This Public Bill originated in the House of Representatives. and, having this day passed as now printed, is transmitted to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

House of Representatives,

7th August, 1914.

[As amended by the Legislative Council.]

Legislative Council, 11th September, 1914.

Right Hon. Mr. Massey.

# LICENSING AMENDMENT.

#### ANALYSIS.

Wine-makers' Licenses.

Title. 1. Short Title.

- 2. Boundaries where practicable to be fixed so as to include licensed premises.
- Section 72 of principal Act amended.
   Section 202 of principal Act amended.
   Fourth Schedule of Amendment Act, 1910, repealed.

6. Wine makers' licenses. Application for licenses. Fees. Powers conferred by license. Penalty. Cancellation of license. Certain provisions of principal Act relating to licensed premises applied to premises used for the purposes of wine-makers' licenses. Schedule.

## A BILL INTITULED

An Acr to amend the Licensing Act, 1908.

Title.

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:--

1. This Act may be cited as the Licensing Amendment Act, Short Title. 1914, and shall form part of and be read together with the Licensing Act, 1908 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

2. Whenever the Representation Commissioners divide New Boundaries where 10 Zealand into electoral districts as provided by the Legislature Act, 1908, they shall, wherever practicable, fix the boundaries so that no licensed premises. licensed premises shall be placed in a no-license district. the opinion of the Commissioners it is not practicable to comply with this provision they shall mention the fact in their report, and the

practicable to be fixed so as to includ

15 reason for such non-compliance.

#### New.

2A. (1.) Subsection one of section fourteen of the principal Act Section 14 of is hereby amended as follows :—

principal Act amended.

(a.) As to paragraph (a) thereof, by adding thereto the words "and the Deputy Returning Officers appointed by the Returning Officer for the taking of the electoral poll shall be the Deputy Returning Officers for the taking of the licensing poll."

(b.) As to paragraph (e) thereof, by omitting the words "shall also appoint a Deputy Returning Officer and," and substituting the words "may also appoint."

(2.) Section five of the Legislature Amendment Act, 1911, is Section 5 of hereby amended by omitting from paragraph (a) the words "Deputy Amendment Act, Returning Officer and," and by omitting from paragraph (b) the 1911, amended. 30 words "a different Deputy Returning Officer and."

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Section 72 of principal Act amended.

3. Paragraph (a) of subsection three of section seventy-two of the principal Act is hereby amended by inserting, after the word "widow," the words "or a wife who has obtained a divorce."

New

Section 120 of principal Act amended.

3A. Section one hundred and twenty of the principal Act is hereby amended by the addition of the following subsection:— "(4.) It shall not be necessary for the granting of such tem-

porary license for such Chairman and members to formally meet

together for that purpose."

Struck out.

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Section 202 of principal Act . hahrama

4. Subsection one of section two hundred and two of the principal Act is hereby amended by substituting the words "Every bolder of a license of any description" for the words "Every licensee" at the commencement of the subsection, and by inserting the words "or not to be consumed" in the second line thereof.

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Section 202 of principal Act amended.

New.

4A. (1.) Subsection one of section two hundred and two of the principal Act is hereby amended as follows:—

(a.) By omitting the words "Every licensee," and substituting therefor the words "Every holder of a license of any 20 description ";

(b.) By omitting the words "in his licensed premises";

(c.) By omitting the words "to be consumed on the premises"; and

(d.) By omitting the words "spirits, wine, ale, beer, or porter," 25 and substituting therefor the words "intoxicating liquor."

(2.) Subsection two of the same section is hereby amended—

(a.) By omitting the words "for consumption on the premises"; and

(b.) By omitting the words "spirits, wine, ale, beer, or porter," 30 and substituting therefor the words "intoxicating liquor."

(3.) Section two hundred and three of the principal Act is

accordingly repealed.

(4.) Section two hundred and four of the principal Act is hereby amended by omitting the word "child," and substituting therefor the 35 word "person"; and by omitting the word "thirteen," and substituting the words "twenty-one."

(5.) Section two hundred and five of the principal Act is hereby

amended by omitting paragraph (c) thereof.

5. The Fourth Schedule to the Licensing Amendment Act, 40 1910, is hereby repealed, and the First Schedule hereto substituted in lieu thereof.

New.

5a. (1.) In this section, unless the context otherwise requires,— "Carrier" does not include an officer of the Government 45 railways acting in pursuance of his duty as such officer, but, with that exception, means and includes every person who takes into a no-license district, or from a railway-station in a no-license district, liquor on account of, or to the order of, or to be delivered to, any other 50 person:

Repeal.

Section 204 of principal Act amended.

Section 205 of principal Act maended.

Fourth Schedule of Amendment Act. 1910, repealed.

Provisions as to delivery of liquor in no-license districts.

"No-license district" means any district to which sections one hundred and forty-six and one hundred and forty-seven of the principal Act apply:

"Purchaser" means any person on whose account, or to the order of whom, or to be delivered to whom, liquor is taken into a no-license district or from a railway-station in a no-license district.

(2.) If liquor is taken into a no-license district by a carrier at a point within a radius of ten miles from the residence of the purchaser of the liquor, or if liquor is taken by a carrier in a no-license district from a railway-station within a radius of ten miles from the residence of the purchaser of the liquor,—

(a.) The carrier shall deliver such liquor to the purchaser on the same day as the liquor is taken into the no-license district or from a railway-station in a no-license district.

(b.) The carrier shall not remove such liquor from the conveyance in which it is carried into the no-license district or from such railway-station except at the residence of the

(c.) The carrier shall not retain such liquor in such conveyance longer than is necessary for the actual transit to the residence of the purchaser.

(3.) If the residence of the purchaser is more than ten miles from the point at which the liquor is taken into the no-license district or from the railway-station at which liquor is received for delivery within a no-license district, such liquor shall be carried, despatched, or sent by the carrier to the residence of the purchaser with no more delay than is reasonably necessary for the course of

(4.) No carrier shall take liquor into a no-license district, or from a railway-station in a no-license district, except in pursuance of and in compliance with an order signed by and stating the address and occupation of the purchaser, a copy whereof must be in the possession of the carrier at the time when he so takes the liquor into the no-license district or from the railway-station. carrier is required to produce such copy order to any officer of police on demand.

(5.) No person shall sell, supply, or send any liquor intended to be taken into a no-license district except on, and in pursuance of the terms of, an order signed by and stating the address and occupation of the purchaser thereof. All such orders shall be kept and filed by the person selling or supplying the liquor, and such person shall on demand produce the file of such orders and any particular order 45 for liquor to any officer of police.

(6.) Any person who commits a breach of any provision of this section is liable to the penalties provided by section one hundred and ninety-five of the principal Act as if he had committed the offence of selling liquor without being duly licensed to sell the same.

selling liquor without being duly incensed to sen the Salar.

5B. (1.) With respect to any area proclaimed by the Governor Provisions at to delivery of liquor in areas proclaimed or the corresponding provisions of any former Licensing Act, of principal Act.

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### New.

no liquor shall be consigned or offered for consignment or conveyance upon any of the New Zealand railways or left at any post-office or delivered to any Post Office official to be sent through the post to any place within any such area, or taken by any person into any such area, unless a statement in writing of the nature and quantity of the liquor and of the name and address of the person to whom it is being sent is securely attached to the outside of the package containing the liquor.

(2.) Any person who commits a breach of this section is liable 10 to the penalties provided by section one hundred and ninety-five of the principal Act as if he had committed the offence of selling liquor

without being duly licensed to sell the same.

(3.) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted as imposing any liability upon any official of the Post Office or of the Government 15 Railways Department, but, nevertheless, every such official is hereby empowered to detain, or refuse to receive or to deliver, any liquor in respect of which it appears that any condition or requirement of this section or of the principal Act has not been complied with.

5c. (1.) After the first day of April, nineteen hundred and 20 fifteen, no person under the age of twenty-one years shall be employed in any capacity in any bar (whether a public bar or otherwise) of any licensed premises at any time while liquor is sold.

(2.) If any such person is so employed, the licensee is liable to

a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

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#### Wine-makers' Licenses.

Wine-makers' licenses.

Employment of minors in bars

prohibited.

Application for licenses.

6. (1.) Wine shall not be manufactured for sale except under the authority of a wine-maker's license granted under this section.

(2.) Application for a wine-maker's license may be made in the prescribed form to the Clerk of the Magistrates' Court nearest to the 30 place where the applicant proposes to manufacture wine.

(3.) Every such application shall be referred to the senior officer of police in the district for inquiry and report as to the fitness of the

applicant.

(4.) No such license shall be granted unless the Magistrate is 35 satisfied that the applicant is a fit person to be the holder of such a license.

#### Struck out.

ees.

(5.) A fee of ten pounds shall be payable in respect of a wine-maker's license, and shall be applied in the manner prescribed by 40 section one hundred and forty of the principal Act.

#### New.

(5a.) In respect of a wine-maker's license there shall be paid to the said Clerk of the Magistrate's Court with the application the fee defined in the Second Schedule to this Act. All such fees shall 45 be applied in the manner prescribed by section one hundred and forty of the principal Act.

(5B.) Every application for a wine-maker's license shall state whether the total quantity of wine intended to be manufactured by

#### New.

the licensee, whether for sale or otherwise, during the year of the currency of his license does not exceed five hundred gallons or does not exceed one thousand gallons, or exceeds one thousand gallons. A wine-maker's license shall authorize the licensee to manufacture wine in a quantity not exceeding the limit (if any) named in the application.

(5c.) If any holder of a wine-maker's license in any year manufactures or causes or permits to be manufactured more than the 10 quantity of wine authorized by his license, he commits a breach of

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(6.) A wine-maker's license shall authorize the holder thereof to Powers sell wine of his own manufacture in quantities of not less than two conferred by license. gallons to any one person at any one time. Such wine may be 15 delivered from one place only (as specified in the license).

(7.) A wine-maker's license shall (unless sooner cancelled, as hereinafter provided) continue in force until the thirty-first day of

December next after its issue.

(8.) No wine shall be sold, or offered for sale, by the holder of a 20 wine-maker's license unless the name and address of the licensee are printed on labels attached to the cask or bottle in which the wine is contained.

(9.) Every person who commits a breach of this section is liable Penalty.

to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds.

(10.) On the conviction of the holder of a wine-maker's license Cancellation of for the breach of any of the provisions of this section or of the license. principal Act, the convicting Court may cancel his license, and a person whose license is so cancelled shall be thereby disqualified from holding a license under this section for two years after the date of 30 such cancellation.

(11.) For the purposes of this section "wine" includes any liquor being the produce of fruit (other than apples or pears) grown in New Zealand and of a strength not exceeding twenty-per-centum of proof spirit.

(12.) A manufacturer of wine, within the meaning of this section, shall be deemed to be a brewer of liquor within the meaning of paragraph (f) of section one hundred and forty-six of the principal Act.

(13.) The place specified in a wine-maker's license as the place Certain from which wine may be delivered on sale shall be deemed to be provisions of 40 licensed premises, and the holder of such license shall be deemed relating to licensed to be a licensed person, within the meaning of the following provi- premises applied to premises used for sions of the principal Act, namely:—

Sections one hundred and eighty-nine and one hundred and wine-makers' licenses. ninety (relating to closing-hours for licensed premises);

Part VI (relating to prohibition orders);

Sections two hundred and eighteen to two hundred and thirtytwo (relating to the inspection of licensed premises); and Sections two hundred and thirty-three to two hundred and thirty-six (relating to adulteration).

the purposes of

Schedule.

# SCHEDULES.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE.

VOTING-PAPER ON ISSUE OF NATIONAL PROHIBITION.

I vote for National Continuance.

I vote for National Prohibition.

Directions.

The voter must strike out the proposal for which he does not wish to vote. If the voter strikes out both or fails to strike out one of the proposals, the voting-paper will be void, and his vote will not be recorded.

The voting-paper so marked is to be dropped by the voter into the separate ballot-box prepared for it, and not into the same box as that into which he drops his electoral ballot-paper.

The voter is not allowed to take this voting-paper out of the polling-booth.

# New. SECOND SCHEDULE.

Where the total quantity intended to be manufactured by the licensee in the year of the currency of his license, including wine manufactured for any purpose as well as wine manufactured for sale,—

Does not exceed 500 gallons, a fee of ... ... £2

Exceeds 500 gallons but does not exceed 1,000 gallons, a fee of £5

Exceeds 1,000 gallons, a fee of ... ... £10

By Authority: JOHN MACKAY, Government Printer, Wellington.-1914.