Government Bill

As reported from the Economic Development, Science and Innovation Committee

## **Commentary**

#### Recommendation

The Economic Development, Science and Innovation Committee has examined the Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Bill and recommends, by majority, that the amendments shown be adopted, and recommends unanimously that the bill be passed.

#### Introduction

This bill is an omnibus bill that seeks to amend the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (FMC Act), the Financial Reporting Act 2013, and the Public Audit Act 2001. The bill would broaden the non-financial reporting requirements of some large entities covered by the FMC Act to include climate-related disclosures.

FMC reporting entities under the FMC Act (for example, registered banks and listed issuers) are required to publish annual audited financial statements. This financial reporting promotes confidence and informed participation in the financial markets by investors.

In 2018, the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change noted that human activities have already caused global warming of 1°C above pre-industrial conditions, and are on track to cause at least 1.5°C of warming between 2030 and 2052.

The bill is based on the idea that financial markets will help contribute to the economic transformation that is needed to shift investment away from emission-intensive activities, towards those that are more resilient and produce lower emissions. One way of helping to achieve this is by requiring large entities to disclose information about climate-related risks and opportunities to potential investors.

The specific purposes of the bill are:

- to ensure that the effects of climate change are routinely considered in business, investment, lending, and insurance underwriting decisions
- to help reporting entities better demonstrate responsibility and foresight in their consideration of climate issues
- to lead to smarter, more efficient allocation of capital, and help smooth the transition to a more sustainable, low-emissions economy.

To achieve these aims, the bill would identify which entities would be climate reporting entities (CREs) and therefore be required to make climate-related disclosures. CREs would include large listed issuers, large registered banks and other deposit takers, large licensed issuers, and large managers of managed investment schemes.

Under the bill, CREs would be required to:

- prepare an annual climate statement that discloses information about the effects of climate change on their business or any fund they manage
- prepare climate statements in accordance with climate standards issued by the independent External Reporting Board (XRB)
- obtain independent assurance about the part of the climate statement that relates to the disclosure of greenhouse gas emissions
- make the climate statements available to the public, and collect and retain the records underpinning them.

The bill would also provide for the XRB to issue guidance on a wider range of environmental, social, and governance (ESG) matters, and other non-financial matters that can be applied by entities on a voluntary basis.

## Legislative scrutiny

As part of our consideration of the bill, we have examined its consistency with principles of legislative quality. We identified issues relating to offences and penalties within the bill, and delegated legislation-making powers. After receiving advice, we are satisfied that our concerns have been addressed.<sup>1</sup>

We have no other issues regarding the legislation's design to bring to the attention of the House.

## **Proposed amendments**

This commentary covers the main amendments we recommend to the bill as introduced. We do not discuss minor, technical, or purely consequential amendments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This advice is available on the Parliament website.

## **Entities that are considered CREs**

## Exclude small listed issuers and growth markets

Section 451 of the FMC Act defines who is an FMC reporting entity and therefore required to lodge financial statements under the Act. This category includes all registered banks, licensed insurers, credit unions, building societies and operators of licensed markets. It also includes every entity that is listed on a licensed market (a listed issuer).

Clause 7 of the bill would introduce a new Part 7A to the FMC Act, relating to the proposed climate-related disclosures. New section 4610 would define who is a "climate reporting entity" (CRE) and therefore required to make climate-related disclosures. As introduced, the definition of CRE would include all listed issuers.

Some submitters told us that smaller businesses may struggle to meet the costs involved with making climate-related disclosures. Climate reporting is a new process and can require complex analysis. It will likely take some time to build and grow professional capability, which will be harder for smaller businesses. We heard that listed issuers with market capitalisation under \$60 million only account for 0.68 percent of NZX's total market capitalisation. If small issuers are excluded from the definition of CREs, more than 99 percent of the market's capitalisation would still be captured by the climate-related disclosures regime.

Growth markets are separate exchanges that are specifically designed to allow small and medium-sized enterprises to attract investment. A growth market's operating licence usually places restrictions on the size of issuers that can register on that market. The concerns raised by smaller listed issuers also apply to issuers on growth markets.

In light of these concerns, we believe that issuers listed on growth markets and small issuers listed on other markets should be excluded from the climate reporting requirements. We recommend amending clause 7 to redefine "climate reporting entity" so that it only includes listed issuers which are "large listed issuers" and issuers which are not "excluded listed issuers". We recommend inserting new section 461OA to define large listed issuers as issuers with a market capitalisation over \$60 million. Excluded listed issuers would be defined as issuers whose securities are listed only on a growth market, or listed issuers who have no quoted equity or debt securities.

## Clarify provisions relating to entities amalgamating

As introduced, the bill's definition of climate reporting entity in clause 7 would relate to large FMC reporting entities. The proposed sections 461P(1) and 461P(2) define large entities as meeting certain financial thresholds.

The bill would require an entity to meet these thresholds for two consecutive financial years before it is considered large. If an entity meets the definition, it becomes a CRE and is required to make climate-related disclosures. For example, an entity that holds over \$1 billion in assets for two consecutive financial years is considered large.

We believe the two-year period is important for recognising the ebbs and flows of the market. For example, it protects a small entity from inadvertently becoming a CRE because of a one-off spike in earnings for one year.

However, we are concerned that the bill as introduced did not specify how the twoyear period would be affected if entities were to amalgamate or merge. As introduced, if a large entity were to merge with a second entity so it became a new entity, the new entity would not be required to make climate-related disclosures for two years. This was not the intention of the bill as introduced.

We recommend amending clause 7 of the bill to add new section 461PA to the FMC Act. New section 461PA would make it clear that any large entities which amalgamate into another entity would still be considered large. The two-year period would not apply to the new entity.

## Changes to the assurance provisions

## Delay implementing assurance requirements for an additional two years

"Assurance" refers to independent verification of statements made in a disclosure. Assurance is crucial for ensuring the integrity and credibility of any disclosures.

Clause 7 of the bill, as introduced, includes several provisions relating to assurance about climate-related disclosures. New section 461ZD would require climate reporting entities to seek assurance about any climate-related disclosures relating to greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. New section 461ZG states that any assurance practitioners must comply with all applicable auditing and assurance standards.

As introduced, Part 1 of the bill, which includes the assurance requirements, would come into force within one year of Royal assent. We have noted above that climate reporting is a new process, and that it will take time to build and grow professional capacity for climate reporting. This also applies to the audit and assurance industry. We are concerned about this, and several submitters echoed this concern.

Under the bill, if climate reporting entities fail to engage an assurance practitioner, or assurance practitioners fail to follow applicable auditing and accounting standards, they could face civil or criminal liability. We do not see it as desirable to impose potential liability on CREs or assurance practitioners when there has not been sufficient time for them to become familiar with the assurance requirements.

We therefore propose removing the assurance requirement provisions from Part 1 of the bill and inserting them into new clauses 20A–20J which would form a new Part 1A of the bill. We recommend that Part 1A come into force within three years after the bill receives Royal assent.

Under the bill as amended, CREs would still be required to prepare climate-related disclosures within one year after the bill receives Royal assent. However, they would not be required to engage assurance practitioners for the GHG emission statements in these disclosures until Part 1A comes into force.

## Remove the assurance practitioner licensing and accreditation provisions

Clause 7 of the bill, as introduced, would insert new section 461ZE into the FMC Act. This would define who could act as a qualified assurance practitioner. Under the bill, as introduced, the FMA would approve "climate related disclosures assurance bodies", and the assurance bodies would license their members to act as qualified practitioners.

This arrangement would have the effect of creating a new licensing regime specifically for climate-related disclosure assurance.

Some submitters were concerned that the requirements to become an approved assurance body could exclude non-accountants from carrying out GHG assurance engagements. They noted that there are other professionals, including carbon and energy professionals, who have the skills and experience needed to carry out GHG assurance work.

The FMA was also concerned about the bill's proposed licensing regime. It advocated a more extensive licensing regime, such as the existing regime under the Auditor Regulation Act. We also have concerns that the bill's accreditation and licensing regime may be ineffective because the FMA would have very limited oversight of approved bodies and licensed practitioners.

We do not believe that the licensing regime proposed in the bill as introduced would be effective. We therefore recommend removing these licensing and accreditation provisions in new sections 461ZD to 461ZM from clause 7 of the bill.

Despite the removal of these sections, the bill would still have mechanisms to ensure the integrity of the climate assurance regime. We note that the proposed section 461ZDA would require assurance practitioners, in carrying out an assurance engagement, to comply with all applicable auditing and assurance standards.

## Add a criminal offence for non-compliance with applicable assurance standards

The bill would require assurance practitioners to comply with all applicable auditing and assurance standards under new section 461ZG (renumbered in the revision-tracked version of the bill as new section 461ZDA in new Part 1A). The bill would also require assurance practitioners to provide copies of their assurance reports to the FMA, the XRB, and the climate reporting entity's supervisor under new section 461ZH (new section 461ZDB in the revision-tracked version of the bill).

The bill as introduced did not contain any provision outlining any legal consequences for failing to comply with these proposed sections.

Under the bill as introduced, assurance practitioners would have been subject to the code of conduct and disciplinary process of approved assurance bodies. However, as discussed above, we recommend removing those provisions.

Therefore, we recommend inserting an offence provision into new section 461ZDB, which would come into effect alongside the other assurance requirements. New section 461ZDB would make it an offence, liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50,000, for an assurance practitioner to contravene applicable assurance standards.

This maximum fine would be the same as for offences of similar seriousness in the bill.

## Remove disclose-or-explain provisions

As introduced, clause 7 would insert new sections 461ZA and 461ZB. If an entity determined that it is not materially affected by climate change, these provisions would exempt the entity from preparing a climate statement in accordance with the XRB's climate standards. Instead, the entity would be required to prepare a separate document explaining why it was not materially affected and obtain an assurance engagement from an assurance practitioner to support this determination.

The Government members are concerned that these provisions would result in substantially different reports and quality of reporting. This would undermine the climate-related disclosure regime's goal of providing consistent and comparable climate reporting. We believe that all climate reporting entities should apply the same climate standards for their disclosures. We acknowledge that entities will be affected by climate change to varying degrees. However, Government members believe that any need for differential reporting could be achieved through the application of the climate standards set by the XRB.

The majority of the committee therefore recommend removing these provisions from Part 1 of the bill.

## Remove provisions relating to immaterial information

Clause 28 relates to proposed amendments to the Financial Reporting Act (FR Act). This clause would add new sections 19A–19D to the FR Act. They relate to the XRB's new function for setting climate reporting standards.

New section 19D would apply if a climate reporting entity determined that any information was immaterial to its climate-related disclosure analysis. The entity would be permitted to exclude that immaterial information but would be required to provide a statement about the excluded information explaining why it believed the information was immaterial. We believe that requiring entities to include information to explain why other information is immaterial would result in reports that contain disclosures that are of no value to users. We also believe that the XRB is best placed to address the issue of materiality when it sets the climate reporting standards.

We therefore recommend amending clause 28 of the bill to remove proposed new section 19D.

## New Zealand National Party differing view

This bill will broaden non-financial reporting by requiring the preparation of climate-related disclosures by certain FMC reporting entities. It will require around 200 organisations to make climate related financial disclosures, including listed equity/debt issuers, large banks, licensed large insurers, large credit unions, large building societies and investment scheme managers.

Climate-related disclosures require the firm to consider the impacts of climate change on their operations. The External Reporting Board (XRB) will prepare climate standards which these firms must adhere to.

National remains concerned about increased regulation and the compliance cost that this places on businesses, making them less productive.

## Commencement of reporting obligations

The legislation will enter into force within 12 months after receiving Royal assent. The XRB must publish a reporting standard. Given New Zealand is among the first countries to require climate-related disclosure, and the XRB has not released their standards yet, the disclosure requirements should commence for the financial year beginning two years after the XRB finalises their climate standards.

#### **Public sector entities**

The bill exempts public sector agencies from reporting on climate change while placing requirements on the private sector. Ministers have said this is because they will direct government entities through letters of expectation. However, it is our belief that, should this legislation go ahead, all entities should be treated the same and a privilege should not be extended to public entities. They should have the same requirements as private sector entities and should be included in the scope of the bill.

## Obligations where not materially affected

The revised draft of the bill removes the "explain" part of the "comply-or-explain" requirements. This means businesses who are not materially affected by climate change must still report with the associated compliance costs.

The comply-or-explain approach is a fundamental component of this bill as originally drafted. According to the revised draft of the bill, firms will be required to prepare climate statements even if their operations will not be materially affected by climate change. We believe the comply-or-explain approach should be reinstated.

## **Appendix**

#### **Committee process**

The Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Bill was referred to the committee on 15 April 2021.

The closing date for submissions on the bill was 28 May 2021. We received and considered 55 submissions from interested groups and individuals. We heard oral evidence from 27 submitters.

We received advice on the bill from the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment and the Ministry for the Environment. The Office of the Clerk provided advice on the bill's legislative quality. The Parliamentary Counsel Office assisted with legal drafting.

## **Committee membership**

Jamie Strange (Chairperson) Glen Bennett

Naisi Chen

Melissa Lee

Hon Todd McClay

## Key to symbols used in reprinted bill

## As reported from a select committee

text deleted by a majority text deleted unanimously

## Hon Dr David Clark

# Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Bill

Government Bill

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The	Parlia	ment of New Zealand enacts as follows:	
1	Title		
		Act is the Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Mat-Amendment Act <b>2021</b> .	
2	Con	nmencement	5
(1)	The	following parts of this Act come into force on the day after Royal assent:	
	(a)	Part 2, other than sections 32(1) and 33:	
	(b)	section 43(1).	
(2)	The	rest of this Act comes into force on a date or dates set by Order in Council.	
(3)	How	vever,—	10
	(a)	any part of this Act, other than <u>Part 1A and subpart 1 of Part 3</u> , that has not come into force by the first anniversary of Royal assent comes into force then:	
	(b)	any part of <u>Part 1A and subpart 1 of Part 3</u> that has not come into force by the <u>second-third</u> anniversary of Royal assent comes into force then.	15
(4)		Order in Council made under this section is secondary legislation (see Part the Legislation Act 2019 for publication requirements).	

## Part 1

# Amendments to Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 to come into force by first anniversary of Royal assent

3	Principal Act	
	This Part amends the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.	5
1	Section 5 amended (Overview)	
	After section $5(1)(g)$ , insert:	
	(ga) Part 7A provides for climate-related disclosure obligations:	
5	Section 6 amended (Interpretation)	
(1)	In section 6(1), insert in their appropriate alphabetical order:	10
	<b>applicable climate standard</b> has the same meaning as in section 5(1) of the Financial Reporting Act 2013	
	authoritative notice has the same meaning as in section 5(1) of the Financial Reporting Act 2013	
	climate-related disclosure framework has the same meaning as in section <b>9AA</b> of the Financial Reporting Act 2013	15
	climate reporting entity has the meaning set out in section 4610	
	<b>climate statements</b> has the same meaning as in section 5(1) of the Financial Reporting Act 2013	
	CRD assurance body means an entity approved under section 461ZP	20
	CRD records means the records that a climate reporting entity is required to keep by subpart 2 of Part 7A	
	<b>group climate statements</b> has the same meaning as in section 5(1) of the Financial Reporting Act 2013	
	large overseas climate reporting entity, in Part 7A, means a body corporate that—	25
	(a) is incorporated outside New Zealand; and	
	(b) is a climate reporting entity under section 4610(1)(b) to (e) (see section 461P(3) and (4))	
	Part 7A climate-related disclosure provision means any of the provisions specified in section 461ZS(3) or (4)	30
	qualified CRD assurance practitioner, in relation to an assurance engagement under Part 7A, has the meaning set out in section 461ZE	
	<b>separate fund</b> , in Parts 7 and <b>7A</b> , has the meaning set out in section 461A(2)	
(2)	In section 6(1), replace the definition of <b>group</b> with:	35

group,—

	(a)		rt 7 and <b>subpart 1 of Part 7A</b> , means a group comprising an reporting entity and its subsidiaries:			
	(b)		rt 7A (other than subpart 1), means a group comprising a climate ting entity and its subsidiaries	5		
(2A)			(1), definition of licensed insurer, paragraph (b), replace "section that Act" with "section 238(1)(b)(i)(A) or (ii) of that Act; and".			
(2B)	In sec	tion 60	1), definition of licensed insurer, after paragraph (b), insert:			
	<u>(c)</u>	of tha	rt 7A, does not include a Lloyd's underwriter (within the meaning t Act) or an insurer that is included in a class of insurers that is the ct of an exemption under section 238(1)(b) of that Act	10		
(3)			(1), definitions of licensed insurer and definition of subsidiary, t 7" with "Parts 7 and <b>7A</b> ".			
6		Section 351 amended (Regulations modifying this Part or Part 7 for licensed markets)				
(1)	In the	headi	ng to section 351, after "7", insert "or 7A".			
(2)	Repla	ce sec	tion 351(1)(ab) with:			
	(ab)	are lis	ding that section 451(1)(d) does not apply in respect of persons that sted issuers only in respect of a licensed market or class of licensed ets, and providing for replacement or modified requirements to relating to—	20		
		(i)	accounting records and financial reporting:			
		(ii)	CRD records and climate-related disclosures (for those listed issuers that would otherwise be climate reporting entities under <b>section 4610(1)(a)</b> ):	25		
<u>6A</u>			C amended (Failure to comply with authoritative notice does to pecuniary penalty)			
	Repea	al secti	on 461C(3).			
7	New I	Part 7	A inserted			
			insert:	30		

## Part 7A

# Climate-related disclosures for certain FMC reporting entities with higher level of public accountability

		Subpa	rt 1—Overview, application, and interpretation	
461N	Over	view		5
(1)	This l	Part pro	ovides for climate reporting entities to—	
	(a)		proper records relating to their obligations to make climate-related sures; and	
	(b)	prepar	re climate statements; and	
	<del>(e)</del>		extent that those statements are required to disclose greenhouse nissions, obtain an assurance engagement in relation to those state; and	10
	(d)	lodge	those statements.	
<del>(2)</del>	This l	Part als	o contains—	
	<del>(a)</del>	affect	tions that relate to cases where climate change does not materially the activities of, for example, an entity or a separate fund of a ered scheme:	15
	<del>(b)</del>		ions relating to assurance practitioners for assurance engagements this Part.	
(3)	This s	section	is only a guide to the general scheme and effect of this Part.	20
4610	Mea	ning of	climate reporting entity	
(1)	is cor	nsidered ting ent	a person who is an FMC reporting entity that, under section 461K, d to have a higher level of public accountability than other FMC cities is a <b>climate reporting entity</b> if that person is 1 or more of the	25
	<del>(a)</del>		d issuer of quoted equity securities or quoted debt securities (or (but see section 351(1)(ab)):	
	<u>(a)</u>	a liste	d issuer that—	
		<u>(i)</u>	is a large listed issuer; and	
		<u>(ii)</u>	is not an excluded listed issuer:	30
	(b)	a regis	stered bank that is large under section 461P:	
	(c)	a licer	nsed insurer that is large under section 461P:	
	(d)	a cred	it union that is large under section 461P:	
	(e)	a build	ding society that is large-under section 461P.	
(2)			manager of a registered scheme (other than a restricted scheme) is porting entity in respect of the scheme if—	35

	(a)	the manager is a large manager under section 461Q; and			
	(b)	section 461K(1)(b) applies to the manager in respect of the scheme.			
<u>(3)</u>	In th	is section,—			
	<u>exclu</u>	ided listed issuer has the meaning set out in section 4610A			
		e, in relation to a registered bank, licensed insurer, credit union, or building ty, has the meaning set out in <b>section 461P</b>	5		
	large	e listed issuer has the meaning set out in section 4610A			
	large	e manager has the meaning set out in section 461Q.			
461C	A De	finitions relating to listed issuers			
(1)		he purposes of this Part, a listed issuer is a large listed issuer in respect of counting period if either or both of the following apply:	10		
	<u>(a)</u>	as at the balance date of each of the 2 preceding accounting periods, the issuer's market capitalisation exceeds \$60 million:			
	<u>(b)</u>	the listed issuer is large after amalgamation (within the meaning of <b>section 461PA</b> ) in respect of the accounting period.	15		
(2)		the purposes of this Part, a listed issuer is an excluded listed issuer in ext of an accounting period if, at all times during the accounting period,—			
	<u>(a)</u>	the issuer has no equity securities, and no debt securities, that are quoted; or			
	<u>(b)</u>	any equity securities of the issuer and any debt securities of the issuer that are quoted are quoted only on a growth market.	20		
(3)	be F	MC reporting entities and, consequentially, not climate reporting entities resection 4610(1)(a)).			
<u>(4)</u>	In th	is section,—	25		
	growth market means a financial product market if—				
	<u>(a)</u>	the operator has a licence to operate the market issued under section 316; and			
	<u>(b)</u>	either or both of the following apply:			
		(i) the licence is subject to a condition that limits the size of issuers that are eligible to become, or to remain, listed issuers on the financial product market (for example, a limit based on the issuer's market capitalisation):	30		
		(ii) the market is otherwise designed for, and clearly targeted at, small- and medium-sized entities	35		

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- (a) a listed issuer of quoted equity securities, means the value of all of the issuer's equity securities, as implied by the market price or fair value of those equity securities:
- (b) a listed issuer to which **paragraph** (a) does not apply and that has issued quoted debt securities, means the net assets of the issuer and its subsidiaries (if any) as reported in the most recent financial statements or group financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice for the issuer and those subsidiaries.

# 461P Meaning of large (in relation to registered banks, licensed insurers, credit unions, and building societies)

- (1) For the purposes of this Part, a registered bank, credit union, or building society (A) is large in respect of an accounting period if either or both of the following apply:, as at the balance date of each of the 2 preceding accounting periods, the total assets of A and A's subsidiaries (if any) exceed \$1 billion.
  - (a) as at the balance date of each of the 2 preceding accounting periods, the total assets of A and A's subsidiaries (if any) exceed \$1 billion:
  - (b) A is large after amalgamation (within the meaning of section 461PA) in respect of the accounting period.
- (2) For the purposes of this Part, a licensed insurer is **large** in respect of an accounting period if at least 1 of the following paragraphs applies to the licensed insurer:
  - (a) as at the balance date of each of the 2 preceding accounting periods, the total assets of the licensed insurer and its subsidiaries (if any) exceed \$1 billion:
  - (b) in each of the 2 preceding accounting periods, the annual gross premium revenue of the licensed insurer and its subsidiaries (if any) exceeds \$250 million:
  - (c) the licensed insurer is large after amalgamation (within the meaning of section 461PA) in respect of the accounting period.
- (3) However, if a registered bank, credit union, building society, or licensed insurer is an overseas company,—
  - (a) subsections (1) and (2) do not apply; and
  - (b) the overseas company is large for the purposes of this Part section 4610(1)(b) to (e) if its New Zealand business, or its group's New Zealand business, is large under subsection (4).
- (4) The New Zealand business of an overseas company or its group is **large** in respect of an accounting period if at least 1 of the following paragraphs applies (calculated as if the New Zealand business were an entity):

	(a)	as at the balance date of each of the 2 preceding accounting periods, the total assets of the New Zealand business exceed \$1 billion:	
	(b)	the overseas company is a licensed insurer and, in each of the 2 preceding accounting periods, the annual gross premium revenue of the New Zealand business exceeds \$250 million.	5
(4A)	Repor	ancial reporting standard (or a part of a standard) issued by the External rating Board that is expressed as applying for the purposes of <b>subsection</b> ust be applied in determining whether that provision applies.	
(5)		s section, <b>overseas company</b> means a body corporate that is incorporated le New Zealand.	10
461P	A Mea	nning of large after amalgamation	
(1)		ne purposes of this Part, a person (A) is large after amalgamation in et of an accounting period if—	
	<u>(a)</u>	A amalgamated with a large entity during the accounting period; or	
	<u>(b)</u>	A is a new entity formed on the amalgamation of 2 or more entities during the accounting period, and at least 1 of those entities was a large entity.	15
(2)	accou	is large after amalgamation under <b>subsection (1)</b> in respect of an nting period, A continues to be large after amalgamation in respect of ext accounting period.	20
(3)		s section, large entity means an entity that, in respect of the accounting d, was any of—	
	<u>(a)</u>	a large listed issuer under <b>section 4610A(1)</b> (other than an issuer described in <b>section 4610A(2)(a) or (b)</b> for the accounting period up to the time of amalgamation):	25
	<u>(b)</u>	a registered bank, licensed insurer, credit union, or building society that is large under <b>section 461P</b> .	
461Q	Mear	ning of large manager	
(1)	marke large date o	the purposes of this Part, a manager (A) of a registered scheme that holds a set services licence that covers the service referred to in section 388(a) is a manager in respect of an accounting period of A if, as at the balance of each of A's 2 preceding accounting periods, the total assets of the folg schemes exceed \$1 billion:	30
	(a)	all schemes for which A is manager; and	
	(b)	all schemes for which the manager is an authorised body that provides the service of acting as a manager of a registered scheme under A's mar- ket services licence.	35

Example					
sche	any A holds a licence that covers acting as a manager of registered es. A's subsidiaries, B and C, also provide this service under A's licence (as sed bodies).				
ance	the assets of the schemes for which A is manager total \$700 million on the bal- nce date of each of A's 2 preceding accounting periods (the <b>relevant balance</b> <b>ates</b> ).				
asse	ssets of the schemes managed by B total a further \$300 million, and the of the schemes managed by C total \$200 million, on each of the relevan e dates.				
	tal assets therefore exceed \$1 billion. A is a large manager. B and C are rge managers.				
Sub	ections (4) and (5) apply if—				
(a)	a manager and a scheme managed by the manager have different balance dates; and				
(b)	the manager becomes, or ceases to be, a large manager.				
(AP	manager was not a large manager in respect of an accounting period but becomes a large manager in respect of the next accounting period, the manager—				
(a)	is not treated as a large manager in respect of the scheme in relation to the accounting period of the scheme that starts in AP1 and ends in AP2 unless <b>paragraph (b)</b> applies:				
(b)	must be treated as a large manager in respect of the scheme in relation to the accounting period of the scheme that starts in AP1 and ends in AP2 if—				
	(i) the manager was not the manager of the scheme at the start of tha accounting period of the scheme; and				
	(ii) the manager at the start of that accounting period of the scheme was a climate reporting entity in respect of the scheme.				
but o	manager was a large manager in respect of an accounting period (AP3) asses to be a large manager in the next accounting period (AP4), the manager be treated as a large manager in respect of the scheme in relation to counting period of the scheme that starts in AP3 and ends in AP4.				
	section, the <b>total assets</b> of a scheme are—				
(a)	as reported in the most recent audited financial statements, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice, for the scheme				

or

if there are no such statements, as calculated—

(b)

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		(i)	for a date as near as possible to the balance date of the manager; and	
		(ii)	as if for the purpose of preparing financial statements for the scheme in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.	5
<u>(7)</u>	In this schen		ion, scheme means a registered scheme (other than a restricted	
461Q	<u>A</u> <u>Ap</u>	plicati	on if person's status changes during accounting period	
(1)	that p	erson i	ceases to be a climate reporting entity during an accounting period, s treated as continuing to be a climate reporting entity in relation to ing period for the purposes of this Act and every other enactment.	10
<u>(2)</u>	Howe	ever, sı	ubsection (3) applies if the person (A)—	
	<u>(a)</u>	cease	d to be a climate reporting entity under section 4610(1); and	
	<u>(b)</u>		e balance date, is not a climate reporting entity under <b>section</b> (1) (disregarding the rule in <b>subsection</b> (1)).	15
<u>(3)</u>	If this	subse	ction applies,—	
	<u>(a)</u>	clima	to trequired to ensure the completion of climate statements or group to statements under any of <b>sections 461W to 461Y</b> and the ment of those climate statements in relation to the accounting d:	20
	<u>(b)</u>	mate	ds required to be kept by A up to the date that A ceased to be a clireporting entity under section 4610(1) are CRD records for the ses of sections 461T to 461V.	
(4)	a clin	nate re	where a person is, or was, the manager of a registered scheme (and porting entity under <b>section 4610(2)</b> in respect of the scheme), a (1) does not limit—	25
	<u>(a)</u>		on 461Q(5) (which applies if the manager and the scheme have ent balance dates); or	
	<u>(b)</u>		on 461ZA (which may apply if the manager of a scheme changes g an accounting period).	30
461R	Misc	ellaneo	ous <del>provisions</del> -provision_relating to application	
(1)	that p	oerson on to t	ceases to be a climate reporting entity during an accounting period, must be treated as continuing to be a climate reporting entity in that accounting period for the purposes of this Act and every other	35
(2)	of cli clima	mate s	his Part requires a climate reporting entity to ensure the completion tatements or group climate statements and the lodgement of those ements in relation to an accounting period that ended before the period in which that person became a climate reporting entity.	

## Subpart 2—CRD records

461S Climate reporting entities must keep proper CRD records (1) Every climate reporting entity under section 4610(1) must ensure that there are kept at all times records that will enable the climate reporting entity to ensure that the climate statements of the climate reporting entity comply with 5 the climate-related disclosure framework. the climate reporting entity to ensure that the climate statements of the climate reporting entity comply with applicable climate standards; and the assurance engagement required by section 461ZD to be readily and <del>(b)</del> properly carried out. 10 (2) Every manager that is a climate reporting entity in respect of a registered scheme must ensure that there are kept at all times records that will enable the manager to ensure that the climate statements relating to the registered scheme comply with the climate-related disclosure framework.-<del>(a)</del> the manager to ensure that the climate statements relating to the regis-15 tered scheme comply with applicable climate standards; and <del>(b)</del> the assurance engagement required by section 461ZD to be readily and properly carried out. Every climate reporting entity to which an exception in section 461ZA (3)applies must ensure that there are kept at all times records that— 20 will enable the climate reporting entity to ensure that the determination required by section 461ZA is made in accord-<del>(i)</del> ance with applicable climate standards; and the document required by section 461ZB(1)(b) complies with (ii) section 461ZB(2) and (3); and 25 will enable the assurance engagement required by section <del>(b)</del> 461ZB(1)(a) to be readily and properly carried out. (4) Every climate reporting entity must establish and maintain a satisfactory system of control of the records that it is required to keep under this section. 30 (5) In this section, climate statements of the climate reporting entity means the climate statements or group climate statements that are required to be prepared under any of sections 461W to 461Y for the purposes of this Act

climate statements relating to the registered scheme means the climate statements of the separate funds of the scheme or the climate statements of the

scheme that are required to be prepared under section 461Z for the purposes

of this Act.

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461T	Man	ner in which CRD records to be kept	
(1)	•	climate reporting entity must keep the CRD records in the prescribed er (if any).	
(2)		mate reporting entity that contravenes this section commits an offence and ale on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50,000.	5
(3)	The o	ffence in this section is an infringement offence (see subpart 5 of Part 8).	
461U	Perio	od for which CRD records to be kept	
		records, or copies of them, must be retained by the climate reporting for a period of at least 7 years after the date the records are made.	
461V	Inspe	ection of CRD records	10
(1)	•	climate reporting entity must make the CRD records available, in the ribed manner at all reasonable times for inspection without charge, to—	
	(a)	the directors of the climate reporting entity; and	
	(b)	any supervisor (if the climate reporting entity is an issuer of debt securities or the manager of a registered scheme); and	15
	(c)	the FMA; and	
	(d)	any other persons authorised or permitted by an enactment to inspect the CRD records of the climate reporting entity or scheme.	
(2)		mate reporting entity that contravenes this section commits an offence and ble on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50,000.	20
(3)	The o	ffence in this section is an infringement offence (see subpart 5 of Part 8).	
<del>(4)</del>	Subs	ection (1)(d) does not limit section 461ZJ(1)(b).	
		Subpart 3—Preparation of climate statements	
		Climate statements of climate reporting entities	
461W	/ Clin	nate statements must be prepared	25
(1)	ance	climate reporting entity must ensure that, within 4 months after the baldate of the entity, climate statements that comply with applicable climate ards the climate-related disclosure framework are—	
	(a)	completed in relation to the entity and that balance date; and	
	(b)	dated and signed on behalf of the entity by 2 directors of the entity or, if the entity has only 1 director, by that director.	30
(2)	Howe	ever, subsection (1) does not apply to—	
	(a)	a climate reporting entity that, on the balance date referred to in <b>sub-</b>	

	(b)	a large an overseas climate reporting entity, unless it is a climate reporting entity under <b>section 4610(1)(a)</b> ; or	
	(c)	a person that is a climate reporting entity only under <b>section 4610(2)</b> .	
	Exam	ple	
		npany (incorporated in New Zealand and with no subsidiaries) is a large manf 2 registered schemes.	5
	Subse	company is also a large registered bank, so <b>subsection (2)(c)</b> does not apply. <b>ection (1)</b> applies to the company (and <b>see section 461Z</b> , which also applies company in respect of its registered schemes).	
61X	Grou	p climate statements must be prepared	10
1)		<b>ection (2)</b> applies to every climate reporting entity in relation to a baldate of the entity if the entity has, on that balance date, 1 or more subsident.	
2)	ance o	climate reporting entity must ensure that, within 4 months after that baldate, group climate statements that comply with applicable climate standhe climate-related disclosure framework are—	15
	(a)	completed in relation to the group and that balance date; and	
	(b)	dated and signed on behalf of the entity by 2 directors of the entity or, if the entity has only 1 director, by that director.	
3)	Howe	ever, subsection (2) does not apply to—	20
	(a)	a large an overseas climate reporting entity, unless it is a climate reporting entity under <b>section 4610(1)(a)</b> ; or	
	(b)	a person that is a climate reporting entity only under <b>section 4610(2)</b> .	
61Y	Clim	ate statements for <del>large</del> overseas climate reporting entities	
1)		section applies to every large overseas climate reporting entity, unless it is nate reporting entity under <b>section 4610(1)(a)</b> .	25
2)	date c	limate reporting entity must ensure that, within 4 months after the balance of the entity, climate statements that comply with applicable climate standhe climate-related disclosure framework are—	
	(a)	prepared for its New Zealand business as if that business were conducted by a company formed and registered in New Zealand; and	30
	(b)	dated and signed on behalf of the entity by 2 directors of the entity or, if the entity has only 1 director, by that director.	
3)	subside that, we that co	ever, if the climate reporting entity has, on that balance date, 1 or more diaries, <b>subsection (2)</b> does not apply and instead the entity must ensure within 4 months after the balance date of the entity, climate statements comply with applicable climate standards—the climate-related disclosure twork are—	35

prepared for the group's New Zealand business as if the members of the

(a)

		group were companies formed and registered in New Zealand; and	
	(b)	dated and signed on behalf of the entity by 2 directors of the entity or, if the entity has only 1 director, by that director.	
(4)		<b>ection (3)</b> does not limit any obligation under this subpart of a subsidf the climate reporting entity.	5
		Climate statements relating to registered schemes	
461 <b>Z</b>	Clima	ate statements for separate funds of registered schemes, etc	
(1)		section applies to every manager of a registered scheme that is a climate ing entity in respect of the scheme.	10
(2)	schem	nanager must ensure that, within 4 months after the balance date of the ne, climate statements that comply with applicable climate standards the te-related disclosure framework are—	
	(a)	completed in relation to each separate fund of the scheme and that balance date; and	15
	(b)	if any liabilities of the manager and the scheme are not limited to a separate fund, completed in relation to the scheme and that balance date; and	
	(c)	dated and signed on behalf of the manager by 2 directors of the manager or, if the manager has only 1 director, by that director.	20
(3)	schem manaş	ever, if the manager was not the manager of the scheme at the start of the ne's accounting period, <b>subsection (2)</b> applies to the manager only if the ger of the scheme at the start of the scheme's accounting period was a clireporting entity in respect of the scheme.	
461 <b>Z</b>		olication if manager of registered scheme changes and new manager	25
(1)		large manager	
(1)	<u>1 nis s</u> (a)	the manager of a registered scheme changes during an accounting period of the scheme; and	
	<u>(b)</u>	the person who was the manager of the scheme at the start of the accounting period (the <b>old manager</b> ) was a climate reporting entity in respect of the scheme; and	30
	<u>(c)</u>	the person who is the manager of the scheme at the end of the accounting period (the <b>new manager</b> ) is not a large manager (within the meaning of <b>section 461Q</b> ).	35
(2)	tion o	s section applies, the new manager is not required to ensure the comple- f climate statements under <b>section 461Z(2)</b> and the lodgement of those te statements in relation to the accounting period.	

(3)

Records kept by the old manager up to the date that the old manager ceased to

hold office as manager of the scheme are CRD records for the purposes of sections 461T to 461V. Exceptions 461ZA Exceptions for climate reporting entities not materially affected by 5 elimate change A climate reporting entity (A) is not required to prepare climate statements or  $\frac{(1)}{(1)}$ group climate statements under section 461W or 461X for an accounting period if, in accordance with applicable climate standards, A reasonably determines that the activities of A or A's group (as relevant) are not materially 10 affected by climate change. A climate reporting entity (A) is not required to prepare climate statements or  $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ group climate statements under section 461Y for an accounting period if, in accordance with applicable climate standards, A reasonably determines that the activities of A's New Zealand business or A's group's New Zealand business 15 (as relevant) are not materially affected by climate change.  $\frac{(3)}{}$ A climate reporting entity (A) is not required to prepare climate statements for a separate fund under section 461Z(2)(a) for an accounting period for the scheme if, in accordance with applicable climate standards, A reasonably determines that the activities of the fund are not materially affected by climate 20 change. A climate reporting entity (A) is not required to prepare climate statements for <del>(4)</del> a registered scheme under section 461Z(2)(b) for an accounting period for the scheme if, in accordance with applicable climate standards, A reasonably determines that the activities of the scheme are not materially affected by cli-25 mate change. <del>(5)</del> Every exception in this section is subject to the conditions in section 461ZB. 461ZB Conditions applying to exceptions A climate reporting entity (A) may not rely on an exception in section 461ZA <del>(1)</del> that applies to A unless 30 A obtains an assurance engagement with a qualified CRD assurance <del>(a)</del> practitioner in relation to A's determination under that section; and <del>(b)</del> A prepares a document that complies with subsections (2) and (3); and A delivers to the Registrar for lodgement, and to the FMA, within 4 35 <del>(e)</del> months of A's balance date, a copy of the document referred to in paragraph (b); and <del>(i)</del> the assurance practitioner's report. The document required by subsection (1)(b) must- $\frac{(2)}{}$ 

	<del>(a)</del>	eontain a statement by A to the effect that A has reasonably determined, in accordance with applicable climate standards, that the relevant activities are not materially affected by climate change; and	
	<del>(b)</del>	contain an explanation by A as to how A has reached that determination.	
<del>(3)</del>		document (including A's statement and explanation contained in the docu- ) must comply with applicable climate standards.	5
<del>(4)</del>	<del>In st</del>	bsection (2), relevant activities means,	
	<del>(a)</del>	if A is relying on an exception in section 461ZA(1), the activities of A or A's group:	
	<del>(b)</del>	if A is relying on an exception in section 461ZA(2), the activities of A's New Zealand business or A's group's New Zealand business:	10
	<del>(e)</del>	if A is relying on the exception in section 461ZA(3), the activities of the fund:	
	<del>(d)</del>	if A is relying on the exception in section 461ZA(4), the activities of the scheme.	15
		<u>Miscellaneous</u>	
<u>4617</u>	ZB Cli	mate statements may be combined in single document	
		ing in this Part prevents any of the following from being combined in a e document:	
	<u>(a)</u>	climate statements and group climate statements that are required to be prepared under any of <b>sections 461W to 461Y</b> in relation to an accounting period and 1 or more members of a group:	20
	<u>(b)</u>	climate statements that are required to be prepared under <b>section 461Z</b> in relation to an accounting period and a registered scheme.	
<u>4617</u>	ZBA F	ailure to comply with authoritative notice does not give rise to	25
	pecu	niary penalty	
(1)	to in	section applies if climate statements or group climate statements referred this subpart fail to comply with the climate-related disclosure framework result of a failure to comply with an authoritative notice.	
<u>(2)</u>	<u>failu</u>	cuniary penalty order may not be made under section 489 in relation to the re to comply with the authoritative notice.  are: s 461C	30
	Сопр	Offences	
1615			
		fence to knowingly fail to comply with climate standards	2.5
(1)	A cli	mate reporting entity and every director of the entity commit an offence	35
	(a)	any of the following fail to comply with an applicable climate standard:	

		(i)	the climate statements of the entity prepared under <b>section 461W</b> :	
		(ii)	group climate statements in relation to a group comprising the entity and its subsidiaries prepared under <b>section 461X</b> :	
		(iii)	the climate statements or group climate statements prepared by the entity under <b>section 461Y</b> :	5
		(iv)	in the case of a manager of a registered scheme, the climate statements for any separate fund or for the scheme prepared under <b>section 461Z</b> ; and	
		<del>(v)</del>	the document prepared by the entity under section 461ZB or the determination made by the entity under section 461ZA to which the document relates; and	10
	(b)	stater	ntity or the director (as the case may be) knows that the climate ments or group climate statements fail, or the document or detertion fails, to so comply when those statements are, or when that ment is, lodged.	15
2)	A pe tion,-		the commits an offence under <b>subsection (1)</b> is liable on convic-	
	(a)		e case of an individual, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding ars, a fine not exceeding \$500,000, or both; and	20
	(b)	in an	y other case, to a fine not exceeding \$2.5 million.	
	Comp	are: s 46	<u>11</u>	
			Subpart 4—Assurance engagements	
61 <b>Z</b>		-	rement for assurance of climate statements on commencement	
1 \	of Pa			25
1)	relati	on to t	eporting entity is not required to obtain an assurance engagement in the climate statements or group climate statements that are required red under any of <b>sections 461W to 461Z</b> .	
2)	See I	Part 1 ers) A	A of the Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other mendment Act 2021, which sets out assurance requirements to a later date.	30
<del>61Z</del>			ee engagement required for parts of climate statements relating use gas emissions	
	elima 461V green	nte stat <b>V to 4</b> nhouse	tements that are required to be prepared under any of sections tements that are required to be prepared under any of sections 61Z are, to the extent that those statements are required to disclose gas emissions, the subject of an assurance engagement carried out ed CRD assurance practitioner.	35

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- (1)For the purposes of this Act, qualified CRD assurance practitioner, in relation to an assurance engagement under this Part, means a natural person who
  - is a member of an entity that is for the time being approved as a CRD <del>(a)</del> assurance body; and

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- <del>(b)</del> is subject to the code of conduct and disciplinary process of the CRD assurance body; and
- has the expertise, technical competence, and qualifications that are spe-<del>(c)</del> cified in applicable auditing and assurance standards as required in order to carry out the assurance engagement; and
- <del>(d)</del> is recognised by the CRD assurance body, in accordance with the rules of that body, as having that expertise and technical competence and those qualifications.
- However, if the climate reporting entity is a public entity under the Public <del>(2)</del> Audit Act 2001, the Auditor-General or any other person who may act as the CRD assurance practitioner under that Act is the person who must carry out the assurance engagement (and is the only qualified CRD assurance practitioner in respect of that assurance engagement).
- (3)None of the following persons is qualified for appointment as the qualified CRD assurance practitioner for an assurance engagement that a climate reporting entity obtains under this Part:
  - a director, an officer, or an employee of the climate reporting entity: <del>(a)</del>
  - <del>(b)</del> a person who is in partnership with, or in the employment of, a person specified in paragraph (a):
  - <del>(c)</del> a liquidator or a person who is a receiver in respect of the property of the climate reporting entity:
  - a person who is, by virtue of paragraphs (a) to (c), disqualified for <del>(d)</del> appointment as assurance practitioner for an assurance engagement that a related body corporate obtains under this Part.

## 461ZF Appointment of partnership for assurance engagement

- A partnership may be appointed by the firm name to be the assurance practi-<del>(1)</del> tioner for an assurance engagement required by a climate reporting entity under this Part if all or some of the partners are persons who are qualified CRD assurance practitioners under section 461ZE(1) and (3).
- <del>(2)</del> The appointment of a partnership by the firm name is treated, despite section 35 **461ZE**, as the appointment of all the partners in the firm from time to time.
- (3)However, if the partnership includes persons who are not qualified CRD assurance practitioners under section 461ZE(1) and (3), the persons who are not qualified must not carry out the assurance engagement. Compare: 2013 No 101 s 37

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461ZG	Assurance engagement mu	<del>st be carried</del>	out in acc	<del>ordance with</del>	auditing
91	nd assurance standards				

An assurance practitioner must, in carrying out an assurance engagement under this Part, comply with all applicable auditing and assurance standards.

## 461ZH Assurance practitioner's report

- (1) The assurance practitioner's report on the climate statements or group climate statements prepared by an entity under any of sections 461W to 461Z, or for an assurance engagement under section 461ZB, must comply with the requirements of all applicable auditing and assurance standards.
- (2) If the assurance practitioner's report indicates that the requirements of this Part have not been complied with, the assurance practitioner must, within 7 working days after signing the report, send a copy of the report, and a copy of the climate statements or group climate statements to which it relates, or a copy of the document referred to in **section 461ZB**, to—
  - (a) the FMA; and

- 15
- (b) the External Reporting Board; and
- (c) in the case of a climate reporting entity that is an issuer of debt securities or a manager of a registered scheme, the supervisor.

#### 461ZI Assurance engagement may cover other parts of climate statements

- (1) **Section 461ZD** does not prevent the assurance engagement from covering the whole, or other parts, of the climate statements or group climate statements.
- (2) If an assurance engagement does cover the whole, or other parts, of the statements,—
  - (a) the assurance practitioner's report must separately identify the matters that are required to be the subject of the assurance engagement under section 461ZD; and
  - (b) this subpart applies, with any necessary modifications, in relation to the whole of the assurance engagement.
- (3) In this section, other parts, in relation to climate statements or group climate statements, means any part or parts of those statements that are not required by section 461ZD to be the subject of the assurance engagement.

Assurance practitioner access to information

## 461ZJ Climate reporting entity must give assurance practitioner access to information

- (1) Every climate reporting entity must ensure that an assurance practitioner appointed for an assurance engagement under this Part has access, at all times, to—
  - (a) the CRD records of the climate reporting entity or scheme; and

relevant to the assurance engagement.

any other documents of the climate reporting entity or scheme that are

If a climate reporting entity contravenes subsection (1), every director of the

entity commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding

<del>(2)</del>

<del>(b)</del>

	<del>\$50,000.</del>					
(3)		by proceeding against a director for a contravention of subsection (1), it defence if the director proves that—				
	<del>(a)</del>	the climate reporting entity took all reasonable steps to ensure that subsection would be complied with; or				
	<del>(b)</del>	the director took all reasonable steps to ensure that the climate reporting entity complied with that subsection; or	10			
	<del>(e)</del>	in the circumstances, the director could not reasonably have been expected to take steps to ensure that the climate reporting entity complied with that subsection.				
	Comp	are: 2013 No 101 s 38	15			
4 <del>617</del>		surance practitioner may require information and explanations from etor or employee				
(1)	An assurance practitioner appointed for an assurance engagement under this Part is entitled to require from a director or an employee of the climate reporting entity the information and explanations that the assurance practitioner thinks necessary for the performance of their duties as assurance practitioner.					
<del>(2)</del>	infor	rector or an employee who fails to comply with a requirement to provide mation or an explanation under <b>subsection (1)</b> commits an offence and ble on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50,000.				
(3)	ment	by proceeding against an employee for failing to comply with a require- to provide information or an explanation under <b>subsection (1)</b> , it is a nice if the employee proves that—	25			
	<del>(a)</del>	the employee did not have the information required in their possession or under their control; or				
	(b)	by reason of the position occupied by the employee or the duties assigned to them, they were unable to give the explanations required.  are: 2013 No 101 s 39	30			
	Comp	Offences concerning unqualified persons				
<del>4617</del>	L Of	fence for unqualified CRD assurance practitioner to act				
(1)	A person who acts as an assurance practitioner in relation to an assurance engagement under this Part commits an offence if the person is not a qualified CRD assurance practitioner in relation to the assurance engagement.					
(2)	A pe	rson who commits an offence under <b>subsection (1)</b> is liable on convic—				

	<del>(a)</del>	in the case of an individual, to a fine not exceeding \$50,000:	
	<del>(b)</del>	in any other case, to a fine not exceeding \$150,000.	
	Comp	are: 2013 No 101 s 39A	
4 <del>617</del>		ffence to hold out as qualified CRD assurance practitioner or as oved CRD assurance body	5
<del>(1)</del>	A pe	rson must not hold out that the person is—	
	<del>(a)</del>	recognised for the purposes of <b>section 461ZE(1)(d)</b> if the person is not so recognised; or	
	<del>(b)</del>	approved as a CRD assurance body if the person is not so approved; or	
	<del>(c)</del>	qualified to act as the assurance practitioner in relation to an assurance engagement under this Part if the person is not a qualified CRD assurance practitioner in relation to the assurance engagement.	10
<del>(2)</del>	-	rson who fails to comply with subsection (1) commits an offence and is con conviction,—	
	<del>(a)</del>	in the case of an individual, to a fine not exceeding \$50,000:	15
	<del>(b)</del>	in any other case, to a fine not exceeding \$150,000.	
	Comp	are: 2013 No 101 s 39B	
		Subpart 5—Lodgement of climate statements	
4617	ZN Lo	dgement of climate statements	
(1)	groug that,	y climate reporting entity that is required to prepare climate statements or p climate statements under any of <b>sections 461W to 461Y</b> must ensure within 4 months after the balance date of the entity, copies of the followhose statements are delivered to the Registrar for lodgement.:	20
	<del>(a)</del>	the climate statements or group climate statements that are required to be prepared under any of sections 461W to 461Y; and	25
	<del>(b)</del>	the assurance practitioner's report on those statements.	
(2)	tered sche	y manager that is a climate reporting entity in relation to respect of a registered entity in the respect of a registered entity in the respect of the scheme must ensure that, within 4 months after the balance date of the me, copies of the following climate statements that are required to be predunder section 461Z are delivered to the Registrar for lodgement.	30
	<del>(a)</del>	the climate statements that are required to be prepared under <b>section 461Z</b> ; and	
	<del>(b)</del>	the assurance practitioner's report on those statements.	
(3)		mate reporting entity that contravenes this section commits an offence and ble on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50,000.	35
(4)	The	offence in this section is an infringement offence (see subpart 5 of Part 8).	

461Z		formation about climate statements of climate reporting entities to be e available in annual report	
(1AA	(A) <u>Tł</u>	his section applies to every climate reporting entity that is required to pre-	
	pare-		
	<u>(a)</u>	climate statements or group climate statements under any of <b>sections 461W to 461Y</b> ; and	5
	<u>(b)</u>	an annual report under the Companies Act 1993 or any other enactment.	
(1)	prepa	y- <u>The</u> climate reporting entity under <b>section 4610(1)</b> that is required to are an annual report under the Companies Act 1993 or any other enactment include, in its annual report for the period ending on the balance date,—	10
	(a)	a statement that the entity is a climate reporting entity for the purposes of this Act; and	
	<u>(b)</u>	a copy of the climate statements or group climate statements prepared by the entity under any of <b>sections 461W to 461Y</b> , or the address of (or a link to) the Internet site where a copy of those statements can be accessed.	15
	<del>(b)</del>	the address of, or a link to, the Internet site where copies of the following can be accessed:	
		(i) the climate statements or group climate statements prepared by the entity under any of sections 461W to 461Y; and	20
		(ii) the assurance practitioner's report on those statements.	
(2)	<del>4612</del>	ever, if the climate reporting entity has relied on an exception in <b>section ZA</b> , the address or link required by <b>subsection (1)(b)</b> is the address of, or to, the Internet site where copies of the following can be accessed:	
	<del>(a)</del>	the document referred to in section 461ZB; and	25
	<del>(b)</del>	the assurance practitioner's report.	
(3)		A climate reporting entity that contravenes this section commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50,000.	
(4)	The o	offence in this section is an infringement offence (see subpart 5 of Part 8).	
(5)	In thi	is section, annual report includes a concise annual report.	30
		Subpart 6—CRD assurance bodies	
<del>461Z</del>	P FM	IA may approve CRD assurance bodies	
(1)		FMA may, in accordance with the regulations, approve in writing an entity CRD assurance body for the purposes of this Act if the FMA is satisfied –	35
	<del>(a)</del>	the entity's members include natural persons who	
		(i) have, in relation to 1 or more types of assurance engagements under this Part, the expertise, technical competence, and qualifica-	

			tions that are specified in applicable auditing and assurance standards as required in order to carry out those assurance engagements; and	
		<del>(ii)</del>	are subject to a professional code of conduct in relation to those actions; and	5
		(iii)	are subject to a disciplinary process that enforces compliance with the code of conduct; and	
	<del>(b)</del>		ntity satisfies any further requirements that are prescribed for the oses of this paragraph.	
<del>(2)</del>		•	nay be approved by the FMA as a CRD assurance body in relation to or all)—	10
	<del>(a)</del>	class	es of climate reporting entities:	
	<del>(b)</del>	• •	of information to which climate statements or group climate states, or parts of those statements, relate:	
	<del>(c)</del>	classe	es of assurance engagements.	15
<del>(3)</del>	The a	applica	tion for approval must be made in the prescribed manner.	
<del>(4)</del>		FMA's er to—	power to approve an entity as a CRD assurance body includes a	
	<del>(a)</del>	impo	se conditions on the approval; and	
	<del>(b)</del>	vary,	revoke, add to, or substitute any such conditions at any time.	20
(5)		conditi thinks	ons referred to in <b>subsection (4)</b> may be any conditions that the s fit.	
4 <del>61</del> 7	Q Ca	ncella	tion or suspension of recognition or approval	
(1)	A-CF	RD assu	urance body may,—	
	<del>(a)</del>	for th	cordance with its rules, cancel or suspend its recognition of a person ne purposes of <b>section 461ZE(1)(d)</b> if the body considers that the ends for cancellation or suspension specified in its rules are satisfied:	25
	<del>(b)</del>		el its recognition of a person for the purposes of section <b>EE(1)(d)</b> on the written request of the person.	
<del>(2)</del>	The l	FMA n	<del>nay </del>	30
	<del>(a)</del>	the F	el or suspend its approval of an entity as a CRD assurance body if MA considers that the entity does not satisfy, or no longer satisfies, equirements for approval specified in section 461ZP(1)(a) or preded for the purposes of section 461ZP(1)(b):	
	<del>(b)</del>	the F	el or suspend its approval of an entity as a CRD assurance body if MA considers that the entity has failed to comply with any condition and the continuous section 4617P(4):	35

	<del>(c)</del>	cancel its approval of an entity as a CRD assurance body on the written request of the CRD assurance body.	
(3)		responsion under <b>subsection (1)</b> is for the period that the CRD assurance of thinks fit or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the of the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the of the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements specified by the or until the person satisfies any requirements are also that the order or until the person satisfies and the order or until the order or until the person satisfies and the order or until the order or until the person satisfies and the order or until the ord	5
(4)		spension under <b>subsection (2)</b> is for the period that the FMA thinks fit atil the entity satisfies any requirements specified by the FMA.	
(5)	give re-re	CRD assurance body cancels the recognition of a person, the body may a written notice to the person stating that the person may not apply to be cognised before the expiry of a specified period (and that notice is binding ne person).	10
(6)	FM/appl	e FMA cancels the approval of an entity as a CRD assurance body, the A may give a written notice to the entity stating that the entity may not y to be re-approved before the expiry of a specified period (and that notice nding on the entity).	15
<del>4617</del>		fect of cancellation or suspension of approval on recognition of	
<del>(1)</del>		rance practitioners section (2) applies to a person—	
(1)	(a)	who is a member of an entity whose approval as a CRD assurance body is cancelled or suspended; and	20
	<del>(b)</del>	who, immediately before the cancellation or suspension, was acting or had been appointed to act as a qualified CRD assurance practitioner in relation to an assurance engagement under this Part; and	
	<del>(e)</del>	who is not recognised for the purposes of <b>section 461ZE(1)(d)</b> by any other approved CRD assurance body.	25
(2)	scrib	FMA may, in the prescribed circumstances and on application in the presed manner, authorise the person to act or to continue to act as a qualified assurance practitioner in relation to the assurance engagement.	
	Subj	part 7—Civil liability for certain contraventions of this Part	
4617	ZS Pa	rt 7A climate-related disclosure provisions	30
(1)		of the provisions specified in <b>subsections (3) and (4)</b> are <b>Part 7A</b> clie-related disclosure provisions.	
(2)	rise	ontravention of any of the provisions listed in <b>subsection (3)</b> may give to civil liability ( <i>see</i> subpart 3 of Part 8), including a pecuniary penalty not eding \$1 million in the case of an individual or \$5 million in any other.	35
(3)	For	the purposes of <b>subsection (2)</b> , the provisions are the following:	

	(a)	<b>section 461S</b> (climate reporting entities must keep proper CRD records):	
	(b)	<b>sections 461W to 461Z</b> (climate statements and group climate statements must be prepared):	
	<del>(e)</del>	<b>section 461ZD</b> (parts of climate statements must be subject to assurance engagement):	5
	(d)	section 461ZN (climate statements must be lodged).	
(4)	give alty 1	ntravention of <b>section 461U</b> (CRD records to be kept for 7 years) may rise to civil liability ( <i>see</i> subpart 3 of Part 8), including a pecuniary pennot exceeding \$200,000 in the case of an individual or \$600,000 in any case.	10
8	Secti	on 462 amended (When FMA may make stop orders)	
	In sec	ction 462(1)(ga), after "7", insert "or <b>7A</b> ".	
9	Secti	on 468 amended (When FMA may make direction orders)	
		section 468(1)(f), insert:	15
	(fa)	a Part 7A climate-related disclosure provision:	
10		on 470 amended (FMA may order that simplified disclosure PDS may be used)	
	After	section 470(1)(b), insert:	
	(ba)	any provision under Part 7A:	20
11		on 474 amended (FMA may order that exclusion for offers of ucts of same class as quoted products does not apply)	
	After	section 474(1)(b), insert:	
	(ba)	any provision under Part 7A:	
12			
	Secti	on 485 amended (What are civil liability provisions)	25
		on 485 amended (What are civil liability provisions) section 485(g), insert:	25
		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	25
<u>12A</u>	After (ga)	section 485(g), insert:	25
<u>12A</u>	After (ga)  Secti	section 485(g), insert:  a <b>Part 7A</b> climate-related disclosure provision:	25
12A 13	After (ga)  Section  In section	a Part 7A climate-related disclosure provision:  on 489 amended (When court may make pecuniary penalty orders)  etion 489(3)(b), replace "or 461C" with ", 461C, or 461ZBA".  on 490 amended (Maximum amount of pecuniary penalty)	25 30
	After (ga)  Section In section After	a Part 7A climate-related disclosure provision:  on 489 amended (When court may make pecuniary penalty orders)  etion 489(3)(b), replace "or 461C" with ", 461C, or 461ZBA".  on 490 amended (Maximum amount of pecuniary penalty)  e section 490(2)(f), insert:	
	After (ga)  Section  In section	a Part 7A climate-related disclosure provision:  on 489 amended (When court may make pecuniary penalty orders)  etion 489(3)(b), replace "or 461C" with ", 461C, or 461ZBA".  on 490 amended (Maximum amount of pecuniary penalty)	

for directors who are treated as contravening)

Section 501 amended (Additional disclosure or financial reporting defence

(1)	In the heading to section 501, after "reporting", insert "or climate-related disclosure".	
(2)	In section 501(1)(a), replace "and 461H" with "461H, <b>461W to 461Z</b> , <b>461ZD</b> , and <b>461ZN</b> ".	5
15	Section 534 amended (Directors treated as having contravened in case of defective disclosure or financial reporting contravention)	
(1)	In the heading to section 534, replace "or financial reporting contravention" with ", financial reporting contravention, or climate-related disclosure contravention".	10
(2)	After section 534(1)(ca), insert:	
	(cb) a climate reporting entity has contravened any of <b>sections 461W to 461Z</b> , <b>461ZD</b> , and <b>461ZN</b> (climate-related disclosure obligations); or	
(3)	In section 534(3),—	15
	(a) after "FMC reporting entity,", insert "climate reporting entity,"; and	
	(b) after "(ca),", insert "(cb),".	
(4)	In section 534(5), after "FMC reporting entity,", insert "climate reporting entity,".	
16	New section 546A inserted (Regulations for purposes of Part 7A (climate-related disclosures))	20
	After section 546, insert:	
546A	Regulations for purposes of Part 7A (climate-related disclosures)	
(1)	The Governor-General may, by Order in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister in accordance with section 549, make regulations for either or both of the following purposes:	25
	(a) prescribing further requirements for the purposes of section 461ZP(1)(b):	
	(b) prescribing circumstances for the purposes of section 461ZR(2).	
(2)	Regulations made under this section are secondary legislation (see Part 3 of the Legislation Act 2019 for publication requirements).	30
17	Section 554 amended (Regulations or exemptions may require compliance with generally accepted accounting practice, standards, or FMA frameworks or methodologies)	
<u>(1AA</u>	A) In the heading to section 554, replace "or FMA frameworks or method-	35
	ologies" with ", frameworks, or FMA methodologies".	
(1)	After section 554(1)(b), insert:	

	(baaa) the climate-related disclosure framework, either generally or in speci-			
	fied circumstances:			
	(ba) a climate standard:			
(2)	In section 554(2), after "a financial reporting standard,", insert "the climate-related disclosure framework, a climate standard,".			
(3)	In section 554(3), insert in its appropriate alphabetical order:			
	<b>climate standard</b> has the same meaning as in section 5(1) of the Financia Reporting Act 2013	Ĺ		
18	Section 556 amended (FMA may grant exemptions)			
	In section 556(1)(a), replace "7" with " <b>7A</b> ".	10		
19	Section 561A amended (Financial reporting exemptions)			
(1)	Replace the heading to section 561A with "Financial reporting and climate-related disclosure exemptions".			
(2)	After section 561A(1), insert:			
(1A)	An exemption granted under this subpart in relation to any provision of <b>Part 7A</b> may, if the FMA thinks fit, apply to an accounting period that commenced before the exemption is granted (including an accounting period that ended before the exemption is granted) if the exemption is granted before the climate statements or group climate statements for that period are required to be lodged under that Part.			
(3)	In section 561A(2), after "7", insert "or <b>7A</b> ".			
20	Schedule 4 amended			
(1)	In Schedule 4, clause 1(1), insert as the last paragraph:			
	(g) <b>Part 7</b> provides for transitional provisions relating to <b>Part 1</b> of the Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Act <b>2021</b> .			
(2)	In Schedule 4,—			
	(a) insert the Part set out in <b>Schedule 1</b> of this Act as the last Part; and			
	(b) make all necessary consequential amendments.			
	Part 1A	30		
Am	nendments to Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 to come into force by third anniversary of Royal assent			
<u>20A</u>	Section 6 amended (Interpretation)			

In section 6(1), insert in its appropriate alphabetical order:

assurance practitioner, in Part 7A	, means a p	person who	is appointed	to carry
out an assurance engagement under t			**	·

<b>20B</b>	Section 461N amended	(Overview)	

After section	461N(1	)(	b)	, insert:
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(ba) to the extent that those statements are required to disclose greenhouse gas emissions, obtain an assurance engagement in relation to those statements; and

20C Section 461S amended (Climate reporting entities must keep proper CRD records)

Replace section 461S(1) and (2) with:

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- (1) Every climate reporting entity under **section 4610(1)** must ensure that there are kept at all times records that will enable—
  - (a) the climate reporting entity to ensure that the climate statements of the climate reporting entity comply with the climate-related disclosure framework; and
  - (b) the assurance engagement required by **section 461ZD** to be readily and properly carried out.
- (2) Every manager that is a climate reporting entity in respect of a registered scheme must ensure that there are kept at all times records that will enable—
  - (a) the manager to ensure that the climate statements relating to the registered scheme comply with the climate-related disclosure framework; and
  - (b) the assurance engagement required by **section 461ZD** to be readily and properly carried out.

### **Section 461ZD** replaced (No requirement for assurance of climate statements on commencement of Part)

Replace section 461ZD with:

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### 461ZD Assurance engagement required for parts of climate statements relating to greenhouse gas emissions

- (1) Every climate reporting entity must ensure that the climate statements or group climate statements that are required to be prepared under any of **sections**461W to 461Z are, to the extent that those statements are required to disclose greenhouse gas emissions, the subject of an assurance engagement.
- (2) None of the following persons may carry out the assurance engagement:
  - (a) a director, an officer, or an employee of the climate reporting entity:
  - (b) a person who is in partnership with, or in the employment of, a person specified in **paragraph** (a):

(c)

<u>(d)</u>

climate reporting entity:

climate reporting entity.

a liquidator or a person who is a receiver in respect of the property of the

a person who, by virtue of **paragraphs (a) to (c)**, may not carry out an assurance engagement under this Part for a related body corporate of the

(3)	Audi is the	e case of a climate reporting entity that is a public entity under the Public t Act 2001, the only person who may carry out the assurance engagement a Auditor-General or any other person who may act as the CRD assurance itioner under that Act in respect of the assurance engagement.	
461Z		ssurance engagement must be carried out in accordance with ting and assurance standards	10
	An a	ssurance practitioner must, in carrying out an assurance engagement under Part, comply with all applicable auditing and assurance standards.	
461 <b>Z</b>	DB A	ssurance practitioner's report	
(1)	stater comp ards.	assurance practitioner's report on the climate statements or group climate ments prepared by an entity under any of <b>sections 461W to 461Z</b> must bly with the requirements of all applicable auditing and assurance stand-	
(2)	have days	assurance practitioner's report indicates that the requirements of this Part not been complied with, the assurance practitioner must, within 7 working after signing the report, send a copy of the report, and a copy of the clistatements or group climate statements to which it relates, to—	
	<u>(a)</u>	the FMA; and	
	<u>(b)</u>	the External Reporting Board; and	
	<u>(c)</u>	in the case of a climate reporting entity that is an issuer of debt securities or a manager of a registered scheme, the supervisor.	25
(3)		ssurance practitioner who contravenes <b>subsection (1) or (2)</b> commits an ce and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50,000.	
461 <b>Z</b>	DC A	assurance engagement may cover other parts of climate statements	
(1)		e, or other parts, of the climate statements or group climate statements.	30
(2)	If an ment	assurance engagement does cover the whole, or other parts, of the state- s,—	
	<u>(a)</u>	the assurance practitioner's report must separately identify the matters that are required to be the subject of the assurance engagement under section 461ZD; and	
	<u>(b)</u>	this subpart applies, with any necessary modifications, in relation to the whole of the assurance engagement.	
		33	

(3)	In this section, other parts, in relation to climate statements or group climate					
	statements, means any part or parts of those statements that are not required by section 461ZD to be the subject of the assurance engagement.					
	sec	tion 4612D to be the subject of the assurance engagement.				
		Assurance practitioner access to information				
4617	ZDD C	Climate reporting entity must give assurance practitioner access to	5			
	info	<u>rmation</u>				
(1)		y climate reporting entity must ensure that an assurance practitioner inted for an assurance engagement under this Part has access, at all times,				
	<u>(a)</u>	the CRD records of the climate reporting entity or scheme; and	10			
	<u>(b)</u>	any other documents of the climate reporting entity or scheme that are relevant to the assurance engagement.				
(2)		climate reporting entity contravenes <b>subsection (1)</b> , every director of the y commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding 000.	15			
<u>(3)</u>		ny proceeding against a director for a contravention of <b>subsection (1)</b> , it defence if the director proves that—				
	<u>(a)</u>	the climate reporting entity took all reasonable steps to ensure that subsection would be complied with; or				
	<u>(b)</u>	the director took all reasonable steps to ensure that the climate reporting entity complied with that subsection; or	20			
	<u>(c)</u>	in the circumstances, the director could not reasonably have been expected to take steps to ensure that the climate reporting entity complied with that subsection.				
	Comp	are: 2013 No 101 s 38	25			
4617	ZDE A	Assurance practitioner may require information and explanations				
	<u>fron</u>	director or employee				
(1)	Part ing	assurance practitioner appointed for an assurance engagement under this is entitled to require from a director or an employee of the climate reportentity the information and explanations that the assurance practitioner as necessary for the performance of their duties as assurance practitioner.	30			
(2)	infor	rector or an employee who fails to comply with a requirement to provide mation or an explanation under <b>subsection (1)</b> commits an offence and ble on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50,000.				
(3)	men	ny proceeding against an employee for failing to comply with a require- t to provide information or an explanation under <b>subsection (1)</b> , it is a nice if the employee proves that—	35			
	<u>(a)</u>	the employee did not have the information required in their possession or under their control; or				

	(b)	by reason of the position occupied by the employee or the duties assigned to them, they were unable to give the explanations required.	
<u>20E</u>		ion 461ZN amended (Lodgement of climate statements)	
	Repla	ace section 461ZN(1) and (2) with:	5
(1)	group that,	climate reporting entity that is required to prepare climate statements or climate statements under any of <b>sections 461W to 461Y</b> must ensure within 4 months after the balance date of the entity, copies of the followed elivered to the Registrar for lodgement:  the climate statements or group climate statements that are required to be prepared; and	10
	<u>(b)</u>	the assurance practitioner's report on those statements.	
(2)	Every scher	manager that is a climate reporting entity in respect of a registered ne must ensure that, within 4 months after the balance date of the scheme, s of the following are delivered to the Registrar for lodgement:  the climate statements that are required to be prepared under section	15
	<u>(u)</u>	461Z; and	
	<u>(b)</u>	the assurance practitioner's report on those statements.	
<u>20F</u>	<u>clima</u>	ion 461ZO amended (Information about climate statements of atterporting entities to be made available in annual report) ace section 461ZO(1)(b) with:	20
	(b)	either—	
	(0)	(i) a copy of the climate statements or group climate statements prepared by the entity under any of sections 461W to 461Y, together with a copy of the assurance practitioner's report on those statements; or	25
		(ii) the address of (or a link to) the Internet site where a copy of those statements, together with the assurance practitioner's report on those statements, can be accessed.	
<u>20G</u>	<u>Secti</u>	on 461ZS amended (Part 7A climate-related disclosure provisions)	30
	After	section 461ZS(3)(b), insert:	
	<u>(ba)</u>	<b>section 461ZD</b> (parts of climate statements must be subject to assurance engagement):	
<u>20H</u>	<u>for d</u>	on 501 amended (Additional disclosure or financial reporting defence irectors who are treated as contravening)	35
	In sec	etion 501(1)(a), after " <b>461Z</b> ,", insert " <b>461ZD</b> ,".	

<u> 20I</u>	Section 534 amended (Directors treated as having contravened in case of defective disclosure or financial reporting contravention)					
	<u>In se</u>	ection 534(1)(cb), after "461Z", insert ", 461ZD,".				
<u> 20J</u>	<b>Sche</b>	dule 4 amended				
<u>(1)</u>	In Sc	hedule 4, clause 1(1), insert as the last paragraph:	5			
	<u>(h)</u>	Part 8 provides for transitional provisions relating to Part 1A of the Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Act 2021.				
(2)		chedule 4, clause 1(1), in the last paragraph (as inserted by <b>subsection</b> make any necessary consequential amendment.	10			
<u>(3)</u>	In Sc	hedule 4,—				
	<u>(a)</u>	insert the Part set out in <b>Schedule 1A</b> of this Act as the last Part; and				
	<u>(b)</u>	make all necessary consequential amendments.				
		Part 2				
		<b>Amendments to Financial Reporting Act 2013</b>	15			
21	Princ	cipal Act				
	This	Part amends the Financial Reporting Act 2013.				
22	Secti	on 3 amended (Purpose)				
(1)	In seards,	ction 3(b), after "financial reporting standards", insert ", climate stand-	20			
(2)	After	section 3(c), insert:				
	(d)	provide for standard provisions relating to climate-related disclosure duties under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.				
23	Secti	on 4 amended (Overview of financial reporting duties)				
(1)	In the	e heading to section 4, after "reporting", insert "and other".	25			
(2)	After	section 4(2), insert:				
(2A)	dutie <del>clima</del>	Act also provides for various matters relating to climate-related disclosure is under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013, including—defining the statements and group climate statements and providing for the Board to are and issue climate standards.	30			
	<u>(a)</u>	defining key concepts (for example, climate-related disclosure framework, climate statements, and group climate statements); and				
	<u>(b)</u>	providing for the Board to prepare and issue climate standards.				
(3)		ction 4(3), after "duties", insert ", and of this Act in relation to climated disclosure duties".	35			

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24	Section 5	5 amended (	(Interpretation)

(1) In section 5(1), replace the definition of applicable auditing and assurance standard with:

**applicable auditing and assurance standard**, in relation to an audit or an assurance engagement, means an auditing and assurance standard that applies to the audit or the assurance engagement in accordance with the standard

(2) In section 5(1), insert in their appropriate alphabetical order:

**applicable climate standard**, in relation to a reporting entity and to an accounting period or an interim accounting period of a reporting entity, means a climate standard that applies to the reporting entity and to the accounting period or the interim accounting period in accordance with the climate standard

climate-related disclosure framework has the meaning set out in section 9AA

**climate reporting entity** has the same meaning as in **section 4610** of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013

**climate standard** means a climate standard issued by the Board under section 12; and includes an amendment to a climate standard that is issued by the Board

**climate statements**, in relation to a reporting entity and a balance date, means the climate-related disclosures for the entity as at the balance date, or in relation to the accounting period ending at the balance date, that are required to be prepared in respect of the entity by an applicable climate standard

CRD assurance body has the same meaning as in section 6(1) of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013

**group climate statements**, in relation to a group and a balance date, means the climate-related disclosures for the group as at the balance date, or in relation to the accounting period ending at the balance date, that are required to be prepared in respect of the group by an applicable climate standard

(3) In section 5(1), replace the definition of **reporting entity** with:

### reporting entity—

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- (a) means an entity whose financial statements, group financial statements, reports, or other information is required by any enactment to comply, or be prepared in accordance, with generally accepted accounting practice or non-GAAP standards; or
- (b) means an entity whose climate statements, group climate statements, reports, or other information is required by any enactment to comply, or be prepared in accordance, with the climate-related disclosure framework-applicable climate standards
- (4) In section 5(1), definition of **standard**, after paragraph (a), insert:
  - (aa) a climate standard; or

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### 24A New section 9AA inserted (Meaning of climate-related disclosure framework)

After section 9, insert:

#### 9AA Meaning of climate-related disclosure framework

In this Act, climate statements, group climate statements, a report, or other information complies with the climate-related disclosure framework only if the statements, report, or other information complies with—

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- (a) applicable climate standards; and
- (b) in relation to matters for which no provision is made in applicable climate standards, an authoritative notice.

25 Section 12 amended (Functions of Board)

- (1) After section 12(a), insert:
  - (aa) to prepare and, if it thinks fit, issue climate standards for the purposes of any enactment that requires climate statements or group climate statements, or a statement, report, or other information to comply, or be prepared in accordance, with the climate-related disclosure framework-elimate standards:
- (2) Replace section 12(b)(ii) with:
  - the purposes of any rules or codes of ethics of an association of accountants, or of a CRD assurance body, where those rules or codes require the members of the association, or the members of the body, to comply with those standards; or
- (2) Replace section 12(c) with:
  - (c) to prepare and, if it thinks fit, issue authoritative notices for the purposes of—
    - (i) the definition of generally accepted accounting practice; or
    - (ii) the definition of climate-related disclosure framework:
- 26 Section 14 amended (Membership of Board)

In section 14(2), replace "or law" with "law, or sustainable development".

27 Subpart 2 heading in Part 2 replaced

In Part 2, replace the subpart 2 heading with:

Subpart 2—Standards

#### 28 New sections 19A to 19D-19C and cross-heading inserted

After section 19, insert:

19A	Guidance for purposes of non-financial reporting			
(1)	The Board may issue non-binding guidance that relates to non-financial reporting on 1 or more of the matters in section 17(2)(a)(i) to (iv).			
(2)	The purpose of the guidance is to facilitate best practice reporting on those matters.			
(3)	The guidance—			
	(a)	must not be inconsistent with any financial reporting standard or authoritative notice; and		
	(b)	must state that it is non-binding.		
(4)	Subs	section (1)—	10	
	(a)	applies regardless of whether an Order in Council is made under section 17(2):		
	(b)	does not limit the general powers of the Board.		
		Climate standards		
19B	Purp	ose of climate standards and climate-related disclosures	15	
The purpose of climate standards is to provide for, or promote, climate-related disclosures, in order to—				
	(a)	encourage entities to routinely consider the short-, medium-, and long-term risks and opportunities that climate change presents for the activities of the entity or the entity's group; and	20	
	(b)	enable entities to show how they are considering those risks and opportunities; and		
	(c)	enable investors and other stakeholders to assess the merits of how entities are considering those risks and opportunities.		
19C	C Climate standards		25	
(1)	Clima	ate standards may—		
. ,		have general or specific application:		
	(b)	differ according to differences in time or circumstance.		
(2)	A climate standard may be expressed to apply to all reporting entities or groups		30	
(3)	A climate standard may specify the accounting periods or interim accounting periods in relation to which the standard applies.			
<del>19D</del>	Requirements if climate standards require or permit information to be excluded from analysis if immaterial			
<del>(1)</del>		section applies if a climate standard requires or permits an entity, in pre-	35	
(1)	paring climate statements or group climate statements, to exclude information			

	stanc	an analysis relating to a particular climate-related disclosure in circumes where the entity, in accordance with the standard, reasonably deters that the information is immaterial to the analysis.				
(2)	The climate standard must require the entity to include in the climate statements or group climate statements, in accordance with the standard,					
	<del>(a)</del>	a description of the kind of information that has been excluded from the analysis; and				
	<del>(b)</del>	an explanation of why the entity has determined that information is immaterial to the analysis.				
<del>(3)</del>	This	section does not limit section 19B or 19C.	10			
29	9 Section 27 amended (When standards and authoritative notices take effect)					
	In se	ction 27(2)(a), replace "accounting," with "climate-related,".				
30	Secti	on 44 amended (Purpose)				
	Repe	al section 44(b).	15			
31	New	subpart 6 heading in Part 2 inserted				
In Part 2, after section 47, insert:						
		Subpart 6—Monetary amounts adjusted for inflation				
32	Section 48 amended (Minister must regularly review amounts to take into account inflation)					
(1)	In section 48(1)(a), replace "and section 64(2) of the Friendly Societies and Credit Unions Act 1982" with "section 64(2) of the Friendly Societies and Credit Unions Act 1982, and <b>sections 461P and 461Q</b> of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013".					
(2)	In se	ction 48(3), replace "8" with "6".	25			
33	Secti	on 49 amended (Order may amend amounts)				
	After	section 49(h), insert:				
	(i)	amending the amounts specified in <b>sections 461P and 461Q</b> of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013:				
	(j)	amending the amounts in the example in <b>section 461Q</b> of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.	30			
34	Secti	Section 51 amended (Levies)				
	After	section 51(3)(f), insert:				
	(fa)	climate reporting entities; and				
	(fb)	CRD assurance bodies; and	35			

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(1) In the Schedule, replace the cross-heading above clause 1 with:

### Part 1 Provisions relating to Financial Reporting Amendment Act 2014

(2) In the Schedule,—

- 5
- (a) insert the Part set out in **Schedule 2** of this Act as the last Part; and
- (b) make all necessary consequential amendments.

## Part 3 Amendments to other Acts

Subpart 1—Public Audit Act 2001

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### 36 Principal Act

This subpart amends the Public Audit Act 2001.

- 37 Section 4 amended (Interpretation)
- (1) In section 4, insert in their appropriate alphabetical order:

**appointed CRD assurance practitioner** means a person appointed under **section 34A** to carry out 1 or more assurance engagements under **section 15B climate reporting entity** has the same meaning as in **section 4610** of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013

(2) In section 4, definition of **Auditor-General**, after "appointed auditor", insert "or appointed CRD assurance practitioner".

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## New section 15B inserted (CRD assurance practitioner for public entities) After section 15A, insert:

#### 15B CRD assurance practitioner for public entities

- (1) The Auditor-General is, and must from time to time act as, the CRD assurance practitioner for an assurance engagement required for the purposes of **Part 7A** of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 by a climate reporting entity that is a public entity.
- (2) In carrying out an assurance engagement under **subsection (1)**, the Auditor-General must (at a minimum) comply with the auditing and assurance standards that apply to the assurance engagement.
- 39 New section 34A inserted (Appointment of CRD assurance practitioners)
  After section 34, insert:

	34A	34A	<b>Appointment</b>	of CRD	assurance	practitione	rs
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- (1) The Auditor-General may from time to time appoint any of the following persons or bodies to act as a CRD assurance practitioner and to carry out, under section 15B, 1 or more assurance engagements required for the purposes of Part 7A of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 by a climate reporting entity that is a public entity, on the Auditor-General's behalf:
  - (a) an employee of the Auditor-General:
  - (b) a person qualified to be a CRD assurance practitioner under **section 461ZE(1)** and **(3)** who, under section **461ZD(2)** of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013, may carry out the assurance engagement.÷

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- (c) a partnership eligible to be appointed under section 461ZF(1) of that Act.
- (2) If a partnership is appointed under subsection (1)(c) for an assurance engagement,—
  - (a) the appointment of the partnership is to be treated as an appointment of all the persons who are partners in the firm from time to time; and
  - (b) the persons who are not qualified to be appointed as CRD assurance practitioners under **section 461ZE(1) and (3)** of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 must not act as CRD assurance practitioners for the assurance engagement.
- (3) An appointment must be in writing and may be made subject to any restrictions and conditions that the Auditor-General thinks fit.
- (4) The Auditor-General may authorise an appointed CRD assurance practitioner to exercise such of the powers listed in section 34 in relation to the public entity concerned as the Auditor-General specifies in the appointment.

#### 40 Section 35 amended (Delegation of powers)

After section 35(2)(a), insert:

(aa) the power of appointment of CRD assurance practitioners under **section 34A**; or

### 41 Section 41 amended (Protection from liability)

In section 41(1)(c), replace "or not" with "or an appointed CRD assurance practitioner or neither".

### 42 Section 42 amended (Audit fees)

- (1) In section 42(1), after "15,", insert "**15B**,".
- (2) In section 42(3), after "auditor", insert "or an appointed CRD assurance practitioner".
- (3) Replace section 42(4) with:

### Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Bill

Part 3 cl 43

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(4) The public entity must pay any fees to the Auditor-General, or to the appointed auditor or the appointed CRD assurance practitioner, on the completion of the whole or any part of the audit or assurance engagement when requested in writing to do so.

### Subpart 2—Related and consequential amendments

Related and consequential amendments

43

- (1) Amend the Act specified in **Part 1 of Schedule 3** as set out in that schedule.
- (2) Amend the Acts specified in **Part 2 of Schedule 3** as set out in that schedule.

# Schedule 1 New Part 7 inserted into Schedule 4 of Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013

s 20(2)

Pı	Part 7 rovisions relating to <u>Part 1 of Financial Sector</u> (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Act <b>2021</b>	5
91	Definitions of <u>large listed issuer</u> , <u>large</u> , and large manager may take into account accounting periods that commence before commencement of clause	10
	In <b>sections</b> 4610A(1), 461P, and 461Q, a reference to preceding accounting periods may include an accounting period regardless of whether the accounting period commenced before, on, or after the commencement of this clause.	
92	Climate-related disclosures for climate reporting entities under <b>section 4610(1)</b>	15
(1)	The following provisions of this Act apply to a climate reporting entity under <b>section 4610(1)</b> in respect of accounting periods of the entity that commence on or after the date on which the External Reporting Board issues the first climate standard that applies to the entity:	20
	(a) subpart 2 of Part 7A (which relates to CRD records):	
	(b) <b>subpart 3 of Part 7A</b> (which relates to preparation of climate statements):	
	(c) <b>subpart 5 of Part 7A</b> (which relates to lodgement of climate statements).	25
(2)	The provisions listed in <b>subclause (1)</b> do not apply to a climate reporting entity under <b>section 4610(1)</b> in respect of accounting periods of the entity that commence before the date on which the External Reporting Board issues the first climate standard that applies to the entity.	
93	Climate-related disclosures relating to registered schemes	30
(1)	The following provisions of this Act apply to a climate reporting entity under <b>section 4610(2)</b> in respect of accounting periods of a registered scheme that commence on or after the date on which the External Reporting Board issues the first climate standard that applies to the scheme:	
	(a) subpart 2 of Part 7A (which relates to CRD records):	35
	(b) <b>subpart 3 of Part 7A</b> (which relates to preparation of climate statements):	

(c)

subpart 5 of Part 7A (which relates to lodgement of climate state-

	ments).			
The provisions listed in <b>subclause (1)</b> do not apply to a climate reporting entity under <b>section 4610(2)</b> in respect of accounting periods of a registered scheme that commence before the date on which the External Reporting Board issues the first climate standard that applies to the scheme.				
Assurance engagement obligations relating to climate statements and exceptions do not apply until earlier of date set by Order in Council and 2 years after Royal assent				
follo	wing dates (and that date has effect despite the commencement of those	10		
<del>(a)</del>	a single date set by Order in Council made under this clause; and			
<del>(b)</del>	the date that is the second anniversary of the date on which the Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Act <b>2021</b> receives the Royal assent.	15		
The	provisions are—			
<del>(a)</del>	section 461ZB(1)(a) and (c)(ii) (which relates to assurance engagement matters as conditions of exceptions):			
<del>(b)</del>	<b>section 461ZD</b> (which relates to assurance engagements required for parts of climate statements relating to greenhouse gas emissions):	20		
<del>(e)</del>	<b>section 461ZN(1)(b) and (2)(b)</b> (which relates to delivering a copy of the assurance practitioner's report to the Registrar for lodgement):			
<del>(d)</del>	section 4612O(1)(b)(ii) and (2)(b) (which relates to including in the annual report the address of, or a link to, the Internet site where the assurance practitioner's report can be accessed).	25		
The Governor-General may, by Order in Council, set a single date for the purposes of this clause.				
An Order in Council made under this clause is secondary legislation (see Part 3 of the Legislation Act 2019 for publication requirements).				
Application of assurance engagement obligations to accounting periods				
entit	y under section 4610(1) in relation to the following accounting periods			
<del>(a)</del>	an accounting period that commenced before, but ends on or after, the effective date of those obligations:	35		
<del>(b)</del>	accounting periods that commence on or after the effective date of those obligations.			
	entity sche issue Assue excee year The follo prov (a) (b)  The (a) (b)  The pose An (a) of the entity of the (a)	The provisions listed in subclause (1) do not apply to a climate reporting entity under section 4610(2) in respect of accounting periods of a registered scheme that commence before the date on which the External Reporting Board issues the first climate standard that applies to the scheme.  Assurance engagement obligations relating to climate statements and exceptions do not apply until earlier of date set by Order in Council and 2 years after Royal assent  The provisions listed in subclause (2) apply on and from the earlier of the following dates (and that date has effect despite the commencement of those provisions):  (a) a single date set by Order in Council made under this clause; and  (b) the date that is the second anniversary of the date on which the Financial Sector (Climate related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Act 2021 receives the Royal assent.  The provisions are—  (a) section 461ZB(1)(a) and (c)(ii) (which relates to assurance engagement matters as conditions of exceptions):  (b) section 461ZD (which relates to assurance engagements required for parts of climate statements relating to greenhouse gas emissions):  (c) section 461ZN(1)(b) and (2)(b) (which relates to delivering a copy of the assurance practitioner's report to the Registrar for lodgement):  (d) section 461ZO(1)(b)(iii) and (2)(b) (which relates to including in the annual report the address of, or a link to, the Internet site where the assurance practitioner's report can be accessed).  The Governor General may, by Order in Council, set a single date for the purposes of this clause:  An Order in Council made under this clause is secondary legislation (see Part 3 of the Legislation Act 2019 for publication requirements).  Application of assurance engagement obligations to accounting periods  The Part 7A assurance engagement obligations apply to a climate reporting entity under section 4610(1) in relation to the following accounting periods of the entity:  (a) an accounting period that commenced before, but ends on or after, the		

- (2) The Part 7A assurance engagement obligations apply to a climate reporting entity under section 4610(2) in relation to the following accounting periods of a registered scheme:
  - (a) an accounting period that commenced before, but ends on or after, the effective date of those obligations:

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- (b) accounting periods that commence on or after the effective date of those obligations.
- (3) In this clause,—

effective date, in relation to the Part 7A assurance engagement obligations, means the date on and from which, by virtue of clause 94(1), those obligations apply

Part 7A assurance engagement obligations means the provisions listed in clause 94(2).

### **Schedule 1A**

## New Part 8 inserted into Schedule 4 of Financial Markets Conduct <u>Act 2013</u>

s 20J(3)

		<u>rari o</u>	3
<u>Pr</u>	<u>ovisio</u>	ons relating to Part 1A of Financial Sector (Climate-related	
	<u>D</u>	isclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Act 2021	
<u>4</u>	Inte	rpretation in this Part	
	In th	is Part,—	
	Fina	mencement date means the commencement date of section 20D of the notial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment 2021	10
	amei	in relation to a section of this Act, means the section as replaced or nded by a provision of <b>Part 1A</b> of the Financial Sector (Climate-related losures and Other Matters) Amendment Act <b>2021</b>	15
	<u>Part</u>	7A assurance engagement obligations means—	
	<u>(a)</u>	new <b>section 461ZD</b> (which relates to assurance engagements required for parts of climate statements relating to greenhouse gas emissions); and	
	<u>(b)</u>	new section 461ZN (which relates to lodgement); and	20
	<u>(c)</u>	except in clause 95(2), new section 461ZO (which relates to annual reports).	
<u>5</u>	App perio	lication of Part 7A assurance engagement obligations to accounting ods	
<u>1)</u>	entit	Part 7A assurance engagement obligations apply to a climate reporting y under section 4610(1) in relation to the following accounting periods e climate reporting entity:	25
	<u>(a)</u>	an accounting period that commenced before, but ends on or after, the commencement date:	
	<u>(b)</u>	accounting periods that commence on or after the commencement date.	30
2)	tered	<b>Part 7A</b> assurance engagement obligations apply to a manager of a registischeme that is a climate reporting entity in respect of the scheme in relate to the following accounting periods of the scheme:	
	<u>(a)</u>	an accounting period that commenced before, but ends on or after, the commencement date:	35
	<u>(b)</u>	accounting periods that commence on or after the commencement date.	

### Schedule 2

### New Part 2 inserted into Schedule of Financial Reporting Act 2013

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## Provisions relating to Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Act **2021**

4 Interpretation

In this Part, **2021 Amendment Act** means the Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Act **2021**.

5 Guidance may apply to accounting periods that commence before **section**19A commences

Guidance issued by the Board in accordance with **section 19A** (as inserted by **section 28** of the **2021** Amendment Act) may apply in relation to—

- (a) accounting periods that commence before, but end on or after, the commencement of **section 19A**:
- (b) accounting periods that commence on or after the commencement of **section 19A**.
- 6 Standards Climate standards and authoritative notices may apply to accounting periods that commence before clause commences
- (1) Standards Climate standards issued by the Board in accordance with this Act as amended by **Part 2** of the **2021** Amendment Act may apply in relation to—
  - (a) accounting periods that commence before, but end on or after, the commencement of this clause:
  - (b) accounting periods that commence on or after the commencement of this clause.
- (2) Authoritative notices issued by the Board for the purposes in **section 12(c)(ii)** may apply in relation to—
  - (a) accounting periods that commence before, but end on or after, the commencement of this clause:
  - (b) accounting periods that commence on or after the commencement of this clause.
- 7 Transitional provisions relating to review of monetary amounts in sections 461P and 461Q of Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013
- (1) **Subclause (2)** applies if **section 32(1)** of the **2021** Amendment Act (which amends section 48(1)(a) of this Act) comes into force before 1 April 2022.

- (2) The monetary amounts in **sections 461P and 461Q** of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 do not need to form part of the first review under section 48(2) of this Act.
- (3) Subclause (4) applies—
  - (a) if the monetary amounts in **sections 461P and 461Q** of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 do not form part of the first review under section 48(2) of this Act:
  - (b) despite the date on which **section 33** of the **2021** Amendment Act (which amends section 49 of this Act) comes into force.
- (4) The Minister's recommendation (if any) under section 48(1)(b), after conducting the first review, must not include a recommendation for the purposes of section 49(i) or (j).

## Schedule 3 Related and consequential amendments

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### Part 1

### Consequential amendment to come into force on day after Royal assent

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### Climate Change Response Act 2002 (2002 No 40)

In section 4(1), replace the definition of **entity** with:

entity, in relation to a group, means—

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- (a) a reporting entity within the meaning of **paragraph (a)** of the definition of that term in section 5 of the Financial Reporting Act 2013; or
- (b) a subsidiary (within the meaning of section 5 of the Financial Reporting Act 2013) of a reporting entity referred to in **paragraph** (a)

#### Part 2

## Amendments to come into force on earlier of date set by Order in Council and by first anniversary of Royal assent

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#### **Companies Act 1993 (1993 No 105)**

After section 211(1)(c), insert:

if the company is required to prepare climate statements or group climate statements under **section 461W** or **461X** of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 for the accounting period, include the matters required by **section 461ZO(1)** of that Act; and

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#### Financial Markets Authority Act 2011 (2011 No 5)

In section 4, definition of **financial markets participant**, after paragraph (b)(iv), insert:

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(v) a climate reporting entity (within the meaning of **section 4610** of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013); and

### Insurance (Prudential Supervision) Act 2010 (2010 No 111)

In section 238(1)(b), replace "from being—" with "—".

Replace section 238(1)(b)(i) with:

- (i) from being—
  - (A) an FMC reporting entity (and, consequentially, a climate reporting entity) for the purposes of the Financial Markets

### Financial Sector (Climate-related Disclosures and Other Matters) Amendment Bill

Schedule 3

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### Insurance (Prudential Supervision) Act 2010 (2010 No 111)—continued

Conduct Act 2013 by virtue of section 451(1)(h) of that Act:; or

(B) a climate reporting entity for the purposes of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 by virtue of **section 4610(1)(c)** of that Act:

In section 238(1)(b)(ii), before "an issuer", insert "from being".

### Legislative history

12 April 2021	Introduction (Bill 30–1)
15 April 2021	First reading and referral to Economic Development, Science
	and Innovation Committee

Wellington, New Zealand: