This Public Bill originated in the House of Representatives, and, having this day passed as now printed, is transmitted to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

House of Representatives,

7th August, 1914.

Right Hon. Mr. Massey.

LICENSING AMENDMENT.

ANALYSIS.

Wine-makers' Licenses.

Title. 1. Short Title.

- 2. Boundaries where practicable to be fixed so as to include licensed premises.
- 3. Section 72 of principal Act amended.
- 4. Section 202 of principal Act amended.5. Fourth Schedule of Amendment Act, 1910, repealed.

 Wine - makers' licenses. Application for licenses. Fees. Powers conferred by license. Penalty. Cancellation of license. Certain provisions of principal Act relating to licensed premises applied to premises used for the purposes of wine-makers' licenses. Schedule.

A BILL INTITULED

An Act to amend the Licensing Act, 1908.

Title.

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the Licensing Amendment Act, Short Title. 1914, and shall form part of and be read together with the Licensing

Act, 1908 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

2. Whenever the Representation Commissioners divide New Boundaries where 10 Zealand into electoral districts as provided by the Legislature Act, practicable to be fixed so as to include 1908, they shall, wherever practicable, fix the boundaries so that no licensed premises. licensed premises shall be placed in a no-license district. Where in the opinion of the Commissioners it is not practicable to comply with this provision they shall mention the fact in their report, and the 15 reason for such non-compliance.

3. Paragraph (a) of subsection three of section seventy-two of Section 72 of the principal Act is hereby amended by inserting, after the word principal Act amended. "widow," the words "or a wife who has obtained a divorce."

4. Subsection one of section two hundred and two of the section 202 of 20 principal Act is hereby amended by substituting the words "Every principal Act holder of a license of any description" for the words "Every licensee" at the commencement of the subsection, and by inserting the words "or not to be consumed" in the second line thereof.

5. The Fourth Schedule to the Licensing Amendment Act, Fourth Schedule of 25 1910, is hereby repealed, and the Schedule hereto substituted in lieu Amendment Act, 1910, repealed. thereof.

Wine-makers' Licenses.

Wine-makers' licenses.

Application for licenses.

6. (1.) Wine shall not be manufactured for sale except under the authority of a wine-maker's license granted under this section.

(2.) Application for a wine-maker's license may be made in the prescribed form to the Clerk of the Magistrates' Court nearest to the place where the applicant proposes to manufacture wine.

(3.) Every such application shall be referred to the senior officer of police in the district for inquiry and report as to the fitness of the applicant.

(4.) No such license shall be granted unless the Magistrate is 10 satisfied that the applicant is a fit person to be the holder of such a license.

(5.) A fee of ten pounds shall be payable in respect of a wine-maker's license, and shall be applied in the manner prescribed by section one hundred and forty of the principal Act.

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(6.) A wine-maker's license shall authorize the holder thereof to sell wine of his own manufacture in quantities of not less than two gallons to any one person at any one time. Such wine may be delivered from one place only (as specified in the license).

(7.) A wine-maker's license shall (unless sooner cancelled, as 20 hereinafter provided) continue in force until the thirty-first day of December next after its issue.

(8.) No wine shall be sold, or offered for sale, by the holder of a wine-maker's license unless the name and address of the licensee are printed on labels attached to the cask or bottle in which the wine is 25 contained.

(9.) Every person who commits a breach of this section is liable

to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds.

(10.) On the conviction of the holder of a wine-maker's license for the breach of any of the provisions of this section or of the 30 principal Act, the convicting Court may cancel his license, and a person whose license is so cancelled shall be thereby disqualified from holding a license under this section for two years after the date of such cancellation.

(11.) For the purposes of this section "wine" includes any 35 liquor being the produce of fruit grown in New Zealand and of a strength not exceeding twenty per centum of proof spirit.

(12.) A manufacturer of wine, within the meaning of this section, shall be deemed to be a brewer of liquor within the meaning of paragraph (f) of section one hundred and forty-six of the principal Act.

(13.) The place specified in a wine-maker's license as the place from which wine may be delivered on sale shall be deemed to be licensed premises, and the holder of such license shall be deemed to be a licensed person, within the meaning of the following provisions of the principal Act, namely:—

Sections one hundred and eighty-nine and one hundred and ninety (relating to closing-hours for licensed premises);

Part VI (relating to prohibition orders);

Sections two hundred and eighteen to two hundred and thirtytwo (relating to the inspection of licensed premises); and 50 Sections two hundred and thirty-three to two hundred and thirty-six (relating to adulteration).

Fees.

Powers conferred by license.

Penalty.

Cancellation of license.

Certain provisions of principal Act relating to licensed premises applied to premises used for the purposes of wine makers' licenses.

SCHEDULE.

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VOTING-PAPER ON ISSUE OF NATIONAL PROHIBITION. I vote for National Continuance.

Licensing Dis-trict of .

I vote for National Prohibition.

Directions.

The voter must strike out the proposal for which he does not wish to vote. If the voter strikes out both or fails to strike out one of the proposals, the

voting-paper will be void, and his vote will not be recorded.

The voting-paper so marked is to be dropped by the voter into the separate ballot-box prepared for it, and not into the same box as that into which he drops his electoral ballot-paper.

The voter is not allowed to take this voting paper out of the polling booth.

By Authority: JOHN MACKAY, Government Printer, Wellington.-1914.