(Formerly Copyright (New Technologies and Performers' Rights) Amendment Bill)

Government Bill

As reported from the committee of the whole House

### Key to symbols used in reprinted bill

## As reported from the committee of the whole House

text inserted

text deleted

#### Hon Judith Tizard

## Copyright (New Technologies) Amendment Bill

#### Government Bill

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#### The Parliament of New Zealand enacts as follows:

#### 1 Title

This Act is the Copyright (New Technologies) Amendment Act **2006**.

2 Commencement

- (1) This Act comes into force on a date to be appointed by the Governor-General by Order in Council.
- (1) Section 18(2) comes into force on the day after the date on which this Act receives the Royal assent.
- (1A) The rest of this Act comes into force on a date to be appointed by the Governor-General by Order in Council.
- (2) One or more Orders in Council may be made appointing different dates for the commencement of different provisions.

#### 2A Principal Act amended

This Act amends the Copyright Act 1994.

# Part 1 Amendments to Parts 1 to 5 of Copyright Act 1994

5 3 Interpretation **(1)** Section 2(1) is amended by repealing the definition of **broad**-**(2)** Section 2(1) is amended by inserting the following definitions in their appropriate alphabetical order: 10 "CMI or copyright management information has the meaning given to it in section 226F "communicate means to transmit or make available by means of a communication technology, including by means of a telecommunications system or electronic retrieval system, 15 and communication has a corresponding meaning "communication work means a transmission, or the making available by a communication technology, transmission of sounds, visual images, or other information, or a combination of any of those, for reception by members of the public, and includes a broadcast or a cable programme "educational resource supplier means any person— "(a) whose principal function is the copying of communication works and the supply of the copies it makes to educational establishments for educational purposes; and 25 who does not conduct its business for profit; and "(b) who has been approved by the Minister of Education "(c) as an educational resource supplier for the purpose of this Act by a notice published in the Gazette and whose approval has not been revoked 30 "Internet service provider means a person who does either or both of the following things: offers the transmission, routing, or providing of connections for digital online communications, between or among points specified by a user, of material of the 35

user's choosing:

	"(b)	hosts material on websites or other electronic retrieval systems that can be accessed by a user	
	"TDN	If or technological protection measure has the meaning	
		to it in section 226	
	"TPN	A work has the meaning given to it in section 226	5
		A circumvention device has the meaning given to it in	
		ion 226."	
(3)		on 2(1) is amended by repealing paragraphs (a) and (b) of efinition of <b>copying</b> and substituting the following parate:	10
	"(a)	means, in relation to any description of work, reproducing, recording, or storing the work in any material form (including any digital format), in any medium and by any means; and".	
(4)		on 2(1) is amended by repealing paragraph (d) of the def- n of <b>copying</b> and substituting the following paragraph: includes, in relation to a film or communication work, the making of a photograph of the whole or any sub- stantial part of any image forming part of the film or communication work—".	15 20
(5)	the de	on 2(1) is amended by repealing paragraphs (c) to (e) of efinition of <b>material time</b> and substituting the following traphs: in relation to a communication work, means when the work is made or received in New Zealand; and in relation to a typographical arrangement of a published edition, means when the edition is first published".	25
(6)	gram	on 2(1) is amended by omitting "broadcast, or cable prome" from paragraph (b) of the definition of <b>performance</b> ubstituting "or communication work".	30
4	New	saction 3 substituted	

Section 3 is repealed and the following section substituted:

"3	Associated definitions for purposes of communicating Associated definitions for communication	
	works	
"(1)	References in this Act to a person communicating a work or making a communication work are—	5
	"(a) to the person transmitting the <u>communication</u> work or making it available by means of a communication technology, if that person has responsibility to any extent for its contents; and	
	"(b) any person who provides the contents of the work and who makes with the person communicating the work the arrangements necessary for its communication.	10
"(2)	For the purposes of this Act, in the case of communicating a work by satellite transmission,—	
	"(a) the place from which the work is communicated is the place from which the signals carrying the work are transmitted to the satellite: and	15
	"(b) the person communicating the work is the person who transmits those signals to the satellite."	
5	Section 4 repealed	20
	Section 4 is repealed.	
6	Meaning of author	
	Section 5(2) is amended by repealing paragraphs (c) to (e) and substituting the following paragraphs:	
	"(c) in the case of a communication work, the person who makes the communication work:	25
	"(d) in the case of a typographical arrangement of a published edition, the publisher."	
7		30
"(2)	tuting the following subsection: A communication work must be treated as a work of joint authorship in any case where more than 1 person is to be taken as making the communication work."	

8	Meaning of publication	
(1)	Section 10(4)(a)(ii) is amended by omitting "the broadcasting of the work or its inclusion in a cable programme service" and substituting "the communication of the work to the public".	
(2)	Section 10(4)(b)(iii) is amended by omitting "the broadcasting of the work or its inclusion in a cable programme service" and substituting "the communication of the work to the public".	5
(3)	Section 10(4)(d) is amended by repealing subparagraph (ii) and substituting the following paragraph:  "(ii) the communication of the work to the public."	10
9	Meaning of infringing copy	
	Section 12(5) is amended by repealing paragraph (a) and substituting the following paragraph:	
	"(a) section 85(4) (which relates to incidental recording for the purposes of a communication work):".	15
10	Copyright in original works	
(1)	Section 14 is amended by repealing subsection (1) and substituting the following subsection:	
"(1)	Copyright is a property right that exists, in accordance with this Act, in original works of the following descriptions:  "(a) literary, dramatic, musical, or artistic works:  "(b) sound recordings:  "(c) films:	20
	"(d) communication works:	2.5
(2)	"(e) typographical arrangements of published editions." Section 14 is amended by repealing subsection (3).	25
11	Acts restricted by copyright Section 16(1) is amended by repealing paragraph (f) and substituting the following paragraph: "(f) to communicate the work to the public:".	30
12	New section 20 substituted Section 20 is repealed and the following section substituted:	

"20	Qualification by reference to origin of communication work	
	A communication work qualifies for copyright if it is made from—	
	"(a) a place in New Zealand; or	5
	"(b) a place in a prescribed foreign country."	
13	Duration of copyright in literary, dramatic, musical, or artistic works	
	Section 22 is amended by repealing subsection (4) and substi-	
	tuting the following subsection:	10
"(4)	For the purposes of subsection (3), the circumstances in which a work may be made available to the public include,—	
	"(a) in the case of a literary, dramatic, or musical work,—	
	"(i) performance in public:	
	"(ii) communication to the public:	15
	"(b) in the case of an artistic work,—	
	"(i) exhibition in public:	
	"(ii) the playing or showing in public of a film that	
	includes the work:	
	"(iii) communication to the public."	20
14	Duration of copyright in sound recordings and films	
	Section 23 is amended by repealing subsection (2) and substi-	
	tuting the following subsection:	
"(2)	For the purposes of subsection (1), a sound recording or film	
	is made available to the public when—	25
	"(a) the work is first—	
	"(i) published; or	
	"(ii) communicated to the public; or	
	"(b) in the case of a film or film sound track,—	
	"(i) the work is first shown in public; or	30
	"(ii) the work is first played in public."	
15	New section 24 substituted	

Section 24 is repealed and the following section substituted:

"24	Duration of copyright in communication works	
"(1)	Copyright in a communication work expires at the end of the period of 50 years from the end of the calendar year in which the communication work is first communicated to the public.	
"(2)	Copyright in a repeated communication work expires at the same time as copyright in the initial communication work expires.	5
"(3)	There is no copyright in a repeated communication work that is communicated to the public after copyright in the initial communication work has expired."	10
16	Infringement by performance or playing or showing in public	
	Section 32(2) is amended by omitting "broadcast, or cable programme" and substituting "or communication work".	
17	New section 33 substituted Section 33 is repealed and the following section substituted:	15
"33	Infringement by communicating to public Communicating a work to the public is a restricted act in relation to every description of copyright work."	
18	Infringement by importation	20
(1)	Section 35(1)(c) is amended by omitting "or" and substituting "and".	
<del>(2)</del>	Section 35(5) is amended by omitting "this Act" and substituting "the Copyright (Parallel Importation of Films and Onus of Proof) Amendment Act 2003".	25
<u>(2)</u>	Section 35 is amended by repealing subsections (3) to (5) and	
(((2)	substituting the following subsections:	
<u>"(3)</u>	A person also infringes copyright in a film to which subsection (6) applies if that person—	
	"(a) imports a copy of the film into New Zealand within	30
	9 months of first being made available to the public; and	
	"(b) knows or has reason to believe that the film is imported into New Zealand within 9 months of first being made	
	<ul> <li>available to the public; and</li> <li>is not the licensee of the copyright in New Zealand; and</li> </ul>	35
	15 not the needsee of the copyright in thew Zealand, and	رر

	<u>"(d)</u>	imports the film into New Zealand other than for that	
		person's private and domestic use.	
<u>"(4)</u>		ne purposes of subsection (3), a film is first made avail-	
		o the public (as set out in section 23(2)) by any authorised	
	act w	hether in New Zealand or elsewhere.	5
<u>"(5)</u>	Subs	ections (3) and (4) are repealed on 31 October 2013."	
19		iding means for making infringing copies	
		on 37 is amended by repealing subsection (2) and substi-	
		the following subsection:	
"(2)		right in a work is infringed by a person who, other than	10
		a copyright licence, communicates a work to 1 or more	
	_	ns, knowing or having reason to believe that infringing	
		s will be made by means of the reception of the commu-	
	nicati	on in New Zealand or elsewhere."	
20		section 41 substituted	15
		on 41 is repealed and the following section substituted:	
<b>"41</b>		ental copying of copyright work	
"(1)		right in a work is not infringed by—	
"(1)	Copy "(a)	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a	
"(1)	"(a)	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or	20
"(1)		the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the	20
"(1)	"(a)	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or	20
"(1)	"(a)	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a	20
"(1)	"(a) "(b)	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a copyright work has been incidentally copied; or	
"(1)	"(a)	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a copyright work has been incidentally copied; or the issue to the public of copies of a sound recording,	20
"(1)	"(a) "(b)	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a copyright work has been incidentally copied; or the issue to the public of copies of a sound recording, film, or communication work to which <b>paragraph</b> (a)	
"(1)	"(a) "(b) "(c)	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a copyright work has been incidentally copied; or the issue to the public of copies of a sound recording, film, or communication work to which paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) applies.	
"(1)	"(a) "(b) "(c) For the	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a copyright work has been incidentally copied; or the issue to the public of copies of a sound recording, film, or communication work to which paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) applies.  The purposes of subsection (1), a musical work, words	
	"(a) "(b) "(c) For the spokes	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a copyright work has been incidentally copied; or the issue to the public of copies of a sound recording, film, or communication work to which paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) applies.  The purposes of subsection (1), a musical work, words on or sung with music, or so much of a sound recording	25
	"(a) "(b) "(c) For the spokes or continuous and the spokes or continuous a	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a copyright work has been incidentally copied; or the issue to the public of copies of a sound recording, film, or communication work to which paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) applies.  The purposes of subsection (1), a musical work, words an or sung with music, or so much of a sound recording mmunication work as includes a musical work or those	
	"(a) "(b) "(c) For the spoke or conwords	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a copyright work has been incidentally copied; or the issue to the public of copies of a sound recording, film, or communication work to which <b>paragraph</b> (a) or <b>paragraph</b> (b) applies.  The purposes of <b>subsection</b> (1), a musical work, words on or sung with music, or so much of a sound recording mmunication work as includes a musical work or those so, must not be regarded as incidentally copied in another	25
	"(a) "(b) "(c) For the spokes or conwords work	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a copyright work has been incidentally copied; or the issue to the public of copies of a sound recording, film, or communication work to which paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) applies.  The purposes of subsection (1), a musical work, words an or sung with music, or so much of a sound recording mmunication work as includes a musical work or those is, must not be regarded as incidentally copied in another if the musical work or the words, sound recording, or	25
	"(a) "(b) "(c) For the spokes or conwords work	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a copyright work has been incidentally copied; or the issue to the public of copies of a sound recording, film, or communication work to which <b>paragraph</b> (a) or <b>paragraph</b> (b) applies.  The purposes of <b>subsection</b> (1), a musical work, words on or sung with music, or so much of a sound recording mmunication work as includes a musical work or those so, must not be regarded as incidentally copied in another	25
	"(a) "(b) "(c) For the spokes or conwords works	the incidental copying of the work in an artistic work, a sound recording, a film, or a communication work; or the issue to the public of copies of an artistic work, the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the communication of a work to the public, in which a copyright work has been incidentally copied; or the issue to the public of copies of a sound recording, film, or communication work to which paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) applies.  The purposes of subsection (1), a musical work, words an or sung with music, or so much of a sound recording mmunication work as includes a musical work or those is, must not be regarded as incidentally copied in another if the musical work or the words, sound recording, or	25

21	Criticism, review, and news reporting Section 42 is amended by repealing subsection (2) and substituting the following subsection:	
"(2)	Fair dealing with a work for the purpose of reporting current	5
<b>22</b> "(4)	Research or private study Section 43 is amended by repealing subsection (4) and substituting the following subsection: This section does not authorise the making of more than 1 copy of the same work, or the same part of a work, on any 1 occasion, but in this subsection copy does not include a non-infringing transient reproduction to which section 43A applies."	10
23	New section 43A inserted The following section is inserted after section 43:	15
"43A	Transient reproduction of work  A reproduction of a work does not infringe copyright in the work if the reproduction—  "(a) is transient or incidental; and  "(b) is an integral and essential part of a technological process for—  "(i) making or receiving a communication that does not infringe copyright; or  "(ii) enabling the lawful use of, or lawful dealing in, the work; and  "(c) has no independent economic significance."	20
<b>24</b> "(4A)	Copying for educational purposes of literary, dramatic, musical, or artistic works or typographical arrangements Section 44 is amended by inserting the following subsection after subsection (4):  A copy of a work made in accordance with subsections (3) and (4) may be communicated to a person who is a student or other person who is to receive, is receiving, or has received, a lesson that relates to the work."	30

25	New section 44A inserted			
	The following section is inserted after section 44:			
"44A "(1)	a work that is made available on a website or other electronic retrieval system by storing a copy of the page or pages in which the work appears if—  "(a) the material is stored for an educational purpose; and			
	"(i) is displayed under a separate frame or identifier; and "(ii) identifies the author (if known) and source of the work; and	10		
	"(iii) states the name of the educational establishment and the date on which the work was stored; and "(c) the material is restricted to use by authenticated users.	15		
"(2)	<b>Subsection (1)</b> does not apply, and the educational establishment does infringe copyright in the work, if the educational establishment knowingly fails to delete the stored material within a reasonable time after the material becomes no longer relevant to the course of instruction for which it was stored.	20		
"(3)	In subsection (1), authenticated user means a person who—  "(a) is a participant in the course of instruction for which the material is stored; and  "(b) can access the stored material only through a verification process that verifies that he or she is entitled to access the stored material."	25		
26	Copying for educational purposes of films and sound recordings Section 45 is amended by repealing subsection (1) and substituting the following subsection:	30		

"(1) Copyright in any work that is a film, sound recording, or

(2)."

communication work, or any work included in a film, sound recording, or communication work, is not infringed by the copying of that work in the circumstances set out in subsection

27	Performing, playing, or showing work in course of activities of educational establishment Section 47 is amended by repealing subsection (2) and substituting the following subsection:						
"(2)							
28	New section 48 substituted	10					
	Section 48 is repealed and the following section substituted:						
<del>"48</del>							
communication work							
<del>"(1)</del>	A copy of a communication work may be made or commu-	1.5					
	nicated by or on behalf of an educational establishment, and subsequently communicated within that educational establishment, without infringing copyright in the communication work or in any work included in it, if the copy is made or commu-	15					
	nicated for the establishment's educational purposes.						
<del>"(2)</del>	However, subsection (1) does not apply to—	20					
	"(a) the copying of a communication work if or to the extent that—						
	"(i) licences authorising the copying of the communication work by or on behalf of educational establishments are available under a licensing scheme; and  "(ii) the establishment knew that fact; or	25					
	"(b) the communication of a copy of a communication work						
	if or to the extent that—						
	"(i) licences authorising the communication of the	30					
	copy by or on behalf of educational establish-						
	ments are available under a licensing scheme;						

"(ii) the establishment knew that fact.

reducational purposes This section applies when a copy of a communication work is—  "(a) made or communicated by or on behalf of an educational establishment; or  "(b) made and supplied by an educational resource supplier to an educational establishment.  In any case to which subsection (1)(a) applies, the making or communication of a copy of the communication work by or on behalf of an educational establishment, and the subsequent communication of the copy within the educational establishment, does not infringe copyright in the communication work or in any work included in it if the copy is made or communicated for the educational establishment's educational purposes.  In any case to which subsection (1)(b) applies, the making and supply of a copy of the communication work by an educational resource supplier does not infringe copyright in the communication work or in any work included in it if the copy is made and supplied for the educational purposes of the educational establishment to which it is supplied.  However, the exclusions from infringement of copyright in subsections (2) and (3) do not apply to—  "(a) the copying of a communication work if or to the extent that—  "(i) licences authorising the copying of the communication work by or on behalf of educational establishments or by educational resource suppliers are available under a licensing scheme; and  "(ii) the educational establishment or the educational resource supplier, as the case may be, knew that fact; or  "(b) the communication of a communication work if or to the extent that—  "(i) licences authorising the communication of the copy by or on behalf of educational establishments are available under a licensing scheme;	Copy	ying ar	nd communication of communication work for	
is—  "(a) made or communicated by or on behalf of an educational establishment; or  "(b) made and supplied by an educational resource supplier to an educational establishment.  In any case to which subsection (1)(a) applies, the making or communication of a copy of the communication work by or on behalf of an educational establishment, and the subsequent communication of the copy within the educational establishment, does not infringe copyright in the communication work or in any work included in it if the copy is made or communicated for the educational establishment's educational purposes.  In any case to which subsection (1)(b) applies, the making and supply of a copy of the communication work by an educational resource supplier does not infringe copyright in the communication work or in any work included in it if the copy is made and supplied for the educational purposes of the educational establishment to which it is supplied.  However, the exclusions from infringement of copyright in subsections (2) and (3) do not apply to—  "(a) the copying of a communication work if or to the extent that—  "(i) licences authorising the copying of the communication work by or on behalf of educational establishments or by educational resource suppliers are available under a licensing scheme; and  "(ii) the educational establishment or the educational resource supplier, as the case may be, knew that fact; or  "(b) the communication of a communication work if or to the extent that—  "(i) licences authorising the communication of the copy by or on behalf of educational establishments are available under a licensing scheme;	<u>educ</u>	ationa	l purposes	
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copy by or on behalf of educational establishments are available under a licensing scheme;				_
ments are available under a licensing scheme;				
			and	

	<u>"(c)</u>		5
		scheme; and "(ii) the educational resource supplier knew that fact."	
29	Section	pretation on 50(1) and (2) are amended by omitting "sections 51 to this Act" and substituting in each case "sections 51 to .	10
30		ring by librarians of parts of published works on 51 is amended by adding the following subsection:	
"(5)	In thi	s section, copy includes a digital copy, but in that case on 56B applies as well."	15
<b>31</b> "(4)	Section In this	ring by librarians of articles in periodicals on 52 is amended by adding the following subsection: s section, copy includes a digital copy, but in that case ion 56B applies as well."	
<b>32</b> "(5)	Section In this	ring by librarians for users of other libraries on 53 is amended by adding the following subsection: s section, copy includes a digital copy, but in that case ion 56C applies as well."	20
33		ring by librarians for collections of other libraries on 54 is amended by adding the following subsection:	25
"(5)	In thi	s section, copy includes a digital copy, but in that case ion 56C applies as well."	23
34	Copy work	ring by librarians or archivists to replace copies of	
(1)	Section	on 55(1) is amended by inserting "(other than a digital ")" after "copy" in the first place where it appears.	30
(2)		on 55 is amended by adding the following subsections:	

<ul> <li>"(a) the original item is at risk of loss, damage, or detion; and</li> <li>"(b) the digital copy replaces the original item; and</li> <li>"(c) the original item is not accessible by members public after replacement by the digital copy excepurposes of research the nature of which requires obenefit from access to the original item; and</li> <li>"(d) it is not reasonably practicable to purchase a copy original item.</li> <li>"(4) The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist archive may make a digital copy of any item (the or item) in the collection of the library or archive without in ing copyright in any work included in the item if—</li> <li>"(a) the digital copy is used to replace an item in the lection of another prescribed library or archive the been lost, damaged, or destroyed; and</li> <li>"(b) it is not reasonably practicable to purchase a copy original item."</li> <li>35 Copying by librarians or archivists of certain unpub works</li> <li>Section 56 is amended by adding the following subsect</li> <li>"(6) In this section, copy includes a digital copy, but in the section 56B applies as well."</li> <li>36 New sections 56A to 56C inserted</li> <li>The following sections are inserted after section 56:</li> <li>"56A Library or archive may communicate digital copy to authenticated users</li> <li>"(1) The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist archive does not infringe copyright in a work by comcating a digital copy of the work to an authenticated user following conditions are met:</li> </ul>	~(3)	archive may make a digital copy of any item (the <b>original</b> item) in the collection of the library or archive without infringing copyright in any work included in the item if—	
<ul> <li>"(c) the original item is not accessible by members public after replacement by the digital copy excession purposes of research the nature of which requires of benefit from access to the original item; and "(d) it is not reasonably practicable to purchase a copy original item.</li> <li>"(4) The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist archive may make a digital copy of any item (the oritem) in the collection of the library or archive without in ing copyright in any work included in the item if—  "(a) the digital copy is used to replace an item in the lection of another prescribed library or archive the been lost, damaged, or destroyed; and</li> <li>"(b) it is not reasonably practicable to purchase a copy original item."</li> <li>35 Copying by librarians or archivists of certain unpub works</li> <li>Section 56 is amended by adding the following subsect</li> <li>"(6) In this section, copy includes a digital copy, but in that section 56B applies as well."</li> <li>36 New sections 56A to 56C inserted  The following sections are inserted after section 56:</li> <li>"56A Library or archive may communicate digital copy to authenticated users</li> <li>"(1) The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist archive does not infringe copyright in a work by comcating a digital copy of the work to an authenticated user following conditions are met:  "(a) the librarian or archivist has obtained the digital</li> </ul>		"(a) the original item is at risk of loss, damage, or destruc-	5
original item.  "(4) The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist archive may make a digital copy of any item (the or item) in the collection of the library or archive without ir ing copyright in any work included in the item if—  "(a) the digital copy is used to replace an item in the lection of another prescribed library or archive the been lost, damaged, or destroyed; and  "(b) it is not reasonably practicable to purchase a copy original item."  35 Copying by librarians or archivists of certain unpubworks  Section 56 is amended by adding the following subsect  "(6) In this section, copy includes a digital copy, but in the section 56B applies as well."  36 New sections 56A to 56C inserted  The following sections are inserted after section 56:  "56A Library or archive may communicate digital copy to authenticated users  "(1) The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist archive does not infringe copyright in a work by come cating a digital copy of the work to an authenticated user following conditions are met:  "(a) the librarian or archivist has obtained the digital."		"(c) the original item is not accessible by members of the public after replacement by the digital copy except for purposes of research the nature of which requires or may benefit from access to the original item; and	10
archive may make a digital copy of any item (the or item) in the collection of the library or archive without in ing copyright in any work included in the item if—  "(a) the digital copy is used to replace an item in the lection of another prescribed library or archive the been lost, damaged, or destroyed; and  "(b) it is not reasonably practicable to purchase a copy original item."  35 Copying by librarians or archivists of certain unpub works  Section 56 is amended by adding the following subsect  "(6) In this section, copy includes a digital copy, but in the section 56B applies as well."  36 New sections 56A to 56C inserted  The following sections are inserted after section 56:  "56A Library or archive may communicate digital copy to authenticated users  "(1) The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist archive does not infringe copyright in a work by come cating a digital copy of the work to an authenticated user following conditions are met:  "(a) the librarian or archivist has obtained the digital."		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
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original item."  Copying by librarians or archivists of certain unpub works  Section 56 is amended by adding the following subsect  (6) In this section, copy includes a digital copy, but in that section 56B applies as well."  New sections 56A to 56C inserted  The following sections are inserted after section 56:  "56A Library or archive may communicate digital copy to authenticated users  "(1) The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist archive does not infringe copyright in a work by communicating a digital copy of the work to an authenticated user following conditions are met:  "(a) the librarian or archivist has obtained the digital		lection of another prescribed library or archive that has been lost, damaged, or destroyed; and	20
works Section 56 is amended by adding the following subsect "(6) In this section, copy includes a digital copy, but in the section 56B applies as well."  36 New sections 56A to 56C inserted The following sections are inserted after section 56: "56A Library or archive may communicate digital copy to authenticated users "(1) The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist archive does not infringe copyright in a work by com cating a digital copy of the work to an authenticated user following conditions are met: "(a) the librarian or archivist has obtained the digital		* * *	
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The following sections are inserted after section 56:  "56A Library or archive may communicate digital copy to authenticated users  "(1) The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist archive does not infringe copyright in a work by communicating a digital copy of the work to an authenticated user following conditions are met:  "(a) the librarian or archivist has obtained the digital	"(6)	Section 56 is amended by adding the following subsection: In this section, <b>copy</b> includes a digital copy, but in that case	25
authenticated users  "(1) The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist archive does not infringe copyright in a work by commatting a digital copy of the work to an authenticated user following conditions are met:  "(a) the librarian or archivist has obtained the digital	36		
archive does not infringe copyright in a work by com- cating a digital copy of the work to an authenticated user following conditions are met:  "(a) the librarian or archivist has obtained the digita	"56A		30
•	"(1)	The librarian of a prescribed library or the archivist of an archive does not infringe copyright in a work by communicating a digital copy of the work to an authenticated user if the following conditions are met:  "(a) the librarian or archivist has obtained the digital copy	35

	"(b) "(c) "(d)	the librarian or archivist ensures that each user is informed in writing about the limits of copying and communication allowed by this Act, including that a digital copy of a work may only be copied or communicated by the user in accordance with the provisions of this Act; and the digital copy is communicated to the user in a form that cannot be altered or modified; and the number of users who access the digital copy at any one time is not more than the aggregate number of digital copies of the work that—  "(i) the library or the archive has purchased; or "(ii) for which it is licensed.	5
"(2)	In su	sbsection (1), authenticated user means a person	
` ′	who-	_	15
	"(a)	has a legitimate right to use the services of the library or archive; and	
	"(b)	can access the digital copy only through a verification	
		process that verifies that the person is entitled to access the digital copy.	20
"56B	forma A cop	tional conditions for supply of copy of work in digital at by librarian or archivist under section 51, 52, or 56 by of a work to which section 51, 52, or 56 applies must be supplied in a digital format, by the librarian of a pre-	
	scribe	d library or the archivist of an archive, to a person (A) is the following conditions are also complied with: the librarian or archivist must give A, when the copy is supplied, a written notice that sets out the terms of use of the copy; and	25
	"(e)	the librarian or archivist must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, destroy any additional copy made in the process of making the copy that is supplied to A.	30
"56C		tional condition for making digital copies under	
	A cop be sup	on 53 or 54 by of a work to which section 53 or 54 applies must not oplied in a digital format to a library unless the librarian lying the digital copy destroys, as soon as is reasonably	35

practicable, any additional copy made in the process of ma	aking
the copy that is supplied."	

38	Copying by	Parliamentary	Library	for	members	of
	Parliament					

Section 58(2) is amended by omitting "broadcast or cable pro- 5 gramme" in each place where it appears and substituting in each case "communication work".

#### 39 Use of recording of spoken words in certain cases

- (1) Section 68(1)(b) is amended by omitting "broadcasting or including in a cable programme service" and substituting "com- 1 municating to the public".
- (2) Section 68(2)(a) is amended by omitting "broadcast or cable programme" and substituting "communication work".
- **Provision of Braille copies of literary or dramatic works**Section 69(1) is amended by inserting "or communicate" after 15 "make".

#### 41 Public reading or recitation

Section 70 is amended by repealing subsection (2) and substituting the following subsection:

"(2) Copyright in a work is not infringed by the making of a sound 20 recording, or the communication to the public, of a reading or recitation that under subsection (1) is not treated as a performance in public, if the recording or communication work consists mainly of material in relation to which it is not necessary to rely on that subsection."

#### 42 Representation of certain artistic works on public display

- (1) Section 73(2) is amended by repealing paragraph (c) and substituting the following paragraph:
  - "(c) communicating to the public a visual image of the work."
- (2) Section 73 is amended by repealing subsection (3) and substituting the following subsection:

"(3) Copyright is not infringed by the issue to the public of copies,

	or the communication to the public, of anything the making of which was, under this section, not an infringement of copy- right."	
43	New sections 80A to 80C inserted	5
	The following sections are inserted after section 80:	
"80A	Decompilation of computer program	
"(1)	The lawful user of a copy of a computer program expressed in a low level language does not infringe copyright in the program by decompiling it, if the conditions in <b>subsection (2)</b> are met.	10
"(2)	The conditions referred to in <b>subsection (1)</b> are that—  "(a) decompilation is necessary to obtain information necessary for the objective of creating an independent program that can be operated with the program decompiled or with another program; and  "(b) the information obtained from the decompilation is not used for any purpose other than the objective referred to in <b>paragraph (a)</b> .	15
"(3)	In particular, the conditions in <b>subsection (2)</b> are not met if— "(a) the information necessary to create the independent program is readily available to the lawful user without de-	20

- gram is readily available to the lawful user without decompiling the computer program; or
  - "(b) the lawful user does not confine decompilation of the computer program strictly to the steps that are necessary to create an independent program; or
  - "(c) the lawful user gives the information obtained from decompiling the computer program to any person when it is not necessary for creating an independent program to do so; or

- "(d) the lawful user uses the information obtained from decompiling the computer program to create a program that is substantially similar in its expression to the program that has been decompiled; or
- "(e) the lawful user uses the information obtained from decompiling the computer program to do any act that is restricted by copyright.
- "(4) In this section, decompile means—

	"(a)	to convert a computer program expressed in a low level language into a version expressed in a higher level lan- guage; or	
	"(b)	to copy the program as a necessary incident of converting it into that version.	5
"80B	Copy lawfu	ing or adapting computer program if necessary for l use	
"(1)		awful user of a computer program (A) does not infringe ight in it by copying or adapting it, if— copying or adapting it is necessary for A's lawful use of the program (for example, to correct an error in the program); and	10
	"(b)	a properly functioning and error-free copy of the program is not available to A within a reasonable time at an ordinary commercial price.	15
"(2)		section does not apply to copying or adapting that is perdunder section 80A or section 80BA.	
"80B	A Obs	serving, studying, or testing of computer program	
	copyr tionin princi so wh	awful user of a computer program (A) does not infringe ight in it by observing, studying, or testing the func- g of the program in order to determine the ideas and ples that underlie any element of the program if A does alle performing the acts of loading, displaying, running, mitting, or storing the program that A is entitled to do.	20
"80C		nin contractual terms relating to use of computer	25
	A tem puter any a	m or condition in an agreement for the use of a comprogram has no effect in so far as it prohibits or restricts ctivity undertaken in accordance with section 80A(2) 1B(1)."	30
44		section 81A inserted ollowing section is inserted after section 81:	
	1110 1	one will be did in imperior after poetfoil of	

"81 A	Copying	sound	recording	for	nersonal	use
OIA	CODYINE	Sound	i ccoi uing	101	рсізоцаі	ust

- Copyright in a sound recording and in a literary or musical "(1) work contained in it is not infringed by copying the sound recording, if the following conditions are met:
  - "(aa) the sound recording is not a communication work or 5 part of a communication work; and
  - the copy is made from a sound recording that is not an "(a) infringing copy; and
  - the sound recording is not borrowed or hired; and "(b)
  - "(c) the copy is made by the owner of the sound recording;
  - that owner acquired the sound recording legitimately; "(d) and
  - "(e) the copy is used only for that owner's personal use or the personal use of a member of the household in which 15 the owner lives or both: and
  - "(f) no more than 1 copy is made for each device for playing sound recordings that is owned by the owner of the sound recording; and
  - the owner of the sound recording retains the ownership "(g) 20 of both the sound recording and of any copy that is made under this section.
- (2)For the avoidance of doubt, subsection (1) does not apply if the owner of the sound recording is bound by a contract that specifies the circumstances in which the sound recording may 25 be copied."

#### 45 New heading and new sections 82 to 84 substituted

Sections 82 to 84, and the heading immediately above section 82 are repealed and the following heading and sections substituted:

"Communication works

#### **"82** Recording for purposes of maintaining standards in programmes

The author of a communication work does not infringe copyright in it, or in any work included in it, by recording it, if the 35 recording is made and used solely for the purpose of checking on the maintenance of standards in communication works made by the author.

#### "83 Recording for purposes of complaining

- "(1) A person (A) does not infringe copyright in a communication work, or in any work included in it, by recording it or communicating it or both to a complaint authority, if the recording or the communication or both are done solely for the purpose of 5 complaining to a complaint authority.
- "(2) However, **subsection (1)** does not apply, and A does infringe copyright in the communication work recorded and in any work included in the recording, if A retains the recording for any longer than is reasonably necessary to prepare and despatch the complaint.
- "(3) If a person infringes copyright under **subsection (2)**, the recording is treated as an infringing copy.
- "(4) In this section and in **section 84**, **complaint authority** means any person or body that is responsible for dealing with complaints about the content of communication works, including the content of advertisements in communication works.

#### "84 Recording for purposes of time shifting

- "(1) A person (A) does not infringe copyright in a programme included in a communication work, or in any work included in 20 it, by recording it, if—
  - "(a) A makes the recording solely for A's personal use or the personal use of a member of the household in which A lives or both; and
  - "(b) A makes the recording solely for the purpose of viewing 25 or listening to the recording at a more convenient time; and
  - "(c) the recording is not made from an on-demand service; and
  - "(d) A has lawful access to the communication work at the 30 time of making the recording.
- "(2) However, **subsection (1)** does not apply, and A does infringe copyright in the communication work recorded and in any work included in the communication work, if—
  - "(a) A retains the recording for any longer than is reasonably a necessary for viewing or listening to the recording at a more convenient time; or

"(3)	<ul><li>"(b) in the event that the person who views or listens to the recording wishes to make a complaint to a complaint authority, A retains the recording for any longer than is reasonably necessary to prepare and despatch the complaint.</li><li>If a person infringes copyright under subsection (2), the recording is treated as an infringing copy."</li></ul>	5
work later	cords a movie to be screened on television because she will be at when it screens. She watches the movie on the weekend and then tapes over it. Provided the conditions in s 84(1) are met, the copy A makes is not an infringing copy.	10
copy on de	pies music from a streamed Internet audio service and keeps the as part of B's music collection, in order to listen to it multiple times emand. Copies made for the home library or collection in this way offringing copies.	15
46	Incidental recording for purposes of broadcast or cable	
(1)	programme The heading to section 85 is amended by omitting "broadcast	
	or cable programme" and substituting "communication".	20
(2)	Section 85 is amended by repealing subsection (1) and substituting the following subsection:	
"(1)	This section applies where, under an assignment or a licence, a person is authorised to communicate the following works to the public:	25
	"(a) a literary, dramatic, or musical work, or an adaptation of that work; or	
	"(b) an artistic work; or	
	"(c) a sound recording or film."	
(3)	Section 85(2) is amended by omitting "broadcast or cable programme" and substituting "communication work".	30
(4)	Section 85(3)(b) is amended by omitting "broadcasting the work or, as the case may be, including the work in a cable programme" and substituting "communicating the work to the public".	35

<b>47</b>	Section 86 repealed Section 86 is repealed.			
48	New sections 87 to 87B substituted  Section 87 is repealed and the following sections substituted:  Free public playing or showing of communication work  The free public playing or showing of a communication work  (other than a communication work to which section 87A applies or a communication work for which a subscription fee must be paid in order to receive it) does not infringe any copyright in—  "(a) the communication work; or			
<b>**87 **</b> (1)				
	"(b) any sound recording or film included in the communication work.			
"(2)	For the purposes of this section, the public playing or showing of a communication work is not free if—  "(a) the audience has paid for admission to—  "(i) the place where the communication work is shown or played (which in this section is called the representation). Or	15		
	the <b>venue</b> ); or  "(ii) any place of which the venue is a part; or  "(b) goods or services are supplied at the venue or a place of which it forms part at prices that—  "(i) are substantially attributable to the facilities afforded for hearing or seeing the communication work; or	20 25		
	<ul> <li>"(ii) exceed those usually charged there and that are partly attributable to those facilities; or</li> <li>"(c) the venue is a hotel, motel, camping ground, or any other place that admits persons for a fee for purposes of temporary accommodation, and the audience is made up of persons residing at that hotel, motel, camping ground, or other place.</li> </ul>	30		
"(3)	For the purposes of <b>subsection (2)(a)</b> , the following persons must not be treated as having paid for admission to the venue:  "(a) a person admitted as a resident or an inmate of a place (other than a hotel, motel, camping ground, or any other place to which <b>subsection (2)(c)</b> applies):	35		

"87A

(1)

"(2)

"(b)	a person admitted as a member of a club or society where the payment is only for membership of the club or society and the provision of facilities for hearing or seeing communication works is only incidental to the main purposes of the club or society.	5
Free	public playing or showing of communication work	
that i	is simultaneous with reception	
This	section applies to the playing or showing of a communi-	
cation	n work that—	
"(a)	is made for reception in the area in which it is played or	10
	shown; and	
"(b)	is not a communication work for which a subscription	
	fee must be paid in order to receive it; and	
"(c)	is shown or played simultaneously upon reception of the	
	communication work.	15
The f	ree public playing or showing of a communication work	
to wh	nich this section applies does not infringe any copyright	
in—		
"(a)	the communication work; or	
"(b)	any sound recording or film that is played or shown in	20
	public by reception of the communication work.	
For th	ne purposes of this section, the public playing or showing	

- "(3) of a communication work is not free if
  - the audience has paid for admission to the place where the communication work is shown or played (which in 25 this section is called the venue), including any place of which the venue is a part; or
  - goods or services are supplied at the venue or a place of which it forms part at prices that
    - are substantially attributable to the facilities af-30 forded for hearing or seeing the communication work; or
    - "(ii) exceed those usually charged there and that are partly attributable to those facilities.

(including a person residing in a hotel, motel, camping

For the purposes of **subsection (3)(a)**, the following persons 35 must not be treated as having paid for admission to the venue: a person admitted as a resident or an inmate of a place

ground, or any other place that admits persons for a fee for the purpose of temporary accommodation):

"(b) a person admitted as a member of a club or society where the payment is only for membership of the club or society and the provision of facilities for hearing or seeing communication works is only incidental to the main purposes of the club or society.

## "87B Assessment of damages for infringement of copyright in sound recording or film

Where the making of a communication work is an infringement of copyright, the fact that the work was heard or seen in
public by the reception of the communication work must be
taken into account in assessing the damages for the infringement."

## 49 Reception and retransmission of broadcast in cable programme service

Section 88 is amended by adding the following subsection:

- "(4) For the purposes of this section only,—
  - "(a) sections 3 and 4 of this Act before repeal by the Copyright (New Technologies) Amendment Act **2006** continue to apply as if they had not been repealed and as if references in those provisions to 'this Act' were references to this section; and
  - "(b) the definition of broadcast in section 2(1) of this Act before repeal by the Copyright (New Technologies) 25 Amendment Act **2006** continues to apply as if that definition had not been repealed."

#### 50 New section 89 substituted

Section 89 is repealed and the following section substituted:

#### "89 Provision of subtitled copies of communication work

"(1) A body prescribed by regulation made under this Act may, for the purpose of providing people who are deaf or hard of hearing, or physically or mentally disabled in any other way, with copies that are subtitled or otherwise modified for their special needs, make copies of a communication work and issue copies to the public, without infringing any copyright in the commu-

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	nication work or in any work included in the communication work.				
"(2)					
51	Recording for archival purposes 5 Section 90 is amended by repealing subsection (1) and substituting the following subsection:				
"(1)	A person (A) does not infringe copyright in a communication work, or in any work included in it, by recording it or making a copy of a recording of it, if—  "(a) the communication work is in a class of communication work prescribed by regulations made under this Act; and	10			
	"(b) A makes the recording or the copy for the purpose of placing it in an archive maintained by a body prescribed by regulations made under this Act."	15			
52	Recording by media monitors				
(1)	Section 91 is amended by repealing subsection (1) and substituting the following subsections:				
"(1)	This section applies to a recording, or a transcript of a recording, of a communication work that consists wholly or substantially of news or reports or discussions of current events.				
"(1A)	The person who makes the recording or transcript does not infringe copyright in the communication work, or in any work included in the communication work, if the conditions in <b>sub-</b> 2. <b>section (2)</b> are complied with."				
(2)	Section 91(2) is amended by omitting "subsection (1)" and substituting "subsection (1A)".				
(3)	Section 91(4) is amended by omitting "broadcasts or cable programmes" and substituting "the communication work".	30			
53	New heading and new sections 92A to 92C inserted The following heading and sections are inserted after section				

92:

#### "Internet service provider liability

## "92A Internet service provider must have policy for terminating accounts of repeat infringers

- "(1) An Internet service provider must adopt and reasonably implement a policy that provides for termination, in appropriate circumstances, of the account with that Internet service provider of a repeat infringer.
- "(2) In subsection (1), repeat infringer means a person who repeatedly infringes the copyright in a work by using 1 or more of the Internet services of the Internet service provider to do a restricted act without the consent of the copyright owner.

## "92B Internet service provider liability if user infringes copyright

- "(1) This section applies if a person (A) infringes the copyright in a work by using 1 or more of the Internet services of an Internet service provider to do a restricted act without the consent of the copyright owner.
- "(2) Merely because A uses the Internet services of the Internet service provider in infringing the copyright, the Internet service provider, without more,—
  - "(a) does not infringe the copyright in the work:
  - "(b) must not be taken to have authorised A's infringement of copyright in the work:
  - "(c) subject to **subsection (3)**, must not be subject to any civil remedy or criminal sanction.
- "(3) However, nothing in this section limits the right of the copyright owner to injunctive relief in relation to A's infringement or any infringement by the Internet service provider.
- "(4) In **subsections (1) and (2)**, **Internet services** means the services referred to in the definition of Internet service provider 30 in section 2(1).

## "92C Internet service provider liability for storing infringing material

- "(1) This section applies if—
  - "(a) an Internet service provider stores material provided by 35 a user of the service; and

20

	"(b)		naterial infringes copyright in a work (other than result of any modification by the Internet service der).			
<b>'</b> (2)	The Internet service provider does not infringe copyright in					
			storing the material unless—	5		
	<del>"(a)</del>	the H	nternet service provider knows that the material			
		infringes copyright in the work; or				
	<del>"(ba)</del>	the It	nternet service provider—			
		<del>"(i)</del>	has received a notice of infringement that com-			
			plies with section 92CA; and	10		
		<del>"(ii)</del>	does not, as soon as possible after becoming			
			aware (whether as a result of receiving the notice			
			or otherwise) of facts or circumstances that make			
			it apparent that the material is likely to infringe			
			copyright in the work, delete the material or	15		
			prevent access to it; or			
	<u>"(a)</u>		nternet service provider—			
		<u>"(i)</u>	knows or has reason to believe that the material			
			infringes copyright in the work; and			
		<u>"(ii)</u>	does not, as soon as possible after becoming	20		
			aware of the infringing material, delete the ma-			
			terial or prevent access to it; or			
	"(b)		ser of the service who provided the material is act-			
		_	n behalf of, or at the direction of, the Internet ser-			
		vice j	provider.	25		
<u>(2A)</u>	A co	urt, in	determining whether, for the purposes of subsec-			
			Internet service provider knows or has reason to			
	<u>believ</u>	e that	material infringes copyright in a work, must take			
	accou	nt of a	all relevant matters, including whether the Internet			
	service provider has received a notice of infringement in rela-					
	tion to	o the i	nfringement.			
<b>'</b> (3)	An In	iternet	service provider who deletes a user's material			
	or pre	events	access to it because the Internet service provider			
	know	s or h	as reason to believe that it infringes copyright in			
	a wor	k mus	st, as soon as possible, give notice to the user that	35		
	the m	aterial	has been deleted or access to it prevented.			
<b>'</b> (4)	Nothi	ng in 1	this section limits the right of the copyright owner			
` /		_	e relief in relation to a user's infringement or any			
	infringement by the Internet service provider.					

<del>"92C</del>	A No	tice of infringement			
		tice referred to in section 92C(2)(ba)(i) must be—			
	<del>"(a)</del>	properly completed; and			
	<del>"(b)</del>	in the prescribed form; and			
	<del>"(c)</del>	signed by the copyright owner or the copyright owner's	5		
	( )	duly authorised agent.			
"92C	A Re	quirements for notice of infringement			
	A no	tice referred to in section 92C(2A) must—			
	<u>"(a)</u>	contain the information prescribed by regulations made under this Act; and	10		
	<u>"(b)</u>	be signed by the copyright owner or the copyright	10		
	767	owner's duly authorised agent.			
<del>"92C</del>	B Off	fences in relation to notice of infringement			
<del>"(1)</del>		rson (A) commits an offence if—			
( )	<del>"(a)</del>	A signs, or authorises another person to sign, a notice	15		
		referred to in section 92G(2)(ba)(i); and			
	<del>"(b)</del>	the notice is false or misleading in a material particular;			
	( )	and			
	<del>"(c)</del>	A knows that the notice is false or misleading in a ma-			
	( )	terial particular or is reckless as to whether it is or not.	20		
<del>"(2)</del>	A ne	rson (B) commits an offence if—			
(-)	<del>"(a)</del>	B has signed, or has authorised another person to sign,			
	()	a notice referred to in section 92G(2)(ba)(i); and			
	<del>"(b)</del>	the notice is false or misleading in a material particular;			
	(-)	and	25		
	<del>"(c)</del>	after the notice is signed, B either knows that the notice			
	(-)	is false or misleading in a material particular or is reck-			
		less as to whether it is or not; and			
	<del>"(d)</del>	does not take all reasonable steps to withdraw the no-			
	(-)	tice.	30		
<del>"(3)</del>	A nei	rson who commits an offence under this section is liable			
(5)	on summary conviction,				
	<del>"(a)</del>	in the case of an individual, to a fine not exceeding			
	(4)	\$50,000; and			
	<del>"(b)</del>	in the case of a body corporate; to a fine not exceeding	35		
	(0)	\$100 000	55		

"(4) For the avoidance of doubt, if an individual acting on behalf

		ody corporate commits an offence under this section, the corporate also commits the offence.		
"92D	Internet service provider does not infringe copyright by caching infringing material			
"(1)		ternet service provider does not infringe copyright in a by caching material if the Internet service provider— does not modify the material; and		
	"(b)	complies with any conditions imposed by the copyright owner of the material for access to that material; and	10	
	"(c)	does not interfere with the lawful use of technology to obtain data on the use of the material; and		
	"(d)	updates the material in accordance with reasonable industry practice.		
"(2)	in a w does	ever, an Internet service provider does infringe copyright work by caching material if the Internet service provider not delete the material or prevent access to it by users on as possible after the Internet service provider became	15	
	aware	that— the material has been deleted from its original source;	20	
		or		
	"(b)	access to the material at its original source has been prevented; or		
	"(c)	a court has ordered that the material be deleted from its original source or that access to the material at its original source be prevented.	25	
"(3)	Nothing in this section limits the right of the copyright owner to injunctive relief in relation to a user's infringement or any infringement by the Internet service provider.			
"(4)		s section,—	30	
	"cache means the storage of material by an Internet service provider that is—			
	"(a) "(b)	controlled through an automated process; and temporary; and		
	"(c)	for the sole purpose of enabling the Internet service provider to transmit the material more efficiently to other users of the service on their request	35	

"original source means the source from which the Internet service provider copied the material that is cached."

54		equent dealings with copies made under this Part on 93 is amended by repealing subsection (2) and substi-	
		the following subsection:	5
"(2)	_	provisions referred to in subsection (1) are as follows:	
•	"(a)	<b>section 43A</b> (which relates to transient reproduction of work):	
	"(b)	section 44 (which relates to copying for educational purposes of literary, dramatic, musical, or artistic works or typographical arrangements):	10
	"(c)	<b>section 44A</b> (which relates to storing for educational purposes):	
	"(d)	section 45 (which relates to copying for educational purposes of films and sound recordings):	15
	"(e)	<b>section 48</b> (which relates to recording by educational establishments of communication works):	
	"(f)	section 49 (which relates to things done for the purposes of an examination):	
	"(g)	section 51 (which relates to copying by librarians of parts of published works):	20
	"(h)	section 52 (which relates to copying by librarians of articles in periodicals):	
	"(i)	section 53 (which relates to copying by librarians for users of other libraries):	25
	"(j)	section 55 (which relates to copying by librarians or archivists to replace copies of works):	
	"(k)	section 56 (which relates to copying by librarians or archivists of certain unpublished works):	
	"(1)	<b>sections 56A to 56C</b> (which relate to access to and copying of works in digital format):	30
	"(m)	section 58 (which relates to copying by the Parliamentary Library for members of Parliament):	
	"(n)	section 69 (which relates to the provision of Braille copies of literary or dramatic works):	35
	"(o)	<b>section 80A</b> (which relates to the decompilation of computer programs):	

	"(p)	<b>section 80B</b> (which relates to copying or adapting computer programs if necessary for lawful use):	
	"(q)	section 81A (which relates to copying sound record-	
	. •	ings for private and domestic use):	
	"(r)	section 83 (which relates to recording for the purposes	5
	"(s)	of complaining): section 84 (which relates to recording for the purposes	
	(5)	of time shifting):	
	"(t)	section 90 (which relates to recording for archival purposes):	10
	"(u)	section 92B (which relates to Internet service provider	
		liability for storing infringing material):	
	"(v)	<b>section 92C</b> (which relates to Internet service provider	
		liability for caching infringing material)."	
55	Righ	t to be identified as author or director	15
<b>(1)</b>	Section	on 94(2)(a) is amended by omitting "broadcast, or in-	
		ed in a cable programme" and substituting "or commu- ed to the public".	
(2)	Section	on 94(6)(b) is amended by omitting "broadcast or in-	
		ed in a cable programme" and substituting "communito the public".	20
(3)		on 94(8) is amended by repealing paragraph (a) and sub-	
		ing the following paragraph:	
	"(a)	the film is shown in public or communicated to the pub-	
		lic; or".	25
56	Cont	ent of right to be identified	
	Section	on 95(1)(c) is amended by omitting "broadcast, cable pro-	
	gram	me" and substituting "communication work".	
57	Exce	ptions to right to be identified	
(1)	Section	on 97 is amended by repealing subsection (3) and substi-	30
	tuting	g the following subsection:	
"(3)	The r	ight is not infringed by an act that, under any of the fol-	
		ng provisions of this Act, would not infringe copyright in	
	the w		
	"(a)	section 41 (which relates to incidental copying of a work):	35

	"(b)	section 42 (which relates to criticism, review, and news reporting):	
	"(c)	<b>section 43A</b> (which relates to transient reproduction of work):	
	"(d)	section 49 (which relates to things done for the purposes of an examination):	5
	"(e)	section 59 (which relates to parliamentary and judicial proceedings):	
	"(f)	section 60 (which relates to Royal commissions and statutory inquiries):	10
	"(g)	section 67 (which relates to acts permitted on assumptions as to expiry of copyright or death of author in relation to anonymous or pseudonymous works):	
	"(h)	<b>section 81A</b> (which relates to copying sound recordings for private and domestic use)."	15
(2)		on 97(8) is amended by repealing paragraph (b) and subning the following paragraph: a part of a film, if that part— "(i) appears incidentally in another film, or is included in a communication work; and "(ii) is not a substantial part of the film."	20
58		ent of right to object to derogatory treatment	
(1)	clude	on 99(1)(a) is amended by omitting "broadcasts, or ins in a cable programme" and substituting "or communito the public".	25
(2)	clude	on 99(2)(a) is amended by omitting "broadcasts or ins in a cable programme" and substituting "communicates public".	
(3)		on 99(4) is amended by repealing paragraph (a) and sub- ng the following paragraph: shows in public, or communicates to the public, a derogatory treatment of the film; or".	30
(4)		on 99(4)(c) is amended by repealing subparagraph (i) and stuting the following subparagraph:	
		"(i) plays in public or communicates to the public; or".	35

59	Exceptions to right to object to derogatory treatment of films	
(1)	Section 101(3) is amended by repealing paragraphs (a) and (b) and substituting the following paragraph:  "(a) in relation to the communication of a film,—  "(i) complying with a duty imposed under section 4 of the Broadcasting Act 1989; or  "(ii) maintaining standards that are consistent with the observance of good taste and decency and the maintenance of law and order; or  "(iii) avoiding the commission of an offence; or  "(iv) complying with a duty imposed by or under any enactment—".	5
(2)	Section 101 is amended by repealing subsection (6) and sub-	1.5
"(6)	stituting the following subsection:  The right is not infringed, in relation to the communication of a film to the public, if the person (A) communicating the film—  "(a) makes a deletion or any deletions from the film that is	15
	or are reasonably required to enable A to—  "(i) follow guidelines as to the programmes that may be shown in particular time periods; or  "(ii) fit the film into the time scheduled to show it; or  "(b) communicates the film in separate parts because of its	20
	length; or  "(c) uses a clip of a film in an advertisement for the showing of the film."	25
60	False attribution of identity of author or director Section 102 is amended by repealing subsection (4) and sub- stituting the following subsection:	
"(4)	A person (A) infringes a right under subsection (2) if—  "(a) A performs a literary, dramatic, or musical work in public, or shows a film to the public, or communicates the work or film to the public; and	30
	"(b) the work or film is accompanied by a false attribution; and	35
	"(c) A knows or has reason to believe that the attribution is false."	

61	False representation as to literary, dramatic, or musical work	
	Section 103 is amended by repealing subsection (4) and substituting the following subsection:	
"(4)	A person (A) infringes the right conferred by subsection (2) if A performs in public, or communicates to the public, a literary, dramatic, or musical work, accompanied by a false representation, and A knows or has reason to believe that the representation is false."	5
<b>62</b> (1)	Right to privacy of certain photographs and films Section 105(1) is amended by repealing paragraph (c) and sub-	10
(-)	stituting the following paragraph:	
	"(c) not to have the work communicated to the public."	
(2)	Section 105(3)(a) is amended by omitting "broadcast or cable programme", and substituting "or communication work".	15
63	New sections 112 to 112B substituted	
	The principal Act is amended by repealing section 112 and substituting the following sections:	
"112	Warranty implied in certain licences	
"(1)	This section applies to a licence that has been granted for— "(a) the performance or communication to the public of a copyright work that is a literary, dramatic, or musical work or a sound recording or film; or	20
	"(b) the inclusion of a copyright work that is an artistic work in a performance or a communication work.	25
"(2)	A warranty is implied in the licence that the person by whom	
	or on whose behalf the licence is granted is—	
	"(a) the owner of the copyright in the work, sound recording, or film that is the subject of the licence; or	
	"(b) authorised to grant the licence by the copyright owner.	30
"112	A Damages for falsely claiming copyright ownership or	
66/1X	licence This parties applies if	
"(1)	This section applies if—  "(a) a person (A) falsely claims to be, or to have been granted	
	a licence by or on behalf of, the owner of the copyright	35

	in a literary, dramatic, musical, or an artistic work or a sound recording or film; and  "(b) A has threatened or commenced proceedings for preventing, or claiming damages in respect of, a performance or communication to the public of the work, sound recording, or film (which in this section is called the	5
	event); and  "(c) as a result of the threat or commencement of proceed-	
	ings, the event has not taken place.	
"(2)	A court may award damages to compensate any of the follow-	10
	ing persons for any loss sustained because the event did not	
	take place:	
	"(a) in the case of a threat of proceedings, the person to whom A made the threat:	
	"(b) in the case of the commencement of proceedings, a defendant:	15
	"(c) any other person interested in the event.	
	matter what licence says The provisions of sections 112 and 112A have effect no matter what any licence may say, and extend to all licences whether granted before or after the commencement of this Act."	20
	Part 2	
	Amendments to Parts 6 to 11 of Copyright	25
	Act 1994	
64	Presumptions relevant to computer programs, sound recordings, and films	
(1)	Section 128(5) is amended by omitting "public, broadcast, or included in a cable programme" and substituting "public or communicated to the public".	30
(2)	Section 128(6) is amended by omitting "public, broadcast, or included in a cable programme" in each place where it appears and substituting in each case "public or communicated to the public".	35

64A Unjustified proceedings

	Section 130(1) is amended by inserting "or a contravention of <b>section 226A</b> " after "copyright".	
65	Criminal liability for making or dealing with infringing objects Section 131(4) is amended by omitting "broadcast or cable programme" and substituting "communication work".	5
<b>66</b> "(2)	Works of more than one author Section 147 is amended by repealing subsection (2) and substituting the following subsection: In subsection (1), group of companies means a holding company and its subsidiaries as defined in sections 5 and 6 of the Companies Act 1993."	10
<b>67</b> (1)	Licensing schemes to which sections 149 to 155 apply Section 148(a) is amended by repealing subparagraph (iv) and substituting the following subparagraph:  "(iv) relate to licences for copying the work or performing, showing, or playing the work in public or communicating the work to the public:".	15
(2)	Section 148(b) is amended by omitting "broadcasts, or cable programmes" and substituting "communication works".	20
(3)	Section 148(d) is amended by repealing subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) and substituting the following subparagraph:  "(iii) recording in the circumstances set out in sections 48(1) and 91(2);—".	25
<b>68</b> (1)	Licences to which sections 157 to 160 apply Section 156(a) is amended by repealing subparagraph (iii) and substituting the following subparagraph:  "(iii) authorise the copying of the work or the performance, showing, or playing of the work in public or the communication of the work to the public:".	30
(2)	Section 156(b) is amended by omitting "broadcast, or cable programme" and substituting "communication work".	

New section 163 substituted

	The principal Act is amended by repealing section 163 and substituting the following section:	
"163	Licences for educational establishments in respect of	
	works included in communication works	5
"(1)	This section applies to references or applications made under	
	this Part in relation to licences for—	
	"(a) the recording, for educational purposes, by or on behalf of educational establishments, of communication works that include copyright works; or	10
	"(b) making copies of those recordings for educational purposes.	10
"(2)	When this section applies, the Tribunal must, in considering what charges (if any) should be paid for a licence, have regard to the extent to which the owners of the copyright in the works included in the communication work have already received, or are entitled to receive, payment in respect of their inclusion."	15
70	Licences to reflect conditions imposed by promoters of events	
(1)	Section 164(1) is amended by omitting "broadcast, or cable programme" and substituting "or communication work".	20
(2)	Section 164(2)(b) is amended by omitting "broadcast, or cable programme" and substituting "or communication work".	
71	Licences to reflect payments in respect of underlying rights	25
	Section 165(2) is amended by—	
	(a) omitting "broadcasts, or cable programmes" and substituting "or communication works"; and	
	(b) omitting "broadcast, or cable programme" and substituting "or communication work".	30
72	Licences in respect of works included in retransmissions Section 166 is amended by repealing subsection (1) and substituting the following subsection:	
"(1)	This section applies to applications under this Part in relation to licences to include literary, dramatic, musical, or artistic	35

**74** (1)

(2)

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**76** 

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**"172** 

works or sound recordings or films in a communication work when one communication work (in this section referred to as the <b>first transmission</b> ) is, by reception and immediate retransmission, to be further communicated to the public (in this section referred to as the <b>further transmission</b> )."	5
<b>Determination of equitable remuneration</b> Section 168(1)(e) is amended by omitting "broadcast or cable programme" and substituting "communication work".	
Interpretation Paragraph (d) of the definition of commercial exploitation in section 169 is repealed and the following paragraph substituted:	10
<ul> <li>"(d) communicating recordings or copies of recordings to the public".</li> <li>Paragraph (b) of the definition of recording in section 169 is amended by omitting "broadcast of, or a cable programme that includes," and substituting "communication work that includes".</li> </ul>	15
<b>Application</b> Section 170(4)(a) is amended by omitting "broadcast or cable programme" and substituting "communication work".	20
Consent required for recording or live transmission of performance Section 171(1) is amended by repealing paragraph (b) and substituting the following paragraph: "(b) communicates live to the public the whole or any substantial part of a performance."	25
New section 172 substituted Section 172 is repealed and the following section substituted: Infringement by use of recording made without performer's consent	30

A person (A) infringes a performer's rights if—

"(1)

**79** 

01 70	Amendment Din	
"(a)	without the performer's consent and by means of a recording, A shows in public, plays in public, or com-	
	municates to the public the whole or a substantial part of a performance; and	
"(b)	•	5
"(c)	A knows or has reason to believe that the recording was made without the performer's consent."	
	lental inclusion of performance or recording	
	on 175 is amended by repealing subsection (1) and sub-	10
	ing the following subsection: rights conferred by this Part are not infringed by—	
"(a)	the incidental inclusion of a performance or recording	
(a)	in a sound recording, film, or communication work; or	
"(b)	the playing of a sound recording, the showing of a film, or the making of a communication work, where the performance or sound recording has been incidentally included in that sound recording, film, or communication work; or	15
"(c)	the issue to the public of copies of a sound recording, film, or communication work in which a performance or recording has been incidentally included."	20
New	section 175A inserted	
The f	following section is inserted after section 175:	
	nsient reproduction of recording of performance	25
_	production of a recording of a performance of a work does	
	nfringe the rights conferred by this Part in the recording	
II the	reproduction—	

## "175A

- "(a) is transient or incidental; and
- is a necessary part of a technological process for the 30 "(b) viewing of, or listening to, the recording by a member of the public to whom the recording is lawfully made available; and
- has no independent economic significance."

cable programme at educational establishment

Playing or showing sound recording, film, broadcast, or

The heading to section 178 is amended by omitting "broad-cast, or cable programme" and substituting "or communi-

Section 178(1) is amended by omitting "broadcast, or cable

80

**(1)** 

**(2)** 

cation work".

	programme" and substituting "or communication work".	
81	Recording of broadcasts and cable programmes by educational establishment	
(1)	The heading to section 179 is amended by omitting "broad-casts and cable programmes" and substituting "communication works".	10
(2)	Section 179 is amended by omitting "broadcast or cable programme" and substituting "communication work".	
<b>82</b> (1)	Use of recordings of spoken works in certain cases Section 184 is amended by repealing subsection (1) and substituting the following subsection:	15
"(1)	It is not an infringement of the rights conferred by this Part to use a recording of a reading or recitation of a literary work (or to copy the recording and use the copy) if—  "(a) it was made for the purpose of—  "(i) reporting current events; or	20
(2)	"(ii) communicating all or part of the reading or recitation to the public; and "(b) the conditions in subsection (2) are complied with." Section 184(2)(a) is amended by omitting "broadcast or cable programme" and substituting "communication work".	25
83	New section 187 substituted Section 187 is repealed and the following section substituted:	
<b>"187</b> "(1)	Incidental recording for purposes of communication work A person who proposes to communicate a recording of a performance to the public in circumstances not infringing rights under this Part does not require consent for the purposes of this Part to the making of the further recording if the conditions in subsection (2) are complied with.	30 35
	45	

"(2)	The conditions referred to in <b>subsection (1)</b> are that the fur-	
	ther recording—	
	"(a) must only be used for communicating it to the public in circumstances not infringing rights under this Part; and	
	"(b) must be destroyed within 6 months after first being communicated to the public, unless the Minister has authorised the preservation of the recording in the records of a government department or in the national archives because of its documentary character or exceptional im-	5
	portance.	10
"(3)	A recording made in accordance with this section is treated as an illicit recording—	
	"(a) for the purposes of any use in breach of the condition in subsection (2)(a); and	
	"(b) for all purposes after either of the conditions in <b>subsection (2)</b> is broken."	15
84	New sections 188 to 188B substituted	
	Section 188 is repealed and the following sections substituted:	
	$\mathcal{E}$	
"188	Free public playing or showing of communication work	
"188 "(1)	Free public playing or showing of communication work The free public playing or showing of a communication work (other than a communication work to which section 188A applies or a communication work for which a subscription fee	20
	Free public playing or showing of communication work The free public playing or showing of a communication work (other than a communication work to which section 188A applies or a communication work for which a subscription fee must be paid in order to receive it) does not infringe a right	20
	Free public playing or showing of communication work The free public playing or showing of a communication work (other than a communication work to which section 188A applies or a communication work for which a subscription fee must be paid in order to receive it) does not infringe a right under this Part in relation to a performance or recording in-	
	Free public playing or showing of communication work The free public playing or showing of a communication work (other than a communication work to which section 188A applies or a communication work for which a subscription fee must be paid in order to receive it) does not infringe a right under this Part in relation to a performance or recording in- cluded in—	20
	Free public playing or showing of communication work The free public playing or showing of a communication work (other than a communication work to which section 188A applies or a communication work for which a subscription fee must be paid in order to receive it) does not infringe a right under this Part in relation to a performance or recording in-	
	Free public playing or showing of communication work The free public playing or showing of a communication work (other than a communication work to which section 188A applies or a communication work for which a subscription fee must be paid in order to receive it) does not infringe a right under this Part in relation to a performance or recording in- cluded in—  "(a) the communication work; or "(b) any sound recording or film that is played or shown in	
"(1)	Free public playing or showing of communication work The free public playing or showing of a communication work (other than a communication work to which section 188A applies or a communication work for which a subscription fee must be paid in order to receive it) does not infringe a right under this Part in relation to a performance or recording in- cluded in—  "(a) the communication work; or  "(b) any sound recording or film that is played or shown in public by reception of the communication work.	
"(1)	Free public playing or showing of communication work The free public playing or showing of a communication work (other than a communication work to which section 188A applies or a communication work for which a subscription fee must be paid in order to receive it) does not infringe a right under this Part in relation to a performance or recording in- cluded in—  "(a) the communication work; or  "(b) any sound recording or film that is played or shown in public by reception of the communication work.  For the purposes of this section, the public playing or showing	25

		"(i) are substantially attributable to the facilities af- forded for hearing or seeing the communication work; or	
		"(ii) exceed those usually charged there and that are partly attributable to those facilities; or	5
	"(c)	the venue is a hotel, motel, camping ground, or any	
		other place that admits persons for a fee for the pur- poses of temporary accommodation, and the audience is	
		made up of persons residing at that hotel, motel, camp-	
		ing ground, or other place.	10
"(3)		ne purposes of <b>subsection (2)(a)</b> , the following persons	
	must "(a)	not be treated as having paid for admission to the venue: a person admitted as a resident or an inmate of a place	
	(4)	(other than a hotel, motel, camping ground, or any other	
		place to which subsection (2)(c) applies):	15
	"(b)	a person admitted as a member of a club or society where the payment is only for membership of the club	
		or society and the provision of facilities for hearing or	
		seeing communication works is only incidental to the	
		main purposes of the club or society.	20
"188	A Fre	e public playing or showing of communication work	
		is simultaneous with reception	
"(1)		section applies to the playing or showing of a communing work that—	
	"(a)	is made for reception in the area in which it is played or shown; and	25
	"(b)	is not a communication work for which a subscription fee must be paid in order to receive it; and	
	"(c)	is played or shown simultaneously upon reception of the communication work.	30
"(2)	The f	ree public playing or showing of a communication work	
		nich this section applies does not infringe a right under this	
	Part 1	in relation to a performance or recording included in— the communication work; or	
	"(b)	any sound recording or film that is played or shown in	35
	` '	public by reception of the communication work.	
"(3)		he purposes of this section, the public playing or showing communication work is not free if—	

	"(a) the audience has paid for admission to the place where the communication work is played or shown (which in this section is called the <b>venue</b> ), including any place of which the venue is a part; or				
	"(b)	goods or services are supplied at the venue or a place of which it forms part at prices that—  "(i) are substantially attributable to the facilities afforded for hearing or seeing the communication work; or			
~		partly attributable to those facilities.	10		
"(4)		ne purposes of <b>subsection (3)(a)</b> , the following persons not be treated as having paid for admission to the venue: a person admitted as a resident or an inmate of a place (including a person residing in a hotel, motel, camping	15		
	"(b)	ground, or any other place that admits persons for a fee) for the purpose of temporary accommodation: a person admitted as a member of a club or society where the payment is only for membership of the club or society and the provision of facilities for hearing or seeing communication works is only incidental to the main purposes of the club or society.	20		
"188E		essment of damages for infringement of rights under			
	where ment record the re-	e the making of a communication work is an infringe- of rights under this Part in relation to a performance or ding, the fact that the work was heard or seen in public by ception of the communication work must be taken into nt in assessing the damages for the infringement."	25		
85		on 189 repealed on 189 is repealed.	30		
86		section 190 substituted on 190 is repealed and the following section substituted:			
<b>"190</b> "(1)	Provi	sion of subtitled copies of communication work scribed body that makes a recording of a communica- vork for the purpose of providing people who are deaf	35		

	or hard of hearing or physically or mentally disabled in any other way with copies that are subtitled or otherwise modified for their special needs, does not infringe any right under this Part in relation to a performance or recording included in that communication work.	5
"(2)	A body must not be prescribed for the purposes of <b>subsection</b> (1) if it is established or conducted for profit."	
87	New section 191 substituted Section 191 is repealed and the following section substituted:	
<b>"191</b> "(1)	Recording of communication work for archival purposes Any person (A) who records, or makes a copy of a recording of, a communication work does not infringe any right under this Part in relation to a performance or recording included in the communication work if—	10
	<ul> <li>"(a) the communication work falls within a prescribed class; and</li> <li>"(b) A makes the recording or the copy for the purpose of it being placed in an archive maintained by a prescribed body.</li> </ul>	15
"(2)	A body must not be prescribed for the purposes of <b>subsection</b> (1) if it is established or conducted for profit."	20
88	Criminal liability for making, dealing with, using, or copying illicit recordings Section 198(2) is amended by repealing paragraph (b) and substituting the following paragraph: "(b) communicated to the public."	25
89	New heading and new sections 226 to 226J substituted Section 226 and the heading immediately above section 226 are repealed and the following heading and sections substituted:  "Technological protection measures	30
"226	<b>Definitions of TPM terms</b> In <b>sections 226A to 226E</b> , unless the context otherwise requires,—	

"TPM or technological protection measure—	"TPM o	r techno	logical	protection	measure—
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"(a) means any process, treatment, mechanism, device, or system that in the normal course of its operation prevents or inhibits the infringement of copyright in a TPM work: but

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"(b) for the avoidance of doubt, does not include a process, treatment, mechanism, device, or system to the extent that, in the normal course of operation, it <u>only</u> controls any access to a work for non-infringing purposes (for example, it does not include a process, treatment, mechanism, device, or system to the extent that it controls geographic market segmentation by preventing the playback in New Zealand of a non-infringing copy of a work)

"TPM circumvention device means a device or means that—

- "(a) is primarily designed, produced, or adapted for the purpose of enabling or facilitating the circumvention of a technological protection measure; and
- "(b) has no only limited commercially significant application except for its use in circumventing a technological 20 protection measure

"TPM work means a copyright work that is protected by a technological protection measure.

# "226A Prohibited conduct in relation to technological protection measure

"(1) A person (A) must not make, import, sell, distribute, let for hire, offer or expose for sale or hire, or advertise for sale or hire, a TPM circumvention device that applies to a technological protection measure if A knows or has reason to believe that it will, or is likely to, be used to infringe copyright in a 30 TPM work.

- "(2) A person (A) must not provide a service to another person (B) if—
  - "(a) A intends the service to enable or assist B to circumvent a technological protection measure; and 35
  - "(b) A knows or has reason to believe that the service will, or is likely to, be used to infringe copyright in a TPM work.

"(3) A person (A) must not publish information enabling or assisting another person to circumvent a technological protection measure if A intends that the information will be used to infringe copyright in a TPM work.

#### "226B Rights of issuer of TPM work

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- "(1) This section applies if a TPM work is issued to the public by, or under licence from, the copyright owner.
- "(2) The issuer of the TPM work has the same rights against a person who contravenes **section 226A** as a copyright owner has in respect of an infringement of copyright.

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"(3) The issuer of the TPM work has the same rights under section 122 (order for delivery up in civil proceedings) or 132 (order for delivery up in criminal proceedings) in relation to a TPM circumvention device as a copyright owner has in relation to an infringing copy.

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- "(4) Sections 126 to 129 (which relate to certain presumptions) apply in relation to proceedings under this section.
- "(5) Section 134 (order as to disposal of infringing copy or other object) applies, with all necessary modifications, in relation to the disposal of anything that is delivered up under **subsection** (3).

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# "226C Offence of contravening section 226A

"(1) A person (A) commits an offence who, in the course of business, makes, imports, sells, distributes, lets for hire, offers or exposes for sale or hire, or advertises for sale or hire, a TPM circumvention device that applies to a technological protection measure if A knows that it will, or is likely to, be used to infringe copyright in a TPM work.

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"(1A) A person (A) commits an offence who, in the course of business, provides a service to another person (B) if—

- "(a) A intends the service to enable or assist B to circumvent a technological protection measure; and
- "(b) A knows that the service will, or is likely to, be used to infringe copyright in a TPM work.
- "(1B) A person (A) commits an offence who, in the course of business, publishes information enabling or assisting another per-

	tends	circumvent a technological protection measure if A in- that the information will be used to infringe copyright in \( \text{M} \) work.		
"(2)	on cor	son who commits an offence under this section is liable nviction on indictment to a fine not exceeding \$150,000 erm of imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or both.	5	
"226D	) Whe	en rights of issuer of TPM work do not apply		
<del>'(2)</del>	The ri	ights that the issuer of a TPM work has under section		
. ,	<del>226B</del>	do not prevent or restrict the making, importation, sale,		
	<del>or lett</del>	ing for hire of a TPM circumvention device to enable a	10	
	qualif	ied person to—		
	<del>"(a)</del>	exercise a permitted act under Part 3; or		
	<del>"(d)</del>	undertake encryption research.		
"(2)	The ri	ights that the issuer of a TPM work has under section		
	226B	do not prevent or restrict the exercise of a permitted act.	15	
"(2A)		rights that the issuer of a TPM work has under section		
		do not prevent or restrict the making, importation, sale,		
	or lett	ing for hire of a TPM circumvention device to enable—		
	<u>"(a)</u>	a qualified person to exercise a permitted act under Part		
		3 using a TPM circumvention device on behalf of the	20	
	// <b>/1</b> \	user of a TPM work; or		
	<u>"(b)</u>	a person referred to in section 226E(3) to undertake		
(( <b>/2</b> )	T .1.	encryption research.		
"(3)		is section and in section 226E, qualified person	25	
	means		25	
	"(a) "(b)	the librarian of a prescribed library; or the archivist of an archive; or		
	"(c)	an educational establishment; or		
	"(d)	any other person specified by the Governor-General by		
	(4)	Order in Council on the recommendation of the Minis-	30	
		ter.		
"(4)	A qua	alified person must not be supplied with a TPM circum-		
( )	vention device on behalf of a user unless the qualified person			
		rst made a declaration to the supplier in the prescribed		
	form.		35	
"(5)	In this	s section,—		
	"arch	ive has the same meaning as in section 50(1)		
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"archivist includes a person acting on behalf of the archivist "encryption technology means the scrambling and descrambling of information using mathematical formulae or algo-

	rithm	S				
	"libra	arian ii	ncludes a person acting on behalf of the librarian	5		
			<b>library</b> has the same meaning as in section 50(1).			
·(6)	In thi	is secti s ident	on and in <b>section 226E</b> , encryption research ifying and analysing flaws and vulnerabilities of echnology.			
2261		r's opt y TPM	ions if prevented from exercising permitted	10		
(1)	circu	mventi	this Act prevents any person from using a TPM on device to exercise a permitted act under Part 3 ake encryption research.			
(2)	act ur may	nder Par do eithe	a TPM work who wishes to exercise a permitted rt 3 but cannot practically do so because of a TPM er or both of the following:	15		
	"(a)		to the copyright owner or the exclusive licensee sistance enabling the user to exercise the permitted	20		
	"(b)		e a qualified person (see section 226D(3)) to ex-	20		
	(0)		the permitted act on the user's behalf using a TPM			
			nvention device, but only if the copyright owner			
			exclusive licensee has refused the user's request			
		for as	sistance or has failed to respond to it within a rea-	25		
		<u>sonab</u>	<u>le time</u> .			
<b>'</b> (3)	For the purposes of this section, a person (A) undertakes en-					
	cryption research if A Nothing in this Act prevents any person					
	from using a TPM circumvention device to undertake encryp-					
	tion research if that person —					
	"(a)	is eith				
		"(i)	engaged in a course of study at an educational establishment in the field of encryption technology;			
		"(ii)	or employed, trained, or experienced in the field of	35		
		(11)	encryption technology; and	رر		
	"(b)	has ei	ther—			
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	"(i) obtained permission from the copyright owner or exclusive licensee of the copyright to the use of a TPM circumvention device for the purpose of the research; or	
	"(ii) has taken, or will take, all reasonable steps to obtain that permission.	5
"(4)	A qualified person who exercises a permitted act on behalf of the user of a TPM work must not charge the user more than a sum consisting of the total of the cost of the provision of the service and a reasonable contribution to the qualified person's general expenses.	10
	"Copyright management information	
"226]	In sections 226G, 226H, and 226J CMI or copyright management information means information attached to, or embodied in, a copy of a work that—  "(a) identifies the work, and its author or copyright owner; or	15
	"(b) identifies or indicates some or all of the terms and conditions for using the work, or indicates that the use of the work is subject to terms and conditions.	20
" <b>22</b> 6	G Interference with CMI prohibited	
"(1)	A person (A) must not remove or modify any copyright management information attached to, or embodied in, a copy of a work.	25
"(2)	However, <b>subsection (1)</b> does not apply if— "(a) A has the authority of the copyright owner or the exclusive licensee to remove or modify the copyright management information; or	
	"(b) A does not know, and has no reason to believe, that the removal or modification will induce, enable, facilitate, or conceal an infringement of the copyright in the work.	30
	H Commercial dealing in work subject to CMI interference	
"(1)	A person (A) must not, in the course of business, make, import, sell, let for hire, offer or expose for sale or hire, or advertise	35
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for sale or hire, a copy of a work if any copyright management
information attached to, or embodied in, the copy has been
removed or modified without the authority of the copyright
owner or the exclusive licensee.

- "(2) However, subsection (1) does not apply if—
  - (a) A has the authority of the copyright owner or the exclusive licensee to remove or modify the copyright management information; or
  - "(b) A does not know, and has no reason to believe, that the removal or modification will induce, enable, facilitate, or conceal an infringement of the copyright in the work-: or
  - "(c) A does not know, and has no reason to believe, that any copyright management information attached to, or embodied in, the copy has been removed or modified without the authority of the copyright owner or the exclusive licensee.

#### "226I Contravention of section 226G or 226H

A copyright owner or licensee of a work has the same rights in relation to a contravention of **section 226G or 226H** as a copyright owner has in respect of an infringement of copyright.

#### "226J Offence of dealing in work subject to CMI interference

- "(1) A person (A) who contravenes **section 226H** commits an offence if—
  - "(a) A knows that the copyright management information has been removed or modified without the authority of the copyright owner or exclusive licensee; and
  - "(b) A knows that dealing in the work will induce, enable, facilitate, or conceal an infringement of the copyright in the work.
- "(2) A person who commits an offence under **subsection (1)** is liable on conviction on indictment to a fine not exceeding \$150,000 or a term of imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or both."

Offence of fraudulently receiving programmes

	Section 227(1) is amended by omitting "broadcasting service or cable programme service" and substituting "communication work".	
91	Rights and remedies in respect of apparatus, etc, for unauthorised reception of transmissions Section 228(1)(b) is amended by omitting "broadcasting service or cable programme service" and substituting "communication work".	5
<b>92</b> (1)	Supplementary provisions as to fraudulent reception Section 229(2) is amended by omitting "broadcasting services or cable programme services" and substituting "communica- tion works".	10
(2)	Section 229(3) is amended by omitting "broadcasting service or cable programme service" and substituting "communication work".	15
93	Application to Convention countries  Section 230(1) is amended by repealing paragraph (d) and substituting the following paragraph:  "(d) apply in relation to communication works communicated from any Convention country as they apply in relation to communication works communicated from New Zealand,—".	20
94	Application of Act (other than Part 9) to other entities Section 232(2) is amended by repealing paragraph (d) and substituting the following paragraph:  "(d) it applies to communication works communicated from any Convention country as it applies to communication works communicated from New Zealand."	25
<b>95</b> (1)	Regulations Section 234(e) is amended by omitting "broadcasts or cable programmes" and substituting "communication works".	30

# Copyright (New Technologies) Amendment Bill

- (2) Section 234 is amended by inserting the following paragraph after paragraph (e):
  - "(ea) prescribing the form of a notice of infringement for the purposes of **section 92C(2)(ba)(i)**:".

## Legislative history

4 December 2006 12 December 2006 27 July 2007

19 March 2008

1 April 2008

Introduction (Bill 102–1)
First reading and referral to Commerce Committee
Reported from Commerce Committee (Bill 102–2)
Second reading

Committee of the whole House (Bill 102-3)