This Public Bill originated in the House of Representatives, and having this day passed as now printed is transmitted to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

House of Representatives, 25th August, 1881.

Mr. Stevens.

LOCAL BILL.

## CHRISTCHURCH ALIGNMENT OF STREETS.

## ANALYSIS.

Title. 1. Short Title. 2. Legal building frontages of streets of the City of Christchurch.

## A BILL INTITULED

An Act to regulate the Alignment of Streets in the City of Christ-Title. church.

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. The Short Title of this Act is "The Christchurch Alignment Short Title.

of Streets Act, 1881."

2. The lines between the stones of the standard survey laid Legal building down in the streets of the City of Christchurch, in the year one frontages of streets thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, and shown on the official Christehurch. map in the Survey Office at Christchurch, shall be used to define the legal building frontages or sides of such streets, and the alignment or frontages of the streets in the City of Christchurch shall be and be considered to be for all purposes the following distances respectively from such lines, namely:-

The north side of the North Belt thirty-three feet, and the south side of the North Belt ninety-nine feet, from the

line laid down along such belt.

The south side of the South Belt thirty-three feet, and the north side of the South Belt ninety-nine feet, from the line laid down along such belt.

No. 95-2.

Notice to member.

Counter-petition.

Judge to notify time and place of holding inquiry.

If petition sustained, seat to be vacated.

New election.
Petition dismissed.

Judge to have powers of Supreme Court.

Repeal.

When Act to come into operation.

during eight successive weeks before such date, and shall have served a like notice upon the member petitioned against at least four weeks before such date; and provided that within five days after the filing of such petition no counter-petition shall be lodged with the Registrar, bearing the attested signatures of an equal or greater number 5 of the electors of the district: the Judge of the said Supreme Court shall forthwith publicly notify that, at a place within the electoral district, and at a time not being sooner than an anor later than another days from the date of the filing of the petition, he will be prepared to receive evidence for or against the authenticity of the 10 petition and counter-petition, and of the authenticity of the signatures

4. If the Judge of the said Supreme Court shall find that a greater number of authentic attested signatures are attached to the petition than to the counter-petition, he shall forward a certificate to 15 that effect to the Governor, who shall forthwith, if Parliament be not in session, intimate to the member and advertise in the New Zealand Guz tte that the seat of such member is vacant, and shall issue writs for a new election.

of electors of the district appended thereto.

5. If the Judge shall find that a greater number of authentic 20 attested signatures are attached to the counter-petition than to the petition, he shall dismiss the case.

6. The Judge shall have all the powers to summon and examine witnesses, and to conduct inquiries under this Act, according to the powers and procedure of the Supreme Court.

7. "The Triennial Parliaments Act, 1879," is hereby repealed.
8. This Act shall come into force upon the dissolution of the present Parliament.

By Authority: George Didsbury, Government Printer, Wellington.—1881.