# **Justices of the Peace Amendment Bill**

Government Bill

As reported from the committee of the whole House

53---3

# Key to symbols used in reprinted bill

# As reported from a select committee

Struck out (unanimous)	
Subject to this Act,	Text struck out unanimously
New (unanimous)	
Subject to this Act,	Text inserted unanimously
(Subject to this Act,)	Words struck out unanimously
Subject to this Act,	Words inserted unanimously

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# Hon Clayton Cosgrove

# **Justices of the Peace Amendment Bill**

### Government Bill

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# The Parliament of New Zealand enacts as follows:

1	Title This Act is the Justices of the Peace Amendment Act 2006.	
2	Commencement This Act comes into force on the day after the date on which it receives the Royal assent.	5
3	Principal Act amended This Act amends the Justices of the Peace Act 1957.	
	Part 1	
	Miscellaneous amendments	10
4	New sections 2 to 3C substituted	
	Sections 2 and 3 are repealed and the following sections ( <i>are</i> ) substituted:	
"2	Interpretation	
	In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—	1:
	"judicial power or function means a power or function involving—	
	"(a) discharging or purporting to discharge (or failing, refusing, or purporting to refuse, to discharge) responsibilities of a judicial nature vested in Justices; or	20
	"(b) issuing, or failing or refusing to issue, a warrant	
	"Justice means a person who is a Justice of the Peace for New Zealand—	
	"(a) by virtue of being appointed a Justice of the Peace for New Zealand under <b>section 3(1)</b> ; or	25
	"(b) by virtue of being a District Court Judge, a Judge of the Maori Land Court, the chairperson of a regional council, or the mayor of a territorial authority	
	"Minister means the Minister of the Crown who, under the	
	authority of a warrant or with the authority of the Prime Minister, is responsible for the administration of this Act	30
	New (unanimous)	
	"Secretary means the Secretary for Justice	

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#### "working day means a day that—

- "(a) is not Saturday, Sunday, Waitangi Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, Labour Day, or the Sovereign's birthday; and
- "(b) does not fall in a period commencing on 20 December in one year and ending with 15 January in the next year.

#### "2A Act binds the Crown

This Act binds the Crown.

#### "3 Appointment of Justices of the Peace

"(1) The Governor-General may, by Warrant under his or her hand, appoint any person to be a Justice of the Peace for New Zealand.

#### New (unanimous)

"(1A) A person may not be appointed as a Justice unless he or she has completed training, approved by the Secretary, in the exercise and performance of the powers and functions of a Justice.

"(2) The Secretary—

- "(a) must publish in the *Gazette* notice of every appointment under **subsection (1)**; and
- "(b) may publish in the *Gazette* a list of the names of Justices holding office (by virtue of appointment under **subsection (1)**) on a day stated in the notice.
- "(3) Publication in the *Gazette* of a notice of appointment or list of names is evidence of the appointment as a Justice of every person whose name appears in the notice or list.

## "3A Appointed Justices continue in office

- "(1) Every Justice appointed under (subsection (1)) section 3(1) continues in office until he or she—
  - "(a) dies; or
  - "(b) retires or resigns, by notice in writing to the Secretary; or
  - "(c) ceases to be a Justice (by virtue of) by the operation of section (5(1)(a)) ((5B(1)(a) or (section 8) 8)) 5B(1) or 8(1)(b).

#### Struck out (unanimous)

"(2) Subsection (1) is subject to section 5B(2).

# "3B Justices to undertake training before (taking up duties) exercising judicial power or function

#### Struck out (unanimous)

"(1) A Justice (other than a District Court Judge or a Judge of the Maori Land Court) must not exercise or perform any of the powers or functions of a Justice before taking the required oaths.

"(2) A Justice must not take the required oaths before completing the training in the exercise and performance of the powers and functions of a Justice provided by the Secretary.

#### New (unanimous)

"(1) A Justice (other than a District Court Judge or a Judge of the Maori Land Court) must not exercise or perform any judicial power or function unless he or she has completed training in the exercise and performance of judicial powers and functions to the satisfaction of the Chief District Court Judge.

#### Struck out (unanimous)

- "(3) Even if a Justice exercises or performs a power or function of a Justice before taking the required oaths, the exercise or performance of the power or function is valid and effectual.
- "(4) In this section, **required oaths** means the oaths required for Justices of the Peace by section 22(1) of the Oaths and Declarations Act 1957.

"(5) (Subsection (2)) Subsection (1) does not apply to a Justice appointed before the commencement of the Justices of the Peace Amendment Act 2006.

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"3C Use of designation 'JP (retired)'

"(1)	On or after retiring or resigning as a Justice, a former Justice appointed under section 3(1) may apply to the Secretary in writing for authority to use the designation 'JP (retired)'.						
"(2)	The Secretary must publish in the <i>Gazette</i> a notice authorising the former Justice to use the designation 'JP (retired)', unless satisfied that the former Justice—  "(a) had served as a Justice for less than 10 years; or  "(b) before retiring or resigning as a Justice, without reason-	5					
	able excuse,—  "(i) had abandoned the performance of the functions of a Justice; or  "(ii) had from time to time failed or refused to perform the functions of a Justice; or	10					
	"(c) retired or resigned while suspended from office; or "(d) retired or resigned to avoid being removed or suspended from office, or otherwise disciplined.	15					
"(3)	No former Justice may use the designation 'JP (retired)' unless the Secretary has published in the <i>Gazette</i> a notice authorising him or her to do so.	20					
"(4)	No person (who is not a former Justice) may use the designa- tion 'JP (retired)' or a similar designation unless he or she is a former Justice.						
	Struck out (unanimous)						
"(5)	No person may use a designation similar to 'JP (retired)'.						
"(6)	<b>Subsection (1)</b> applies to former Justices (appointed under <b>section 3(1)</b> ) who retired <u>or resigned</u> before the commencement of the Justices of the Peace Amendment Act <b>2006</b> ."	25					
	Part 2						
A	and retirement	30					
5	New sections 5 to 5F substituted Section 5 is repealed and the following sections are substituted:						
" <b>5</b> "(1)	Removal or suspension of Justice from office The Governor-General may, on the recommendation of the Minister, by notice in the <i>Gazette</i> , remove a Justice from	35					
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		otice, of not more than (90) 65 working days—	
	"(a)	for misconduct; or	
	"(b)	if the Justice—	
	(0)	"(i) is unable to perform his or her functions as a	5
		Justice; or	3
		"(ii) has neglected or refused to perform his or her	
		(duties) functions as a Justice; or	
		"(iii) has, while a Justice, been convicted of an offence	
		punishable by imprisonment; or	10
		"(iv) has, while a Justice, been adjudged bankrupt; or	10
		"(v) has failed or refused to comply with a require-	
		ment under section 5D(1); or	
	"(c)	in the case of a removal, if the Justice has purported to	
	(0)	exercise or perform a power or function of a Justice,	15
		knowing that he or she was suspended from office.	13
		·	
'(2)		ction (1) does not apply to a person who is a Justice by	
		e of being a District Court Judge or a Judge of the Maori Court.	
	Land	Court.	
· ~ .	N#::	-4 4	20
<b>'5A</b>		ster to consult Chief District Court Judge before mmending removal or suspension of Justice	20
		cising or performing judicial powers or functions	
<b>'</b> (1)		Minister must not recommend the removal or suspension	
(1)		office of a Justice who exercises or performs judicial	
		ers or functions unless—	25
	"(a)	he or she has consulted the Chief District Court Judge	23
	(a)	about the Justice's proposed removal or suspension	
		from office; and	
	"(b)	the Chief District Court Judge has recommended to the	
	(0)	Minister the Justice's removal or suspension (as the	30
		case may be) from office.	
'(2)	The (	Chief District Court Judge must not recommend a Jus-	
(2)		removal or suspension from office, unless—	
	"(a)	the Chief District Court Judge has earlier reached a	
	(a)	preliminary view that grounds may exist for recom-	35
		mending disciplinary action against the Justice, and has	55
		given the Justice written notice—	
		•	
		"(i) stating that grounds may exist for recommending	
		"(i) stating that grounds may exist for recommending disciplinary action; and	

	<ul> <li>"(ii) stating the grounds on which the Chief District Court Judge reached that preliminary view; and "(iii) stating that the Justice may, within 20 working days of receiving the notice, respond to the Chief District Court Judge in writing in respect of the matters contained in the notice; and</li> <li>"(b) either the Chief District Court Judge—</li> <li>"(i) has received and considered a written response from the Justice in respect of the matters contained in the notice; or</li> <li>"(ii) has not, within 20 working days of the (Justice's) Justice receiving the notice, received from the Justice a written response in respect of the matters contained in the notice.</li> </ul>	5		
"5B	Effect of removal	15		
	Struck out (unanimous)			
"(1)	<ul> <li>"(1) A person removed from the office of Justice—</li> <li>"(a) ceases to be a Justice on the day after the date of the publication of the notice under section 5(1) removing him or her from that office; and</li> <li>"(b) in the case of a chairperson of a regional council or a mayor of a territorial authority, is no longer a Justice by virtue of being chairperson or mayor; and</li> <li>"(c) does not become a Justice again if later elected or appointed (or re-elected or reappointed) chairperson of a regional council or mayor of a territorial authority.</li> </ul>			
	New (unanimous)			
"(1) "(1A	A person removed from the office of Justice ceases to be a Justice on the day after the date of the publication of the notice under <b>section 5(1)</b> removing him or her from that office.  A) If a person to whom <b>subsection (1)</b> applies is or becomes a chairperson of a regional council or a mayor of a territorial authority, that person—  "(a) on ceasing to be a Justice, is no longer a Justice by	30		

virtue of being a chairperson or mayor; and

#### New (unanimous)

"(b)	does not become a Justice again if later elected of	or
	appointed (or re-elected or reappointed) chairperson of	of
	a regional council or mayor of a territorial authority.	

"(2)	(Subsection	(1)	overrides)	Subsections	(1)	and	(1A)	override
	section 410	4) c	of the Local	Governmen	t A	t 20	02	

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#### "5C Effect of suspension

- "(1) The suspension of a Justice begins on the day after the date of the publication of the notice under **section 5(1)** suspending him or her from office.
- "(2) While a Justice is suspended,—

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- "(a) every enactment other than this Act applies as if he or she is not a Justice; and
- "(b) he or she must not purport to exercise or perform any of the powers or functions of a Justice.
- "(3) **Subsection (2)** continues to apply to a suspended Justice even if, during his or her suspension, he or she is elected or appointed (or re-elected or reappointed) chairperson of a regional council or mayor of a territorial authority.
- "(4) Subsections (2) and (3) override section 41(4) of the Local Government Act 2002.

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#### "5D Other action in respect of Justices

"(1) The Governor-General may, on the recommendation of the Minister, direct the Minister to take in respect of a Justice (other than a person who is a Justice by virtue of being a District Court Judge or a Judge of the Maori Land Court) one or more of the following actions:

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- "(a) give the Justice an official written rebuke:
- "(b) by written notice to the Justice, require the Justice to apologise to a person or people stated in the notice, in writing, for behaviour stated in the notice:

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"(c) by written notice to the Justice, require the Justice to undertake training (or further training), provided by a provider stated in the notice, in an aspect of the performance of the Justice's functions as a Justice stated in the notice:

	receive counselling (or further counselling), provided by a provider stated in the notice, of a kind stated in the notice.	
"(2)	The Minister must not recommend the giving of a direction under <b>subsection (1)</b> in respect of a Justice unless the Minister is satisfied that the Justice—	5
	"(a) has, since appointment as a Justice, behaved in a way that is inappropriate or undesirable for a Justice (otherwise than in relation to the exercise or performance of	10
	judicial powers or functions); or  "(b) has performed a function of a Justice while suspended from office; or	
	"(c) has neglected his or her (duties) functions as a Justice.	
"(3)	The Minister may take 2 or more of the actions stated in	15
	subsection (1) by means of a single notice.	
"5E	Justices to be given particulars and opportunity to respond	
"(1)	In this section, disciplinary action, in relation to a Justice,	
	means the giving of a direction under <b>section 5D(1)</b> in respect of the Justice.	20
"(2)	The Minister must not recommend disciplinary action against a Justice, unless—	
	"(a) the Minister has earlier reached a preliminary view that grounds may exist for recommending disciplinary action against the Justice; and	25
	"(b) the Minister is satisfied that the Secretary has given the Justice written notice—	
	"(i) stating that grounds may exist for recommending disciplinary action; and	30
	"(ii) stating the grounds on which the Minister reached his or her preliminary view; and	
	"(iii) stating that the Justice may, within 20 working days of receiving the notice, respond to the Secretary in writing in respect of the matters contained in the notice; and	35
	"(c) either—	
	"(i) the Secretary has received from the Justice a writ- ten response in respect of the matters contained in the notice, and the Minister has considered the	40

	response and any written comments on (them) it from the Secretary; or  "(ii) the Minister is satisfied that the Secretary has not, within 20 working days of the Justice('s) receiving the notice, received from the Justice a written response in respect of the matters contained in the notice.	5		
"5F	Registrars and Official Assignees to notify convictions and bankruptcies			
	For the purposes of section 5,—  "(a) a Registrar of the High Court or a District Court must notify the Secretary whenever a person whom the Registrar knows to be a Justice is convicted of an offence punishable by imprisonment:	10		
	"(b) an Official Assignee (within the meaning of the Insolvency Act 1967) must notify the Secretary whenever a person whom the Official Assignee knows to be a Justice is adjudged bankrupt."	15		
6	Attendance of Justices at Court Section 6((1)) is amended by (inserting "(other than people who are Justices by virtue of being a District Court Judge or a Judge of the Maori Land Court)" after "Justices".) repealing subsection (1) and substituting the following subsection:	20		
	New (unanimous)			
"(1)	The Registrar of every District Court must keep and maintain a list of Justices (excluding any person who is a Justice by virtue of being a District Court Judge or a Judge of the Maori Land Court) who reside within 20 kilometres of the courthouse and are not exempted from attendance under section 7."			
7	Justices exempt from attendance Section 7(1)(a) is amended by omitting "72" and substituting ("68") "70".	30		
8	New section 8 substituted Section 8 is (repealing) repealed and the following section (is) substituted:			

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"8	Fai	ilure	to	atten	h

- "(1) If a Justice fails to attend a District Court on 2 successive occasions when summoned under section 6(2),—
  - "(a) the Registrar concerned must notify the Secretary of the second failure; and
  - "(b) unless within 20 working days after the date of the second failure the Justice (or some other person on the Justice's behalf) satisfies the Minister that the Justice had reasonable cause for the failures, the Justice ceases to be a Justice on a date fixed for the purpose by the Minister and notified in the *Gazette*.

#### Struck out

- "(2) A chairperson of a regional council or a mayor of a territorial authority who ceases to be a Justice by virtue of **subsection** (1)(b),—
  - "(a) is no longer a Justice by virtue of being chairperson or mayor; but
  - "(b) becomes a Justice again if later elected or appointed (or re-elected or reappointed) chairperson of a regional council or mayor of a territorial authority.
- "(3) **Subsection (2)(a)** overrides section 41(4) of the Local Government Act 2002.
- "(4) Subsection (2)(b) is subject to section 5B(1)(c).

#### New

"(2) **Section 5B(1A)** applies, with any necessary modifications, to a person who ceases to be a Justice by the operation of **subsection** (1)(b).

"(5) In this section, fail includes refuse."

#### Justices of the Peace Amendment

# Legislative history 31 May 2006 Introduction (Bill 53–1) 19 July 2006 First reading and referral to Law and Order Committee 2 March 2007 Reported from the Law and Order Committee (Bill 53–2) 27 March 2007 Second reading 3 April 2007 Committee of the whole House (Bill 53–3)

