New Zealand.



ANALYSIS.

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1907, No. 11.

Title.

An Acr to encourage and protect the Bee Industry in New Zealand. [14th September, 1907.

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as

Short Title.

Interpretation.

- 1. This Act may be cited as the Apiaries Act, 1907.
- 2. In this Act, if not inconsistent with the context,—

"Apiary" means any place where bees are kept:

"Bee-keeper" means any person who keeps bees or allows the same to be kept upon any land occupied by him:

- "Disease" means foul-brood (Bacillus alvei and Bacillus larvæ), bee-moths (Galleria mellonella and Achræa grizzella), and any other diseases or pests from time to time declared by the Governor in Council to be diseases within the meaning of this Act:
- "Frame hive" means a hive containing movable frames in which the combs are built, and which may be readily removed from the hive for examination:
- "Inspector" means any person appointed by the Governor as an Inspector under this Act.

Bee-keeper to give notice of disease.

3. Every bee-keeper in whose apiary any disease appears shall, within seven days after first becoming aware of its presence, send written notice thereof to the Secretary for Agriculture, at Wellington, or to any Inspector of Stock.

Inspectors.

4. The Governor may from time to time appoint Inspectors and other officers to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Powers of Inspectors.

5. Any Inspector may enter upon any premises or buildings for the purpose of examining any bees, hives, or bee appliances, and if the same are found to be infected with disease he shall direct the bee-keeper to forthwith take such measures as may be necessary to cure the disease; or, if in the opinion of the Inspector the disease is too fully developed to be cured, he may direct the bee-keeper within a specified time to destroy by fire the bees, hives, and appliances so infected, or such portions thereof as the Inspector deems necessary.

6. In any case in which it is found by an Inspector that the Removal of bees to bee-combs in any hive cannot, without cutting, be separately and new hives. readily removed from the hive for examination, he may direct the bee-keeper to transfer the bees to a new frame hive within a specified time.

7. (1.) Every direction by an Inspector shall be in writing under Inspector's his hand, and shall be either delivered to the bee-keeper personally or sent to him by registered letter addressed to him at his last known place of abode.

(2.) Every such direction shall be faithfully complied with by the bee-keeper to whom it is addressed, and, in default of compliance within the time specified, the Inspector may within one month destroy or cause to be destroyed by fire, at the expense of the beekeeper, any bees, hives, and appliances found to be infected with disease.

8. No bee-keeper shall—

(a.) Keep or allow to be kept upon any land occupied by him not to be kept or sold. any bees, bee-combs, hives, or appliances known by him to be infected by disease, without immediately taking the proper steps to cure the disease; or

Infected bees, &c.,

(b.) Sell, barter, or give away any bees or appliances from an apiary known by him to be infected by disease.

9. No bee-keeper shall, after the expiry of six months from the Frame hives to be passing of this Act, keep or knowingly allow to be kept on any land used. occupied by him any bees except in a properly constructed frame hive.

10. Every person is liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds offences. who-

(a.) Obstructs an Inspector in the exercise of his duties under this Act, or refuses to destroy or to permit the destruction of infected bees and appliances:

(b.) Fails to comply with any direction given under the provisions of this Act by any Inspector:

(c.) Commits any other breach of this Act.

11. No person shall be entitled to compensation for anything No compensation. lawfully done under this Act.

12. The Governor may from time to time, by Order in Council Governor may gazetted, declare any disease or pest affecting bees or apiaries (other diseases to be than those mentioned in section two hereof) to be a disease within within this Act. the meaning of this Act.

13. The Apiaries Act, 1906, is hereby repealed, and all appoint- Repeal. ments made under that Act shall be deemed to have been made under this Act.