Rt. Hon. R. J. Seddon.

## LICENSING ACTS AMENDMENT.

Title.

1. Short Title.
2. Interpretation.
3. Question whether licenses to be granted to be submitted to vote.
4. Counting the votes.
5. Effect of poll in a district where licenses exist.
6. Effect of poll in a district where no licenses exist.
7. Result of poll to have effect.
8. Where poll declared void a fresh poll to be taken.
9. Bffect of no-license.
10. Question of taking poll at every alternate general election.
11. Change of boundaries, \&c., of districts.
12. Increase of licenses.
13. Repeals.

Miscellaneous Amendments of the Licensing Law.
14. Licensing Committees. Repeal.
15. Applicant for license to furnish testimonials.
16. Number of bars allowed.
17. No bottle licenses.

## ANALYSIS.

18. Indorsement of licenses. Repeal.
19. Register of licenses.
20. Section 22 of Amendment Act amended.
21. Wholesale licenses. Repeal.
22. Removal of lapsed licenses.
23. Supplying certain liquor to youths. Repeal.
24. Sending children for liquor.
25. Persons found on licensed premises after closing-hours.
26. As to probibited persons.
27. Permitting gambling.
28. Use of injurious materials.
29. Limitation of proceedings.
30. Consideration for landlord's consent to transfer void.
31. Clubs liable to inspection.
32. Power to close premises for specified period.
33. Rights of licensee when ordered to improve premises.
34. Tied houses.
35. Non-voters not to be struck off the roll.
36. Provisions as to Native licensing areas.
37. Tourist houses.
38. Licensing Acts modified.
39. Regulations.

Schedules.

## A BILL INTITULED

An Acr to amend the Licensing Acts.
BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as 5 follows:-

1. The Short Title of this Act is "The Licensing Acts Amend- short Title. ment Act, $1903^{\prime \prime}$; and it shall form part of and be read together with the Licensing Acts as detined by "The Alcoholic Liquors Sale Control Act Amendment Act, 1895.",
2. In this Act, if not inconsistent with the context, - Interpretation.
"Amendment Act" means "The Alcoholic Liquors Sale Control Act Amendment Act, 1895 " :
"Elector" means a person entered on the electoral roll of a district, and thereby entitled to vote at a parliamentary general election in that district:
"Electoral Act" means " The Electoral Act, 1902":
" Electoral poll" means the poll taken under "The Electoral Act, 1902," for the purposes of a parliamentary general election:
20 " Licensing Acts" includes this Act:
" Principal Act" means "The Licensing Act, 1881."
No. 188-1.

Question whether licenses to be granted to be submitted to vote.
3. (1.) At the licensing poll to be taken next after the passing of this Act, and at every subsequent licensing poll, the question to be submitted for the determination of the electors shall be-

Whether licenses shall be granted in the district.
(2.) The Minister shall provide the Returning Officer of each licensing district with a sufficient quantity of uniform voting-papers in the form numbered (1) in the First Schedule hereto, of any colour other than white, in perforated books.
(3.) Such voting-papers shall be numbered consecutively, commencing with the number one in each district, according to the 10 approximate number of electors in the district.
Counting the votes,
4. At the close of the poll the Returning Officer shall, after rejecting all informal votes, count the votes, and shall ascertain and determine the result of the licensing poll in the manner provided by this Act:

Provided that a voting-paper shall not be rejected as informal merely on the ground of the imperfection of the mark of the voter if he has made it obvious how he intended to vote.
5. (1.) Where, on the taking of any such licensing poll in a district where licenses then exist, the number of votes recorded in favour of licenses not being granted in the district is not less than threefifths of all the valid votes recorded, the proposal that licenses shall not be granted in the district shall be deemed to be carried, but not otherwise.
(2.) If such proposal is carried it sladl not be necessary to elect a Licensing Committee for that district, and it shall not be lawful to grant any license therein.
(3.) If such proposal is not carried the number of licenses existing at the date of the poll shall continue, subject to the power of refusing to renew licenses objected to on any of the grounds mentioned in subsections one to four of section eighty-one of the principal Act, and to the provisions of the Licensing Acts relating to forfeiture or increase of licenses.
6. (1.) Where, on the taking of any such licensing poll in a disdistrict where no licenses then exist, the number of votes recorded in favour of licenses being granted in the district is not less than threefifths of all the valid votes recorded, the proposal that licenses shall be granted in the district shall be deemed to be carried, but not otherwise.
(2.) If such proposal is carried a Licensing Committee shall be elected in the manner and at the time prescribed by the Licensing Acts, and licenses shall be granted (if applied for) not exceeding,--
(a.) In the case of publicans' licenses, one license for every thousand of the population of the district at the then last preceding census; and
(b.) In the case of each other description of license, as many 45 licenses as were in existence when licenses in the district were last granted.
(3.) If such proposal is not carried it shall not be necessary to elect a Licensing Committee for that district, and it shall not be lawful to grant licenses therein.

## 50

7. The result of every licensing poll (whether now in force or taken under this Act) shall have effect until superseded at a subsequent valid licensing poll.
8. Where any licensing poll taken after the passing of this Act is, on inquiry under paragraph (o) of section seven of the Amendment Act, declared void a fresh poll shall forthwith be taken in the manner prescribed by the Amendment Act in the case of a licensing poll in a in manner prescribed by the Licensing tots, that no licenses be granted therein, and so long as, pursuant to such determination, no licenses are in force therein, it shall not be lawful, except as hereinafter provided, for any person in that district to have any liquor in his possession after one month from the date when such determination comes into force.
(2.) Every person in whose possession any liquor is found contrary to this section is liable to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds; same i forfed and the Minister may direct either that the liquor so forfeited shall be handed over to the Hospital Board or to the Trustees of the hospital in the district where the liquor was found for the use and benefit of the patients, or that the 20 same be sold and the proceeds paid to the said Hospital Board or Trustees.
(3.) Nothing herein shall prevent any person having in his possession any wine for religious purposes, or any liquor for any medicinal, scientific, or manufacturing purposes: Provided that the such storage riny snch wine or ourer iquor shal be subject
9. (1.) On the taking of the licensing poll next after the passing of this Act there shall also be submitted for the deternination of the electors the question--

Whether a licensing poll shall be taken at every succeeding electoral poll or at every alternate electoral poll.
(2.) The voting-paper on such question shall be in the form numbered (2) in the Fiist Schedule hereto, and shall be different in colour to the voting-paper for the licensing poll and to the ballotpaper for the electoral poll.
(3.) All the provisions of the Licensing Acts relating to the licensing poll shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to the poll taken under this section, save that such question shall be determined by a majority of the valid votes recorded at the poll.
(4.) The result of the poll taken under this section shall be publicly notified in the manner prescribed in the case of the licensing poll, and shall have effect according to the tenor of such notification.
11. Where, by reason of the abolition or alteration of an electoral district after the passing of this det, any area of a licensing district (hereinafter called an "original district") becomes part of another licensing district, whether then newly constituted or already existing (hereinafter called a " new district "), then, notwithstanding the abolition or alteration of such original district, the following provisions shall apply :-
50 (a.) Such area shall, for all the purposes of the Licensing Acts (other than the purposes of voting at the election of the Committee and at the taking of the licensing poll), be deemed not to form part of such new district, but to continue to be comprised in such original district (in like the result of the second licensing poll thereafter taken in such new district is notified to the Committee thereof by
the Returning Officer; and upon such result being so notified, such area shall be subject thereto, and shall cease to be deemed to be comprised in such original district.
(b.) If in any such case there is no Committee of such original district, then, until such area ceases to be deemed to be comprised therein, the functions and jurisdiction of the Committee shall be exercised in respect of the said area by such Stipendiary Magistrate for the time being usually exercising jurisdiction within the area or in the locality thereof as the Governor by notice in the Gazette names in that behalf, and such notice shall be conclusive evidence of all matters stated therein.
12. Section five of "The Alcoholic Liquors Sale Control Act, 1893," relating to the grant of licenses where population has suddenly increased, shall be construed subject to the following conditions:-
(a.) The Governor's Order in Council shall not be made unless he is satisfied that the population of the riding of the county to which the proposed Order in Council relates has increased by at least seven hundred persons.
(b.) The Licensing Committee shall not grant the license unless a majority of the adult residents within a radius of two miles from the site of the premises proposed to be licensed consent to the grant.
(c.) Such consent may be given either by petition in support of the license or liy vote at a poll.
(d.) The signatures to the petition shall be verified by statutory declaration, but the declaration shall be exempt from stamp duty.
(e.) The poll may be taken in the same manner as in the case of a proposal to raise a special loan.
13. (1.) Sections five, six, eight, and twelve of the Amendment Act are hereby repealed.
(2.) Part I. of the Amendment Act shall be read subject to the foregoing provisions of this Act.

## Miscellaneous Amendments of the Licensing Law.

Licensing Commlt. tees.
14. With respect to the Licensing Committee of each district the following provisions shall apply:-
(a.) In addition to the Magistrate and elected members of the Committee, the Mayor of every borough and the Chairman of every county within the licensing district shall be ex officio members of the Committee; and where any such borough or coanty is partly within one and partly within another licensing district, the Mayor or Chairman of such borough or county shall be an ex officio member of such one of those licensing districts as the Governor 45 determines:

Provided that where any such Mayor or Chairman. is the holder of a publican's license the Council of the borough or county of which he is Mayor or Chairman shall elect one of its members to be such ex officio member 50 of the Committee in his stead.
(b.) Notwithstanding anything in section six of "The Alcoholic Liquors Sale Control Act, 189:3," any person disqualified
by that section may be elected and act as a member of the Committee, but shall not act as such member on any question before the Committee directly affecting himself.
(c.) If the number of elective members of any Committee duly
the register of licenses as the holder of a license shall with his application deliver to the Clerk of the Licensing Committee testimonials with be forwarded by the Clerk to the Inspector, who shall report thereon to the Committee.
16. (1.) In any licensed premises there may be the number of Number of baxs bars hereinafter mentioned, and no more, that is to say,--

Where the number of rooms available for public accommodation (exclusive of the billiard-room, if any) does not exceed twelve, one bar ;
Where the number of such rooms exceeds twelve, but does not exceed thirty, two hars;
Where such number exceeds thirty, three bars:
(2.) For every such bar exceeding one there shall be payable by the licensee an additional license fee of five pounds.
(3.) For the purposes of this section "bar" means any room, compartment, or place in any licensed premises wherein the public 50 may enter and purchase liquor.
17. From and after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand No bottle licenses. nine hundred and four, no bottle license shall be granted or renewed, and all existing bottle licenses shall be cancelled.

Indorsement of licenses.

Repeal.

Register of licenses.
18. With respect to the recording or indorsing of convictions on licenses, the following provisions shall apply, anything in the Licensing Acts to the contrary notwithstanding:-
(a.) In every case where, under the Licensing Acts, it is directed that a conviction shall be recorded or indorsed on a license, the convicting Court shall have a discretion to record or indorse or not to record or indorse the conviction, as the Court thinks fit.
(b.) Every record or indorsement made before the passing of this Act on any license shall lapse and be deemed to be cancelled if, at the expiration of twelve months from the date of the conviction so recorded or indorsed, another conviction has not been recorded or indorsed on the license.
(c.) Section twenty-two of "The Alcoholic Liquors Sale Control Act, $1893^{" \prime}$ (relating to indorsement of licenses), is hereby repealed.
19. (1.) The Register of Licenses required by the principal Act to be kept shall be kept in two parts as follows:-

Part I. shall be a register of licensed persons, and shall contain particulars of the names of the persons to whom 20 licenses are granted, and the premises in respect of which each license is granted;
Part II. shall be a register of licensed premises, and shall contain particulars of the premises in respect of which licenses are granted, the names of the owners of the pre- 25 mises, and the names of the persons for the time being holding each license.
(2.) Where the Court under the last preceding section records or indorses any license a corresponding record against the offender shall be made in Part I. of the Register; and where a record of three convictions within three years is made in the Register against the same person such person's license shall be cancelled, and he shall be disqualified from holding a license for a period of five years from the date of the third of such indorsements.
(3.) Where such record or indorsement is in respect of any 35 offence mentioned in sections one hundred and ninety-two or two hundred and six of the principal Act, or in section twenty-three of this Act, a corresponding record against the premises in which the offence was committed shall also be made in Part II. of the Register; and where a record of three convictions within three 40 years is made in the Register against the same premises (whether the conviction was of the same person or not) the license in respect of such premises shall be forfeited, and no license shall thereafter be granted in respect thereof for a period of two years from the date of the third of such indorsements.
(4.) The person who on the passing of this Act is entered on the existing Register of Licenses as the holder of any license shall be entered in Part I. of the register kept under this section.
20. Subsection five of section twenty-two of the Amendment Amendment Act amer:ded.

1510
21. (1.) A wholesale license shall authorise the licensee to sell Wholesale lieenses. and deliver liquor at one place only, to be specified in the license, in quantities of not less than two gallons of the same description of liquor to be delivered at any one time, such liquor not to be consumed
5 in or upon the licensee's house or premises: Provided that nothing herein shall prevent the holder of a wholesale license from selling or delivering liquor from any bonded warehouse.
(2.) For the purposes of this section spirits, wines, and beer shall be deemed to be different descriptions of liquor one from another.
(3.) Section thirty-five of the principal Act is hereby repealed.
22. Where a license has lapsed or is refused renewal, the original number of licenses in the district, or any number short thereof, shall not be made up by granting a new license anywhere
15 beyond the boundary of the borough (if undivided), or beyond the ward (if divided into wards) or the riding of the county, as the case may be, within which the licensed premises were situated:

Provided that in no case shall any license that has lapsed or is refused renewal be granted as a new license in any borough in respect of premises situate more than half a mile from the original licensed premises, and in any county more than one mile from such premises.
23. (1.) Every licensed person who supplies or allows to be Supplying certain supplied in his licensed premises, by purchase or otherwise, to be liquor to youtha. consumed on the premises,

Any pirits, wine, ale, beer, or porter to any person apparently under the age of eighteen years, not being resident on the premises or a bona fide guest, lodger, or traveller,
and every person who actually gives or supplies any such liquor, is liable for each offence to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.
(2.) Every youth who by falsely representing himself as being of the age of eighteen years or upwards obtains for consumption on the premises any spirits, wine, ale, beer, or porter is liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.
35
(3.) Section one hundred and sixty-six of the principal Act is Repeal. hereby repealed.
24. Every person who sends a child under the age of thirteen years to a licensed house for any liquor is liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.
40
25. (1.) Every person found on licensed premises at any time when such premises are required by the principal Act or "The Alcoholic Liquors Sale Control Act, 1893," to be closed is liable to a fine not exceeding two pounds, unless he satisfies the Court that he was an inmate, servant, or lodger on such premises, or
45 a bona fide traveller, or that otherwise his presence on such premises was not in breach of the provisions of the Licensing Acts with respect to the closing of licensed premises.
(2.) Any constable may demand the name and address of any person so found, and, if he has reasonable ground to suppose that the
50 name or address given is false, may require evidence of the correctness thereof, and may, if such person fails upon such demand to give his name and address, or such evidence, the constable shall caution him, and, if he still persists in such failure, may apprehend him without warrant, and take him, as soon as practicable, before a
55 Justice, who, if such person gives his correct name and address, may order him to be released on bail.

As to prohibited persons.

Permitting gambling.

Use of injurious materials.

Limitation of proceedings.

Consideration for landlord's consent to transfer void.

## Clubs liable to

 inspection.(3.) Any person required by a constable under this section to give his name and address who fails to give the same, or gives a false name or address, or gives false evidence with respect to such name and address, is liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds.
26. (1.) In any proceedings under the Licensing Acts against any licensee for selling liquor to a prohibited person, it shall be a sufficient defence if the defendant satisfies the Court that he, or, as the case may be, his agent actually selling the liquor, did not know that the person to whom the liquor was sold was a prohibited person.
(2.) Section thirteen of "The Alcoholic Liquors Sale Control 10 Act, 1893," is hereby amended as follows:-
(a.) By repealing the words "licensed person within any district in which such prohibition order is in force," and substituting in lieu thereof the words "person whomsoever"; and also
(b.) By adding at the end of the section the words "and the fact of such person drinking liquor or having it in his possession shall be sufficient evidence of his having procured it in breach of this section."
27. (1.) Every licensee who permits or connives at gambling or 20 the playing of any unlawful game on his licensed premises is liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.
(2.) Where any person is found drunk in any public room in any licensed premises the licensee shall be presumed until the contrary is proved to have permitted drunkenness on his premises, and shall be 25 liable accordingly.
28. For the purposes of section one hundred and ninety-one of the principal Act, relating to adulteration, the Governor may from time to time declare any ingredient or material to be injurious to health, and in such case any liquor with which such ingredient or material is 30 mixed shall be deemed to be adulterated.
29. All prosecutions for the breach of any of the provisions of the Licensing Acts shall be commenced within one month after the date of the breach, and not later.
30. (1.) It shall not be lawful for the owner or landlosd of any 35 licensed premises to demand or receive any fine, payment, bonus, premium, or consideration for his consent to any assigument, sub-lease, or transier of the licensed premises or the license ty the licensee.
(2.) In any case where any such fine, payment, bonus, premium, 40 or consideration has been paid after the commencement of this Act, then any moneys so paid may be recovered as a debt from the person receiving the same by the person paying the same.
(3.) The owner or landlord shall not refuse his consent as aforesaid to any assignment, sub-lease, or transfer as aforesaid to 45 any person who has a certificate of fitness to hold a publican's license signed by a Magistrate, anything to the contrary in any lease, deed, or document notwithstanding.
31. (1.) All clubs holding a charter under section two hundred and twenty-nine of the principal Act shall be subject to the provisions 50 of the Licensing Acts relating to inspection and illicit sales.
(2.) Where any such club is situate in a licensing district in which for the time being no licenses exist, whether as the result of a
licensing poll under this Act or the Amendment Act, the charter of the club shall be suspended for so long as the result of such poll continues.
32. The Licensing Committee may from time to time, by

5 certificate, authorise the licensee to wholly or partially close his licensed premises, or suspend his business as licensee, during any specified period of the year.
33. Where after the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred and three, any licensed premises have been or hereafter may be

## 10

 of the license) to be improved either by rebuilding or extension or repair, and the cost of such improvements exceeds the sum of three thousand pounds, and such order is complied with to the satisfaction of the Committee, the owner of such premises shall be entitled as of to a renewal of the license from time to time for a period of six years from the first day of July next after the date of such order; and unless and until licenses are again granted pursuant to a licensing poll under this Act no further license shall be granted in respect of such premises: licensed premises to a renewal under this section where under any nineteen hereof the license has become liable to be forfeited.34. In order to prevent any evasion or avoidance of the pro- Tried houses. visions of section thirty-five of the Amendment Act relating to tied 25 houses, it is hereby declared that--

In every case where after the passing of this Act a rent is reserved under a lease of premises licensed or to be licensed, and the lessor in any way arranges or agrees to abate the same or refund any part thereof in consideration of the lessee purchasing any liquor or goods exclusively from the lessor or some person named by the lessor, then the covenant or agreement to pay the rent shall to the extent of such abatement or refund be deemed to be a covenant agreement within the meaning of subsection tive of section thirty-five of the Amendment Act, and the instrument of lease may be rectified as provided in that subsection.
35. Section four of "The Alcoholic Liquors Sale Control Act, Non-votere not to 1893 ," is hereby repealed in so far as the same relates to the striking- struok off the roll.
40 off the roll the name of any person not being prohibited by law from voting who did not vote.
36. With respect to that part of New Zealand known as the Rohe-Potae, and to the Urewera district, and to any Native licensing area wherein prohibition is in force at the passing of this Act (all of
45 which are hereinafter referred to as "Native licensing areas"), the following provisions shall apply :-
(a.) A Commission shall be elected by the House of Representatives in the manner hereinafter mentioned, whose duty it shall be to inspect the said Native licensing areas, and to make inquiry and report to the Governor in respect of each such Native licensing area-
(i.) Whether licensing matters should remain as they are ; or
(ii.) Whether the sale of liquor to Europeans only (meaning thereby all persons other than Maoris) should be permitted in such Native licensing area, or any defined part thereof, under State control.
(b.) The members of the Commission shall be elected as fol-lows:-
(iii.) Any member of the House of Representatives may nominate three fit persons to be members of the Commission.
(iv.) Such nominations shall be delivered to the Clerk of the said House on or before the third Tuesday after the Address in Reply has been agreed to by that House in the first session of Parlianent after the passing of this Act.
(v.) The said Clerk shall cause to be printed and delivered to every member of the said House who applies for the same a voting-paper containing the names of every person so nominated as aforesaid, and on the fourth Tuesday after the said Address in Reply has been so agreed to an election of inembers of the Commission shall be held as nearly as practicable in the manner provided by section thirteen of the Amendment Act in the case of the sale of liquor within the precincts of Parliament Buildings.
(vi.) The three persons who receive the highest number of votes at such election shall be the members of the Commission: Provided that in the event of an equality of voting between the third and fourth highest the Speaker of the said House shall give a casting-vote.
(c.) If the report of the Commission is that licensing matters30 should remain as they are, such report shall be deemed to be adopted by Parliament.
(d.) If such report is that liquor should be sold under State control, the Commission shall indicate in its report the localities where premises should be established for such 35 sale.
(e.) If the report of the Commission is that liquor should be sold, the question whether or not the report shall be adopted shall be submitted to the vote of the European electors within the area defined in the report in the same manner as if it were a licensing poll; and if not less than threefifths of the votes recorded are in favour of the adoption of the report, such report shall be deemed to be adopted, but not otherwise, and effect shall be given thereto accordingly as if the poll were a licensing poll.
37. (1.) The Minister in charge of the Tourist Department may 50 from time to time appoint the premises mentioned in the Second Schedule hereto as places at which liquor may be
sold to persons travelling who are holders of a permit issued as hereinafter provided, but not to any other person.
(2.) The said Minister may either appoint a manager of any
(a.) For the guidance of Returning Officers, Deputy Returning Officers, poll-clerks, and scrutineers respecting the conduct of licensing polls or any poll under this Act; and a premises appointed under the last preceding paragraph or he may grant a license to any person occupying any premises so appointed to sell liquor in either case on such conditions not inconsistent with this section or with the Licensing Acts as he thinks fit.
(3.) The Governor may from time to time, by Order in Council gazetted, appoint one or more persons to issue tourist passes or permits, and may make regulations for the issue of passes or permits to persons travelling as aforesaid, and for the grant of licenses under this section, and for the management of premises and the conduct of managers appointed under this section.
(4.) So far as concerns the holder of every license granted under this section, and so far as concerns every other person within the portion of the district sitnate within the Native licensing area or defined part thereof, every Maori, whether male or female, within that area or part shall be deemed to be a prohibited person; and the provisions of the Licensing Acts as to supplying liquor to prohibited persons shall apply accordingly, with this addition: that on a conviction under any such provision the penalty shall be,-
(a.) For a first offence, not exceeding twenty pounds and not less than five pounds;
(b.) For a second offence, not exceeding fifty pounds and not less than ten pounds; and
(c.) For a third and every subsequent offence, to one month's imprisonment.
38. The Licensing Acts are hereby modified in so far as they Licensing Aota copy of all such regulations in force shall be supplied free modified. of charge to all such persons engaged at any such poll ;
(b.) Prescribing forms and whatever else he thinks necessary in order to give effect to this Act.

## FIRST SCHEDULE.

## 1. Voting-paper on Issue whether Licenses to be granted.

Licensing District of
The question is-
Shall licenses be granted in the district?
YES.
NO.
If the voter desires that licenses shall be granted he must strike out the word "No." If he desires that licenses shall not be granted he must strike out the word "Yes."

If the voter strikes out both, or fails to strike out one of the proposals, the voting-paper will be void.

The voting-paper so marked is to be dropped by the voter into the separate ballot-box prepared for it, and not into the same box as that in which he drops his electoral ballot-paper.

The voter is not allowed to take his voting-paper out of the polling-booth.

## 2. Voting-paper on Poll under Section 9.

Licensing District of

## The question is-

Shall a licensing poll be taken at every general election of members of Parliament, or at every second general election only?

## EVERY ELECTION.

## EVERY SECOND ELECTION.

If the voter desires that a licensing poll be taken at every general election he must strike out the line " Every second election."

If he desires that a licensing poll be taken at every second general election only he must strike out the line "Every election."

If the voter strikes out both, or fails to strike out either line, his vote will not be counted.

The voting-paper so marked is to be dropped by the voter into the separate ballot-box used for the licensing poll, and not into the box in which he drops his electoral ballot-paper.

The voter is not allowed to take his voting-paper out of the polling-booth.

## SECOND SCHEDULE.

Wainangu House, seventeen miles from Rotorua. Lake House, Waikaremoana. Pipiriki House. Spa, Hanmer. Glade House, Lake Te Anau.

By Authority: John Mackay, Government Printer, Wellington.-1903.

