

#### ANALYSIS

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## 1947, No. 48

An Act to amend the Samoa Act, 1921. Title. 25th November, 1947

WHEREAS, in consequence of the dissolution of the Preamble. League of Nations, the mandate over the Territory of Western Samoa conferred by the League upon His Majesty for and on behalf of the Government of New Zealand, as recited in the principal Act, has ceased to be operative: And whereas pursuant to the Charter

of the United Nations signed at San Francisco on the twenty-sixth day of June, nineteen hundred and fortyfive, a trusteeship agreement for Western Samoa in the terms in the First Schedule to this Act was approved by the General Assembly of the United Nations on the thirteenth day of December, nineteen hundred and And whereas by the said trusteeship agreement it is provided that the Government of New Zealand, as the administering authority, shall have full powers of administration, legislation, and jurisdiction over Western Samoa, subject to the provisions of the trusteeship agreement and of the Charter of the United Nations: And whereas it is expedient that provision should be made for the administration of Western Samoa in such a manner as to achieve the basic objectives of the international trusteeship system, and, in particular, to promote the political, economic, social, and educational advancement of the inhabitants of Western Samoa, and their progressive development towards full self-government:

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

- 1. (1) This Act may be cited as the Samoa Amendment Act, 1947, and shall be read together with and deemed part of the Samoa Act, 1921 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).
- (2) This Act shall come into force on a date to be appointed for the commencement thereof by the Governor-General by Proclamation.

2. For the purposes of this Act and the principal Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

"Council of State" means the Council of State of Western Samoa established under this Act:

- "Defence" means the defence of Western Samoa and the defence of New Zealand; and includes the matters referred to in Article X of the trusteeship agreement:
- "External affairs" includes relations with other countries, communications between the Government of New Zealand and other Governments, and the representation of other countries in Western Samoa:

Short Title and commencement. See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. II, p. 791

Interpretation.

[1947, No. 48]

- - "High Commissioner" means the High Commissioner for Western Samoa appointed under this Act:
  - "Legislative Assembly" means the Legislative Assembly of Western Samoa established under this Act:
  - "Minister" means the Minister  $\mathbf{of}$ Island Territories:
  - "Ordinance" means an Ordinance passed by the Legislative Assembly and assented to by the High Commissioner under the authority of this Act:
  - "Trusteeship agreement" means the trusteeship agreement of which the text is set out in the First Schedule to this Act:
  - "Western Samoa" means the Territory of Western Samoa as defined in the Second Schedule to the principal Act.

# The High Commissioner

- 3. (1) There shall be a High Commissioner of High Western Samoa, who shall be appointed by the Commissioner of Western Governor-General, and shall be stationed at Apia, and Samoa, and shall, subject to the control of the Minister, be charged Commissioner. with the administration of the evecutive government of with the administration of the executive government of Western Samoa, save so far as other provision is made in that behalf by the principal Act and its amendments (including this Act).
- (2) The Governor-General may from time time appoint a fit person to be the Deputy High Commissioner of Western Samoa.
- (3) All references to the Administrator of Western Samoa or to the Deputy Administrator of Western Samoa in the principal Act or in any other Act or in any regulation, Ordinance, order, or other enactment, or in any agreement, deed, instrument, application, licence, notice, or other document whatsoever shall, unless inconsistent with the context or with the provisions of this Act, be read hereafter as references to the High Commissioner of Western Samoa or to the Deputy High Commissioner of Western Samoa, as the case may be.

(4) The persons holding office at the commencement of this Act as Administrator of Western Samoa and as Deputy Administrator of Western Samoa shall be deemed to have been duly appointed under this Act to be respectively the High Commissioner of Western Samoa and the Deputy High Commissioner of Western Samoa.

# The Council of State

Council of State of Western Samoa

- 4. (1) There is hereby established in and for Western Samoa a Council of State, to be called the Council of State of Western Samoa.
- (2) The Council of State shall consist of the High Commissioner and of the Samoans for the time being holding office as *Fautua*.
- (3) The Council of State shall meet at such times and at such places as the High Commissioner from time to time appoints in that behalf.
- (4) The High Commissioner shall preside at any meeting of the Council of State at which he is present.
- (5) The High Commissioner shall consult the Council of State on the following matters:—
  - (a) All proposals for legislation to be recommended by the High Commissioner to the Legislative Assembly:
  - (b) All matters closely relating to Samoan custom:
  - (c) Any other matters affecting the welfare of Western Samoa which he considers it proper to refer to the Council of State.

Fautua.

- 5. (1) The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council, appoint Samoans to be Fautua.
- (2) The manner of recommending Samoans for appointment as *Fautua*, and the terms and conditions of their appointment, and the number of *Fautua* that may from time to time be appointed may be prescribed by the Governor-General in Council.
- (3) All Fautua in office at the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to have been duly appointed.
- (4) The Fautua may receive from the Samoan Treasury such remuneration and allowances as may be prescribed by Ordinance.

# The Legislative Assembly

6. (1) There is hereby established in and for Legislative Western Samoa a Legislative Assembly to be called the Assembly of Western Legislative Assembly of Western Samoa.

- (2) The Legislative Assembly shall consist of—
- (a) The Samoan members for the time being of the Council of State:
- (b) Eleven Samoan members, who may be either elected members or nominated members, or partly elected and partly nominated members, as the Governor-General in Council from time to time determines:
- (c) European elected members (not more than five in number):
- (d) Official members (not more than six in number), of whom not more than three shall be the holders for the time being of such offices in the Samoan Public Service as the Governor-General from time to time appoints as entitling the holders thereof to sit in the Legislative Assembly, and not more than three shall be members of the Samoan Public Service appointed by the High Commissioner to hold office as members of the Assembly during his pleasure.
- (3) The mode of electing or nominating members of the Legislative Assembly, the qualifications of electors and of candidates, and the terms and conditions of their membership may be prescribed by the Governor-General in Council.
- (4) The elected or nominated members of the Legislative Assembly may receive from the Samoan Treasury such remuneration and allowances as may be prescribed by Ordinance.
- (5) The powers of the Legislative Assembly shall not be affected by any vacancy in the membership thereof.
- (6) Every person who executes the office of an official member of the Assembly during a vacancy in that office or during the absence or incapacity of the holder thereof shall while so acting be entitled to sit and act as a member of the Legislative Assembly in the place of that official member.

- (7) The Legislative Council of Western Samoa established under the principal Act is hereby abolished.
- (8) All references to the Legislative Council of Western Samoa in the principal Act or in any other Act or in any regulation, Ordinance, order, or other enactment, or in any agreement, deed, instrument, application, licence, notice, or other document whatsoever shall, unless inconsistent with the context or with the provisions of this Act, be read hereafter as references to the Legislative Assembly of Western

Procedure.

- 7. (1) The Legislative Assembly shall meet at such times and at such places as the High Commissioner from time to time appoints in that behalf.
- (2) The High Commissioner shall be entitled to preside over every meeting of the Assembly; but if he is not present at any meeting he shall appoint a member of the Assembly to preside over that meeting.
- (3) The High Commissioner or member presiding over any meeting of the Assembly shall not have a deliberative vote, but, in case of an equality of votes. he shall have a casting vote.
- (4) No business shall be transacted at any meeting of the Assembly if the number of members present is less than one-half of the total number of the members of the Assembly.
- (5) Subject to the provisions of the principal Act and its amendments (including this Act), the Assembly may make standing orders regulating its procedure.
- 8. (1) Subject to the provisions of the principal Act and its amendments (including this Act), the Legislative Assembly may make laws (to be known as Ordinances) for the peace, order, and good government of Western Samoa.
- (2) The power conferred by this section to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of Western Samoa shall, save as otherwise provided in this Act, extend to the imposition of tolls, rates, dues, fees, fines, taxes, and other charges, and to the imposition of conditions, restrictions, and prohibitions upon the export or import of goods from or into Western Samoa, but shall not extend to the making of laws relating to defence (except in relation to the taking

Legislative Assembly may make Ordinances.

of land for defence purposes), or relating to external affairs, or affecting the title of His Majesty to any land.

- (3) All Ordinances made under section forty-six of the principal Act and in force at the commencement of this Act shall enure for the purposes of this Act and the principal Act as if they had been made under this section, and accordingly shall, where necessary, be deemed to have been so made.
- 9. (1) It shall not be lawful or competent by any Ordinances Ordinance to make any provision repugnant to any repugnant to New Zealand provision of a reserved enactment.

Acts and

- (2) For the purposes of this section the following regulations. shall be deemed to be reserved enactments:-
  - (a) Parts I, II, III, IV, VI, VII, VIII, IX, and XIII and section two hundred and ten of the principal Act:
  - (b) Section five of the Samoa Amendment Act, 1938, No. 22 1938:
  - (c) This Act:
  - (d) Any other enactment declared by any Act or by any regulations (whether made under this Act or otherwise) to be a reserved enactment for the purposes of this section.
- (3) Subject to the foregoing provisions of this section, no Ordinance and no provision of any Ordinance shall be void or inoperative on the ground that it is repugnant to the principal Act or to this Act or to any other Act of the Parliament of New Zealand or of the Parliament of the United Kingdom in force in Western Samoa, or to any regulations there in force (whether made under the principal Act or otherwise), and the power to make Ordinances shall include the power to repeal or amend any such Act or regulation in so far as the same is part of the law of Western Samoa.
- 10. Subject to the provisions of this Act and of Introduction the standing orders of the Legislative Assembly, any of bills, &c., member of the Assembly may introduce any bill or Legislative propose any motion for debate in or present any Assembly. petition to the Assembly, and the same shall be conand disposed of in accordance with the sidered standing orders:

Provided that, except upon the recommendation of the High Commissioner, the Assembly shall not pass any bill which, in the opinion of the High Commissioner or of the member presiding, would dispose of or charge any of the public revenues or public funds of Western Samoa, or revoke or alter any disposition thereof or charge thereon, or impose or alter or abolish any rate, tax, or duty.

High Commissioner may assent to, refuse assent to, or amend bills.

- 11. (1) No Ordinance shall become law until it has been passed by the Legislative Assembly in the form of a bill and has been assented to by the High Commissioner.
- (2) Whenever any bill which has been passed by the Legislative Assembly is presented to the High Commissioner for his assent, he shall, within twenty-one days thereafter, declare according to his discretion, but subject to the provisions of this Act and to such instructions as may from time to time be given in that behalf by the Minister, that he assents to the bill, or that he refuses his assent to the bill:

Provided that the High Commissioner, before making any such declaration in respect of any bill so presented to him, may make such amendments in the bill as he thinks fit, and by message return the bill with the amendments to the Legislative Assembly for consideration by the Assembly.

## Financial Provisions

Ordinances as to revenue and expenditure. 12. Subject to the provisions of the principal Act and its amendments (including this Act), the collection, expenditure, and control of the public revenues of Western Samoa shall be in accordance with such Ordinances as may be made in that behalf.

Regulations as to audit.

13. The audit of the accounts of the Samoan Treasury shall be in accordance with such regulations as may be made by the Governor-General in Council in that behalf.

# Repeals

Consequential repeals and amendments.

- 14. (1) The enactments specified in the Second Schedule to this Act are hereby repealed.
- (2) All regulations made under any enactment repealed by this section, and in force at the commencement of this Act, shall enure for the purposes of this

Act and the principal Act as if they had been made under section forty-five of the principal Act, and accordingly shall, where necessary, be deemed to have heen so made.

- (3) Section three of the principal Act is hereby amended by repealing the definitions of the terms "Administrator" and "Ordinance".
- (4) Section four of the principal Act is hereby amended by omitting the words "in the same manner as if the Territory was part of His Majesty's dominions ".
- (5) Section two hundred and seventy-five of the principal Act is hereby amended by inserting, after the word "includes", the word "defence".

## SCHEDULES

Schedules.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

#### TRUSTEESHIP AGREEMENT FOR THE TERRITORY WESTERN SAMOA

AS APPROVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT THE SIXTY-SECOND PLENARY MEETING OF ITS FIRST SESSION ON 13 DECEMBER, 1946

WHEREAS the Territory of Western Samoa has been administered in accordance with Article 22 of the Covenant of the League of Nations and pursuant to a mandate conferred upon His Britannic Majesty to be exercised on his behalf by the Government of New Zealand:

And whereas the Charter of the United Nations signed at San Francisco on 26 June, 1945, provides for the establishment of an international trusteeship system for the administration and supervision of such territories as may be the subject of trusteeship agreements:

And whereas under the said Charter the international trusteeship system may be applied to territories now held under mandate;

And whereas the Government of New Zealand have indicated their willingness that the said international trusteeship system be applied to Western Samoa:

And whereas the said Charter provides further that the terms of

trusteeship are to be approved by the United Nations;
Now, therefore, the General Assembly of the United Nations hereby resolves to approve the following terms of trusteeship for Western Samoa, in substitution for the terms of the aforesaid mandate:

#### Article I

The territory to which this Agreement applies is the territory known as Western Samoa comprising the islands of Upolu, Savai'i, Manono, and Apolima, together with all other islands and rocks adjacent thereto.

## Article II

The Government of New Zealand are hereby designated as the administering authority for Western Samoa.

## Article III

The administering authority shall have full powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory, subject to the provisions of this agreement, and of the Charter of the United Nations, and may apply to the territory, subject to any modifications which the administering authority may consider desirable, such of the lawsof New Zealand as may seem appropriate to local conditions and requirements.

## Article IV

The administering authority undertakes to administer Western Samoa in such a manner as to achieve in that territory the basic objectives of the international trusteeship system, as expressed in Article 76 of the Charter of the United Nations, namely:
"(a) To further international peace and security;

"(b) To promote the political, economic, social and educational advancement of the inhabitants of the trust territories, and their progressive development towards self-government or independence as may be appropriate to the particular circumstances of each territory and its peoples and the freely expressed wishes of the peoples concerned, and as may be provided by the terms of each trusteeship agreement;

"(c) To encourage respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion, and to encourage recognition of the inter-

dependence of the peoples of the world; and

"(d) To ensure equal treatment in social, economic, and commercial matters for all members of the United Nations and their nationals, and also equal treatment for the latter in the administration of justice, without prejudice to the attainment of the foregoing objectives and subject to the provisions of Article 80."

## Article V

The administering authority shall promote the development of free political institutions suited to Western Samoa. To this end and as may be appropriate to the particular circumstances of the territory and its peoples, the administering authority shall assure to the inhabitants of Western Samoa a progressively increasing share in the administrative and other services of the territory, shall develop the participation of the inhabitants of Western Samoa in advisory and legislative bodies and in the government of the territory, and shall take all other appropriate measures with a view to the political advancement of the inhabitants of Western Samoa in accordance with Article 76 (b) of the Charter of the United Nations.

## Article VI

In pursuance of its undertaking to promote the social advancement of the inhabitants of the trust territory, and without in any way limiting its obligations thereunder, the administering authority shall:

1. Prohibit all forms of slavery and slave-trading;

- 2. Prohibit all forms of forced or compulsory labour, except for essential public works and services as specifically authorized by the local administration and then only in times of public emergency, with adequate remuneration and adequate protection of the welfare of the workers;
  - 3. Control the traffic in arms and ammunition;

4. Control, in the interest of the inhabitants, the manufacture, importation and distribution of intoxicating spirits and beverages; and

5. Control the production, importation, manufacture, and

distribution of opium and narcotic drugs.

## Article VII

The administering authority undertakes to apply in Western Samoa the provisions of any international conventions and recommendations as drawn up by the United Nations or its specialized agencies which are, in the opinion of the administering authority, appropriate to the needs and conditions of the trust territory, and conductive to the achievement of the basic objectives of the international trusteeship system.

### Article VIII

In framing the laws to be applied in Western Samoa, the administering authority shall take into consideration Samoan customs and usages and shall respect the rights and safeguard the interests, both present and future, of the Samoan population.

In particular, the laws relating to the holding or transfer of land shall ensure that no native land may be transferred save with the prior consent of the competent public authority and that no right over native land in favour of any person not a Samoan may be created except with the same consent.

## Article IX

The administering authority shall ensure in the territory freedom of conscience and the free exercise of all forms of worship, and shall allow missionaries, nationals of any State member of the United Nations, to enter into, travel and reside in the territory for the purpose of prosecuting their calling. The provisions of this Article shall not, however, affect the right and duty of the administering authority to exercise such control as it may consider necessary for the maintenance of peace, order and good government.

#### Article X

The administering authority shall ensure that the trust territory of Western Samoa shall play its part, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, in the maintenance of international peace and security. To this end the administering authority shall be entitled:

1. To establish naval, military and air bases and to erect fortifications in the trust territory;

- 2. To station and employ armed forces in the territory;
- 3. To make use of volunteer forces, facilities and assistance from the trust territory in carrying out the obligations toward the Security Council undertaken in this regard by the administering authority, as well as for local defence and the maintenance of law and order within the trust territory;
- 4. To take all such other measures in accordance with the Purposes and Principles of the Charter of the United Nations as are in the opinion of the administering authority necessary to the maintenance of international peace and security and the defence of Western Samoa.

## Article XI

The administering authority shall, as may be appropriate to the circumstances of the trust territory, continue and extend a general system of education, including post-primary education and professional training.

## Article XII

Subject only to the requirements of public order, the administering authority shall guarantee to the inhabitants of the trust territory, freedom of speech, of the press, of assembly and of petition.

## Article XIII

The administering authority may arrange for the co-operation of Western Samoa in any regional advisory commission, regional technical organization or other voluntary association of states, any specialized international bodies, public or private, or other forms of international activity not inconsistent with the Charter of the United Nations.

#### Article XIV

The administering authority shall make to the General Assembly of the United Nations an annual report on the basis of a questionnaire drawn up by the Trusteeship Council in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and shall otherwise collaborate fully with the Trusteeship Council in the discharge of all the Council's functions in accordance with Articles 87 and 88 of the Charter. The administering authority shall arrange to be represented at the sessions of the Trusteeship Council at which the reports of the administering authority with regard to Western Samoa are considered.

## Article XV

The terms of this agreement shall not be altered or amended except as provided in Article 79 of the Charter of the United Nations.

## Article XVI

If any dispute should arise between the administering authority and another member of the United Nations, relating to the interpretation or application of the provisions of this agreement, such dispute, if it cannot be settled by negotiation or similar means, shall be submitted to the International Court of Justice.

## APPENDIX TO TRUSTEESHIP AGREEMENT FOR WESTERN SAMOA

TEXT OF CHAPTERS XII AND XIII OF THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS

## CHAPTER XII.—INTERNATIONAL TRUSTEESHIP SYSTEM

#### Article 75

The United Nations shall establish under its authority an international trusteeship system for the administration and supervision of such territories as may be placed thereunder by subsequent individual agreements. These territories are hereinafter referred to as trust territories.

## Article 76

The basic objectives of the trusteeship system, in accordance with the purposes of the United Nations laid down in Article 1 of the present Charter, shall be:

(a) To further international peace and security;

- (b) To promote the political, economic, social, and educational advancement of the inhabitants of the trust territories, and their progressive development towards self-government or independence as may be appropriate to the particular circumstances of each territory and its peoples and the freely expressed wishes of the peoples concerned, and as may be provided by the terms of each trusteeship agreement;
- (c) To encourage respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language, or religion, and to encourage recognition of the interdependence of the peoples of the world; and
- (d) To ensure equal treatment in social, economic, and commercial matters for all members of the United Nations and their nationals, and also equal treatment for the latter in the administration of justice, without prejudice to the attainment of the foregoing objectives and subject to the provisions of Article 80.

## Article 77

- 1. The trusteeship system shall apply to such territories in the following categories as may be placed thereunder by means of trusteeship agreements:
  - (a) Territories now held under mandate;
  - (b) Territories which may be detached from enemy states as a result of the Second World War; and
  - (c) Territories voluntarily placed under the system by states responsible for their administration.
- 2. It will be a matter for subsequent agreement as to which territories in the foregoing categories will be brought under the trusteeship system and upon what terms.

## Article 78

The trusteeship system shall not apply to territories which have become members of the United Nations, relationship among which shall be based on respect for the principle of sovereign equality.

## Article 79

The terms of trusteeship for each territory to be placed under the trusteeship system, including any alteration or amendment, shall be agreed upon by the states directly concerned, including the mandatory power in the case of territories held under mandate by a member of the United Nations, and shall be approved as provided for in Articles 83 and 85.

#### Article 80

1. Except as may be agreed upon in individual trusteeship agreements, made under Articles 77, 79, and 81, placing each territory under the trusteeship system, and until such agreements have been concluded, nothing in this Chapter shall be construed in or of itself to alter in any manner the rights whatsoever of any states or any peoples or the terms of existing international instruments to which Members of the United Nations may respectively be parties.

2. Paragraph 1 of this Article shall not be interpreted as giving grounds for delay or postponement of the negotiation and conclusion of agreements for placing mandated and other territories under the

trusteeship system as provided for in Article 77.

#### Article 81

The trusteeship agreement shall in each case include the terms under which the trust territory will be administered and designate the authority which will exercise the administration of the trust territory. Such authority, hereinafter called the administering authority, may be one or more states of the Organization itself.

#### Article 82

There may be designated, in any trusteeship agreement, a strategic area or areas which may include part or all of the trust territory to which the agreement applies, without prejudice to any special agreement or agreements made under Article 43.

#### Article 83

1. All functions of the United Nations relating to strategic areas, including the approval of the terms of the trusteeship agreements and of their alteration or amendment, shall be exercised by the Security Council.

2. The basic objectives set forth in Article 76 shall be applicable

to the people of each strategic area.

3. The Security Council shall, subject to the provisions of the trusteeship agreements and without prejudice to security considerations, avail itself of the assistance of the Trusteeship Council to perform those functions of the United Nations under the trusteeship system relating to political, economic, social, and educational matters in the strategic areas.

## Article 84

It shall be the duty of the administering authority to ensure that the trust territory shall play its part in the maintenance of international peace and security. To this end the administering authority may make use of volunteer forces, facilities, and assistance from the trust territory in carrying out the obligations towards the Security Council undertaken in this regard by the administering authority, as well as for local defence and the maintenance of law and order within the trust territory.

## Article 85

1. The functions of the United Nations with regard to trusteeship agreements for all areas not designated as strategic, including the approval of the terms of the trusteeship agreements and of their alteration or amendments, shall be exercised by the General Assembly.

2. The Trusteeship Council, operating under the authority of the General Assembly, shall assist the General Assembly in carrying out

these functions.

## CHAPTER XIII.—THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL

## COMPOSITION

## Article 86

- 1. The Trusteeship Council shall consist of the following members of the United Nations:
  - (a) Those members administering trust territories;

(b) Such of those members mentioned by name in Article 23

as are not administering trust territories; and
(c) As many other members elected for three-year terms
by the General Assembly as may be necessary to ensure that
the total number of members of the Trusteeship Council is
equally divided between those members of the United Nations
which administer trust territories and those which do not.

2. Each member of the Trusteeship Council shall designate one specially qualified person to represent it therein.

#### FUNCTIONS AND POWERS

## Article 87

The General Assembly, and under its authority, the Trusteeship Council, in carrying out their functions, may:

(a) Consider reports submitted by the administering

authority;

(b) Accept petitions and examine them in consultation with

the administering authority;

(c) Provide for periodic visits to the respective trust territories at times agreed upon with the administering authority; and

(d) Take these and other actions in conformity with the

terms of the trusteeship agreements.

## Article 88

The Trusteeship Council shall formulate a questionnaire on the political, economic, social and educational advancement of the inhabitants of each trust territory, and the administering authority for each trust territory within the competence of the General Assembly shall make an annual report to the General Assembly upon the basis of such questionnaire.

#### VOTING

## Article 89

1. Each member of the Trusteeship Council shall have one vote.

2. Decisions of the Trusteeship Council shall be made by a majority of the members present and voting.

## PROCEDURE

## Article 90

1. The Trusteeship Council shall adopt its own rules of procedure,

including the method of selecting its President.

2. The Trusteeship Council shall meet as required in accordance with its rules, which shall include provision for the convening of meetings on the request of a majority of its members.

#### Article 91

The Trusteeship Council shall, when appropriate, avail itself of the assistance of the Economic and Social Council and of the specialized agencies in regard to matters with which they are respectively concerned.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

## ENACTMENTS REPEALED

- 1921, No. 16.—The Samoa Act, 1921: sections 5, 6 (1), 31, 32, 46 to 52, 61, and 62. (See Reprint of Statutos, Vol. II, p. 791)
- Statutes, Vol. II, p. 791.)

  1923, No. 24.—The Samoa Amendment Act, 1923: sections 2,
  5, 6, and 7. (See Reprint of Statutes, Vol.
  II, p. 872.)
- 1926, No. 25.—The Samoa Amendment Act, 1926: sections 3 and 5. (See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. II, p. 874.)