been varied by the 30 parties thereto:

(d) Mortgages that have been executed in replacement or substantial replacement of mortgages to which this Act has at any time applied.

(2) If any question arises under this section as to whether any mortgage is in replacement or in substantial 35 replacement of another mortgage it shall be determined as a matter of fact by the Court. For the purposes of this section a mortgage may be held by the Court to be in substantial replacement of a former mortgage notwithstanding any variation of the amount secured, 40 or of the rate of interest, or of the property over which security is given, or of the parties, if the Court is satisfied that the new mortgage is intended to secure (whether exclusively or not) the whole or a part of the original mortgage debt.

Act to bind

Mortgages to which this Act applies.

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(3) This Act shall apply with respect to any mortgage as aforesaid, notwithstanding that, whether before or after the passing of this Act, any power of sale, rescission, or entry into possession conferred by 5 the mortgage may have been exercised.

(4) This Act shall not apply to mortgages exempted Exemptions. from the operation of this Act by the Governor-General by Order in Council under the next succeeding subsection.

(5) The Governor-General may from time to time, 10 by Order in Council, exempt from the operation of this Act any specified mortgages or any specified class of mortgages, and may in like manner vary or revoke any such Order in Council.

7. In the application of this Act to an agreement Agreements 15 for the sale and purchase of land the agreement shall be deemed to be a mortgage of the land to secure payment fand. of the unpaid purchase-money and interest thereon and fulfilment of the conditions set forth in the agreement; the term "mortgagee" shall mean the vendor named in 20 the agreement or, if the rights of the vendor have been assigned or have been transferred by operation of law or otherwise, the person for the time being entitled to those rights; and the term "mortgagor" shall mean the purchaser named in the agreement or, if the rights of 25 the purchaser have been assigned or have been

In any case where the rights of the purchaser have been assigned or transferred as aforesaid the original 30 purchaser and any purchaser intermediate between him and the person for the time being entitled to the rights of the purchaser shall be included in the term "guarantor" as hereinbefore defined.

transferred by operation of law or otherwise, shall mean the person for the time being entitled to those rights.

# Application of this Act to Leases.

8. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, this Leases to 35 Act shall apply to all leases that were executed before which this Act applies. the passing of this Act, and to all leases that have been executed in renewal of such leases.

(2) The provisions of this Act shall, so far as they 40 are applicable, apply with respect to any lease as aforesaid, notwithstanding that, whether before or after the passing of this Act, the lease may have expired or been determined.

purchase of

Exemptions.

- (3) This Act shall not apply to leases exempted from the operation of this Act by the Governor-General by Order in Council under the next succeeding subsection.
- (4) The Governor-General may from time to time. by Order in Council, exempt from the operation of this Act any specified leases or any specified class of leases. and may in like manner vary or revoke any such Order in Council.

9. (1) The Governor-General may from time to time, 10 by Order in Council, extend the provisions of this Act to apply to any of the licenses and other instruments referred to in the next succeeding subsection as if such license or other instrument were a lease, and as if the royalties or other moneys payable thereunder were rent. 15

(2) The licenses and other instruments to which the last preceding subsection relates are the following:—

(a) Any license or other instrument for the cutting and removal of timber or flax, or for the extraction of coal or fire-clay:

(b) Any way-leave or other easement granted in relation to the rights conferred by any such license or instrument as aforesaid:

(c) Any contract or instrument by virtue of which any person entitled under any license or other 25 instrument to cut timber or flax or extract coal or fire-clay from any land is under an obligation to pay, whether periodically or otherwise, to any other person any moneys calculated wholly or partially by reference to the quantity 30 of timber or flax cut or to be cut, or to the quantity of coal or fire-clay extracted or to be extracted, or fixed as minimum payments, whether or not the person entitled to receive payment under such contract or instrument has 35 any right, title, estate, or interest in such timber, flax, coal, or fire-clay, as the case may be, or in the land containing the same.

(3) Any Order in Council under this section may relate to any specified license or other instrument, or to 40 any specified class or classes thereof, and may further relate to any assignment or other disposition of the rights or of any of the rights conferred by any such license or other instrument.

Power to apply this Act to licenses and other instruments providing for payment of royalties.

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## PART II.

THE COURT OF REVIEW, AND ADJUSTMENT COMMISSIONS. The Court of Review.

10. (1) There is hereby established a Court of record, Court of 5 to be called the Court of Review, which, in addition to the jurisdiction and powers specially conferred on it by this Act, shall have all the powers inherent in a Court of record.

(2) The Court established under this Act is hereby 10 declared to be the same Court as the Court of Review of Mortgagors' Liabilities established under Part I of the Rural Mortgagors Final Adjustment Act. 1934-35.

1934-35, No. 50

11. Subject to the provisions of section twenty-three Constitution hereof, the Court shall consist of three members, who 15 shall be appointed by the Governor-General in Council. Of the three members of the Court, one shall be the Judge of the Court and shall be so appointed, and the other two members shall be appointed as hereinafter provided. 20

12. (1) No person shall be eligible for appointment Appointment as the Judge of the Court unless he is eligible for of Judge of Court. appointment as a Judge of the Supreme Court.

- (2) So long as the Court continues in existence, the Judge so appointed shall, as to tenure of office, salary, 25 emoluments, and privileges, have the same rights and be subject to the same provisions as a Judge of the Supreme Court.
  - (3) This Act shall be deemed to be a permanent appropriation of the salary of the Judge of the Court.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the foregoing provisions of this section, the Governor-General may appoint a Judge of the Supreme Court to be the Judge of the Court of Review, and in that case Judge so appointed shall hold both 35 concurrently.

(5) If and so long as a Judge of the Supreme Court holds office as the Judge of the Court of Review he shall be deemed to be absent from his office as a Judge of the Supreme Court, and a Judge may be appointed in his

40 stead, pursuant to section eleven of the Judicature Act, See Reprint 1908, to hold office during the pleasure of the of Statutes, Vol. II, p. 63 Governor-General:

Provided that nothing herein shall be construed to deprive the Judge of the Court of Review, in any such case, of power to exercise any jurisdiction as a Judge of the Supreme Court.

1934-35, No. 50

(6) The person who at the passing of this Act holds office as Judge of the Court of Review under the Rural Mortgagors Final Adjustment Act, 1934-35, shall, without further appointment, be deemed to have been appointed the Judge of the Court under this section.

Appointment of other members.

- 13. (1) The members of the Court (other than the 10 Judge) shall be appointed to hold office for such term as the Governor-General in Council in each case thinks fit.
- (2) The remuneration and travelling-allowances of such members shall be fixed from time to time by the 15 Governor-General in Council, and shall be paid out of moneys to be appropriated by Parliament for the purpose.

(3) On the passing of this Act the members of the Court holding office under section eight of the Rural 20 Mortgagors Final Adjustment Act, 1934–35, shall be deemed to have vacated their offices, but shall be eligible for reappointment under this section.

Judge of Court to take judicial oath. See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. I, p. 1017

1934-35, No. 50

14. The Judge of the Court (not being a Judge of the Supreme Court), as soon as may be after his 25 acceptance of office, shall take and subscribe the Oath of Allegiance and the Judicial Oath, in accordance with section seven of the Promissory Oaths Act, 1908, as if he had been appointed a Judge of the Supreme Court.

Oath to be taken by other members.

**15.** Before entering on the exercise of the duties of 30 their office, the members of the Court other than the Judge shall take and subscribe an oath before the Judge that they will faithfully and impartially perform the duties of their office.

Registrars and other officers of Court.

16. (1) There shall from time to time be appointed 35 such Registrars and Deputy Registrars of the Court as may be required.

(2) There may also from time to time be appointed such clerks and other officers of the Court as may be necessary. Without limiting the general power 40 hereinbefore conferred, officers may be appointed for the purpose of advising and assisting mortgagors, lessees, and guarantors in relation to their rights and powers under this Act and in relation to any applications made by them under this Act. 45

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(3) The office of Registrar or Deputy Registrar or any other office may be held either separately or in conjunction with any other office in the Public Service.

(4) All persons who at the passing of this Act hold 5 offices to which they have been appointed under section twelve of the Rural Mortgagors Final Adjustment Act, 1934-35, No. 50 1934-35, shall, without further appointment, be deemed to have been appointed under this section.

17. (1) The Governor-General may from time to Rules of Court. 10 time, by Order in Council, make rules for regulating the practice and procedure of the Court in all matters within its jurisdiction, and prescribing the fees payable in respect of any matters relating to the proceedings of the Court.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Act and of any 15 rules made under the authority of this section, the practice and procedure of the Court shall be determined by the Court as it thinks proper:

Provided that the sittings of the Court shall not be

20 open to the public.

(3) All rules that were made under section thirteen of the Rural Mortgagors Final Adjustment Act, 1934-35, 1934-35, No. 50 and are subsisting or in force at the passing of this Act, shall enure for the purposes of this Act as fully and 25 effectually as if they had been made under this section. and accordingly shall, where necessary, be deemed to have been so made.

18. (1) The Court may receive as evidence any Evidence in statement, document, information, or matter that in proceedings 30 the opinion of the Court may assist it to deal effectually with the matters before it, whether or not the same would be otherwise admissible in a Court of law.

(2) Subject to the foregoing provisions of this section, the Evidence Act, 1908, shall apply to the Court see Reprint 35 and to the members thereof, and to all proceedings of Statutes, Vol. III, p. 106 therein, in the same manner as if the Court were a Court within the meaning of that Act.

19. (1) The presence of the Judge and of at least Quorum of one other member shall be necessary to constitute a

40 sitting of the Court.

(2) The decision of a majority (one of whom shall be the Judge) of the members present at a sitting of the Court shall be the decision of the Court. If the members present are unable to agree the decision of 45 the Judge shall be the decision of the Court.

Registrar and Deputy Registrar a seal of the Court for the sealing of all orders of the Court and other documents

as a judicial body for the determination of appeals and other matters formally submitted to it, but it may also

of its own motion issue general directions to be observed by the Adjustment Commissions in the exercise of their powers and functions under this Act, and may at any 10 time exercise any power or function of an Adjustment

20. The Court shall have in the custody of each

21. It shall not only be the duty of the Court to sit

22. Proceedings before the Court shall not be held

order of the Court, and no proceeding or order as 15

23. (1) Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing

bad for want of form. No appeal shall lie from any

aforesaid shall be liable to be challenged, reviewed,

quashed, or called in question in any Court.

Seal of Court.

Court may issue general Adjustment Commissions.

Proceedings before Court not to be questioned for want of form or appealed against.

Power to appoint additional members of Court.

of Statutes, Vol. II, p. 64

provisions of this Part of this Act, the Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council, if he 20 thinks fit, appoint not more than two additional Judges

that require to be sealed.

Commission under this Act.

of the Court and not more than four other additional members of the Court, to hold office as such during his pleasure.

Now.

Any person may be appointed and may hold office-as-a-Judge-under this section, notwithstanding that he may have attained the age of retirement-prescribed for Judges- of-the-Supreme-Court-by-section-thirteen-of-the Judicature Act, 1908.

(2) Except as provided in this section, the foregoing provisions of this Part of this Act shall apply with respect to any Judge or Judges appointed under this section.

(3) Where any additional Judge is in office under this 35 section references in this Act to the Judge of the Court shall be deemed to include a reference to such additional Judge.

Adjustment Commissions.

24. (1) For the purposes of this Act there shall be 40 established such number of Adjustment Commissions as the Governor-General in Council thinks necessary. Every Adjustment Commission shall be given such distinctive name as the Governor-General in Council determines, and any such name may from time to time 45 be changed by the Governor-General in Council.

See Reprint

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Power to establish Adjustment Commissions.

(2) Every Adjustment Commission shall consist of such number of persons, not exceeding three, as the Governor-General in Council in each case thinks fit, to be appointed by the Governor-General in Council and to 5 hold office during his pleasure. Where a Commission consists of more than one person one of the members shall be appointed by the Governor-General in Council to be the Chairman of the Commission, and the quorum at sittings of the Commission shall be such number as 10 the Governor-General in Council determines.

(3) Any person may be appointed to hold office concurrently as a member of two or more Adjustment

Commissions.

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(4) All Adjustment Commissions established under 15 the Mortgagors and Tenants Relief Act, 1933, are hereby 1933, No. 34 abolished, but the members thereof shall be eligible for appointment under this section.

(5) In the event of the sickness or other incapacity of any member of an Adjustment Commission, the Governor-General in Council may appoint any person to act in the place of such member during his incapacity.

(6) Every Adjustment Commission shall, within the scope of its jurisdiction, be deemed to be a Commission under the Commissions of Inquiry Act, 1908, and all the See Reprint provisions of that Act shall apply thereto accordingly.

(7) The procedure of an Adjustment Commission shall, subject to this Act and to any regulations thereunder, be such as that Adjustment Commission thinks fit:

Provided that the sittings of an Adjustment 30 Commission shall not be open to the public.

25. Before entering upon the exercise of the duties Oath to be of their office the members of every Adjustment Commission shall take and subscribe an oath before the Adjustment Judge or a Registrar that they will faithfully and 35 impartially perform the duties of their office.

**26.** (1) Every order made by an Adjustment Orders of Commission under this Act shall be signed by the Adjustment Commissions Chairman or a member of the Commission and shall to be filed The Adjustment Commission be filed in the Court. shall cause notice of the filing of any order under this section to be given, in such manner as, subject to any rules or regulations made under this Act, the Commission deems sufficient, to all persons affected by the order.

of Statutes. Vol. I, p. 1036

(2) If an appeal is not lodged under the *next* succeeding section, the order may be sealed by the Court, and thereupon it shall be deemed to be an order of the Court.

Appeals to Court of Review.

- 27. (1) Within twenty-one days after the filing of any order of an Adjustment Commission as provided in the last preceding section, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Court, any person affected by the order may, in accordance with the rules of the Court, appeal to the Court from the order or from any part 10 thereof.
- (2) If an appeal is not lodged as aforesaid, the Court, at any time before it seals the order of the Adjustment Commission, may, of its own motion, direct that the order be reviewed before the Court as if an 15 appeal had been lodged, or that the matter be referred to the Adjustment Commission for further consideration.
- (3) Upon any such appeal or review the Court may confirm, discharge, or vary the order of the Adjustment Commission, or direct that the matter be referred to the 20 Commission for further consideration, as it thinks fit, and generally may make such order as it deems just and equitable in the circumstances of the case.

**28.** (1) Every Adjustment Commission shall in the exercise of its powers and functions be subject to the 25 general jurisdiction of the Court of Review.

(2) Proceedings before an Adjustment Commission shall not be held bad for want of form. No proceeding or order of an Adjustment Commission shall be liable to be challenged, reviewed, quashed, or called in question 30 in any Court except the Court of Review.

before Adjustment Commission not to be questioned, except by Court of Review.

Proceedings

## PART III.

REHABILITATION OF MORTGAGORS AND LESSEES.

Applications for Adjustment of Liabilities.

Mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor may apply for an adjustment of his liabilities. 29. (1) Any mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor under 35 a mortgage or lease to which this Act applies may, in accordance with this section, make application in the prescribed form for an adjustment of his liabilities under this Act. The application shall relate specially to a mortgage or lease to which this Act applies and, if the 40 applicant is a farmer applicant or a home applicant, shall specify to which of those classes he belongs.

(2) Every application under this section shall be filed in the office of the Court nearest to the place where the mortgaged or leasehold property is situated. If any application is filed in the wrong office it shall be sent by 5 the Registrar to the proper office and shall be deemed to have been duly filed therein. Instead of filing his application himself any applicant may deliver it to the Postmaster at any post-office, and in any such case the Postmaster shall send the application to the proper office 10 of the Court, and the date of delivery to the Postmaster shall be deemed to be the date of the filing of the application. An acknowledgment in writing signed by or on behalf of any Registrar or Postmaster of the receipt of any application under this section shall be conclusive 15 evidence that the application has been duly filed in the proper office of the Court.

(3) Every application filed under this section shall be accompanied by a complete list of all the creditors and debtors of the applicant, together with a statement 20 containing particulars of his assets and liabilities, and

of the securities held by any secured creditors.

(4) A copy of any application filed under this section shall be forthwith served by the applicant on the mortgagee or lessor under the mortgage or lease to which 25 the application relates.

(5) No application shall be filed under this section at any time after the thirty-first day of January,

nineteen hundred and thirty-seven:

Provided that where the Court is satisfied that the 30 failure to file any application before that date was unavoidable, or was otherwise for any special reason excusable, it may extend the time for filing the application to any date not later than the twenty-eighth day of February, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.

35 30. (1) Where the mortgagor or lessee under a Mortgagee or mortgage or lease to which this Act applies has made lessor or any default in complying with any obligation under the apply for an mortgage or lease but has not filed any application under of mortgage. the last preceding section in relation to that mortgage or lessee's 40 or lease, or in relation to any other mortgage or lease liabilities. to which this Act applies, the mortgagee or lessor or any guarantor in respect of the mortgage or lease may

of mortgagor's

make application in the prescribed form for an adjustment of the mortgagor's or lessee's liabilities under this Act. No application shall be filed under this section at any time after the thirty-first day of January, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.

(2) Every application under this section shall be filed in the office of the Court nearest to the place where the mortgaged or leasehold property is situated, and a copy of the application shall be forthwith served by the mortgagee, lessor, or guarantor on the mortgagor or 10 lessee. If any application is filed in the wrong office it shall be sent by the Registrar to the proper office and shall be deemed to have been duly filed therein.

(3) Within twenty-one days after the service on him of a copy of an application under this section, the 15 mortgagor or lessee shall forward to the Registrar of the Court in whose office the application has been filed a complete list of all his creditors and debtors, together with a statement containing particulars of his assets and liabilities, and of the securities held by any secured 20 creditors.

(4) If any mortgagor or lessee on whom a copy of an application has been served under this section fails without sufficient cause, the proof whereof shall be on him, to comply with the requirements of the last 25 preceding subsection within the time therein specified or within such extended time as the Adjustment Commission may in any case allow, on application in that behalf made either before or after the expiration of the said period of twenty-one days, the Adjustment 30 Commission may order that the mortgage or lease to which the application relates shall cease to be subject to this Act.

**31.** (1) All notices for the adjustment of the adjustment under liabilities of farmer mortgagors under the Rural 35 Mortgagors Final Adjustment Act, 1934-35, that were given by the mortgagor under section eighteen of that Act or by the mortgagee under section nineteen of that Act and are subsisting at the passing of this Act shall enure for the purposes of this Act as if they were 40 applications duly filed under section twenty-nine or section thirty, as the case may be, of this Act, and accordingly shall, where necessary, be deemed to be such applications.

Notices for Rural Mortgagors Final Adjustment Act, 1934-35, deemed to be applications under this Act, and fresh applications may be made where that Act has ceased to apply.

(2) Where any mortgage in respect of which a notice has been filed as aforesaid has before the passing of this Act ceased to be subject to the Rural Mortgagors 1934-35, No. 50 Final Adjustment Act, 1934-35, an application relating 5 to that mortgage may be filed under section twentynine or under section thirty of this Act.

32. The applicant may from time to time file in the Amendment of Court an amended list of creditors or debtors, or an applicant's amended statement of his assets and liabilities.

**33.** Every list of creditors or debtors and every statement of assets and liabilities, and every amendment Verification of of any such list or statement, filed by an applicant statements. pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Act shall

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liabilities.

statement of

his assets and

be verified by the statutory declaration of the applicant. 34. (1) Any person whose name appears on any list Right to 15 of creditors or debtors filed by an applicant pursuant inspect filed statements. to the foregoing provisions of this Act, and any other person who claims, in writing addressed to the Registrar, that he is a creditor of the applicant, may at any time 20 during the office hours of the Court inspect the filed list of creditors or debtors or the filed statement of the applicant's assets and liabilities, and any amendment

of such list or statement. If any person, not being a creditor of the applicant, knowingly makes to the 25 Registrar for the purposes of this section a false representation to the effect that he is a creditor of the applicant, he shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of fifty pounds.

(2) Any inspection under this section may be made 30 personally by the creditor or debtor or person claiming to be a creditor, as aforesaid, or may be made by any other person acting as the authorized agent of a creditor or debtor.

(3) Any person inspecting the list of creditors or 35 debtors or statement of assets and liabilities pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this section may take any copy thereof or extract therefrom.

35. (1) As soon as conveniently may be after the Application for filing of any application under the foregoing provisions adjustment of liabilities to be 40 of this Part of this Act, the Registrar in whose office referred to an the application has been filed shall refer the matter to Adjustment Commission. an Adjustment Commission to be dealt with by that Commission in accordance with the following provisions of this Part of this Act:

Provided that the Court may at any time, if it thinks fit, direct that any application shall be dealt with by the Court without reference to an Adjustment Commission, or that any application that has been referred to an Adjustment Commission, or any specified matter in relation to any such application, shall be dealt with by the Court.

(2) Unless the Court otherwise directs, the Adjustment Commission to which any matter is referred as aforesaid shall be the Commission usually exercising its 10 functions under this Act in the locality in which the property, the subject-matter of the mortgage or lease to which the application relates, is situated.

**36.** (1) The Adjustment Commission to which any application has been referred pursuant to the last preceding 15 section shall as soon as practicable fix a time and place for the hearing of the application, and shall give notice of the time and place so fixed to the applicant and all his creditors if he is a farmer, and, if not, to such of his creditors as in the opinion of the Adjustment Commis- 20

sion are interested in the application.

(2) The applicant and every creditor whose name appears in the applicant's list of creditors, and every other person who satisfies the Adjustment Commission that he is a creditor of the applicant and that he is interested 25 in the hearing, shall be entitled to appear at the hearing personally or by his solicitor, counsel, or agent, and to call such evidence as he thinks fit relating to the matters before the Commission.

(3) The Adjustment Commission may from time to 30 time alter the time and place fixed for the hearing and may adjourn the hearing from time to time and from place to place.

(4) The Adjustment Commission may from time to time before the hearing or during any adjournment 35 thereof exercise such of its powers of inquiry and investigation and such of its other powers as it thinks fit.

(5) The Adjustment Commission may also, if it thinks fit, obtain the opinion of such expert valuers or 40 other persons as in the circumstances it may require.

Adjustment Commission to fix time and place for hearing of application.

# Adjustment of Liabilities.

37. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Adjustment Adjustment Commission shall proceed at the hearing of the application to adjust the liabilities of the applicant liabilities of 5 as hereinafter provided.

applicant.

(2) In so far as it may be necessary or desirable in the interests of any creditor or guarantor of the applicant, an adjustment of the liabilities of any applicant may be made under this Act, notwithstanding 10 that the whereabouts of the applicant may be unknown or that he may have failed to comply with any of the requirements of this Act.

38. (1) In so far as it may be necessary in order to enable an adjustment to be made of the liabilities 15 of any applicant the Adjustment Commission shall make an order determining-

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(a) Whether the applicant is a farmer applicant, or is a home applicant, or is neither a farmer a home applicant nor a home applicant:

(b) The value of any property of the applicant property, the other than his interest (if any) in any farm his leasehold lands:

(c) The basic value of the applicant's interest (if he is any) in any farm lands:

(d) The basic rent of any property held by the property. applicant as lessee under any lease:

(e) Whether or not the applicant is entitled to retain any property that is subject to an adjustable security or is comprised in an adjustable lease, or of any part of the property:

(f) The amount of principal and other moneys secured on any property of the applicant by any adjustable security, after allowing for any remissions made under subsection three of this section.

(2) In determining the value of any property of any applicant other than his interest (if any) in any farm lands, the Adjustment Commission shall have regard to the values subsisting at the passing of this 40 Act, but shall make such increases or reductions in those values as it deems necessary in order to make them fair values to serve as a basis for the adjustment of the liabilities of the applicant in accordance with this Part of this Act.

Adjustment Commission to determine whether or not applicant is a farmer applicant or applicant, the value of his basic rent of property, and whether entitled to

(3) In determining the amount secured by any adjustable security the Adjustment Commission shall take into account (in addition to all other amounts properly included therein) all interest that accrued due before the date of the order and has not been remitted under this subsection or under any other enactment. The Adjustment Commission may remit the whole or any part of any interest accrued due before the date of the order (whether or not it has been capitalized), or the whole or any part of any additional charge of ten 10 per centum added to any rates pursuant to section seventy-six of the Rating Act, 1925. The Adjustment Commission may also remit any amount claimed under any adjustable mortgage for costs incurred by the mortgagee at any time after the twenty-fifth day of 15 August, nineteen hundred and thirty-six.

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VII, p. 1007

Basic value of farm lands.

(4) Any order made under this section may be in like manner from time to time varied at any time before the application for adjustment is finally disposed of.

**39.** (1) For the purposes of this Part of this Act the 20 basic value of the interest of any applicant in any farm lands means the productive value of those lands, as ascertained in manner provided by this section, increased or reduced by such amount as the Adjustment Commission deems necessary in order to make it a fair value to 25 serve as a basis for the adjustment of the liabilities of the applicant in accordance with this Part of this Act.

(2) In determining whether it is necessary to make any increase or reduction in the productive value as aforesaid the Adjustment Commission shall consider the 30 nature and extent of the applicant's interest in the lands, the extent (if any) to which the productive capacity of the farm can be increased by the applicant, and such other matters affecting the farm property as it considers relevant.

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Productive value.

(3) For the purposes of this Part of this Act the productive value of any farm lands shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the net annual income that can be derived from the lands by the average efficient farmer, capitalized at a rate to be fixed for the purpose pursuant 40 to the provisions in that behalf of subsection six hereof.

(4) In order to ascertain the net annual income referred to in the last preceding subsection, there shall be deducted from the gross income that can be derived from the lands as aforesaid all expenses, other than 5 capital expenditure, required to be incurred in the production of such income. The amount of the gross income aforesaid shall be determined on the basis of such prices for farm products as may be fixed for the purposes of this section by the Governor-General by Order in Council, 10 or, in default of any such Order in Council or in so far as any such Order in Council does not extend, by the Court. The said prices shall be fixed after taking into consideration the prices received in respect of products of the same or approximately the same kind, grade, 15 and quality produced in New Zealand during a period of from eight to ten years immediately prior to the thirty-first day of July, nineteen hundred and thirty-five. The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council, fix prices for the purposes of this section as 20 hereinbefore provided.

(5) For the purposes of the last preceding subsection the expenses required to be incurred in the production of the income shall be deemed to include (in addition to all other amounts properly included therein) rates and taxes, 25 reasonable remuneration for the work performed by the applicant or any other person in the production of the income, and interest on the average annual value of the stock and chattels required to be used in the farming operations, computed at a rate to be fixed for the purpose 30 pursuant to the provisions in that behalf of the next succeeding subsection.

(6) The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council, fix the rate at which income is to be capitalized for the purposes of subsection three hereof, 35 and the rate at which interest is to be computed for the purposes of the last preceding subsection.

40. (1) For the purposes of this Part of this Act the Basic rent. basic rent of any property means such rent as in the opinion of the Adjustment Commission is a fair rent to 40 serve as a basis for the adjustment of the liabilities of the applicant in accordance with this Part of this Act.

(2) In determining the basic rent of any property the Adjustment Commission shall have regard to the value of the property, or in the case of farm lands the 45 productive value of the lands as ascertained under the

Method of determining whether applicant is entitled to retain farm lands, home premises, or other property. last preceding section, the value of the lessee's interest (if any) in the improvements on the property, and all other relevant considerations.

41. (1) In determining whether or not any farmer applicant is entitled to retain his farm lands or any part thereof, the Adjustment Commission shall take into consideration the following matters, namely:—

(a) The conduct of the applicant in relation to the care and management of the lands and the disbursement of his income:

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- (b) The extent (if any) to which the area of the farm lands exceeds or is less than the area required to enable the applicant to obtain a reasonable standard of comfort for himself and his family:
- (c) Whether any relief granted pursuant to this Act 15 would be reasonably likely to enable the applicant to meet his future liabilities in respect of the farm lands:

(d) Any other matters that it deems relevant.

(2) In determining whether or not any applicant is 20 entitled to retain any property (not being farm lands), that is subject to an adjustable security or is comprised in an adjustable lease, or any part of the property, the Adjustment Commission shall take into consideration the following matters, namely:—

(a) The conduct of the applicant in relation to the care of the property and the disbursement of his income:

(b) Whether any relief granted pursuant to this Act would be reasonably likely to enable the 30 applicant to meet his future liabilities in respect of the property:

(c) Any other matters that it deems relevant.

- 42. (1) Subject to subsection three of this section, if the basic value of any applicant's interest in any 35 farm lands is less than the total amount of the principal and other moneys secured on his interest in those lands by any adjustable security or adjustable securities, as determined by the Adjustment Commission, the amount so secured shall be deemed to be reduced to 40 an amount equal to the basic value.
- (2) Subject to the next succeeding subsection, if the value as determined by the Adjustment Commission of any property of any applicant (other than his farm lands, if any) is less than the total amount of the principal

Moneys
secured on
farm lands or
other property
to be reduced
to value of
security, and
balance to be
an adjustable
debt.

and other moneys secured on that property by any adjustable security or adjustable securities, as determined by the Adjustment Commission, the amount so secured shall be deemed to be reduced to an amount 5 equal to the value of that property determined as aforesaid.

(3) Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this section shall apply with respect to any property that is sold under section forty-six or section forty-seven of this 10 Act, or in respect of any property to which section forty-eight of this Act applies.

(4) If different portions of the applicant's property (including his farm lands, if any) are subject to different adjustable securities, the foregoing provisions of this 15 section shall apply with respect to each portion

separately.

(5) If there is more than one adjustable security on the same property the total amount deemed to be secured thereby shall for the purposes of this section 20 be appropriated to the several securities in the order of their priority so that the first security shall be satisfied in full before any amount is appropriated to the second security, and so on.

(6) The reduction effected by the operation of this 25 section in the amount secured by any adjustable security shall take effect on a date to be specified in that behalf by an order of the Adjustment Commission. The date so specified may be earlier or later than the date of the

order of the Adjustment Commission.

(7) The amount by which any adjustable security is 30 reduced in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this section shall be deemed to be a debt due by the applicant to the person entitled to the security, and, except to the extent (if any) to which it may be otherwise 35 secured, shall be deemed to be an adjustable debt, and the provisions of section forty-nine of this Act shall apply accordingly with respect to that amount.

43. (1) For the purpose of giving effect to the Variation of provisions of this section and the other provisions of repayment and 40 this Act the Adjustment Commission may make such other terms orders as it thinks fit, having regard to the general purposes specified in section two of this Act, for the variation of the terms and conditions of any adjustable security or for the substitution of a new security for

of adjustable

any adjustable security, whether or not the amount secured by the adjustable security has been reduced by

the operation of the *last preceding* section.

(2) The whole or any part of the amount secured by any adjustable security, whether or not it is a table mortgage, may be made repayable by instalments of principal and interest as under a table mortgage, payable at such regular intervals and throughout such period as may be specified in that behalf by an order of the Adjustment Commission. The period so 10 specified may commence earlier or later than the date of the order.

(3) Where the amount secured on any land has been reduced by the operation of the last preceding section, so much of the reduced amount as is secured by mortgage 15 and is not to be repayable by instalments of principal and interest as under a table mortgage shall be repayable as follows—that is to say, as to a sum to be specified in that behalf by an order of the Adjustment Commission, at the expiration of five years from the date on which the 20 reduction took effect, and as to the balance, on such later date as the Adjustment Commission thinks fit. The sum so specified to be repayable at the expiration of the said period of five years shall not exceed such amount as, in opinion of the Adjustment Commission, the 25 mortgagor will then be able to borrow on first mortgage of the land on reasonable terms; and the terms of the mortgage or mortgages (as varied in accordance with this section), or of any new mortgage or mortgages given pursuant to this section, may provide that the 30 mortgagor shall be entitled to borrow the whole or any part of the sum so specified on first mortgage of the land, and to give a second mortgage or, if necessary, two or more subsequent mortgages for so much of the reduced amount secured on the land as remains owing 35 after the said sum has been repaid.

(4) The interest payable on any adjustable security (or on any new security given pursuant to this section) in respect of any period after a date to be specified in that behalf by an order of the Adjustment Commission 40 shall not exceed the appropriate rate of interest to be prescribed for the purpose pursuant to the provisions in that behalf of the next succeeding subsection. The date so specified may be earlier or later than the date of the

order of the Adjustment Commission.

(5) The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council, fix rates of interest for the purposes of the last preceding subsection. Different rates of interest may be fixed in respect of different classes of securities.

(6) The amount secured by any adjustable charge shall be payable at such time or times and in such manner

as the Adjustment Commission thinks fit.

(7) The terms of any adjustable security (as varied 10 in accordance with this section), or of any new security given pursuant to this section, may provide for the repayment of the moneys secured thereby in the event of the sale or transfer, before the date fixed for repayment, of the property that is subject to the security.

- 15 (8) For the purpose of better enabling the owner of any property to pay the amount secured on the property by any adjustable charge or, in the case of any leasehold property, to pay any arrears of rent, the Adjustment Commission may make such orders as it thinks fit for 20 the postponement, capitalization, reduction, or remission of any interest payable or to become payable under any mortgage of the property, whether in respect of a period before or after the date of the order.
- (9) Subject to the foregoing provisions of this 25 section, the terms and conditions of every adjustable security (as varied in accordance with this section), or of any security substituted therefor as provided in subsection one hereof, shall be such as the Adjustment Commission thinks fit.
- 30 (10) Nothing in this section shall be construed to render it obligatory on the Adjustment Commission to make an order for the variation of any term or condition of a mortgage unless that term or condition is less favourable to the mortgagor than the corresponding 35 term or condition (if any) specified in this section.
- 44. (1) If the basic rent of any property held by Rent payable any applicant as lessee under any adjustable lease is less than the rent payable under the lease, the rent lease payable under the lease shall be deemed to be reduced to 40 an amount equal to the basic rent for such period as may and arrears of be specified in that behalf by an order of the Adjustment rent to be an The period so specified may commence before or after the date of the order of the Adjustment Commission.

to be reduced to basic rent, adjustable debt.

(2) The amount of rent owing by any applicant under any adjustable lease up to a date to be specified in that behalf by an order of the Adjustment Commission shall be deemed to be a debt due by the applicant to the lessor, and, except to the extent (if any) to which it may be otherwise secured, shall be deemed to be an adjustable debt, and the provisions of section forty-nine of this Act shall apply accordingly with respect to that amount. The date so specified may be earlier or later than the date of the order of the Adjustment Commission. 10

Variation of provisions of adjustable leases.

**45.** For the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Act the Adjustment Commission may make such orders as it thinks fit, having regard to the general purposes specified in section two hereof, for the variation of the provisions of any adjustable lease, 15 whether or not the rent payable under the adjustable lease is reduced under the last preceding section.

**46.** (1) The Adjustment Commission may make such orders as it thinks fit for the sale or offering for sale, on such terms and conditions as the Commission may 20 fix in that behalf, either by public auction or public tender, with a right for any mortgagee to become the purchaser, or by private contract, whether to any specified mortgagee, creditor, or other person, or otherwise howsoever,—

(a) Of any property of any applicant that is subject to an adjustable security or is comprised in an adjustable lease, if the Adjustment Commission has determined that the applicant shall not be entitled to retain the property, or if the 30 applicant has elected not to retain property or has abandoned the property:

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(b) In the case of a farmer applicant, of any other property, if the Adjustment Commission considers that its sale is desirable for the 35 purposes of the adjustment of the liabilities of the applicant.

(2) If the net proceeds of the sale of any property under this section are not sufficient to pay the total amount (if any) secured on that property by any 40 adjustable security, the amount remaining unpaid shall be deemed to be a debt due by the applicant to the person entitled to the security, and, except to the extent (if any) to which it may be otherwise secured, shall be deemed

Commission may order sale of any property of applicant in certain cases.

Adjustment

to be an adjustable debt, and the provisions of section forty-nine of this Act shall apply accordingly with respect to that amount.

- 47. (1) Where a mortgage of any property secures Right of the whole or any part of the purchase-money payable to the vendor on a sale of that property, and the amount repurchase secured by the mortgage has been reduced by the operation of section forty-two hereof, the mortgagee shall New.
- 10 | -if-the-Adjustment-Commission-so-orders, be entitled to purchase the property at such price, and otherwise on such terms and conditions, as the Adjustment Commission may fix in that behalf in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (2) The price to be fixed as aforesaid shall be an 15 amount equal to the price payable on the sale first hereinbefore mentioned, increased by the value for the time being of the improvements to the property (if any) made since that sale, and reduced by a proper 20 allowance for depreciation. The amounts to be allowed as aforesaid for the improvements and for depreciation shall be determined by the Adjustment Commission for the purposes of this section.
- (3) If the net proceeds of the sale of any property 25 under this section are not sufficient to pay the total amount secured on that property by any adjustable security, the amount remaining unpaid shall be deemed to be a debt due by the applicant to the person entitled to the security, and, except to the extent (if any) to 30 which it may be otherwise secured, shall be deemed to be an adjustable debt, and the provisions of section forty-nine of this Act shall apply accordingly with respect to that amount.
- (4) In any case where a mortgagee who is entitled 35 to purchase any property under this section does not do so, nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the powers conferred on the Adjustment Commission by the *last preceding* section.
- (5) Where the mortgagees under two or more 40 mortgages desire to purchase any property under this section, preference shall be given to the mortgagee under Moneys the mortgage that was last registered.
- 48. (1) Where the Adjustment Commission has is abandoned determined that any applicant shall not be entitled to adjustable 45 retain any property, or where any applicant has elected debt. not to retain any property or has abandoned the property, whether before or after the passing of this

property at subject to allowances for improvements and depreciation.

secured on

Act, and the property has not been sold under section forty-six or section forty-seven of this Act, or as mentioned in the next succeeding subsection, the total amount owing by the applicant under any adjustable security affecting the property shall, except to the extent (if any) to which it may be otherwise secured, be deemed to be an adjustable debt, and the provisions of section forty-nine of this Act shall apply accordingly with respect to that amount. The discharge, through the operation of this subsection, of the applicant's 10 liability for the whole or any part of the amount owing under any adjustable security shall not be deemed to release any property from the whole or any part of the amount secured thereon by the adjustable security. (2) Where any property of any applicant has, 15

whether before or after the passing of this Act, been lawfully sold (otherwise than under section forty-six or section forty-seven of this Act) under a power conferred by or in respect of any adjustable security, or under the powers conferred by the Rating Act. 1925, in respect of 20 judgments for unpaid rates, and the net proceeds of the sale are not sufficient to pay the total amount secured on the property by any adjustable security, the amount remaining unpaid, except to the extent (if any) to which it may be otherwise secured or may not be owing by the 25 applicant, shall be deemed to be an adjustable debt, and

the provisions of the next succeeding section shall apply accordingly with respect to that amount.

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VII, p. 977

> **49.** (1) Except to the extent to which provision for their payment or satisfaction is made by an order 30 under this section, all adjustable debts to which any applicant is subject at the date of the application for the adjustment of his liabilities under this Act, and such of the adjustable debts to which he subsequently becomes subject as the Adjustment Commission deter- 35 mines for the purposes of this section, shall be deemed to be discharged on a date to be fixed in that behalf by an order of the Adjustment Commission.

> (2) Unless the Adjustment Commission otherwise orders, where at the date fixed as provided in the last 40 preceding subsection the creditor in respect of any adjustable debt to which any applicant is subject is himself subject to any liability, present or future, certain or contingent, in favour of the applicant, the adjustable

Adjustable debts to be discharged, except so far as the Adjustment Commission provides for their payment in whole or in part.

debt and the creditor's liability may be set off one against the other, and the last preceding subsection shall apply only with respect to the excess (if any) of the adjustable debt over the amount of the creditor's

5 liability.

(3) The Adjustment Commission may make such orders as it thinks fit, having regard to the general purposes specified in section two hereof, and to the other provisions of this Act, and to the circumstances 10 in which the debts were contracted, and to all other relevant considerations, for the payment or satisfaction in whole or in part of the adjustable debts of any applicant, whether or not he continues in the use and occupation of his property or of any part thereof:

Provided that where the applicant has no assets 15 available for the payment or satisfaction of any adjustable debt, no order shall be made for the payment or satisfaction of that debt unless the Adjustment Commission deems it just and equitable to make such 20 an order, after taking into consideration the amount of the income of the applicant, any hardship that would be inflicted on the creditor by failure to make the order, and all other relevant matters.

(4) In particular, without limiting the general power 25 hereinbefore conferred, orders may be made under this section for all or any of the following purposes:—

(a) Determining the time or times at which and the manner in which any adjustable debts shall

be paid or satisfied:

(b) Providing for the payment or satisfaction of any adjustable debts or classes thereof in priority to or to the exclusion of other adjustable debts or classes thereof:

(c) Providing for the securing of any adjustable debt in whole or in part on any property of the applicant, whether or not it is already subject to any prior security, but so that the total amount secured on any property shall not exceed the value of that property or, in the case of farm lands, the basic value thereof:

(d) Providing for the borrowing of money on the security of any property of the applicant, to be applied in or towards the satisfaction of

any adjustable debts:

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- (e) Providing for the application of any property of the applicant in its existing form in or towards the satisfaction of any adjustable debts:
- (f) Providing for the payment to the mortgagee or lessor, or to such other person as may be specified, of the whole or any part of the amount of the applicant's liability under any guarantee.

Power to give priority to moneys advanced in respect of farming operations.

**50.** (1) Where at any time within twelve months 10 before the passing of this Act, or at any time after the passing thereof, any moneys have been advanced to any farmer applicant for the provision of seeds, manure, or stock, or for current working or living expenses, or otherwise in respect of his farming operations, or any 15 debts have been incurred by him for any such purpose, the Adjustment Commission may make such orders as it thinks fit to provide for the payment or securing of the moneys so advanced or of the debts so incurred in priority to any other secured or unsecured debts of the 20 applicant.

(2) Where the person by whom any moneys have been so advanced or to whom any debts have been so incurred during any farming season is a creditor of the applicant in respect of any other moneys, the last 25 preceding subsection shall apply only with respect to so much of the amount of the moneys so advanced or of the debts so incurred as exceeds the total amount received by the creditor during that farming season in respect of

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any of the applicant's liabilities to him. **51.** (1) If at any time while an application for the

adjustment of the liabilities of any farmer applicant under this Act is pending he has in his possession any chattel that is the subject-matter of a customary hirepurchase agreement within the meaning of section 35 fifty-seven of the Chattels Transfer Act, 1924, the owner of that chattel shall not, except with the authority of an order of the Adjustment Commission, terminate the agreement or remove the chattel from the possession of the applicant.

(2) The owner of any such chattel may at any time apply to the Adjustment Commission for authority to terminate the agreement or to remove the chattel from the possession of the applicant, and the Adjustment Commission shall give such authority except in cases 45 where in its opinion the chattel is required by the applicant for the purposes of his farming operations.

Restriction of rights of vendor under customary hire-purchase agreement. See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. I, p. 655

(3) If in the opinion of the Adjustment Commission the chattel is required by the applicant for the purposes of his farming operations, the Adjustment Commission may refuse to consent to the termination of the agreement or the removal of the chattel and may from time to time make such orders as it deems just and equitable for the variation of the agreement, or may at any time order that the agreement be terminated and that the chattel be returned to the owner upon such terms and conditions 10 as the Adjustment Commission thinks fit.

(4) For the purposes of this section the term "owner" in relation to any chattel means the vendor or bailor of that chattel within the meaning of section

fifty-seven of the Chattels Transfer Act, 1924.

52. Where in the case of any farmer applicant the Provision of Adjustment Commission, having regard to the general moneys for purpose specified in subsection one of section two of this Act, considers that provision should be made for the expenditure of moneys for any purpose that in the opinion of the Adjustment Commission would increase the productive capacity or the value of the farm lands of the applicant or would increase the income that can be derived from those lands, and that the available moneys of the applicant are not sufficient for that purpose, the Adjustment Commission may make such orders as it thinks fit for the borrowing of moneys for that purpose on the security of any property of the applicant, and for the securing of any moneys so borrowed in priority to any other moneys that may be 30 already secured on the said farm lands.

productive capacity of farm lands.

# Adjustment of Liability of Guarantors.

## Struck-out.

**53.** No concessions or benefits granted to a mortgagor or lessee pursuant to this Act shall ipso facto operate to 35 relieve any guarantor in respect of the mortgage or lease from any of his liabilities under the guarantee.

Relief of mortgagor or lessee not to relieve guarantor.

### New.

53a.-No-concession, benefit, or discharge from liability granted to any mortgagor, lessee, or guaranter under this 40 Act shall operate to relieve any other person from any liability-under-the-mortgage,-lease,-or-guarantee.

54. (1) The liability or obligation of any applicant under any guarantee in respect of an adjustable Adjustment mortgage or adjustable lease shall, except to the extent of liability of (if any) to which it may be otherwise secured, be deemed applicant under to be an adjustable debt, and the provisions of section guarantee. forty-nine of this Act shall apply accordingly with respect thereto.

Relief of mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor not to relieve any other person.

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Discharge of liability of guarantor who is not an applicant, unless notice is served on him by mortgagee or lessor.

(2) Where no application for the adjustment of the liabilities of any guarantor under this Act is filed on or before the thirty-first day of January, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, his liability under guarantee shall be deemed to be discharged on that date unless there has been served on him on or before the thirty-first day of December, nineteen hundred and thirty-six, a notice from the mortgagee, lessor, or other person to whom he is liable, specifying the nature and extent of his liability and containing a statement to the 10 effect that an application for the adjustment of his liability under this Act may be filed not later than the thirty-first day of January, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.

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New. Provided that where the Court is satisfied that the failure-to-serve-a-notice-under-this-subsection-on-any guaranter on or before the thirty-first day of December, nineteen hundred and thirty six, was unavoidable, or was otherwise for any special reason excusable, it may 20 extend the time for serving the notice to any date-not later-than-the-thirty-first-day-of-January, nineteen-hundred and-thirty-seven. An application-for-any-such-extension may be made at any time (whether before or after the service of the notice) not later than the said-thirty-first-day of January, nineteen hundred and thirty seven. Where the-Court-makes-an-order-granting any-such-extension, a eopy-of-the-order,-under-the-seal of-the-Court,-shall-be served-on-the-guarantor, and he-may,-netwithstanding anything to the contrary in subsection six of section twenty nine of this Act, file an application for an adjustment of his liabilities under this Act at any time within one month after-the-date-of-such-service.

(3) The discharge, through the operation of this section, of any person's liability for the whole or any part of the amount owing under any mortgage shall not be deemed to release any property from the whole or any part of the amount secured thereon by the mortgage.

(4) Every guaranter in respect of any adjustable mortgage or adjustable lease shall be subrogated to the 40 rights of the mortgagee or lessor in respect of any amount paid by him under the guarantee:

Provided that nothing in this section subsection shall be construed to increase the liabilities of any mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor as adjusted under this Act.

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## PART IV.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

55. (1) While an application for the adjustment of Limitation of the liabilities of any mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor rights of creditors until 5 under any mortgage or lease is pending under this Act, 31st January, it shall not be lawful, except with the leave of the Court, granted upon such terms and conditions as the Court while thinks fit, for any mortgagee, lessor, creditor, or other an application for adjustment person whomsoever to do in respect of the mortgagor or is pending. 10 lessee, or of any guarantor under the mortgage or lease, or in respect of any property of the mortgagor or lessee

or of any such guarantor, any of the acts referred to in subsection three of this section, or to continue or complete

the doing of any such act.

15 (2) Until after the thirty-first day of January, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, the provisions of the last preceding subsection shall apply with respect to every mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor under a mortgage or lease to which this Act applies, for the adjustment 20 of whose liabilities no application has been filed under

this Act, in the same manner in all respects as if such

an application were pending.

(3) The acts to which this section relates are the

following:-

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(a) To commence or continue proceedings in any 25 Court for the enforcement directly or indirectly of any adjustable debt or of any debt secured by an adjustable security:

(b) To exercise any power of sale, rescission, or entry into possession conferred by any

adjustable security:

(c) To exercise any power of re-entry conferred by any adjustable lease or any power of determining any adjustable lease:

(d) To seize or sell any property by way of distress for rent payable under any adjustable lease:

(e) To issue or proceed with any process of execution in pursuance of any judgment, decree, or order of any Court if the judgment, decree, or order was obtained in respect of an adjustable debt or in respect of a debt secured by an adjustable security, or if the property affected by the process of execution is subject to an adjustable security or is comprised in an adjustable lease:

1937, and thereafter

See Reprint of Statutes. Vol. IV, p. 388 (f) To issue or proceed with a summons under section five of the Imprisonment for Debt Limitation Act, 1908, in respect of any judgment or order of any Court obtained in respect of an adjustable debt or in respect of a debt secured by an adjustable security, except in cases in which fraud is alleged against the judgment debtor:

(g) To file or proceed with a bankruptcy petition or a winding-up petition in respect of any 10 adjustable debt or in respect of any debt secured by an adjustable security:

(h) To sell or lease any property that is subject to an adjustable security or is comprised in an adjustable lease, under the powers conferred 15 by the Rating Act, 1925, in respect of judgments for unpaid rates.

(4) Where any mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor, being the person primarily liable for the payment of any rates, is protected in respect of his liability for the 20 payment of those rates through the operation of the foregoing provisions of this section, then, notwithstanding anything in section seventy of the Rating Act, 1925, every other person from whom the rates could be recovered pursuant to that section shall be protected to 25 the same extent.

(5) The period during which the commencement of proceedings in any Court for the enforcement of any debt or liability is prohibited by the operation of this. section shall not be taken into account for the purpose 30 of any enactment limiting the period within which those proceedings may be commenced.

56. (1) Where, with respect to any such person or property as is mentioned in subsection one or subsection two of the last preceding section, the doing of any of 35 the acts referred to in subsection three of that section has been completed (whenever commenced) before the passing of this Act but after the twenty-fifth day of August, nineteen hundred and thirty-six. the Court, on the application of any person who claims to have 40 been affected by the doing of such act, may make such orders as it deems just and equitable for the purpose of reopening the transaction and setting aside the doing of such act, and reinstating the parties as nearly as may be in their former positions.

(2) No application to the Court under this section • shall be heard by the Court unless the application is made within one month after the passing of this Act.

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VII, p. 977

Ibid., Vol. VII, p. 1004

Power to reopen transactions in certain cases where creditors have exercised their rights.

**57.** On the application of any creditor of any court may mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor for the adjustment of whose liabilities an application is pending under this Act, creditors from upon the ground that the mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor, acts intended any creditor or other person whosoever has defeat their committed or is committing or is about to commit a breach of any order for the time being in force under this Act, or has done or is doing or is about to do anything that is intended or calculated to delay or defeat the 10 claims of the creditors of the mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor or of any of the creditors, the Court may make such order as in the circumstances it deems just and equitable for the purpose of protecting the interests of the creditors or of any of them.

to protect claims.

58. (1) Every mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor who, Applicants 15 while any application for the adjustment of his liabilities restrained under this Act is pending.—

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(a) Without  $_{
m the}$ ofconsent the Adjustment Commission, granted upon such terms and conditions as the Commission thinks mortgages, charges, pledges, or creates any lien upon or otherwise encumbers any part of his property, or transfers, assigns, or parts with the possession or control of any part of his property otherwise than in the ordinary course of business; or

from disposing of property, or obtaining credit without disclosure, while application

(b) Being a farmer applicant, obtains credit to the extent of twenty pounds or upwards from any person without informing that person that he is a farmer applicant in respect of whom an application is pending under this Act,—

shall be liable to the penalties to which he would be liable under section fifty-eight of the Chattels Transfer Act, see Reprint 1924, if, being the grantor of an instrument by way of 35 security under that Act, he had defrauded or attempted to defraud the grantee under such instrument.

of Statutes, Vol. I, p. 657

- (2) Any mortgage, charge, pledge, lien, encumbrance, transfer, assignment, or delivery in contravention of paragraph (a) of the last preceding subsection may be 40 declared by the Court to be void.
- 59. The Court may at any time dismiss any court may application made under this Act if it is satisfied that the dismiss frivolous or application is frivolous or vexatious or is made solely vexatious for the purpose of delay, or that, having regard to the applications, 45 provisions of this Act, the applicant is not entitled to any relief or, as the case may be, to any further relief under this Act,

Application for adjustment not affected by death of applicant.

**60.** (1) In the event of the death of any mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor for the adjustment of whose liabilities an application is pending under this Act. the application and all proceedings in respect thereof shall enure and be continued as if the application had been made by or in respect of the personal representatives of the deceased person.

(2) In the event of the death, whether before or after the passing of this Act, of any person who, if alive, would be entitled to apply for an adjustment of his 10 liabilities under this Act, his personal representatives may apply for an adjustment of the liabilities of his estate in accordance with this Act.

(3) If there are no personal representatives of any person who has died as aforesaid, an application for 15 the adjustment of the liabilities of his estate under this Act may be made by his wife (or in the case of a woman by her husband), or by any of his children, or by any solicitor or agent who was acting for him at the time of his death. Every application made under this subsection 20 shall be deemed to have lapsed at the expiration of three months from the date of its filing, unless it has theretofore been confirmed by the personal representatives of the deceased person.

Service of notices or documents.

- **61.** (1) In any case where it is provided by this Act 25 that any notice or document is to be served on any person, the notice or document shall be delivered to that person. and may be delivered to him either personally or by posting it by registered letter addressed to that person at his last known place of abode or business in New 30 Zealand. A notice or document so posted shall be deemed to have been served at the time when the registered letter would in the ordinary course of post be delivered.
- (2) If the person is absent from New Zealand, the 35 notice or document may be delivered as aforesaid to his agent in New Zealand. If he is deceased the notice or document may be delivered as aforesaid to his personal representatives.
- (3) If the person is not known, or is absent from New 40 Zealand and has no known agent in New Zealand, or is deceased and has no personal representatives, the notice or document shall be delivered in such manner as may be directed by an order of the Court or of the Adjustment Commission.

(4) For the purposes of this section, any notice or document shall be deemed to have been delivered to the Native owners of any Native land if the land is described in the notice or document and the notice or document is 5 delivered to the Registrar of the Native Land Court for the district in which the land is situated, either personally or by posting it by registered letter addressed to the Registrar at his office.

(5) Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing pro-10 visions of this section, the Court or the Adjustment Commission may in any case make an order directing the manner in which any notice or document is to be delivered, or dispensing with the delivery thereof.

62. No party to any proceedings before the Court Costs in 15 or an Adjustment Commission shall be liable to pay the proceedings before Court costs of any other party to any such proceedings unless or Adjustment the Court or the Commission, as the case may be, makes an order for the payment by any party of such costs on the ground that in its opinion the conduct of that party 20 has been for the purpose of causing delay or has in any other respect been vexatious, or on the ground that it is desirable for any other special reason to make such an order.

Commission.

63. (1) The Governor-General may from time to Power to 25 time, by Order in Council, fix the maximum fees that may fix solicitors' fees in respect be charged by any solicitor to any client in respect of of proceedings proceedings in the Court or before any Adjustment under this Act Commission under this Act, or in respect of any pro- Expenditure ceedings under Part III of the National Expenditure Adjustment 30 Adjustment Act, 1932.

or National

(2) All Orders in Council that were issued under section twenty-five of the Mortgagors and Tenants Relief 1933, No. 34 Act, 1933, and are in force at the passing of this Act, shall enure for the purposes of this Act as fully and 35 effectually as if they had been issued under this section. and accordingly shall, where necessary, be deemed to have been so issued.

1932, No. 8

64. Provision may from time to time be made by Publication regulations under this Act for the publication in the in Gazette 40 Gazette of lists of the persons for the adjustment of applicants for whose liabilities applications are made under this Act, and of the applicants whose applications are finally disposed of, with such particulars as may be prescribed.

Prohibiting publication of reports of proceedings of Court or Adjustment Commission.

**65.** (1) Except with the consent of the Court or Adjustment Commission, no report or account of any sitting of the Court or of any Adjustment Commission, or of any application, evidence, or proceedings before the Court or Adjustment Commission, or of any list published in the *Gazette* as provided in the *last preceding* section, shall be published in any newspaper or other document.

(2) Every person who publishes or causes to be published any report or account in contravention of the 10 provisions of this section commits an offence, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of *fifty* pounds.

66. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any rule of law or in any Act or instrument, where any property that is subject to a mortgage to which this Act 15 applies or that is comprised in an adjustable lease is destroyed or damaged by fire, the Court or any Adjustment Commission may, if it considers that the circumstances of the case warrant such a course, order that any moneys received by any mortgagee or lessor 20 under any contract of insurance in respect of the destruction or damage shall be applied in or towards rebuilding, repairing, or replacing the destroyed or damaged property.

67. (1) For the purpose of better enabling it to give 25 effect to the provisions of this Act, any Adjustment Commission may make such orders as it thinks fit for the apportionment of the moneys secured by any adjustable security between two or more parts of the property that is subject to the security, or for the release 30 of any specified part of the property on payment of a specified part of the moneys, or for the discharge of the security and the substitution of two or more separate securities over separate parts of the property.

(2) Where any adjustable security is subject to any 35 mortgage or charge the powers conferred by the *last preceding* subsection may be exercised with respect to that mortgage or charge as well as with respect to the adjustable security.

68. Where by reason of the fact that the security 40 secures an annuity or a rent-charge, or is in an unusual form or contains unusual provisions, or for any other reason, the application of any of the provisions of this Act with respect to any adjustable security would not,

Application of fire-insurance moneys in restitution of destroyed or damaged property.

Power to apportion mortgages.

Special provisions as to mortgages securing annuities, &c.

in the opinion of the Adjustment Commission, give effect to the intent and purpose of this Act, the Adjustment Commission may make such orders as it thinks fit for the determination of the amount that shall be deemed to 5 be secured by the security, or for the reduction of the amount secured thereby, or generally for giving effect as far as possible to the intent and purpose of this Act in relation to the security.

69. Where any person is by virtue of any mortgage, Power to 10 assignment, order, or other instrument, whether vary or executed before or after the passing of this Act, entitled assignments to receive any moneys or property that any applicant or orders would but for that mortgage, assignment, order, or applicants. instrument be entitled to receive, the Adjustment 15 Commission may make such orders as it thinks fit to provide for the cancellation or variation of that person's right to receive such moneys or property or for the application or disposal of any moneys or property received by him as aforesaid that are the proceeds of

20 farming operations carried on by the applicant at any time since the commencement of the farming season that is current at the passing of this Act, and of any other moneys or property received by him as aforesaid at any time after the passing of this Act.

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70. Where any land or premises that are subject to Recovery of an adjustable mortgage or are comprised in an possession adjustable lease are for the time being occupied by a of mortgaged tenant, not being the mortgagor or lessee, the Court, or leasehold subject to the provisions of the Fair Rents Act, 1936, Property. 1936, No. 14 30 shall have jurisdiction to make orders for the recovery of possession of the land or premises from the tenant.

71. (1) In order that full effect may be given to the General intent and purpose of this Act the Court and (subject court and to the court) of the Court and direction of the court and court and to the control of the Court) every Adjustment Adjustment 35 Commission shall, in every matter coming before it, have full power and jurisdiction to deal with and determine the matter in such manner and to make such order, not inconsistent with this Act, as it deems just and equitable in the circumstances of the case, notwithstanding that 40 express provision in respect of that matter is not contained herein.

Commissions.

(2) In the course of any proceedings before it the Court and every Adjustment Commission may, with or without any application and upon such terms as to notice to parties and otherwise as it thinks fit, proceed to exercise any part of its jurisdiction the exercise of which in those proceedings it deems necessary advisable.

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Court may require execution of instruments to give effect to orders.

72. (1) The Court may direct any person to execute. any instrument that in the opinion of the Court may be required for the purposes of this Act, whether to enable 10 any order to be made or to give effect to any order made under this Act.

(2) If any person required to execute any such instrument fails or refuses to execute it, or if for any other reason the Court deems it necessary so to do, the 15 Court may authorize the Registrar to execute the instrument in the name and on behalf of that person.

73. (1) Any order of the Court affecting any property may, if the Court so orders, or if the rules of the Court so provide, be registered in respect of that 20 property under the Land Transfer Act, 1915, the Deeds Registration Act, 1908, the Chattels Transfer Act, 1924,

or any other Act.

(2) For the purposes of such registration a copy of the order, under the seal of the Court, shall be 25 transmitted by the Registrar of the Court to the District Land Registrar, Registrar of Deeds, Registrar of the Supreme Court, or other person charged with the duty of keeping the register concerned, and the said Registrar or other person shall thereupon register it accordingly 30 without payment of any fee. Unless the Court otherwise orders, or the rules of the Court otherwise provide, the production of any certificate of title or other instrument shall not be necessary for the purpose of any such registration.

(3) Where an order of the Court affects any estate or interest in land that is subject to the Land Transfer Act, 1915, or affects any other property that is subject to an Act providing that registration is necessary to give effect to dealings with the legal title thereto, the order, 40 until it is registered in accordance with this section, shall

affect only the equitable title to the property.

Registration of orders under Land Transfer Act, Chattels Transfer Act. and other Acts.

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VII, pp. 1162, 1143, Vol. I, p. 632

74. (1) No stamp duty under the Stamp Duties Act, Exemption 1923, or any other Act, shall be chargeable in respect of any order of the Court, or in respect of any statutory and certain declaration that is required for the purposes of this Act, 5 or in respect of any instrument that is executed pursuant to an order of the Court for the purpose of varying or replacing any adjustable security.

(2) Regulations may from time to time be made under this Act exempting from stamp duty any other classes 10 of instruments required for the purposes of this Act.

(3) No fees shall be payable to any District Land Registrar, Registrar of Deeds, Registrar of the Supreme Court, or other person for registering any instrument fees. that is exempted from stamp duty by this section or by

15 any regulations made as aforesaid.

75. For the purpose of enforcing any order of the Enforcement Court a copy of the order, under the seal of the Court, may be filed without payment of any fee in any office of the Supreme Court or of a Magistrate's Court, as the 20 Court of Review directs, whereupon the order shall be enforceable in the same manner as a final judgment of the Supreme Court or of the Magistrate's Court, as the case may be, in its civil jurisdiction.

76. (1) Where an application for a revaluation of Applications 25 the land comprised in any lease or license has been for made under section two hundred and sixteen or section two hundred and forty-six of the Land Act, 1924, and has not been finally disposed of at the passing of this Act, the application shall be deemed to be an 30 application duly filed under section twenty-nine of this under this Act. t for an adjustment of the liabilities of the lessee or Ibid., vol. IV, pp. 723, 742

(2) The powers conferred by sections two hundred 828–830 Act for an adjustment of the liabilities of the lessee or licensee, and shall be dealt with accordingly.

and sixteen and two hundred and forty-six of the Land 35 Act, 1924, and sections eleven, twelve, and thirteen of the Land Laws Amendment Act, 1927, shall not be exercised between the passing of this Act and the first day of February, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.

77. (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in State lending 40 any Act, the Crown or any person acting for and on Departments behalf of the Crown or any incorporated Department authorities of State or any local authority or public body may agree may agree to an adjustments. to an adjustment of the liabilities of any mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor in accordance with the provisions of 45 this Act:

from stamp instruments. See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VII, p. 402

Exemption registration

revaluations of rural Crown lands deemed to be applications for adjustment

Provided that no adjustment shall be agreed to under this section by any Department except with the concurrence of the Board (if any) charged with the control of the investments of that Department.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any powers possessed by the Crown, or by any person, Department, local authority, or public body independently of this section.

78. (1) It shall be lawful for any trustee to agree to an adjustment of the liabilities of any mortgagor, lessee, 10 or guaranter in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the powers conferred on a trustee by section two of the Trustee Amendment Act, 1924, or by section four of 15 the Trustee Amendment Act, 1935, or otherwise howsoever.

**79.** (1) The Court and every Adjustment Commission shall endeavour to promote voluntary adjustments of the liabilities of mortgagors, lessees, and guarantors, and 20 may make such orders as it thinks fit for the purpose of giving effect to any such adjustments that in its opinion are in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

(2) Unless it is embodied in an order of the Court, no voluntary adjustment shall have any force or effect 25 to deprive any mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor of any right, power, privilege, or other benefit provided for by this Act.

80. No covenant or condition contained in any mortgage or lease or in any deed or other instrument, 30 whether executed before or after the passing of this Act, shall have or be deemed heretofore to have had any force or effect to deprive any mortgagor, lessee, or guarantor of any right, power, privilege, or other benefit provided for by this Act.

**81.** (1) The mortgager under any mortgage to which this Act applies may at any time not later than the thirty-first day of January, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, serve on the mortgagee a notice requiring him to reduce the rate of interest payable under the 40 mortgage to such rate as may be specified in that behalf in the notice.

Trustees may agree to adjustments.

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VIII, p. 917 1935, No. 37 Voluntary adjustments.

As to contracting out of benefits provided by

Right of mortgagor to repay principal, if înterest not reduced.

- (2) If the mortgagee does not, within one month after the service of the notice, duly reduce the rate of interest payable under the mortgage to the rate so specified, or to such other rate as may be agreed upon by the mortgagor and the mortgagee, the mortgagor shall be entitled, at any time within three months after the service of the notice, to repay the principal sum secured by the mortgage with interest up to the date of repayment only.
- (3) Where the rate of interest payable under a table mortgage is reduced pursuant to this section, then, subject to any other variation that may be duly made in the terms and conditions of the mortgage, the amount of each instalment of principal and interest payable after the date of the reduction shall be reduced by an amount equal to the amount by which the interest included in the instalment has been reduced.
- (4) The provisions of sections seventy-seven and seventy-eight of this Act shall apply with respect to agreements made under this section as if they were agreements for the adjustment of liabilities in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- 82. (1) Where the amount secured on any land has Restricting been reduced by the operation of section forty-two of sale this Act, or where the rent of any land has been reduced by the operation of subsection one of section forty-four which of this Act, or where any arrears of rent have been remitted in whole or in part by the operation of made under subsection two of the said section forty-four, it shall not be lawful, except with the leave of the granted upon such terms and conditions as the Court thinks fit, for the owner for the time being of the land or of any part thereof, or of any interest in the land or in any part thereof, to sell or otherwise dispose of the same at any time before the first day of January, nineteen hundred and forty-one.

respect of adjustments have been this Act.

Provided-that nothing-in this subsection shall apply with respect to any interest that was not owned by the applicant-at the time of the reduction or remission as aforesaid, or with respect to any sale or other disposition that is made under a power conferred by any mortgage or-other-security, or under-a-power-conferred-by-any Act-for-the purpose of enforcing any charge, or with respect to any interest that at any time since the reduction or remission has been sold or otherwise disposed of-under-any-such-power.

New.

(2) The Court shall not grant leave to make any such sale or other disposition except in exceptional cir-50 cumstances, and after taking into consideration the general purposes specified in section two of this Act.

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(3) The conditions imposed by the Court upon granting leave to any owner to make any such sale or other disposition may include a condition that such portion of the price or other consideration as the Court deems equitable, having regard to all the circumstances and in particular to any improvements made to the land since the adjustments were made, shall become payable into Court in such manner and within such time as the Court directs, and shall be applied by the Court for the benefit of all or any of the creditors of the owner whose 10 claims have been discharged in whole or in part by the operation of section forty-nine of this Act.

Regulations.

83. (1) The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council, make all such regulations as in his opinion may be necessary or expedient for giving 15 full effect to the provisions of this Act and for the due administration thereof.

(2) Without limiting the general power hereinbefore conferred, regulations may be made under this section for the purpose of providing that, notwithstanding 20 anything to the contrary in the Land Transfer Act, 1915, or in the Deeds Registration Act, 1908, or in any other Act, any mortgage executed for the purposes of this Act shall upon registration have priority over any mortgage

or charge previously registered.

(3) All regulations made under this section shall be laid before Parliament within twenty-eight days after the making thereof if Parliament is then in session, and, if not, shall be laid before Parliament within twentyeight days after the commencement of the next ensuing 30 session.

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National Expenditure Adjustment Act.

84. (1) The National Expenditure Adjustment Act, 1932, as amended by section fourteen of the Finance Act, 1934, is hereby further amended as follows:—

(a) By omitting from section thirty-one the words "at any time before the first day of April, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven ":

(b) By omitting from subsection one of section thirty-four the words "and before the first 40 day of April, nineteen hundred and thirtyseven"; and also by omitting from the same subsection all words after  $_{
m the}$ "provisions of this Part of this Act":

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VII, pp. 1162, 1143

Making permanent the operation of Part III of National Expenditure Adjustment Act, 1932 (effecting reductions in interest, rent, and other fixed charges). 1932, No. 8 1934, No. 2

(c) By omitting from subsection one of section forty-one the words "for the period of five consecutive financial years of such company, the first such year being the financial year that commences in the calendar year nineteen hundred and thirty-two", and substituting the words "from the commencement of the financial year of the company that commences in the calendar year nineteen hundred and thirty-two ".

(2) Section five of the Finance Act, 1933, as amended 1933, No. 33 by section fourteen of the Finance Act. 1934, is hereby 1934, No. 2 further amended by repealing subsection four, and

substituting the following subsection:-

"(4) The Court may at any time review any order made by it under the said section, and may discharge it or vary the terms thereof."

(3) Section fourteen of the Finance Act, 1934, is Repeal.

hereby consequentially repealed.

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20 (4) The said section five of the Finance Act, 1933, 1933, No. 33 is hereby further amended by omitting from subsection one the words "to modify the provisions of any deed, will, or settlement, in so far as they provide for payment

of any annuity or other periodical payment ".

Order in Council, transfer to the Court of Review all or any of the functions of the Supreme Court or of a Stipendiary Magistrate under Part III of the National Expenditure Adjustment Act, 1932. Every such Order the Court 30 in Council shall have effect according to its tenor, and shall come into force on a date to be fixed in that behalf 1932, No. 8

85. The Governor-General may from time to time, by Power to functions of Supreme Court or Magistrate to

# Repeals and Savings.

86. (1) The enactments specified in the Schedule Repeals. 35 hereto are hereby repealed.

(2) Section four of the Trustee Amendment Act, 1935, No. 37 1935, shall hereafter be construed as if the references in subsections one and two thereof to the Mortgagors 1933, No. 34 and Tenants Relief Act, 1933, and to Part I of that Act, 40 were references to this Act.

in the order.

Saving of existing orders for relief under Mortgagors and Tenants Relief Act.

87. (1) Subject to revocation or variation under the next succeeding subsection, where any order in relief of a mortgagor or lessee that was made under the Mortgagors and Tenants Relief Act, 1933, or under any enactment repealed by that Act, or any order in relation 5 to stock mortgages that was made under section eleven of that Act, is subsisting or in force at the passing of this Act, that order shall, notwithstanding the repeal of that Act, continue in force as if that Act were still in force, and all proceedings may be taken and all 10 jurisdiction exercised with respect to that order accordingly:

Provided that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to continue any such order in force—

- (a) After the thirty-first day of January, nineteen 15 hundred and thirty-seven, in any case where no application for the adjustment of the liabilities of the mortgagor or lessee is filed under this Act on or before that date; or
- (b) After the liabilities of the mortgagor or lessee 20 are finally adjusted under this Act, or after the mortgage or lease ceases to be subject to this Act, in any case where an application is made as aforesaid: or
- (c) In any case, after the time (if any) specified 25 for its expiry in the order as from time to time varied under the next succeeding subsection.
- (2) The Court may from time to time, subject to such terms and conditions as it thinks fit, either revoke 30 any such order in whole or in part or vary it (whether by way of extension or otherwise) in such manner as it deems just and equitable in the circumstances of the case.
- (3) The powers conferred on the Court by the *last* 35 preceding subsection may be exercised with respect to any agreement in relation to stock mortgages that was made as mentioned in section eleven of the Mortgagors and Tenants Relief Act, 1933 (whether before or after the passing of that Act), and is subsisting or in force 40 at the passing of this Act.

1933, No. 34

88. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, Provisions where a notice for the adjustment of the liabilities of a applicable farmer mortgagor under the Rural Mortgagors Final for adjustment Adjustment Act, 1934-35, has heretofore been given by 5 the mortgagor under section eighteen of that Act, or by the mortgagee under section nineteen of that Act, all Final Adjustment proceedings in respect thereof that originated under the Act, 1934–35. said Act and are subsisting or in force at the passing 1934-35, No. 50 of this Act shall enure for the purposes of this Act as 10 fully and effectually as if they had originated under the corresponding provisions of this Act, and accordingly shall, where necessary, be deemed to have so originated.

has been given under Rural

(2) Subject to revocation or variation under the next succeeding subsection, all stay orders and other orders 15 and decisions that were made in any such case by the Court or an Adjustment Commission under the Rural 1934-35, No. 50 Mortgagors Final Adjustment Act, 1934-35, and are subsisting or in force at the passing of this Act shall, notwithstanding the repeal of that Act, continue in force 20 as if that Act were still in force, and all proceedings may be taken and all jurisdiction exercised with respect to such orders and decisions accordingly:

Provided that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to continue any such order or decision in 25 force after the time (if any) specified for its expiry in the order or decision as from time to time varied under the next succeeding subsection, or after the liabilities of the mortgagor are finally adjusted under this Act, or after the mortgage or all the mortgages (if 30 more than one) of the mortgagor cease to be subject to this Act, whichever first occurs.

(3) The Court may from time to time, subject to such terms and conditions as it thinks fit, either revoke any such order or decision in whole or in part or vary it 35 (whether by way of extension or otherwise) in such manner as it deems just and equitable in the circumstances of the case.

(4) Where a provisional trustee or a trustee of any mortgagor's estate is in office at the passing of this 40 Act under section twenty-five or section thirty-seven of the Rural Mortgagors Final Adjustment Act, 1934-35, 1934-35, No. 50 the provisional trustee or trustee shall, notwithstanding the repeal of that Act, continue in office as if that Act

were still in force, until an order for his discharge is made by the Adjustment Commission. Every such provisional trustee or trustee shall from time to time account to the Adjustment Commission for all moneys or property received or disposed of by him on account of the mortgagor, and shall from time to time dispose of all moneys and property so received by him in accordance with the directions of the Adjustment Commission.

(5) The foregoing provisions of this section shall 10 not apply in any case where the mortgage or all the mortgages (if more than one) of the mortgagor have before the passing of this Act ceased to be subject to the 1934-35, No. 50 Rural Mortgagors Final Adjustment Act. 1934-35.

Schedule.

### SCHEDULE.

#### ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

1933, No. 34.—The Mortgagors and Tenants Relief Act, 1933. 1934, No. 31.—The Finance Act (No. 3), 1934: Section 20. 1934-35, No. 50.—The Rural Mortgagors Final Adjustment Act, 1934-35.

1935, No. 35.—The Rural Mortgagors Final Adjustment Amendment Act, 1935.