Hon. Mr. Nash

LAND AND INCOME TAX AMENDMENT

ANALYSIS

11. Sums received from sale of
patent rights to be assessable .
income. "Patent rights"
defined.
12. Deduction for sums expended on
purchase of patent rights.
13. Deduction for patent expenses.
14. Deduction for scientific research.
15. Special depreciation allowance
on buildings and plant.
16. Amending provisions as to allow-
ances for repairs and
depreciation.
17. Relief from income-tax, social
security charge, and national
security tax where unduly
low standard values of live
stock adopted. Repeal.
18. Losses may be carried forward
although not incurred in
19. Publication of names of tax
evaders.

A BILL INTITULED

AN ACT to amend the Land and Income Tax Act, 1923. Title. BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority 5 of the same, as follows:—

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No. 51-1

Short Title.

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VII, p. 271

Application of Act.

Increasing special exemption in respect of wife. 1932-33, No. 40

1938, No. 7

Increasing special exemption in respect of husband. 1933, No. 43

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1. This Act may be cited as the Land and Income Tax Amendment Act, 1945, and shall be read together with and deemed part of the Land and Income Tax Act, 1923 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

2. Except as otherwise provided herein, this Act shall apply with respect to the tax for the year of assessment commencing on the first day of April, nineteen hundred and forty-six, and for every subsequent year. 10

3. Section four of the Land and Income Tax Amendment Act, 1932–33, is hereby amended as follows:—

(a) By omitting from subsection one the words
"fifty pounds", and substituting the words 15
"one hundred pounds diminished at the rate of two pounds for every complete pound of the excess of the income derived by his wife during the income year over fifty pounds":

(b) By adding to subsection one the following 20 provise:-

"Provided that in no case shall the special exemption allowable under this section in respect of any year result in a reduction of tax exceeding twenty-six pounds.":

(c) By omitting from subsection two the words"fifty pounds", and substituting the words"one hundred pounds":

(d) By adding the following subsection:-

"(3) For the purposes of this section the 30 amount of any benefit payable to or in respect of a wife under the Social Security Act, 1938, shall be deemed not to be income derived by her."

4. Section two of the Land and Income Tax 35 Amendment Act, 1933, is hereby amended as follows:—

(a) By omitting from subsection one the words
"fifty pounds", and substituting the words
"one hundred pounds diminished at the rate of two pounds for every complete pound of 40 the excess of the income derived by her husband during the income year over fifty pounds":

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(b) By adding to subsection one the following proviso:-

> " Provided that in no case shall the special exemption allowable under this section in respect of any year result in a reduction of tax exceeding twenty-six pounds.":

(c) By omitting from subsection two the words "fifty pounds", and substituting the words " one hundred pounds ":

10(d) By adding the following subsection:-

"(3) For the purposes of this section the amount of any benefit payable to or in respect of a husband under the Social Security 1938, No. 7 Act. 1938. shall be deemed not to be income derived by him."

5. Section three of the Land and Income Tax Increasing Amendment Act, 1933, is hereby amended as follows:- special exemption in

- (a) By omitting from subsection two the words respect of "fifty pounds", and substituting the words housekeeper. 1933, No. 43
 - " one hundred pounds ":
- (b) By adding to the proviso to subsection two the words "or result in a reduction of tax exceeding twenty-six pounds ".

6. (1) The following enactments are hereby re-Abolishing 25 pealed:-

- (a) Section seventy-five of the principal Λct :
- (b) Sections fourteen and fifteen of the Land and Income Tax Amendment Act, 1929:
- Tax (c) Section ten of the Land and Income Amendment Act, 1939:
- (d) Section three of the Land and Income Tax Amendment Act, 1940.

(2) Section three of the Land and Income Tax 1933, No. 43 Amendment Act, 1933 (which relates to the special

35 exemption for a housekeeper), is hereby amended by omitting from subsection one the words "in respect of whom the employer is entitled to a special exemption under section seventy-five of the principal Act ", and substituting the words "in respect of whom a family

40 benefit is payable under the Social Security Act, 1938, 1938, No. 7 or who at any time during the income year was or were under the age of eighteen years ".

special exemption in respect of dependent children.

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VII, p. 348 1939, No. 34 1940, No. 3

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1939, No. 34

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Modifying special exemption in respect of dependent relatives. 1939, No. 34

Extending exemption from income-tax of British war pensions. 1943, No. 9

Exemption of trustees' income if not over £50.

Increasing personal allowance of absentees where incomes of husband and wife are aggregated. 1939, No. 34 (3) Section eleven of the Land and Income Tax Amendment Act, 1939 (which relates to the special exemption for dependent relatives), is hereby amended by omitting from subsection two the words (" not being the wife, husband, child, stepchild, or grandchild of the taxpayer)", and substituting the words "(not being the wife or husband of the taxpayer)".

7. Section eleven of the Land and Income Tax Amendment Act, 1939, is hereby amended by adding the following subsections:— 10

"(5) No special exemption shall be allowed under this section in respect of any relative if the Commissioner is satisfied that the relative has sufficient income or capital for his own support and that the contributions towards his support were not necessary.

"(6) In no case shall the special exemption or proportion thereof allowable under this section to any taxpayer in respect of any one relative in respect of any income year result in a reduction of tax exceeding twenty-six pounds."

8. Section seventy-eight of the principal Act is hereby amended by omitting from paragraph (f), as amended by section six of the Land and Income Tax Amendment Act, 1924, and section eight of the Finance Act (No. 2), 1943, the words "the Great War", and 25 substituting the words "any war".

9. Section one hundred and two of the principal Act is hereby amended by inserting in paragraph (b), after the words "special exemption", the words "and that no tax shall be payable if the income does not 30 exceed fifty pounds, and that the amount of tax payable in any case shall, where necessary, be reduced so as not to exceed the amount by which the income exceeds fifty pounds".

10. (1) Section thirteen of the Land and Income 35 Tax Amendment Act, 1939, is hereby amended as follows:---

(a) By repealing the definition of the term "absentee" in subsection one:

(b) By omitting from subsection five the words 40 "other than an absentee", and also the words "In computing for the purposes of an aggregate assessment the taxable income of an absentee, the Commissioner shall allow,

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instead of the special exemption provided for by section seventy-four of the principal Act (as amended by section seven of this Act), a special exemption of one hundred pounds.":

(c) By omitting from paragraph (a) of subsection six the words "other than an absentee".

(2) This section shall apply with respect to the tax for the year of assessment ending on the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and forty-six, and for 10 every subsequent year.

11. (1) Where any taxpayer sells any patent rights sums received at any time after the thirty-first day of March, nineteen from sale of hundred and forty-six, any sum received by him or to be owing to him in respect of the sale at any time after assessable

- 15 that date, after deducting the appropriate amount specified in subsection two of this section (so far as that amount has not been otherwise allowed as a deduction from his assessable income for that or any other income year), shall be deemed to be assessable income
- 20 and shall be deemed to be derived by the taxpaver during the income year in which the sum is received by or becomes owing to him, or, at the option of the taxpayer, shall be deemed to be derived as to one-sixth part thereof during that income year and as to one-
- 25 sixth part thereof during each of the five succeeding income years. Every such sum shall be deemed to be earned income.

(2) The total amount that may be deducted from any such sum shall-

- (a) Where the taxpaver actually devised the inven-30 tion to which the patent relates, be the amount of the expenditure incurred by the taxpayer in connection with the devising of the invention, or (where the sale does not include the whole of the patent rights in respect of the 35 invention) such proportion of that expenditure as the Commissioner thinks just:
 - (b) Where the taxpayer acquired the patent rights, be an amount bearing to the total cost of the patent rights to the taxpayer the same proportion as the unexpired term of the patent rights at the date of the sale bears to the unexpired term thereof at the date of their acquisition by the taxpayer.

patent rights income.

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" Patent rights " defined.

Deduction for sums expended on purchase of patent rights.

(3) For the purposes of this Act the expression "patent rights" means the right to do or authorize the doing of anything which would, but for that right, be an infringement of a patent.

12. (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary 5 in section eighty of the principal Act, the Commissioner, in calculating the assessable income derived by any taxpayer during any income year, may allow such deduction as he thinks fit in respect of any sum expended by the taxpayer on the purchase of any 10 patent rights used by him in the production of his assessable income for that income year.

(2) In ascertaining the amount that may be deducted under this section in respect of any income year, the total amount payable by the taxpayer in respect of the 15 purchase of any patent rights shall be apportioned by the Commissioner over the term of the patent rights unexpired at the date of the purchase, and the amount deducted in respect of any income year shall not in any case exceed the amount apportioned to that year. 20

(3) Where, at any time before the expiry of any patent rights purchased by a taxpayer, the patent rights have come to an end without being subsequently revived or have been sold by the taxpayer, an amount bearing to the total sum expended by the taxpayer 25 on the purchase of the patent rights the same proportion as the unexpired term of the patent rights at the date of their so coming to an end or being sold bears to their unexpired term at the date of their purchase by the taxpayer (so far as that amount has 30 not been otherwise allowed as a deduction from his assessable income for that or any other income year), shall be allowed as a deduction from the assessable income derived by the taxpayer during the income year in which the patent rights have so come to an end or 35 been sold.

(4) All references in this section to "the taxpayer", in relation to any taxpayer who has died after expending any sum on the purchase of any patent rights, shall be deemed to be references to 40 his personal representatives and to the trustees of his estate and (so far as the Commissioner thinks just and equitable) to the beneficiaries of the taxpayer's estate.

13. (1) In calculating the assessable income derived Deduction for patent expenses. by any taxpayer during any income year, the Commissioner may allow such deduction as he thinks fit in respect of any expenditure incurred by the taxpayer during that year in connection with the grant, maintenance, or extension of a patent used by him in the production of his assessable income for that vear.

(2) Where a patent has been granted in respect of 10 any invention, the Commissioner, in calculating the assessable income derived during any income year by any taxpaver who has used the patent in the production of his assessable income for that year and who, whether alone or in conjunction with any other person, actually

- 15 devised the invention, may allow such deduction as he thinks fit in respect of any expenditure incurred by the taxpaver in connection with the devising of the invention (not being expenditure in respect of which, or of assets representing which, a deduction is 20 otherwise allowable).

14. In calculating the assessable income derived Deduction for by any taxpayer during any income year, the Com- scientific missioner may allow such deduction as he thinks fit in respect of any expenditure incurred by the taxpayer

25 during that year in connection with scientific research directly relating to the trade or business carried on by the taxpayer, except so far as the expenditure relates to an asset in respect of which a deduction for depreciation is allowable under paragraph (a) of subsection 30 one of section eighty of the principal Act.

15. (1) Where the Commissioner is satisfied that Special any premises, plant, or machinery has been acquired, depreciation erected, installed, or extended by a taxpayer on or after buildings and the first day of April, nineteen hundred and forty-five, plant.

- 35 and not later than the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and forty-eight, the Commissioner may, in his discretion, in calculating the assessable income derived by the taxpayer, allow, in addition to the depreciation allowed as a deduction under paragraph
- 40 (a) of subsection one of section eighty of the principal Act, such deduction by way of special depreciation in accordance with this section as he thinks just.

research.

allowance on

(2) The amount of any deduction allowed under this section in respect of any premises, plant, or machinery shall not exceed in the aggregate thirty per centum of the cost of the premises, plant, or machinery.

(3) Unless in any case the Commissioner otherwise 5 determines, the amount of any deduction allowed under this section in respect of any premises, plant, or machinery shall be allowed in respect of the income derived by the taxpayer during the period of five years from the date on which the taxpayer has commenced 10 to use the premises, plant, or machinery in the production of assessable income, at the following rates:—

(a) Ten per centum in respect of the first year:

(b) Eight per centum in respect of the second year: 15

(c) Six per centum in respect of the third year:

(d) Four per centum in respect of the fourth year:

(e) Two per centum in respect of the fifth year.

(4) The second proviso to paragraph (a) of subsection one of section eighty of the principal Act is 20 hereby extended to apply with respect to every deduction allowed under this section in respect of any premises, plant, or machinery.

(5) Without limiting the discretion of the Commissioner under this section, it is hereby declared that 25 he may refuse in whole or in part to allow any deduction under this section in any case where he is not satisfied that complete and satisfactory accounts have been kept by or on behalf of the taxpayer and that sufficient depreciation has been provided for in the 30 taxpayer's accounts.

(6) All references in this section to "the taxpayer", in relation to any taxpayer who has died after acquiring, erecting, installing, or extending any premises, plant, or machinery, shall be deemed to be 35 references to his personal representatives and to the trustees of his estate and (so far as the Commissioner thinks just and equitable) to the beneficiaries of the taxpayer's estate.

(7) This section shall apply with respect to the tax 40 for the year of assessment commencing on the first day of April, nineteen hundred and forty-six, and for every subsequent year.

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provisions as

- (a) By adding to the second proviso to paragraph for repairs (a) of subsection one the words "For the $\frac{\text{and}}{\text{depreciation}}$.
 - purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this proviso the Commissioner may at any time alter any assessment, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section sixteen of this Act ":

(b) By adding to paragraph (a) of subsection one the following additional proviso:-

"Provided further that where the Commissioner is satisfied that any repairs or alterations of anv premises, plant, or machinery do not increase the capital value of the premises, plant, or machinery, or that the repairs or alterations increase that value by an amount less than the cost of the repairs or alterations, he may allow such deduction as he thinks just: ".

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (a) of the last preceding subsection shall apply with respect to any assessment, whether made before or after the passing of this Act. The amendment made by para-25 graph (b) of that subsection shall apply with respect

to the tax for the year of assessment commencing on the first day of April, nineteen hundred and forty-six, and for every subsequent year.

(3) Without limiting the discretion of the Com-30 missioner under paragraph (a) of subsection one of section eighty of the principal Act, it is hereby declared that he has power and has always had power to refuse in whole or in part to allow any deduction under that paragraph in any case where he is not satisfied that 35 complete and satisfactory accounts have been kept by or on behalf of the taxpaver and that sufficient depre-

ciation has been provided for in the taxpayer's accounts.

17. (1) Where it appears to the Commissioner that Relief from the income derived by any taxpayer has been or may 40 be unduly increased upon the sale or other disposition security of any live-stock by reason of the adoption by the taxpayer of a standard value in respect of the live-stock security tax that was less than the true value thereof, the Commis- low standard sioner, upon application in that behalf made in writing values of live-stock

income-tax, social charge, and national where unduly adopted.

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by or on behalf of the taxpayer not later than the thirtieth day of June, nineteen hundred and forty-six, may, for the purpose of calculating income-tax, social security charge, and national security tax or any one or more of those taxes, reduce the assessable income of the taxpayer for any income year or years by such amount and upon or subject to such conditions as he thinks just and equitable, and may amend accordingly any assessment or assessments of the income of the taxpayer.

1944, No. 28

Serial number 1945/35

but not otherwise, the Commissioner may at any time, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section eight of the Land and Income Tax Amendment Act, 1944, or in Regulation 19A of the Social Security Con-15 tribution Regulations 1939, refund without further appropriation than this section any income-tax, social security charge, or national security tax paid by any taxpayer in excess of the amount payable in respect of the assessable income of the taxpayer as reduced 20 under this section in respect of that tax.

(2) With the approval of the Minister of Finance,

(3) This section shall apply with respect to the tax for any year of assessment, whether before or after the passing of this Act.

(4) This section is in substitution for section seven 25 of the Land and Income Tax Amendment Act, 1940, and that section is hereby accordingly repealed.

18. (1) Section eighty-one of the principal Act is hereby amended as follows:—

(a) By omitting from subsection three the words 30 "in any business carried on by him":

(b) By repealing the second proviso to subsection three, as added by section seven of the Land and Income Tax Amendment Act, 1930, and substituting the following proviso:— 35
" Provided also that—

"(a) Where, if a profit had been made

from the transaction in which the loss was incurred, the amount of the profit would not have been **40** assessable income, no relief shall be given under this section in respect of that loss:

Repeal. 1940, No. 3

Losses may be carried forward although not incurred in business.

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- (b) Where, if a profit had been made as aforesaid, the amount of the profit would have been assessable as earned income, the amount of the loss carried forward to any year shall be deducted from or set off against the taxpayer's earned income assessable for that year so far as that earned income extends, and any balance of the loss in excess of that earned income shall be deducted from or set off against his unearned income assessable for that year:
- "(c) Where, if a profit had been made as aforesaid, the amount of the profit would have been assessable as unearned income, the amount of the loss carried forward to any year shall be deducted from or set off against the taxpayer's unearned income assessable for that year so far as that unearned income extends, and any balance of the loss in excess of that unearned income shall be deducted from or set off against his earned income assessable for that year."

(2) Section seven of the Land and Income Tax Repeal. 30 Amendment Act, 1930, is hereby consequentially repealed.

19. (1) The Commissioner shall from time to time Publication of publish in the *Gazette* a list of persons who at any names of tax time after the passing of this Act,—

(a) Have been convicted under paragraph (b) of 35 section one hundred and forty-nine of the principal Act of wilfully making any false return, or of giving any false information or misleading or attempting to mislead the Commissioner in relation to any matter or thing affecting their own or any other person's liability to taxation; or

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(b) Have been charged with penal tax under section one hundred and fifty-two of the principal Act; or

1938, No. 7

(c) Have been charged with penal charge under section one hundred and twenty-one of the **5** Social Security Act, 1938.

(2) Every list published under this section shall specify—

- (a) The name, address, and occupation or description of the taxpayer: 10
- (b) Such particulars of the offence or evasion as the Commissioner thinks fit:
- (c) The year or years in which the offence or evasion occurred:
- (d) The amount or estimated amount of the income 15 not disclosed or of the tax or charge evaded:
- (e) The amount (if any) of the penal tax or penal charge imposed.

(3) A copy of every list published under this section shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament. 2

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By Authority: E. V. PAUL, Government Printer, Wellington.-1945.