[As Reported From the Local Bills Committee]

House of Representatives, 19 July 1977

Words struck out by the Committee are shown in italics within bold round brackets, or with black rule at beginning and after last line; words inserted are shown in roman underlined with a double rule, or with double rule before first line and after last line.

Hon. Mr Highet

COUNTIES AMENDMENT

ANALYSIS

Title
1. Short Title

- 2. Council may sell land not required for road
- 3. Reserves along seashore and banks of rivers, lakes, etc.

A BILL INTITULED

An Act to amend the Counties Act 1956

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1. Short Title—This Act may be cited as the Counties Amendment Act 1977, and shall be read together with and deemed part of the Counties Act 1956* (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).
- 2. Council may sell land not required for road—(1) Section 191F of the principal Act (as inserted by section 2 of the Counties Amendment Act 1972) is hereby amended by Struck Out

repealing subsection (3), and substituting the following 15 subsection:

*Reprinted, 1969, Vol. 2, p. 1077
Amendments: 1970, No. 58; 1971, No. 63; 1972, No. 132; 1974, No. 8; 1975, Nos. 8, 66; 1976, No. 58

No. 15-2

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repealing subsection (1), and substituting the following subsection:

"(1) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, where in diverting or stopping or diminishing the width of any road any part thereof is no longer required for public use, the Council may sell that part to the owner or owners of any adjoining land for a price to be fixed by a competent valuer appointed by the Council to value the same, or may grant a lease of that part to the owner or owners of any adjoining 10 land for a term and at a rental and subject to such conditions as the Council thinks fit; and, if no such owner or owners is or are willing to purchase the land at the price fixed or, as the case may be, take a lease of the land for the term and at the rental and subject to the conditions fixed, the Council may 15 sell or lease the land by public auction or public tender; and a transfer, conveyance, or lease under the seal of the Corporation shall constitute a good and valid title to the land."

(2) The said section 191F of the principal Act is hereby further amended by repealing subsection (3), and substituting 20

the following subsection:

"(3) Where any road along the bank of a river or stream with an average width of not less than 3 metres or along the margin of any lake with an area in excess of 8 hectares or along the high-water mark of the sea or of any of its bays, 25 inlets, or creeks, or any portion of any such road, is stopped or diminished in width, the land which thereby ceases to be road shall become a public reserve for recreation purposes vested in the Corporation subject to the Reserves and Domains Act 1953:

"Provided that the Council, with the consent of the Minister of Lands, may waive this requirement in respect of the whole or any part or parts of the land which ceases to be road, subject to such conditions as the Council may impose or as the Minister may require, and thereupon, subject to 35 any such conditions, subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall apply with respect to the land or, as the case may be, that part or those parts thereof."

3. Reserves along seashore and banks of rivers, lakes, etc.—(1) The Counties Amendment Act 1961 is hereby 40 amended by repealing section 29, and substituting the following section:

"29. (1) On every scheme plan submitted to the Council under this Part of this Act, unless the Council, with the consent of the Minister of Lands, considers it unnecessary to do so, there shall be set aside as reserved for recreation 5 purposes, within the land proposed to be subdivided, a strip of land not less than 20 metres in width along the mean highwater mark of the sea and of its bays, inlets, or creeks, and along the margin of every lake with an area in excess of 8 hectares, and along the banks of all rivers and streams which 10 have an average width of not less than 3 metres (not being rivers or streams or parts of rivers or streams exempted from this subsection pursuant to subsection (12) of this section):

"Provided that the Council, with the consent of the Minister of Lands, may approve the reduction of the width 15 of the strip of land to a width of not less than 3 metres if in its opinion the reduced width will be sufficient to give members of the public reasonable access to the sea, lake,

river, or stream.

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"(2) Where— "(a) A strip of land less than 20 metres in width along the mean high-water mark of the sea or of any of its bays, inlets, or creeks, or along the margin of any lake, or along any bank of any river or stream has

either-

"(i) Been reserved for recreation purposes pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, or for public purposes pursuant to section 29 (1) of this Act as in force before the commencement of this

section; or

"(ii) Been set aside or reserved for recreation purposes pursuant to any other enactment (whether passed before or after the commencement of this section and whether or not in force at the commencement of this section); or

"(iii) Been reserved from sale pursuant to section 58 of the Land Act 1948 or the corresponding provisions of any former Act; and

"(b) A scheme plan of subdivision of land contiguous to that strip of land is subsequently submitted to the

Council under this Part of this Act,then, notwithstanding that under subsection (1) of this section or under any former enactment the Minister of Lands had consented to the setting aside of the strip of land of less than 20 metres in width, the Council may, as a condition of

its approval of the scheme plan, require the owner to set aside as reserved for recreation purposes a strip of land contiguous to the strip of land previously set aside and of a width determined by the Council, being not more than the difference between the width of the strip of land previously set aside and 20 metres.

"(3) Nothing in subsection (1) or subsection (2) of this section shall require a strip of land to be set aside as reserved for recreation purposes along the banks of any river or stream where that land adjoins any allotment having an area of 4 10 hectares or more and, in the opinion of the Council, that allotment is intended to be used, or will continue to be used, wholly or principally in a manner conforming with accepted farming or management practices, for agricultural or horticultural or silvicultural or pastoral purposes or the keeping 15 of bees or poultry or other livestock.

"(4) Where, in the opinion of the Council, it is in the public interest that a road or part of a road be dedicated within the area required to be set aside as reserved for recreation purposes pursuant to subsection (1) or subsection 20 (2) of this section, then, with the consent of the Minister of Lands, the dedication of that road or part of that road which lies within the area set aside may be accepted in satisfaction of and in substitution for the area or part of the area, as the case may be, that would otherwise be required to be set aside 25 under this section.

"(5) Where—

"(a) Pursuant to subsection (1) or subsection (2) of this section a strip of land that—

"(i) Is situated along the mean high-water mark 30 of the sea or of any of its bays, inlets, or creeks or

along the margin of any lake; and

"(ii) Adjoins any allotment having an area of 4 hectares or more which, in the opinion of the Minister of Lands, is to be retained by the subdividing owner for a period of not less than 5 years from the date of deposit of the survey plan of subdivision and, in the opinion of that Minister, is to be used for that period for any of the purposes specified in subsection (3) of this section,—

40 has been set aside as reserved for recreation purposes; and

"(b) No part of that allotment is zoned for residential or commercial or industrial purposes under any operative or proposed district scheme under the Town and Country Planning Act 1953 at the date of deposit of the survey plan of subdivision,—

there shall be paid, as compensation, to the subdividing owner, or, if he is deceased, to his personal representative, out of money appropriated by Parliament, an amount equal to the value, as at the date of deposit of the survey plan, of the 10 land set aside, that amount to be determined by a valuation

made by the Valuer-General.

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"(6) If the subdividing owner, or, as the case may be, his personal representative, is dissatisfied with the amount of any valuation made for the purposes of subsection (5) of this section, he may, within 1 month after notice of the valuation has been given to him by the Valuer-General, object to that valuation by delivering or posting to the Valuer-General a written notice of objection stating shortly the grounds of his objection and the value at which he contends the land should 20 be valued. Sections 20 to 23 of the Valuation of Land Act 1951, as far as they are applicable and with the necessary modifications, shall apply to the objection.

"(7) Where-

"(a) Any payment is made to the subdividing owner or his personal representative under subsection (5) of

this section; and

"(b) Within 5 years after the date of the deposit of the survey plan the subdividing owner or, as the case may be, his personal representative or any successor in title of the subdividing owner subdivides the adjoining land or any part of it or transfers by way of sale or enters into an agreement to sell the adjoining land or any part of it,—

there shall be repayable to the Crown, by the subdividing 35 owner or his personal representative or that successor in title, as the case may be, and charged against the land and recoverable as a debt, the amount of that payment to the

extent that it has not already been repaid:

"Provided that the Minister of Lands may, in his disto cretion, waive such a repayment or may direct that an amount less than the full amount shall be repaid. "(8) The right of the Crown to repayment under subsection (7) of this section shall be deemed to be an interest in the land for the purposes of section 137 of the Land Transfer Act 1952 (which relates to caveats against dealing

with the land).

"(9) Where pursuant to subsection (1) or subsection (2) of this section a strip of land has been set aside as reserved for recreation purposes along the mean high-water mark of the sea or any of its bays, inlets, or creeks, or along the margin of any lake in excess of 8 hectares and adjoining any allotment having an area of 4 hectares or more, there shall be paid to the subdividing owner or, if he is deceased, his personal representative, out of money appropriated by Parliament, an amount equal to any additional survey costs incurred by the subdividing owner in determining the land to be set aside (such costs to be determined in accordance with the scale of fees of the New Zealand Institute of Surveyors which are current at the date of deposit of the survey plan of subdivision).

"(10) Where a strip of land is set aside as required by 20 subsection (1) or subsection (2) of this section, and any land below the mean high-water mark of the sea or of its bays, inlets, or creeks or, as the case may be, any part of the bed of the lake or river or stream is vested in the person in whom the land shown in the scheme plan is vested, the Council may 25 require, as a condition of its approval of the scheme plan, that the owner shall execute, or obtain the execution of, and register, a transfer to Her Majesty of the whole or a specified part of the land below the mean high-water mark or, as the case may be, of the bed of the lake, or river, or stream which 30

is vested as aforesaid.

"(11) No land set aside as a reserve or transferred to Her Majesty pursuant to this section shall be taken into account for the purposes of section 28 of this Act, except to such

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extent (if any) as the Council allows.

"(12) The Minister of Lands may from time to time declare that subsection (1) of this section shall not apply with respect to the banks, or any specified bank, of any specified river or stream or part of any specified river or stream, or may revoke any such declaration, in whole or in part.

"(13) Every decision of the Minister of Lands under this

section shall be final.

"(14) In this section a reference to bays, inlets, or creeks of the sea includes those that are artificial as well as those 5 that are natural."

(2) The following enactments are hereby consequentially

repealed:

(a) Section 41 of the Counties Amendment Act 1968:

(b) So much of Part II of the Third Schedule to the Counties Amendment Act 1972 as relates to section 29 of the Counties Amendment Act 1961:

(c) Section 9 of the Counties Amendment Act 1975.