Hon. Mr. Mason.

DOMESTIC PROCEEDINGS.

ANALYSIS.

Title. 1. Short Title. Commencement. 2. Interpretation. be filed in 3. Proceedings to Magistrates' Courts. 4. Sittings of Courts for domestic proceedings. 5. Reference of matrimonial cases to a conciliator. 6. Interim maintenance orders. 7. Newspaper reports of domestic

proceedings.

8. Part III of principal Act to apply for benefit of married man. Repeals. 9. Dissolution of marriage not to

affect maintenance order.

Supreme Court. Repeal.

Repeal.

Section 38 of principal Act (as 17. Powers of Maintenance Officers to rehearings) amended.

11. Place for filing applications for rehearing, variation, &c., of orders.

12. Section 43 of principal Act (as to attachment orders) may be extended to bind the Crown.

13. Place of hearing of informations for failure to pay maintenance-moneys.

14. Section 78 of principal (as to costs) extended.

15. Section 79 of principal Act (as to taking evidence) extended.

16. Extension of Magistrates' jurisdiction as to orders for maintenance made

enlarged.

A BILL INTITULED

An Act to amend the Destitute Persons Act, 1910, for Title. the Purpose of making Better Provision in relation to Domestic Proceedings and other Matters.

5 BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the Domestic Short Title. Proceedings Act, 1939, and shall be read together with 10 and deemed part of the Destitute Persons Act, 1910 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. II, p. 896

No. 25—1.

Commencement.

(2) This Act shall come into force on the first day of October, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine.

Interpretation.

- 2. For the purposes of the principal Act, unless the context otherwise requires, the term "domestic proceedings " means-
 - (a) Proceedings under Part III of the principal Act, except proceedings in respect of any offence against section nineteen thereof:

(b) Proceedings under Part IV of the principal Act:

(c) Proceedings under section thirty-eight or section 10 thirty-nine of the principal Act in respect of any order made under Part III or Part IV of the principal Act:

(d) Proceedings in relation to an interim maintenance order under section six of this Act. 15

3. (1) In all cases where under the principal Act a Justice of the Peace is authorized upon a complaint on oath or upon any other documents to issue a summons to any person or a warrant to apprehend any person, the complaint or other documents, as the 20 case may be, shall be filed in a Magistrate's Court and the summons or warrant shall be issued by the Clerk of that Court. The summons or warrant may be signed by any Justice or by the Clerk.

(2) Any such complaint may be made to any Justice 25 or to the Clerk of a Magistrate's Court.

4. (1) The business of Magistrates' Courts and of Magistrates shall, so far as is consistent with the due despatch of business, be arranged in such manner as may be requisite for separating the hearing of domestic 30 proceedings from other business.

(2) No person shall be present during the hearing

of any domestic proceedings except—

(a) Officers of the Court:

- (b) Parties to the proceedings, their solicitors and 35 counsel, witnesses and other persons directly concerned in the proceedings, and other persons whom either party desires to be present:
- (c) Solicitors and counsel in attendance for other 40 cases:
- (d) Accredited newspaper reporters:
- (e) Any other person whom the Magistrate may permit to be present.

Proceedings to be filed in Magistrates' Courts.

Sittings of Courts for domestic proceedings. Cf. 1 Edw. VIII & 1 Geo. VI, c. 58, s. 2 (Imp.)

(3) Where any other proceedings are heard together with any domestic proceedings, the provisions of the last preceding subsection shall, unless the Magistrate otherwise determines, apply as if the whole of the proceedings were domestic proceedings.

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any other powers of the Magistrate to hear proceedings in camera or to exclude any persons from

the Court.

5. (1) Where a complaint under Part III of the Reference of 10 principal Act is filed by or on behalf of any husband matrimonial cases to a or wife, the Magistrate, or in his absence the Clerk of conciliator. the Court, shall refer the matter to some person whom Cf. 1 he shall appoint as conciliator to attempt to effect a & 1 Geo. VI, 15 conciliation between the husband and the wife:

Provided that if for any special reason the Magistrate thinks it inexpedient that the matter should be referred to a conciliator, he may make an order that the matter be not so referred, or that the reference 20 made by the Clerk be revoked, as the case may require.

(2) Any Probation Officer, Maintenance Officer, or Child Welfare Officer, or any other person, whether in the service of the Government or not, may be appointed as a conciliator.

(3) Except as provided in this section no person 25 appointed as a conciliator shall disclose to any person any information received by him in the course of any proceedings under this section. Every person who

commits a breach of this provision shall be liable on 30 summary conviction to a fine of five pounds.

(4) If an attempt to effect a conciliation is unsuccessful and the person appointed as conciliator thinks fit in the circumstances of the case so to do, he may furnish to the Magistrate a report made in 35 such form as may be prescribed by regulations made under the principal Act and containing the statements made by the husband and the wife respectively, and information as to such other matters relating to the proceedings or to the parties thereto as may be 40 prescribed:

Provided that no statement made by the husband or the wife shall be included in the report without his or her consent in writing.

(Imp.)

(5) Where a report is furnished under this section, the person by whom the report is furnished shall cause copies thereof to be delivered to the husband and to the wife, or to be sent by post addressed to each of them at his or her last known place of abode or business.

(6) Where a report is furnished under this section, the Magistrate may, if he thinks fit, make use of the report for the purpose of putting or causing to be put questions to any witness:

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Provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section sixty-eight of the principal Act, nothing contained in the report shall be received by the

Magistrate as evidence.

Interim maintenance orders. Cf. 15 & 16 Geo. V, c. 51, s. 6 (Imp.)

- 6. (1) Where the hearing of a complaint under 15 Part III of the principal Act is adjourned for any period exceeding one week, or where any such complaint is referred to a conciliator under the provisions of the last preceding section, a Magistrate may, if he thinks fit, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, 20 make an order directing that the defendant do pay a weekly sum towards the future maintenance of his or her wife or husband and of any of his or her children until the final determination of the case.
- (2) No order made under this section shall continue 25 in force for more than three months from the date on which it is made.
- (3) Any order made under this section may be enforced in the same manner as if it were a final order of the Magistrate.
- 7. (1) No particulars in relation to any domestic proceedings shall be printed or published in any newspaper before the Magistrate has heard and determined the case. After the Magistrate has heard and determined the case no particulars other than the 35 following shall be printed or published in any newspaper, that is to say:—
 - (a) The names, addresses, and occupations of the parties and of the witnesses:
 - (b) The grounds on which the complaint was based, 40 and a concise statement of the charges, defences, and counter-charges in support of which evidence has been given:

Newspaper reports of domestic proceedings. Cf. 1 Edw. VIII & 1 Geo. VI, c. 58, s. 3 (Imp.)

(c) Submissions on any point of law arising in the course of the proceedings and the decision of the Magistrate thereon:

(*d*) The decision of the Magistrate and any observations made by him in giving his decision.

(2) If any particulars are printed or published in any newspaper in contravention of the provisions of the last preceding subsection, every person who is a 10 printer, publisher, proprietor, manager, or editor of the newspaper shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term of three months or to a fine of one hundred pounds, or to both such imprisonment and such fine.

15 (3) No prosecution for an offence against this section shall be commenced except with the leave of

the Attorney-General.

(4) Nothing in this section shall apply to the printing or publishing of any matter in any newspaper 20 of a technical character intended for circulation among members of the legal profession or of the medical profession.

(5) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the provisions of any other enactment relating to 25 the prohibition or the regulation of the publication of reports of or particulars in relation to judicial

proceedings.

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(6) For the purposes of this section "newspaper" means any newspaper registered under the Printers See Reprint 30 and Newspapers Registration Act, 1908, periodical publication which is published at intervals not exceeding three months; and every document which at any time accompanies and is distributed together with any newspaper shall be deemed to form part of 35 the newspaper.

or any of Statutes, Vol. VI, p. 954

8. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, Part III of Part III of the principal Act shall apply so as to principal Act entitle a married man to the benefit thereof and to benefit of make his wife subject to the provisions thereof; and 40 for the purposes of this section all references in that Part to a married woman or a wife shall be deemed to be references to a married man or a husband, and all references in that Part to a married man or a husband shall be deemed to be references to a married 45 woman or a wife.

to apply for married man. (2) No maintenance order shall be made against a wife in favour of her husband unless the Magistrate is satisfied that the husband is a destitute person, and that his wife is of sufficient ability by her own means or labour to contribute to his maintenance, and, if the order is sought on the sole ground of the failure of the wife to provide adequate maintenance for her husband, that the failure was wilful and without reasonable cause. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section seventy-one of the principal Act, 10 the burden of proof for the purposes of this subsection shall be on the complainant.

(3) The fact that a separation order or an order of guardianship is made in favour of any husband shall not in itself affect the liability (if any) of the 15 husband to provide for the maintenance of his wife or the power of a Magistrate to make a maintenance order against the husband in favour of his wife.

(4) This section is in substitution for section twenty-three of the principal Act, and that section and 20 subsection two of section three of the Destitute Persons Amendment Act, 1926, are hereby accordingly repealed.

9. No maintenance order made under Part III of the principal Act shall be deemed to be or to have been cancelled by reason only of the dissolution (whether 25 before or after the commencement of this Act) of the marriage between the husband and the wife.

10. (1) Section thirty-eight of the principal Act is hereby amended by repealing subsection one and substituting the following subsection:—

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"(1) Where an order has been made on any complaint under this Act, any Magistrate may, if in his discretion he thinks fit, on the application ex parte of the complainant or defendant, grant a rehearing of the complaint, and may upon the rehearing cancel, 35 vary, or confirm the order."

(2) Section thirty-nine of the principal Act is hereby consequentially amended by repealing paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection one.

11. (1) If under any order moneys are payable 40 to the Clerk for the time being of any Magistrate's Court, any application or complaint made under section thirty-eight or section thirty-nine of the principal Act in respect of that order shall be filed in that Court.

Repeals.

Dissolution of marriage not to affect maintenance order.

Section 38 of principal Act (as to rehearings) amended.

Place for filing applications for rehearing, variation, &c., of orders.

- (2) In all other cases any application or complaint made under section thirty-eight or section thirty-nine of the principal Act shall be filed either in the Magistrate's Court at the place where the order was 5 made or in the Magistrate's Court situated nearest to the place where the complainant in the original proceedings, or the person to whom or for whose benefit moneys are payable under the order, resides or carries on business.
- 10 12. (1) The Governor-General, on the recommenda- Section 43 of tion of the Minister of Finance, may by Order in principal Act Council provide that the provisions of section forty- attachment three of the principal Act shall bind the Crown to orders) may be extended to such extent and subject to such conditions as the bind the 15 Governor-General thinks fit and as may be set out in the Order in Council.
- (2) Any Order in Council under this section may, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the said section forty-three, prescribe the manner in which, the 20 person or persons on whom, and the time within which any attachment order shall be served, and may provide that any specified portion or portions of the said section forty-three shall not bind the Crown.
- (3) Any Order in Council made under this section 25 may from time to time on the like recommendation and in the like manner be varied or revoked.
- 13. (1) Every information for an offence against Place of section sixty-one of the principal Act shall be heard hearing of and determined by a Magistrate sitting in the for failure 30 Magistrate's Court situated nearest to the place where to pay maintenancethe defendant resides or carries on business:

Provided that where the defendant is brought up in custody or voluntarily appears to answer the charge in any other Magistrate's Court the information may 35 be heard and determined in that Court:

Provided also that non-compliance with the provisions of this subsection shall not of itself invalidate the proceedings.

(2) Where an information for an offence against 40 section sixty-one of the principal Act is filed in any Court other than that in which the information is required to be heard, the following provisions of this section shall apply.

moneys.

(3) The Clerk of the Court in which the information is filed, on being satisfied as to the amount unpaid under the maintenance order referred to in the information, shall endorse on the information a certificate setting out the amount so unpaid and the date or dates when it became due under the order, and the Clerk shall thereupon forward the information to the Clerk of the Court in which the information is required to be heard.

(4) The certificate endorsed on the information 10 shall, in the absence of proof to the contrary, be sufficient evidence of the statements contained therein and that the default has been made without reasonable cause, and it shall not be necessary for the informant to appear or be represented at the hearing of the 15 information.

(5) If the defendant is convicted, a minute of the conviction shall be endorsed on the information, and signed by the Magistrate hearing the information, and the information shall thereupon be transmitted to the 20 Court in which it was originally filed and further proceedings may be taken thereon as though the information had been heard and determined by a Magistrate sitting in that Court.

14. Section seventy-eight of the principal Act is 25 hereby amended by inserting before the "complaint or application," the word "information."

15. (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section seventy-nine of the principal Act, it shall not be necessary to specify the examining Magistrate 30 by name in an order under subsection one of that section, but it shall be sufficient if the order directs that the evidence be taken before any Magistrate sitting in a specified Court.

(2) The powers of any examining Magistrate under 35 section seventy-nine of the principal Act may be exercised by the Clerk of his Court, and for the purposes of this subsection the references to the examining Magistrate in the said section seventy-nine shall be deemed to include references to the Clerk of 40 the Court of the examining Magistrate.

Section 78 of principal Act (as to costs) extended.

Section 79 of principal Act (as to taking evidence) extended.

- (3) The said section seventy-nine ishereby extended so as to authorize the taking under that section of the evidence of any person with respect to proceedings on an information for an offence against section sixty-one of the principal Act.
- **16.** (1) This section applies with respect to every order of the Supreme Court of which a copy has, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, as to orders for been registered in the office of a Magistrate's Court made by 10 under section eight of the Destitute Persons Amendment Act, 1926.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of this section, the provisions of the principal Act shall apply with respect to every such order as if it were an order of a 15 Magistrate under the principal Act:

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to take away or affect the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in relation to an order of that Court.

- (3) Whenever a copy of any order to which this 20 section applies is registered in the office of a Magistrate's Court, the Clerk of that Court shall give notice of the registration to the Registrar of the office of the Supreme Court in which the order was made.
- (4) No complaint shall be made under the principal 25 Act for the cancellation, variation, or suspension of any order to which this section applies, or for the substitution of a new order therefor, in any case where the Supreme Court has ordered security to be given for the performance of the order, or while any proceedings 30 for the cancellation, variation, or suspension of the order are pending or in progress in the Supreme Court.
- (5) A copy of every order made by a Magistrate cancelling, varying, or suspending any order to which this section applies, or substituting a new order 35 therefor, shall be forwarded by the Clerk of the Court in which the order is made to the Registrar of the office of the Supreme Court in which the order of the Supreme Court was made, and shall be filed without fee by that Registrar.
- (6) Where an order to which this section applies is 40 varied or otherwise affected by a subsequent order of the Supreme Court, a copy of that subsequent order shall be forwarded by the Registrar of the Supreme Court to the Clerk of the Magistrate's Court in which 45 the copy of the earlier order of the Supreme Court is

Magistrates' jurisdiction Supreme

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. II, p. 937 registered, and the copy of the subsequent order shall thereupon be registered by that Clerk under section eight of the Destitute Persons Amendment Act, 1926.

(7) Section eight of the Destitute Persons Amendment Act, 1926, is hereby amended by omitting all the words after the words "Magistrate's Court".

(8) The Destitute Persons Amendment Act, 1930,

is hereby repealed.

17. (1) Section nine of the Destitute Persons Amendment Act, 1926, is hereby amended by inserting, 10 after subsection two, the following subsections:—

"(2A) The Maintenance Officer may institute any proceedings, and may appear on the hearing of any proceedings, under Part I, Part III, or Part IV of the principal Act.

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"(2B) The Maintenance Officer may, on behalf of the complainant in the original proceedings or the person to whom or for whose benefit moneys are payable under any order under the principal Act, appear in any of the following proceedings:—

"(a) An application for the rehearing, or the rehearing, of any complaint under Part I, Part III, or Part IV of the principal Act:

"(b) Proceedings for the cancellation, variation, or suspension of any order made under the 25 principal Act for the payment of money in respect of the maintenance of any person:

"(c) The examination of a witness under section seventy-nine of the principal Act."

(2) Section nine of the Destitute Persons Amend- 30 ment Act, 1926, is hereby further amended by inserting, after subsection eight, the following subsection:—

"(8A) Any Maintenance Officer, or his deputy, or any constable may act in proceedings in any Magistrate's Court on behalf of the Maintenance 35 Officer appointed in connection with any other Magistrate's Court."

Repeal.
See Reprint
of Statutes,
Vol. II, p. 939

Maintenance Officers enlarged. Ibid., p. 937

Powers of