Electoral (Māori Electoral Option) Legislation Bill

Government Bill

As reported from the committee of the whole House

Key to symbols used in reprinted bill

As reported from the committee of the whole House

text inserted text deleted

Hon Kiritapu Allan

Electoral (Māori Electoral Option) Legislation Bill

Government Bill

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The P	arliament of New Zealand enacts as follows:	
1	Title	
	This Act is the Electoral (Māori Electoral Option) Legislation Act 2022 .	
2	Commencement	
	This Act comes into force on 31 March 2023.	4
	Part 1	
	Amendments to Electoral Act 1993	
3	Principal Act	
	This Part amends the Electoral Act 1993.	
4	Section 3 amended (Interpretation)	1
(1)	In section 3(1), replace the definition of Maori electoral population with:	
	Māori electoral population means a figure representing both the person registered as electors of the Māori electoral districts and a proportion of Māori persons who are not registered as electors of any electoral district and a proportion of Māori persons under the age of 18 years, which figure must be fixed—	ri
	(a) by ascertaining a proportion determined by dividing—	
	(i) the total number of persons, on counting day, either—	
	(A) registered as electors of Māori electoral districts; or	

(B)

(ii)

named on the dormant rolls for Māori electoral districts; by

registered as electors of Māori electoral districts or General

the total number of Māori persons, on counting day, either—

	electoral districts; or	
	(B) named on the dormant rolls for Māori electoral districts or General electoral districts; and	5
	(b) by applying the proportion ascertained under paragraph (a) to the total number of ordinarily resident Māori persons on census day	
2)	In section 3(1), insert in their appropriate alphabetical order:	
	counting day has the meaning given in section 79(2)	10
	on census day has the meaning given in section 79(2)	
5	Section 35 amended (Division of New Zealand into General electoral districts)	
1)	Replace section 35(5) with:	
(5)	The Electoral Commission must supply the Government Statistician with the information required to be supplied under section 79(1) in accordance with that section.	15
2)	Replace section 35(6)(b) with:	
	(b) has been supplied by the Electoral Commission with the information required to be supplied under section 79(1) ,—	20
(3)	In section 35(6), replace "at the close of the last day of that period" with "on counting day".	
5	Sections 76 to 79 replaced	
	Replace sections 76 to 79 with:	
76	Māori option	25
(1)	A Māori who is eligible to be registered as an elector may choose to be registered as an elector of—	20
	(a) a Māori electoral district; or	
	(b) a General electoral district.	
(2)	The option under subsection (1) (the $M\bar{a}$ ori option) may be exercised by a person in accordance with section 77 .	30
77	Exercise of Māori option	
	Exercise of option by 17-year olds	
(1)	A Māori who is 17 years old may exercise the Māori option at the time they apply for registration as an elector under section 82(2).	35

		Electrical (Linux Electrical Option) Deglioution Eli-						
	Fron	cise of option when person applies for registration as elector						
(2)	A M	A Māori may exercise the Māori option at the time they apply for registration as an elector under section 83.						
	Exerc	cise of option by registered elector						
(3)		āori who is registered as an elector may, at any time, exercise the Māori n by advising the Electoral Commission,—	5					
	(a)	in the case of a person registered as an elector of a Māori electoral district, that they wish to be registered as an elector of a General electoral district:						
	(b)	in the case of a person registered as an elector of a General electoral district, that they wish to be registered as an elector of a Māori electoral district.	1					
78	Proc	ess for and effect of exercise of Māori option						
	How	option is exercised						
(1)	A person may exercise the Māori option by indicating their choice,—							
	(a)	in writing, by completing and signing a form that the Electoral Commission has approved and returning it to the Electoral Commission:						
	(b)	in an approved electronic medium, by providing the required information:						
	(c)	in an application for registration as an elector.	2					
	Rece	ipt of late or non-compliant form or application						
(1A)	If a form or an application described in subsection (1)(a) or (c) is received by the Electoral Commission by post after the start of any election period and it complies with the requirements in subsection (1B) , that form or application is to be treated as having been received before the start of the election period and the elector must, if the form or application is otherwise in order, be treated as having exercised the Māori option.							
<u>(1B)</u>	The 1	The requirements for a form or an application are the following:						
	<u>(a)</u>	it must be received no later than noon on the fourth day after the start of an election period; and	3					
	<u>(b)</u>	it must be postmarked or date-stamped before the start of an election period.						
<u>(1C)</u>		form or an application described in subsection (1)(a) or (c) is received the Electoral Commission by post before the start of any election period but						

that form or application does not comply with the requirements for signing and

dating, the Electoral Commission may treat the notice as being in accordance with those requirements if the non-compliance is remedied not later than 6 days

after the start of the election period.

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	Repr	resentatives may act on behalf of some persons							
(2)	2) A person who is outside New Zealand or who has a physical or mental impairment may exercise the Māori option through a representative and section 86 applies with any necessary modifications.								
	Effec	et of exercise of option	5						
(3)	The exercise of the Māori option (if not made in an application under section 83) is to be treated as an application for registration as an elector for the purposes of—								
	(a)	the definition of electoral roll in section 3(1); and							
	(b)	sections 89, 89A, 98, and 103.	10						
<u>(4)</u>	In th	is section, election period means—							
	<u>(a)</u>	a general election period (see section 78AA(4)); or							
	<u>(b)</u>	a local government election period (see section 78AB(4)); or							
	<u>(c)</u>	a by-election period (see section 78A(6)).							
78A	A Mā	ori option may not be exercised in general election period	15						
(1)	The following persons may not exercise the Māori option during a general election period:								
	<u>(a)</u>	a Māori who is registered as an elector of an electoral district:							
	<u>(b)</u>	a Māori who is named on a dormant roll and applies for registration as an elector of an electoral district.	20						
(2)	whic	void doubt, subsection (1) relates to changing the type of district in the person is entitled to vote only and does not otherwise affect any resection in this Act relating to the registration of electors.	void doubt, subsection (1) relates to changing the type of district in the person is entitled to vote only and does not otherwise affect any						
(3)		Electoral Commission must not give effect to either of the following dur- general election period:	25						
	<u>(a)</u>	any advice received under section 77(3) by a registered elector; or							
	(b)	if processing an application under section 83 by a Māori person named on a dormant roll, the choice made by the person when exercising the Māori option in that application if it would register them as an elector for a different type of district from that for which they were previously registered.	30						
<u>(4)</u>	In th	is section, general election period means any of the following periods:							
	<u>(a)</u>	the period that is 3 months before polling day for a general election, if at least 3 months' public notice is given of polling day (polling day A):							
	<u>(b)</u>	the period commencing on the day after the day on which public notice of polling day is given and ending on polling day, if less than 3 months' public notice is given of polling day (polling day B):	35						

	(c)	if during a period specified in paragraph (a) or (b) public notice is given that polling day A or polling day B is changed to a later date (polling day C), such part of the period specified in paragraph (a) or (b) (as relevant) that has elapsed up until the end of the day on which the public notice is given, and a further period specified in paragraph (a) or (b) (as relevant) in relation to polling day C.	5
<u>78AI</u>	<u> Māc</u>	ori option may not be exercised in local government election period	
(1)		following persons may not exercise the Māori option during a local governt election period:	
	<u>(a)</u>	a Māori who is registered as an elector of an electoral district:	10
	<u>(b)</u>	a Māori who is named on a dormant roll and applies for registration as an elector of an electoral district.	
(2)	whic	void doubt, subsection (1) relates to changing the type of district in the person is entitled to vote only and does not otherwise affect any section in this Act relating to the registration of electors.	15
(3)		Electoral Commission must not give effect to either of the following dur- local government election period:	
	<u>(a)</u>	any advice received under section 77(3) by a registered elector; or	
	<u>(b)</u>	if processing an application under section 83 by a Māori person named on a dormant roll, the choice made by the person when exercising the Māori option in that application if it would register them as an elector for a different type of district from that for which they were previously registered.	20
<u>(4)</u>	mont	is section, local government election period means a period that is 3 hs before polling day for an election held under section 10(2) of the Local oral Act 2001.	25
78A		ri option paused for registered electors and persons on dormant roll if ection called	
(1)		section applies if the Speaker has published a notice of vacancy for an oral district.	30
(2)	lowin	e election period, the Electoral Commission must not do either of the fol- ng for a person relating to that district if the result will be that the person is ble to vote in the by-election to fill that vacancy:	
	(a)	give effect to advice given under section 77(3) (by a person who is registered as an elector):	35
	(b)	if processing an application under section 83 in which the Māori option is exercised by a person named on a dormant roll, give effect to the choice made by the person if it would register them as an elector for a different type of district from that for which they were previously regis-	

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tered.

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- (2A) To avoid doubt, **subsection (2)** relates to changing the type of district in which the person is entitled to vote only and does not otherwise affect any other section in this Act relating to the registration of electors.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply—
 - (a) if no writ is issued under section 131:
 - (b) for any part of a local election period for an election in a corresponding local electoral district that overlaps with the election period for the by-election.
- (4) In this section,
 - corresponding local electoral district means a district of a local authority that has a geographical area that overlaps with the geographical area of the electoral district in which a by-election is being held

election period means the period beginning on the date on which the notice of vacancy is published and ending on polling day

local election period means a period beginning on the day a notice is issued for an election under section 52 of the Local Electoral Act 2001 and ending on polling day

person relating to that district means a person—

- (a) whose place of residence in the district in which the vacancy has arisen and for which registration as an elector is claimed is the same as their place of residence immediately before the notice of vacancy was published; or
- (b) who has moved their place of residence, for which registration as an elector is claimed, within or into the district in which the vacancy has arisen.

78A Māori option may not be exercised in by-election period

- (1) This section applies if the Speaker has published a notice of vacancy for an electoral district.
- (2) The following persons may not exercise the Māori option during a by-election period if doing so would result in the person being eligible to vote in the by-election:
 - (a) a Māori who is registered as an elector of an electoral district:
 - (b) a Māori who is named on a dormant roll and applies for registration as an elector of an electoral district.
- (3) To avoid doubt, **subsection (2)** relates to changing the type of district in which the person is entitled to vote only and does not otherwise affect any other section in this Act relating to the registration of electors.
- (4) The Electoral Commission must not give effect to either of the following during a by-election period:

<u>(a)</u>

any advice received under section 77(3) by a registered elector; or

	<u>(b)</u>	if processing an application under section 83 by a Māori person named on a dormant roll, the choice made by the person when exercising the Māori option in that application if it would register them as an elector			
		for a different type of district from that for which they were previously	5		
		registered.			
<u>(5)</u>	How is iss	ever, subsections (2) and (4) do not apply if under section 131 no writ ued.			
<u>(6)</u>		is section, by-election period means the period beginning on the date on h the notice of vacancy is published and ending on polling day for the by-ion.	10		
79	Dete	rmination of Māori electoral population			
(1)	elect after	he purpose of enabling the Government Statistician to calculate the Māori oral population, the Electoral Commission must, as soon as practicable counting day, supply to the Government Statistician the following informas on counting day:	15		
	(a)	the total number of persons registered as electors of Māori electoral districts; and			
	(b)	the total number of Māori persons registered as electors of General electoral districts; and	20		
	(c)	the total number of persons whose names are on the dormant rolls maintained under section 109 for Māori electoral districts; and			
	(d)	the total number of Māori persons whose names are on the dormant rolls maintained under section 109 for General electoral districts.			
(2)	In th	is Act,—	25		
	coun	ting day—			
	(a)	means on census day; or			
	(b)	if a periodic census and a general election take place in the same calendar year, means 1 April in the following year			
		ensus day, in relation to a number or information, means that number or mation as determined by the last periodic census.	30		
7		ion 86B amended (Prison manager to collect and send enrolment mation to Electoral Commission)			
	Repl	ace section 86B(1)(b) with:			
	(b)	if the prisoner is Māori, whether their choice is to be registered in a Māori electoral district or a General electoral district.	35		
8	Section 89 amended (Procedure following application for registration)				

Repeal section 89(2).

<u>8</u>	Section 89 amended (Procedure following application for registration)				
	Repl	ace section 89(2) with:			
(2)	the I	receiving any application that includes the exercise of the Māori option Electoral Commission believes that it is prevented, by any of sections A to 78A, from giving effect to the option, the Electoral Commission	5		
	<u>(a)</u>	notify the applicant of the reason why the exercise of the Māori option cannot be given effect to until a later date and advise what that date is; and			
	<u>(b)</u>	advise the applicant whether they are entitled to be registered as an elector in another type of district.	1		
9	Sect	ion 89D amended (Inquiry to be made to update electoral rolls)			
	Afte	r section 89D(5), insert:			
(5A)	An i	nquiry under subsection (1), for a Māori registered as an elector,—			
	(a)	must inform the elector that they are currently registered in a Māori electoral district or a General electoral district (whichever applies); and	1		
	(b)	must inform the elector that they are entitled to exercise the Māori option under section 76 at any time and change the type of district in which they are registered; and			
	(c)	must include a form or information about an approved electronic medium to use to exercise the Māori option; and	2		
	(d)	may give information about the differences between the 2 types of electoral districts that the Electoral Commission considers would be useful.			
(5B)		woid doubt, section 78 applies to the exercise of the Māori option followin inquiry under this section.	2		
9	New	section 89DA inserted (Updating Māori option details)			
	Afte	r section 89D, insert:			
89D <i>A</i>	\ Unc	lating Māori option details			
(1)	_	Electoral Commission must send to Māori electors information about the			
(1)		cise of the Māori option, if practicable, not later than—	3		
	(a)	30 April 2023; and			
	(b)	31 March in any other year in which Parliament is due to expire.			
(2)		Electoral Commission must send to Māori electors information about the			

exercise of the Māori option not less than 3 months before the commencement

of a local government election period under section 78AB.

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(3)	<u>and</u>	information required to be sent to Māori electors under subsections (1) (2) may be sent by any means that the Electoral Commission considers opriate and—	
	<u>(a)</u>	must inform the elector that they are currently registered in a Māori electoral district or a General electoral district (whichever applies); and	5
	<u>(b)</u>	must inform the elector that they are entitled to—	
		(i) exercise the Māori option under section 76 at any time other than as provided in sections 78AA to 78A; and	
		(ii) change the type of district in which they are registered; and	
	<u>(c)</u>	must include a form or information about an approved electronic medium to use to exercise the Māori option; and	10
	<u>(d)</u>	may give information about the differences between the 2 types of electoral districts that the Electoral Commission considers would be useful.	
10	Secti	ion 89F amended (Procedure following inquiry under section 89D)	
(1)	In sec	ection 89F(2) and (3)(a) and (b), replace "89D(5)(c)" with "89D(5)(b)".	15
(2)	In sec	ection 89F(4), replace "89D(5)(c)(i)" with "89D(5)(b)(i)".	
(3)	In sec	ection 89F(5), replace "89D(5)(c)(ii)" with "89D(5)(b)(ii)".	
11		ion 89G amended (Elector who cannot be contacted to be included in nant roll)	
		ection 89G(1)(a), delete "or a notice sent under section 78(2)".	20
12		ion 98 amended (Removal of names from roll by Electoral nmission)	
		ace section 98(1)(g) with:	
	(g)	the name of every Māori person who has exercised the Māori option under section 76 and chosen to be registered as an elector for a different type of electoral district:	25
		Part 2	
		Amendments to Local Electoral Act 2001	
		Amendments to Local Electoral Act 2001	
13		cipal Act	
	This	Part amends the Local Electoral Act 2001.	30
14	Secti	ion 5 amended (Interpretation)	
(1)	In sec	ection 5(1), insert in their appropriate alphabetical order:	
	dorn Act 1	mant roll means a dormant roll referred to in section 109 of the Electoral 1993	

	General electoral district has the meaning given in section 3(1) of the Electoral Act 1993						
	Māori has the meaning given in section 3(1) of the Electoral Act 1993						
	Māor Act 1		toral d	listrict has the meaning given in section 3(1) of the Electoral	5		
			•	relation to a number or information, means that number or ermined by the last periodic census			
(2)	In sec	tion 5	(1), rep	place the definition of Māori electoral population with:			
	Māori electoral population means a figure representing both the persons registered as electors of the Māori electoral districts and a proportion of Māori persons who are not registered as electors of any electoral district and a proportion of Māori persons under the age of 18 years, which figure must be fixed—						
	(a)	by as	certain	ing a proportion determined by dividing—			
		(i)	the to	otal number of persons, on census day, either—			
			(A)	registered as electors of Māori electoral districts; or	15		
			(B)	named on the dormant rolls for Māori electoral districts; by			
		(ii)	the to	otal number of Māori persons, on census day, either—			
			(A)	registered as electors of Māori electoral districts or General electoral districts; or			
			(B)	named on the dormant rolls for Māori electoral districts or General electoral districts; and	20		
	(b)	-		g the proportion ascertained under paragraph (a) to the total ordinarily resident Māori persons on census day			
16	Scheo	dule 1	A ame	nded			
				eplace clause 7(2) with:	25		
(2)	The numbers included in the certificate must be derived from information contained in—						
	(a)	the most recent report of the Government Statistician to the Surveyor- General and the other members of the Representation Commission made under section 35(6) of the Electoral Act 1993; or					
	(b) if subclause (2A) applies, the alternative report referred to in subclause (2A)(b).						
(2A)	Electo	oral A after 1	ct 199 April	periodic census is held but a report under section 35(6) of the 3 is not due to be completed (for the purposes of that Act) of the following year (<i>see</i> the definition of counting day in that Act)—	35		

- (a) the Electoral Commission must, as soon as practicable after census day, supply to the Government Statistician the information listed in **section 79(1)** of that Act as on census day; and
- (b) the Government Statistician must prepare an alternative report for the purposes of this Act, with the information referred to in **paragraph** (a).

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17 Consequential amendments to Bay of Plenty Regional Council (Maori Constituency Empowering) Act 2001

- (1) In section 3, replace the definition of Māori electoral population with:
 Māori electoral population has the same meaning as in section 5(1) of the Local Electoral Act 2001
- (2) Replace section 9(2) with:
- (2) The numbers included in the certificate must be derived from information contained in the most recent of the reports referred to in clause 7(2) of Schedule 1A of the Local Electoral Act 2001.

Legislative history

21 June 2022 Introduction (Bill 139–1)
30 June 2022 First reading and referral to Justice Committee
1 November 2022 Reported from Justice Committee (Bill 139–2)
8 November 2022 Second reading
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Wellington, New Zealand: