## Hon. Sir Francis Bell.

## LAW OF LIBEL FURTHER AMENDMENT.

Title.  1. Short Title. 2. Qualified privilege in respect of certain publications. Repeals.  ANALYSIS.  3. Evidence as to publisher or printer of publications published in parts. Repeal.  4. Repeals.	ıf
A BILL INTITULED	
An Act to further amend the Law of Libel and Slander.	Title.
BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand	
in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as	
5 follows:—	
1. This Act may be cited as the Law of Libel Furthe	r Short Title.
Amendment Act, 1921, and shall be read together with and deemed	1
part of the Law of Libel Amendment Act, 1910 (hereinafter referred	1
to as the principal Act).	1 Ovalified primiless
10 2. (1.) In any action or prosecution for a defamatory liberation of any of the following matters shall be deemed	in respect of certain
privileged, in the absence of proof of malice:—	publications.
(a.) A fair and accurate report of the proceedings of eithe	r
House of Parliament, or of any Committee thereof:	•
(b.) A copy of, or an extract from or a fair abstract of, any pape	r
published by order or under the authority of either Hous	Э
of Parliament:	
(c.) A copy of, or a tair abstract of any notice or report issued	Į
by or at the request of any Government office or Depart	
20 ment, or officer of State, so far as such notice or repor	<b>U</b> ,
relates to matters of public concern: (d.) A fair and accurate report of the proceedings of an	; 17
Court exercising judicial authority whether in New	<i>r</i> ⊽
Zealand or elsewhere, whether such proceedings ar	e
25 preliminary or interlocutory or final, and whether in open	ı
Court or not, or of the result of any such proceedings	,
unless in the case of proceedings the publication of which	<b>a</b>
has been prohibited the matter published is in breach of	<u>†</u>
any prohibition by the Court, or unless the matte	r
30 published is blasphemous or obscene:	

No. 7-2.

(e.) A fair and accurate report of the proceedings of any inquiry

held under the authority of any Act, or under the authority

of the Governor-General in Council, or a true copy of or a fair and accurate extract from or abstract of any official report made by the person by whom the inquiry was held:

(f.) A fair and accurate report of the acts and proceedings of 5 the Executive Government, or of any Department or officer thereof, so far as the publication of such report is authorized or requested by a Minister of the Crown:

(g.) A fair and accurate report of the proceedings of any local anthority, or body of trustees or other persons, 10 constituted under the provisions of any Act or Provincial Ordinance for the discharge of public functions, or of a committee of any such local authority or body, so far as the report relates to matters of public concern:

(h.) A fair and accurate report of the proceedings of any 15 meeting of creditors held under any law for the time

being in force relating to bankruptcy:

(i.) A fair and accurate report of the proceedings of any meeting of shareholders or debenture-holders of any bank or public company so far as the report relates to 20 matters of public concern:

(i.) A fair and accurate report published in any newspaper of the proceedings of any public meeting, so far as the matter published relates to matters of public concern. The term "public meeting" means any meeting lawfully 25 held for a lawful purpose and for the furtherance and discussion of any matter of public concern or for the advocacy of the candidature of any person for a public office, whether the admission thereto is general or restricted.

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Struck out.

(2.) In the case of a publication in a newspaper of a report of any such proceedings as are mentioned in paragraphs (g), (h), (i), and (j) of subsection one of this section it is evidence of a want of good faith affecting privilege if the proprietor, publisher, or editor has been requested by the person defamed to publish in the newspaper a reasonable letter or statement by way of contradiction or explanation of the defamatory matter, and has failed to publish the same as soon after such request as he had a reasonable opportunity of so doing.

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(2.) In the case of a publication in any newspaper of any such report or abstract the protection intended to be afforded by this section shall not be available in any civil or criminal proceedings if it is proved that the defendant has been requested by the person 45 defamed to publish in that newspaper a reasonable letter or statement by way of contradiction or explanation of the defamatory matter, and has, without reasonable justification, refused or neglected to publish the same within a reasonable time.

(2a.) It is a question of law whether the matter published 50 relates to matters of public concern; and in the case of the report

in a newspaper of the proceedings of a public meeting it is a question of law whether the meeting was lawfully held for a lawful purpose and for the furtherance and discussion of a matter or matters of public concern.

(3.) Nothing in this section shall be so construed as to take

away or restrict any privilege existing at common law.

(4.) Sections two and three of the principal Act are hereby Repeals.

repealed.

3. (1.) On the trial of an action or prosecution for unlawfully Evidence as to 10 publishing defamatory matter contained in a newspaper or a book publisher or printer of published in numbers or in parts of the contained in a newspaper or a book of publications published in numbers or in parts, after evidence sufficient in the published in parts. opinion of the Court has been given of the publication by the defendant of the number or part of the newspaper or book containing the matter complained of, other writings or prints purporting to 15 be other numbers or parts of the same newspaper or book formerly or subsequently published, and containing a printed statement that they were published by or for the defendant, or by or for an incorporated company or association of which the defendant is manager or of whose publications he has the supervision, shall be 20 admissible in evidence on either side, without further proof of publication of them.

(2.) Section nine of the principal Act is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

4. Subsection two of section ten and section eleven of the Repeals. principal Act and section two hundred and thirty-six of the Crimes 25 Act, 1908, are hereby repealed.

By Authority: MARCUS F. MARKS, Government Printer, Wellington.-1921.