Hon. Mr. Bell.

AGED AND INFIRM PERSONS PROTECTION.

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A BILL INTITULED

An Act to make Provision for the Protection of the Property of Title. Aged and Infirm Persons.

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-

- 1. This Act may be cited as the Aged and Infirm Persons Pro- short Title. tection Act, 1912.
- 2. In this Act, except where a different intention appears from Interpretation. 10 the context or subject-matter,—
 - "Court" means the Supreme Court of New Zealand:
 - "Manager" means a person appointed to be manager under this Act; and, where more than one person is appointed, means either all the several persons so appointed or each of such persons as the context requires:

No. 74—2.

"Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or by any rules made thereunder:

"Protected estate" means the real and personal estate of a protected person, or such part thereof as shall be the subject-matter of a protection-order:

"Protected person" means a person who or whose estate becomes the subject of a protection-order under this Act.

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3. The whole jurisdiction of the Court under this Act may be exercised by any Judge of the Court either in Court or in Chambers.

4. Where it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the Court that any person is, by reason of age, disease, illness, or physical or mental infirmity—

(a.) Unable, wholly or partially, to manage his affairs; or

(b.) Subject to, or liable to be subjected to, undue influence in respect of his estate, or the disposition thereof, or of any part thereof; or

(c.) Otherwise in a position which, in the opinion of the Court, renders it necessary in the interest of such person or of those dependent upon him that his property should be protected as provided by this Act,

the Court may make a protection-order in the form or to the effect in the Schedule to this Act, in respect of the estate or part of the estate of such person and of his estate, or of part of such estate.

5. (1.) Every application for a protection-order shall be made by petition to the Court, and may be made—

(a.) By the person whose property is sought to be protected;

(b.) By the husband or wife of such person;

(c.) By any near relation by blood or marriage of such person;

(d.) By the Public Trustee; or

(e.) By any other person who shall adduce proof of circumstances which, in the opinion of the Court, make it proper that such last-named other person should make the application.

(2.) Where the application is made by any other *person* than the person whose property is sought to be protected the petition shall be served upon such *last-mentioned* person, unless the Court shall in

any special case otherwise direct.

6. (1.) If the Court shall think fit to grant such application, the Court shall, in and by the protection-order, appoint some-person-or persons the husband or wife or near relation by blood or marriage of the protected person, or some other person, or limited company, or partnership of merchants or accountants, either alone or with any other person or persons, or the Public Trustee alone, to be the manager to take possession of, and to control and manage all or such part or parts of the estate of the protected person as the Court may direct.

(2.) A protection-order may be varied or rescinded wholly or in part from time to time as to the Court shall seem fit, either during the lifetime of the protected person or at such time after the death

of the protected person as the Court shall determine.

How jurisdiction of Court under this Act to be exercised.

Court may in certain circumstances make protection-order in respect of person and property.

Application for protection-order, how to be made.

Court, by protection-order, to appoint manager of estate.

Variation of order.

7. The Court may in any case appoint the Public Trustee Public Trustee may alone to be manager, but shall not appoint any person to be manager to appoint any person to be manager. together with the Public Trustee.

8. The Court may, if it thinks fit, require any manager other Manager may be 5 than the Public Trustee to give such security as to the Court seems required to give security. fit for the due performance of the duties of manager.

9. The manager shall have the following powers, unless the Statutory powers of Court shall in any particular case otherwise order:—

(a.) To take possession of the protected estate, and to recover possession thereof from any person holding the same:

(b.) To repair and insure against fire or accident any part of the estate:

(c.) To demand, recover, and receive and-recover moneys and personal effects payable to or belonging to the protected person:

(d.) To apply any such moneys (whether arising from real or personal property, and whether income or capital) for the maintenance of the protected person, or for the maintenance or-education-of-the-wife-or-husband-and-children-of-the protected-person and the wife or husband, and the children of the protected person, and for the education of the children of the protected person, and in payment of the debts and liabilities of the protected person:

(e.) To carry on any trade or business theretofore carried on by the protected person and to carry on the business of any partnership in which the protected person may be a

partner.

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10. The manager shall have such other powers and duties in court may conter respect of the protected estate as the Court shall in and by the additional powers on manager. 30 protection-order, or from time to time, define or direct, and the Court shall have jurisdiction to confer such powers upon the manager or managers to be exercised generally in respect of the estate or part thereof, or upon any special occasion, or in respect of any particular subject-matter.

New.

10A. Where the protected person has, before the making of the Court may authorize protection-order, made provision of any nature, whether regular or continuance of casual, for any person wholly or partially dependent on him, whether by protected person a relation or not, the Court may in its discretion authorize the for person dependent on him. manager to continue such provision out of the protected estate.

10s. (1.) The manager shall apply such part of the corpus and income of the protected estate as is not required for the purposes specifically defined in this Act in such manner as the Court from time to time directs.

(2.) The Court may direct the investment of the unapplied Investments in corpus or income of the protected estate in such investments as the respect of protected estates. Court from time to time deems proper in the interest of the protected person or of those dependent upon him, and the Court shall not be limited in respect of any such direction to such securities as are 50 authorized for investment of trust-moneys.

Court may confer on manager power to sell, mortgage, lease, or otherwise dispose of protected estate.

11. The Court may direct the sale, mortgage, lease, or other disposition of the whole or any part of the protected estate by the manager, and may confer upon the manager any powers in respect of or in relation to the protected estate which it may deem necessary or expedient for the realization, investment, or better management thereof or for the benefit or advancement in life of the children of the protected person; and, in particular, may confer any powers which the Court may under any law or practice relating to trustees or to wards of Court confer upon trustees or itself exercise.

Struck out.

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Who may be appointed manager of protected estate.

12. The Court may in any case appoint the husband, or wife, or child of the person to be protected to be manager alone, or together with any other person or persons, and the Court may in any case appoint a limited company, or a partnership of merchants or accountants to be manager, either alone or with any other person or persons. 15

Court may exempt part of protected estate from operation of protection-order.

13. The Court may in any case by the protection-order, or from time to time, except from the estate to be taken possession of and controlled by the manager any part or parts of the estate of the protected person, and permit such part or parts to remain in the uncontrolled possession of the protected person, or of the wife or husband or children of the protected person.

Co-managers to concur in all acts in relation to protected estate.

14. Where more than one manager is appointed all the managers must concur in every act, matter, and thing done in relation to the protected estate and in-every-application-to-the-Court-in-respect thereof.

Manager to be deemed a trustee.

15. A manager shall be deemed to be a trustee for all the purposes of the Trustee Act, 1908, and, in particular, shall have the rights and immunities defined by sections seventy-five, seventy-six, and seventy-seven of that Act.

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Manager to furnish Public Trustee with particulars as to administration of estate.

16. (1.) It shall be the duty of every person, other than the Public Trustee, who is appointed manager of a protected estate under this Act to render to the Public Trustee, at such times and in such form as he shall require, a statement showing the property comprised in the protected estate and the manner in which that property has been administered and applied, and the condition of that property and such other particulars relating to the protected estate as may be directed by the Public Trustee.

(2.) Every such statement shall be verified by the statutory declaration of the manager, and where the Public Trustee so directs shall be supported by vouchers.

(3.) If any manager fails or refuses to render any such statement, verified as aforesaid, in the manner and at the times so directed, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding $\it fifty$ pounds for every such

offence.

(4.) Every such statement shall be in duplicate, and one copy thereof shall be filed by the manager in the Court.

(5.) The Public Trustee may cause any such statement or the accounts relating thereto to be examined and reported upon by any person he may appoint in that behalf.

(6.) A copy of every such report shall be filed by the Public Trustee in the Court.

Copy of statement to be filed in Court.

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New .

16a. (1.) The manager of every protected estate shall, at such times and in such manner as prescribed, prepare and file in the Court a statement, verified by the affidavit of the manager, showing the 5 property comprised in such protected estate, and the condition thereof, and the manner in which such property has been dealt with, administered, or applied, and such other particulars as may be prescribed, or as may be in any special case directed by the Court to be included in such statement.

(2.) In any case in which the manager is not the Public Trustee the manager shall forthwith after filing every such statement deliver to the Public Trustee a duplicate thereof, and shall thereafter exhibit to the Public Trustee such accounts and vouchers in relation thereto

as the Public Trustee may require.

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(3.) If any manager fails or refuses to file any such statement at the times and in the manner prescribed, or to deliver to the Public Trustee a duplicate thereof as aforesaid, or to exhibit to the Public Trustee any such accounts or vouchers as aforesaid, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds for every such offence.

(4.) The Public Trustee shall cause every such statement delivered to him to be examined and reported upon either by himself or by any person he may appoint in that behalf, and shall cause such report to be filed in the Court and a copy thereof to be transmitted

Ito the manager by whom such statement has been delivered.

17. (1.) Where any person other than the Public Trustee is appointed manager in pursuance of this Act there shall be payable out of the protected estate by the manager to the Public Trustee, at Struck out.

Percentage of moneys collected by manager to be paid into Public Trust

such times as the Public Trustee directs, such percentage, not 30 exceeding one pound for every hundred pounds, as the Court may from time to time direct, on all moneys collected by or coming under the control of the manager and forming part of the protected

estate for the services rendered by him in respect of such estate, such remuneration as the Court may from time to time direct:

Provided that in no case shall such remuneration exceed a sum equivalent to one pound for every hundred pounds of the moneys coming under the control of the manager and forming part of the protected estate. Struck out.

(2.) All moneys so paid to the Public Trustee shall form part of 40 the Public Trust Account.

18. A manager acting in pursuance and exercise of any powers or duties conferred or imposed upon him by this Act or by the Court shall not be personally liable in respect of any contract or engagement entered into with or any liability incurred to any person unless 45 the manager shall have concealed from such person the fact that he was acting therein on behalf of the protected estate, but the protected estate shall be liable in respect of all such contracts, engagements, or liabilities, and the same may be enforced by proceedings against such manager in his official capacity.

19. (1.) The petition shall be the commencement of proceedings, which shall remain open for application to be made therein from time to time to the Court by the manager, or the protected person, or by

Manager exempt from personal liability in respect of contracts, &c.

Proceedings in respect of protected any relative relation of the protected person, or by any person interested in the protected estate. After such notice or service as the Court thinks fit to direct, any person may be made party to such proceedings generally or in any particular matter, and the Court may grant and enforce against such party in matters relating to the protected person or the protected estate all judgments, orders, and remedies, including injunction and mandamus, as the Court might grant and enforce in an action against such party at the suit of the protected person or of the manager:

Provided that if such party shall desire require that an issue or 10 issues of fact shall be stated and tried by the Court as upon the trial of an ordinary action, the Court shall direct that an issue or issues of fact be so stated and tried as between the manager in the name of

the protected person and such party.

(2.) Upon any application to the Court by the manager after the 15 making of the protection-order, it shall enly be necessary to serve with notice of such application only such other persons or parties (if any) as the Court shall on such application require to have notice thereof.

New. (3.) The Court may at any time discharge any party made party

to the proceedings. 20. When a power is vested in any protected person in the character of trustee or guardian, or the consent of any protected person to the exercise of a power is necessary in the like character or 25 as a check upon the undue exercise of the power, and it appears to the Court to be expedient that the power should be exercised or the consent given, the manager er-managers may, in the name and on behalf of the protected person, and under an order of the Court made on the application of any person interested, exercise the power or 30 give the consent in such manner as the order directs.

21. The manager may, in the name and on behalf of the protected person, execute and do all such conveyances, transfers, leases, deeds, assurances, and things as the-manager may deem be necessary for effectuating any of the powers conferred upon him by 35 this Act or by any order of the Court; and all conveyances, transfers, leases, deeds, assurances, and things so executed or done shall have the same force and effect as if executed or done by the protected

person.

Restriction of powers of protected person.

Manager may with consent of Court

vested in protected

exercise powers

Manager may execute assurances,

person.

22. (1.) A protected person shall be incapable, without the 40 leave of the Court, of making any transfer, lease, mortgage, or other disposition of such part of his estate as is the subjectmatter of a protection-order or of any subsequent order, or of entering into any contract, except for necessaries; and every such transfer, lease, mortgage, or other disposition and every contract 45 other than for necessaries shall be void.

(2.) Nothing in this section shall invalidate any transfer, lease, mortgage, disposition, or contract made or entered into by a protected person for valuable consideration if the other party thereto acted in good faith and without notice that a protection- 50

order had been made.

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New.

22A. (1.) A protection-order may be registered under the Protection-orders provisions of the Deeds Registration Act, 1908, as an instrument may be registered under Deeds affecting the title to any land wherein the protected person has any Registration Act or Land Transfer Act. 5 estate or interest, legal or equitable.

(2.) A protection-order shall be deemed to be an instrument purporting to affect land under the provisions of the Land Transfer Act, 1908, and a memorial thereof may accordingly be entered upon the register of any land in respect whereof the protected person is the registered proprietor of any estate or interest under the provisions of that Act.

(3.) The manager in the name and on behalf of the protected person may lodge a caveat in respect of any land under the provisions of the Land Transfer Act, 1908, to or in which the manager claims 15 that the protected person is entitled or beneficially interested.

23. (1.) The Court may direct in any case that any testa- Court may restrict mentary disposition by a protected person after the making of a testamentary protection-order shall be made only after such precautions as the person. Court thinks fit to direct, and any testamentary disposition made 20 otherwise than as the Court shall so direct shall be ineffectual for all

purposes.

(2.) The Court may, by such means as it thinks fit, cause inquiries to be made as to the existence of any will or codicil made and executed by the protected person prior to the making of the 25 protection-order (whether such will or codicil was made before or after the passing of this Act), and may direct that any such will or codicil shall be deposited in the Court. If it shall appear to the Court that such will or codicil was made when the person making the same was subject to any of the incapacities defined in section 30 four of this Act, the Court may inspect such will or codicil and may cause inquiries to be made, in such manner as to the Court seems fit, whether such will or codicil expresses the present desire and intention of the protected person, and, if satisfied to the contrary, may, in any case where such course is possible, cause the present desire and intention of the protected person to be ascertained to its satisfaction, and may authorize the execution by the protected person of a new will disposing of his estate in accordance with such

(3.) Except as provided in this section, nothing in this Act shall

40 affect the law relating to testamentary dispositions.

present desire or and intention.

24. (1.) An order for the appointment of a manager may be Operation of Act made under this Act, although it may appear to the Court that the Mental Defectives person protected is a mental defective or that the estate is one which Act. might be administered under the Mental Defectives Act, 1911.

(2.) The powers and authorities of a manager appointed under this Act shall, unless the Court otherwise orders, continue notwithstanding that the person of whose estate the manager is appointed becomes a mental defective.

25. (1.) All expenses properly incurred by the manager in Expenses of 50 respect of the maintenance of the protected person, or the adminisadministration and remuneration of tration of the protected estate, shall be charged against and payable managers. out of that estate; and, in addition, there shall be payable in respect

powers of protected

of all moneys forming part of the protected estate, and coming under the control of the manager er-managers, such remuneration by commission or otherwise to the manager er-managers, and such other charges as are allowed by the Court.

(2.) The expenses, remuneration, and other charges aforesaid shall be payable out of the estate, although the protected person dies or the protected estate otherwise ceases to be under the administra-

tion of the manager or-managers before payment thereof.

26. (1.) The Court may at any time, on the petition application of the manager, or on the petition application of the protected person 10 or of any other person, on proof that there is good cause for so doing, make an order appointing any other person or persons as the manager of the estate in lieu of the manager so appointed.

(2.) The Court may at any time, on the petition application of the protected person, or of the manager, or of any other person, rescind 15 the order appointing the manager, on proof that the protected person

is of sufficient ability to manage his own affairs.

27. The Governor in Council, with the concurrence of the Judges of the Supreme Court, or any two of them, may from time to time make rules determining the fees to be charged and paid in any 20 proceedings under this Act, and regulating the form and mode of procedure in all matters under this Act and for carrying into effect the several objects of this Act.

Rules of procedure, &c.

Change of managers.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

FORM OF PROTECTION-ORDER.

In the Supreme Court of New Zealand District.

In the matter of the Aged and Infirm Persons Protection Act, 1912, and in the matter of the estate of

The day of , 19

Upon the petition of , it having been made to appear to the satisfaction of the Court that a protection-order under the provisions of the above Act ought to be made in respect of the above named , this Court doth make a protection-order accordingly, and doth order that be appointed manager of the estate [or ef a defined part of the estate, describing the same; or of the whole estate, excepting a defined part or parts a defined part or parts] of the said , with the powers and duties defined in the said Act [or and with the following further powers and duties:].

By the Court.

By Authority: JOHN MACKAY, Government Printer, Wellington.-1912.