Sale of Liquor (Youth Alcohol Harm Reduction) Amendment Bill

Member's Bill

As reported from the Law and Order Committee

Commentary

Recommendation

The Law and Order Committee has examined the Sale of Liquor (Youth Alcohol Harm Reduction) Amendment Bill and recommends that it be passed with the amendments shown.

Division of the bill as introduced

The bill that was referred to us was the Sale of Liquor (Youth Alcohol Harm Reduction) Amendment Bill. We have divided it to create two separate bills: the Sale of Liquor (Youth Alcohol Harm Reduction) Amendment Bill and the Sale of Liquor (Youth Alcohol Harm Reduction: Purchase Age) Amendment Bill. The original bill addressed two distinct issues: Clauses 4 to 9 dealt with the minimum legal purchase age and supply of liquor to minors. Clauses 3 and 10 dealt with restrictions on the broadcast of advertising of liquor. We have divided the original bill along these lines.

Review of the regulation of alcohol advertising

We note that in January 2006 the Government announced a review, led by the Associate Minister of Health, of the regulation of alcohol advertising in New Zealand. The goal of the review is to assess whether the current regulatory framework for alcohol advertising is in harmony with the aims of the Government regarding alcohol policy, and if not, what must be done.

A steering group has been established with members from the Alcohol Advisory Council of New Zealand, the Ministries of Health, of Justice, of Social Development, and of Youth Development, the Ministry for Culture and Heritage, the Advertising Standards Authority Incorporated, and the Broadcasting Standards Authority, plus two independent members. The steering group told us that recommendations are expected to be provided to the Government in late 2006.

The majority has recommended that the bill be passed with the amendments shown. However, we make that recommendation with the knowledge that the review is in progress.

Original provisions

The broadcasting provisions in the original bill sought to amend the Sale of Liquor Act 1989 by restricting the broadcasting of liquor advertising to between 10 pm and midnight (the watershed), establishing a find not exceeding \$100,000 for a breach of this restriction, and extending the Broadcasting Standard Authority's jurisdiction so that it alone has jurisdiction to deal with certain specified complaints that are currently dealt with by the Advertising Standards Complaints Board. The Board deals with these complaints by applying a code of practice relating to the advertising of liquor, which was developed by the Advertising Standards Authority.

Purpose clarified

We recommend amending new section 184A, which states the purpose of new Part 8A (inserted by clause 10). The amendments clarify the extent of, and the exceptions to, the restriction on television broadcast advertising imposed by new Part 8A and specify the things over which the Broadcasting Standards Authority is, under new Part 8A, to have exclusive jurisdiction. As introduced, we believe the purpose stated in new section 184 is too broad. We consider our pro-

posed amendments necessary to set out in more detail the purpose of new Part 8A, and its relationship to the object of the Sale of Liquor Act 1989.

Watershed relates only to television broadcasting

We recommend amendments to the title of the bill and to clauses 3 and 10 to clarify that the bill relates only to the television broadcasting of liquor advertisements. As introduced, the bill would implicitly apply to radio and all other kinds of broadcasting, which are currently exempt. We understand that a high percentage of young people, particularly 10– to 19–year-olds, listen to the radio between 9 pm and midnight, so the bill as drafted might actually increase young people's exposure to advertising on radio. We therefore recommend that the watershed should not apply to radio broadcasting or to other broadcasting that is not television broadcasting.

Exceptions to the watershed

In clause 10 we recommend inserting new sections 184C(1A), (1B), and (1C) to set out exceptions to the application of the proposed new watershed. New section 184C(1A) would provide an exception for advertisements in which the liquor, liquor packaging, or liquor outlet depicted is incidental to the advertisement's purpose. We also recommend inserting an exception for credits for sponsorships or underwriting arrangements in new section 184C(1B), and one for advertisements originating outside New Zealand that are transmitted live to international audiences and targeted primarily at audiences outside New Zealand, in new section 184C(1C). We consider these exceptions necessary to ensure that incidental references to, or depictions of, liquor do not create problems when televising, for example, international sporting events. Without them, we were concerned that coverage of such events would be necessarily restricted to between 10 pm and midnight, and we do not consider this was the intent of the bill. These amendments largely align the bill with the current watershed restrictions in principal 4(2) of the Advertising Standards Authority's Code for Advertising Liquor (1 September 2003).

Exclusive jurisdiction of Broadcasting Standards Authority clarified

We recommend omitting section 184C(3) and (5), and substituting new sections 184(3), (3A), and (3B) to make more explicit the Broadcasting Standards Authority's proposed exclusive jurisdiction under the Broadcasting Act 1989 in respect of complaints and codes relating to restrictions on the television broadcast promotion of liquor. This would make it clear that the Broadcasting Standards Authority alone has the authority to hear and determine complaints that liquor advertising programmes have been broadcast on television in breach of principles, rules, or standards of advertising or broadcasting practice; and to encourage the development and observance by broadcasters of, and to develop and issue, codes of broadcasting practice in relation to restrictions on the television broadcast promotion of liquor.

We also recommend amending new section 184C(4) to ensure that, in its consideration of any such complaints and codes, the Broadcasting Standards Authority has regard to the purpose of new Part 8A (inserted by clause 10) of the Sale of Liquor Act 1989.

Minor and technical amendments

We recommend a number of minor changes to clarify or to improve the drafting of the bill.

National minority view

National is opposed to this bill. National believes that the Advertising Standards Authority does a commendable job of exercising control and self-regulation over certain specified complaints relating to the broadcasting of liquor advertising. Further, National has not been convinced that the so-called watershed needs to be limited to between 10 pm and midnight for the television broadcasting of liquor advertising, and certainly agrees that the watershed should not apply to radio broadcasting in accordance with the majority view of the committee.

Appendix

Committee process

The Sale of Liquor (Youth Alcohol Harm Reduction) Amendment Bill was referred to the committee on 8 June 2005. The closing date for submissions was 21 December 2005. We received and considered 180 submissions from interested groups and individuals. We heard 83 submissions, which included hearings of evidence in Wellington, Auckland and Christchurch. On 30 August 2006 the committee decided to divide the bill.

We received advice from the Ministry of Justice and the Ministry of Health.

Committee membership

Ron Mark (Chairperson)
Chester Borrows
Martin Gallagher
Hon Luamanuvao Winnie Laban
Jill Pettis
Simon Power
Kate Wilkinson

Sale of Liquor (Youth Alcohol Harm Reduction: Television Broadcasting Promotion) Amendment Bill

Key to symbols used in reprinted bill

As reported from a select committee

text inserted by a majority

text deleted by a majority

Martin Gallagher

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The Parliament of New Zealand enacts as follows:

1	Title This Act is the Sale of Liquor (Youth Alcohol Harm Reduction: Television Broadcasting Promotion) Amendment Act 2005.	5
2	Commencement This Act comes into force on the day after the date on which it receives the Royal assent.	
2A	Principal Act amended This Act amends the Sale of Liquor Act 1989.	10
3	Object of Act Section 4 is amended by omitting "over the sale and supply of liquor" and substituting "over the sale, supply, and <u>television</u> broadcasting promotion of liquor".	
		15
10	New Part 8A inserted The following Part is inserted after Part 8 section 184: "Part 8A	
	"Restriction on broadcasting <u>on television</u> <u>of</u> liquor advertising programmes	20
"184 <i>£</i> "	A Purpose of Part The purpose of this Part is to reduce the purchase of liquor, particularly among young people, by imposing a restriction on broadcasting liquor advertising programmes.	
"(1)	The purpose of this Part is to help to achieve the aim (specified in section 4(1)) of contributing to the reduction of liquor abuse (particularly by and among young people), so far as that can be achieved by legislative means.	25
"(2)	To that end, this Part— "(a) imposes a restriction on the broadcasting on television of liquor advertising programmes (but does not affect	30

those in which liquor is referred to, or depicted, only incidentally, or the inclusion in programmes broadcast

		on television of credits, intended to promote liquor, in	
		respect of sponsorships or underwriting arrangements);	
		and	5
	"(b)	ensures (without limiting the jurisdiction or functions	
		under any enactment of any court or tribunal or any	
		other person or body) that the Broadcasting Standards	
		Authority established by section 20 of the Broadcasting	
		Act 1989 is the only person or body that has jurisdiction	10
		to do certain specified things.	
(3)		e specified things are—	
	"(a)	to hear and determine complaints that liquor advertis-	
		ing programmes have been broadcast on television in	
		breach of principles, rules, or standards of advertising	15
		or broadcasting practice; and	
	"(b)	to encourage the development and observance by broad-	
		casters of, and to develop and issue, codes of broadcast-	
		ing practice in relation to restrictions on the television	
		broadcasting promotion of liquor.	20
1841	B Inte	rpretation	
	In thi	s Part, the terms advertising programme, broadcaster,	
	and b	proadcasting, and liquor have the meanings given to	
	them	by section 2 of the Broadcasting Act 1989.	
1840	C Bro	adcast Liquor advertising programmes broadcast	25
	on te	<u>levision</u>	
(1)	No b	roadcaster may broadcast on television before 10 pm on	
	any d	ay, or any and no person may arrange for the broadcast on	
	televi		
		sion before 10 pm on any day of, any liquor advertising	
(1A)	progr	sion before 10 pm on any day of, any liquor advertising amme in New Zealand before 10pm on any day.	30
		amme in New Zealand before 10pm on any day.	30
	Subs		30
	Subs	amme in New Zealand before 10pm on any day. section (1) does not apply to an advertising programme cast on television in which reference to, or the depiction	30
	Substantial Substa	amme in New Zealand before 10pm on any day. section (1) does not apply to an advertising programme	30
'(1B)	broad of, lic is inc	amme in New Zealand before 10pm on any day. section (1) does not apply to an advertising programme cast on television in which reference to, or the depiction quor, liquor packaging, or a liquor outlet, or all of them, idental to that programme's purpose.	30 35
(1B)	broad of, lic is inc	amme in New Zealand before 10pm on any day. section (1) does not apply to an advertising programme cast on television in which reference to, or the depiction quor, liquor packaging, or a liquor outlet, or all of them,	
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	"(a)	in respect of a sponsorship or underwriting arrangement	
		entered into in relation to that programme; and	
	"(b)	intended to promote liquor; and	
	"(c)	for which payment is made, whether in money or other-	
		wise.	5
"(1C)	Subs	ection (1) does not apply to the broadcast on television	
	of any	liquor advertising programme if the signal for that pro-	
	gramn	ne—	
	"(a)	originates outside New Zealand; and	
	"(b)	is produced and transmitted simultaneously to both	10
		New Zealand audiences and audiences outside New	
		Zealand; and	
	"(c)	is targeted primarily at audiences outside New Zealand.	
"(2)	Every	person commits an offence and is liable on summary	
	convi	etion to a fine not exceeding \$100,000 who fails to com-	15
	ply w	ith subsection (1).	
"(3)	Despir	te anything to the contrary in any other Act, the Broad-	
	castin	g Standards Authority established by the Broadcasting	
	Act 15	989 must have sole jurisdiction over all matters that may	
	arise i	n relation to any liquor advertising programme.	20
"(3)	The B	roadcasting Standards Authority established by section	
	20 of	the Broadcasting Act 1989 is the only person or body	
	that ha	as jurisdiction—	
	"(a)	to hear and determine complaints that liquor advertis-	
		ing programmes have been broadcast on television in	25
		breach of principles, rules, or standards of advertising	
		or broadcasting practice; and	
	"(b)	to encourage the development and observance by broad-	
		casters of, and to develop and issue, codes of broadcast-	
		ing practice in relation to restrictions on the television	30
		broadcasting promotion of liquor.	
		rticular, no recognition by a broadcaster or advertiser	
	of the	jurisdiction of the Advertising Standards Complaints	
	Board	in relation to any complaints of the kind referred to	
		esection (3) continues, or may be renewed, or may be	35
		ed by recognition of the jurisdiction of any other sim-	
		erson or body, after the commencement of the Sale of	
		r (Youth Alcohol Harm Reduction: Television Broad-	
	castin	g Promotion) Amendment Act 2005 .	
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- "(3B) **Subsection (3)** applies despite anything to the contrary in any other enactment, but does not limit or affect the jurisdiction or functions under any enactment of any court or tribunal or any other person or body (for example, the Alcohol Advisory Council of New Zealand).
- "(4) In its consideration of any matter complaints or codes of the kinds referred to in **subsection (3)**, the Broadcasting Standards Authority must exercise its relevant jurisdiction under the Broadcasting Act 1989, but must also have regard to section 4 of this Act the purpose of this Part.
- "(5) For the avoidance of doubt the self-regulating industry body known as the Advertising Standards Authority will no longer have any jurisdiction over broadcast liquor advertising."

Legislative history

4 May 2005 8 June 2005 Introduction (Bill 260–1)
First reading and referral to Law and Order
Committee

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