Government Bill

#### **Explanatory note**

#### **General policy statement**

The purpose of the Education (Vocational Education and Training Reform) Amendment Bill (the **Bill**) is to create a unified and cohesive vocational education and training system. To do this, the Bill amends the Education Act 1989 (the **principal Act**) and repeals the Industry Training and Apprenticeships Act 1992 (the **ITAA**).

The Bill achieves the public policy objective of creating a unified and cohesive vocational education and training system by—

- establishing a new regulatory framework for vocational education and training;
   and
- enabling workforce development councils to be established under the principal Act to provide skills leadership, set standards and develop qualifications, endorse programmes and moderate assessments, and provide an advisory and representative role in vocational education and training; and
- establishing the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology (NZIST) as a tertiary education institution under the principal Act and a Crown entity for the purposes of the Crown Entities Act 2004. NZIST will provide, arrange, and support a range of vocational education and training, including in the workplace; and
- providing transitional arrangements to enable a smooth transfer of functions and responsibilities from the current system to the new system.

New regulatory framework for vocational education

Currently, industry training organisations are recognised under the ITAA to develop and maintain standards for an industry or industries and to develop arrangements for the delivery of work-based training. Sixteen polytechnics (known as Institutes of Technology and Polytechnics), 3 wānanga and a large number of private training establishments—collectively known as providers—deliver vocational education outside of the workplace under the principal Act. This dual system is legislatively and operationally complex. The consequence is that the system does not always meet the needs of learners, employers, or regions. Some polytechnics are facing big challenges to their sustainability, putting access to their delivery at risk, and employers find the lack of industry input into education delivered outside of workplaces frustrating.

This Bill integrates industry training and vocational education through the establishment of a single regulatory framework for vocational education and training, bringing the provisions of the ITAA into the principal Act. The ITAA will be repealed. This will simplify the legislative framework for vocational education and training. Allied to this, the Bill establishes new entities to create a unified and cohesive system of vocational education and training.

#### Workforce development councils

The Bill provides for workforce development councils to be established by Order in Council. Workforce development councils will have the following functions in respect of a specified industry or industries:

- to provide skills leadership for the specified industries, including by identifying their current and future needs and advocating for those needs to be met:
- to develop and set skill standards:
- to develop and maintain industry qualifications:
- to develop training schemes:
- to develop and set training packages:
- to decide whether to endorse programmes developed by providers:
- to develop and set capstone assessments:
- to carry out moderation activities:
- to provide employers with brokerage and advisory services approved by the Tertiary Education Commission (the **Commission**):
- to advise the Commission on its overall investment in vocational education and training:
- to advise the Commission about the mix of vocational education and training needed:
- to represent the interests of the specified industries, while taking account of national and regional interests:
- to perform any other functions in relation to the specified industries conferred on it by the Minister of Education (the **Minister**).

The Commission must have regard to advice from any workforce development council in assessing any proposed plan in relation to vocational education and training. It must give effect to advice from any workforce development council about the mix of

vocational education and training needed for its industry, within certain funding limits. Workforce development councils may be disestablished by Order in Council in certain limited circumstances.

New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology

NZIST will be a tertiary education institution established under the principal Act and a Crown entity for the purposes of the Crown Entities Act 2004. NZIST will have the following functions:

- to provide or arrange, and support, a range of education and training and conduct applied research; and
- to be responsive to and to meet the needs of the regions of New Zealand and their learners, industries, employers, and communities by utilising its national network of tertiary education programmes and activities; and
- to improve the consistency of vocational education and training by using skill standards and working in collaboration with workforce development councils;
   and
- to improve outcomes in the tertiary education system as a whole, including by making connections with schools and other organisations involved in tertiary education; and
- to improve outcomes for Māori learners and Māori communities in collaboration with Māori and iwi partners and stakeholders.

The Bill sets out a charter that NZIST must give effect to. The Bill sets out arrangements for the constitution and term of office of NZIST's council, and matters to be considered when appointing members. Provisions of the Crown Entities Act 2004 that currently apply to tertiary education institutions will apply to NZIST. Certain additional provisions of the Crown Entities Act 2004 will apply to NZIST and its Crown entity subsidiaries, including the requirement to produce a statement of intent and a statement of performance expectations. These accountability arrangements reflect its unique status as a national institution. Similarly, the Bill establishes a risk management framework for NZIST, and a requirement to provide information to the chief executive of the Commission if requested.

#### Transitional arrangements

To facilitate a smooth transfer of functions from existing organisations, there will be a transition period from the commencement of the Bill on 1 April 2020 until 31 December 2022.

Industry training organisations are currently recognised under the ITAA to develop and maintain skill standards for an industry or industries and to support work-based training. By the end of the transition period, these functions will be undertaken by workforce development councils and providers of vocational education and training respectively. No new industry training organisations will be recognised. Existing industry training organisations will be recognised as transitional industry training organisations (**transitional ITOs**) and will be able to continue to operate current arrangements to ensure continuity. Transitional ITOs will be required to develop transition plans for the transfer of responsibility for their activities to workforce development councils and providers. Recognition of all transitional ITOs will lapse at the end of the transition period.

All existing polytechnics will become Crown entity subsidiaries of NZIST (being registered companies under the Companies Act 1993) from the commencement date. The Bill contains provisions for the transfer of assets, liabilities, employees, and students, as well as approved programmes, training schemes, and consents to assess against standards listed on the Directory of Assessment Standards. The subsidiaries of NZIST will be dissolved on 31 December 2022, transferring the undertaking of the subsidiary to NZIST, unless dissolved earlier by NZIST's council. The dissolution date of any subsidiary may be extended beyond the legislated date by Order in Council.

#### Regulations and other instruments

The Bill transfers a power to establish, by Order in Council, a voluntary levy on members of an industry from the ITAA to the principal Act. The levy is to meet the costs associated with developing and maintaining skill standards for an industry. The levy order is a legislative instrument and a disallowable instrument for the purposes of the Legislation Act 2012. The purpose of the transfer is to maintain existing legislative provision for such a levy while providing for workforce development councils to collect and allocate the levy, rather than industry training organisations. The provisions are otherwise unchanged. Similarly, the Bill transfers a power from the ITAA to the principal Act that enables the Minister, by notice in the *Gazette*, to issue an apprenticeship training code. This is a disallowable instrument, but not a legislative instrument, for the purposes of the Legislation Act 2012. The purpose of the transfer is to maintain existing legislative provision for such a training code and the provisions are unchanged.

The Bill enables transitional regulations to be made by Order in Council. This ability for regulations to amend primary legislation provides a necessary process to enable additions or changes to the transitional provisions as necessary to facilitate an orderly transition to NZIST and workforce development councils or to ensure that existing rights or obligations continue as part of, or despite, that transition. The power to make regulations is limited to the duration of the transition period ending on 31 December 2022.

#### Consequential amendments

The Bill includes consequential amendments to other enactments to reflect the changes made by the Bill.

#### Commencement date

The Bill comes into force on 1 April 2020.

#### Departmental disclosure statement

The Ministry of Education is required to prepare a disclosure statement to assist with the scrutiny of this Bill. The disclosure statement provides access to information about the policy development of the Bill and identifies any significant or unusual legislative features of the Bill.

A copy of the statement can be found at http://legislation.govt.nz/disclosure.aspx?type=bill&subtype=government&year=2019&no=170

#### Regulatory impact assessment

The Ministry of Education produced a regulatory impact assessment on 24 June 2019 to help inform the main policy decisions taken by the Government relating to the contents of this Bill.

A copy of this regulatory impact assessment can be found at—

- https://education.govt.nz/vocational-education-reform-bill
- http://www.treasury.govt.nz/publications/informationreleases/ria

#### Clause by clause analysis

Clause 1 is the Title clause.

Clause 2 provides that the Bill comes into force on 1 April 2020.

Clause 3 provides that the Bill amends the Education Act 1989 (the **principal Act**).

#### Part 1

#### Substantive amendments to principal Act

Clause 4 amends section 2, which defines terms used in Parts 1, 2, 3, and 11. The amendments repeal the definition of industry training organisation and update the definition of tertiary component.

Clause 5 repeals section 31B(1)(b)(ii), which provides that the Minister of Education (the **Minister**) may recognise an industry training organisation as a provider group for a secondary-tertiary programme.

Clause 6 consequentially repeals section 31F(d), which enables an industry training organisation to be recognised as a lead provider for a secondary-tertiary programme.

Clause 7 amends section 159, which defines terms for the purposes of Parts 13A to 24 and Schedules 13 to 17 (relating to tertiary education). The amendments insert new definitions of New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology (NZIST) and workforce development council and update the key definitions of council and institution so that they include NZIST's council and NZIST for the purposes of those Parts of the principal Act. Clause 7 also repeals various definitions that are no longer required, including the definitions of designated polytechnic and industry training organisation,

and updates other defined terms to delete references to industry training organisations.

Clause 8 amends section 159B, which defines the term organisation for the purposes of Part 13A, which contains provisions about the Tertiary Education Commission (the **Commission**). The amendment provides that a workforce development council is an organisation for the purposes of Part 13A.

Clause 9 amends section 159F, which states the functions of the Commission, by inserting new section 159F(1)(ea) to (eg). The amendments transfer the functions of the Commission in relation to industry training and apprenticeships currently set out in section 13 of the ITAA into the principal Act with some adjustment to reflect the focus on work-based training and to confer additional functions on the Commission in relation to workforce development councils.

Clause 10 inserts new sections 159FA to 159FC, which impose duties on the Commission in relation to workforce development councils, require a workforce development council to provide information to the Commission about its financial position or operations (or both), and allow the Commission to audit workforce development councils.

Clause 11 amends section 159G, which states principles guiding how the Commission operates. The amendments replace references to industry training organisations with references to workforce development councils.

Clause 12 inserts new section 159KBB, which requires NZIST's council to provide the chief executive of the Commission with information for the purpose of determining whether there is a risk to the governance, management, or financial position of NZIST or a related entity of NZIST or to the education and training performance of students enrolled at NZIST or a related entity of NZIST.

Clause 13 replaces section 159L(3)(d), which provides that the Minister may determine the design of funding mechanisms, so that the conditions that must attach to funding provided under a funding mechanism include setting limits on fees that a tertiary education provider may charge employers for supporting their employees' workbased training.

Clause 14 amends section 159M, which restricts the design of funding mechanisms, to provide an exception to the general rule that the Minister may not identify any specified organisation to which funding is to be provided under a funding mechanism. New section 159M(2) provides that the Minister may direct that funding be provided to NZIST via a funding mechanism if the Minister reasonably considers that it is consistent with the efficient use of national resources and in the national interest to do so.

Clause 15 consequentially amends section 159OA(4), which provides that the Minister is not required to undertake consultation before varying the conditions of a determination under section 159L(3)(d) that set limits on the fees, so that consultation need not be undertaken on any variation of fees that a tertiary education provider may charge employers.

Clause 16 amends section 161, which affirms the academic freedom of institutions, to disapply the provision to NZIST as the matter is covered separately by clause 49, new section 222E, for NZIST.

Clause 17 amends section 162, which provides for the establishment of institutions under the principal Act by Order in Council. The amendments clarify that the provision applies to institutions other than NZIST (namely, colleges of education, specialist colleges, universities, and wananga) and delete references to polytechnics that are no longer required.

Clause 18 consequentially amends section 163, which relates to the constitution of institutions, to reflect the repeal of section 162(1)(c) by clause 17(1).

Clause 19 amends section 164, which provides for the disestablishment of institutions under the principal Act by Order in Council. The amendments clarify that the provision does not apply to NZIST and delete an example relating to polytechnics that is no longer required.

Clause 20 replaces section 165, which provides that institutions are to be governed by councils. New section 165 clarifies that the governing body of NZIST is its members appointed under new section 222G and the governing body of every other institution is its council constituted under Part 15.

Clause 21 amends section 166, which clarifies that an institution is a body corporate and has a common seal, so that the provision covers NZIST and no longer applies to polytechnics.

Clauses 22 to 37 replace various provisions that clarify that certain provisions of Part 15 (which deals with the administration of tertiary institutions) do not apply to designated polytechnics with new provisions that disapply those provisions to NZIST's council, its constitution, and its members (as the case requires) as the matters being dealt with are covered separately in clause 49, new Part 15A or in new Part 2 of Schedule 13A (which applies certain provisions of the Crown Entities Act 2004 to NZIST's council).

Clause 38 inserts new section 181(2), which provides that in addition to the general duties of councils of institutions set out in section 181, NZIST's council must comply with section 97 of the Crown Entities Act 2004, which specifies rules that apply to a Crown entity in respect of its Crown entity subsidiaries.

Clause 39 amends section 182, which requires the council of an institution to establish an academic board to advise it on policy matters relating to courses of study or training, awards, and other academic matters. New section 182(6) provides that section 182 does not apply to NZIST as a particular requirement is imposed separately on NZIST's council under clause 49, new section 222K.

Clause 40 amends section 193(2)(e) and (ea), which specify the powers of councils under the principal Act, to delete examples in those provisions relating to polytechnics that are no longer required and insert new section 193(2A), which provides that those provisions do not apply to NZIST.

Clause 41 inserts new section 194(1A), which provides that the power of an institution's council to make statutes under section 194(1)(ia) in relation to the appointment of its members does not apply to NZIST's council.

Clause 42 replaces section 195, which relates to trust property, so that the provision covers NZIST and its subsidiaries.

Clause 43 amends section 195A, which empowers the Secretary for Education (the **Secretary**), after consulting an institution's council, to determine criteria for assessing the level of risk to the operation and long-term viability of an institution. The amendments disapply section 195A to NZIST as criteria for risk assessment of NZIST and its related entities are covered separately in *clause 49*, *new section 222P*.

Clause 44 amends section 195B, which requires an institution to provide the chief executive of the Commission with information if the chief executive has reasonable grounds to believe that the institution may be at risk. The amendment disapplies the provision to NZIST as the matter is covered separately for NZIST and its related entities in clause 49, new section 222Q.

Clause 45 amends section 195C, which provides that the Minister may appoint a Crown observer to an institution, to disapply the provision to NZIST as the appointment of a Crown observer is covered separately for NZIST in *clause 49, new section 222R*.

Clause 46 amends section 195D, which provides that the Minister may dissolve an institution's council and appoint a commissioner, to disapply the provision to NZIST's council as the matter is covered separately for NZIST's council in *clause 49*, new section 222W.

Clause 47 replaces section 203(3), which provides that the provisions specified in Schedule 4 of the Crown Entities Act 2004 and Schedule 13A of the principal Act apply to tertiary education institutions. The amendment reflects the amendments to the principal Act in Schedule 2 and to the Crown Entities Act 2004 in Schedule 6 that divide the existing schedules into 2 Parts so that Part 1 of each schedule sets out provisions that apply to all tertiary education institutions and their Crown entity subsidiaries and Part 2 of each schedule sets out additional provisions that apply only to NZIST.

Clause 48 amends section 222, which relates to delegations by councils, to disapply the provision to NZIST's council.

Clause 49 replaces Part 15A, which contains special provisions relating to polytechnics, with a *new Part 15A* (*new sections 222A to 222ZC*) that sets out special provisions relating to NZIST and its council.

New section 222A establishes NZIST as a tertiary education institution alongside universities and wananga and enables its name to be changed by Order in Council made on the recommendation of the Minister.

New section 222B confers functions on NZIST that reflect its leadership role in the vocational education and training sector.

New section 222C requires NZIST to give effect to its charter (as set out in new Schedule 22) and to report, in its annual report, on how it has given effect to the charter. New section 222C(3) clarifies that NZIST's accountability for giving effect to the charter is owed to the Minister.

*New section 222D* provides that the Minister may specify administrative regions for NZIST.

New section 222E affirms the academic freedom of NZIST.

New section 222F requires NZIST to establish regional divisions for the purposes of appointing members to its staff committee and students' committee and appointing directors to its subsidiaries.

New section 222G relates to NZIST's council. It provides that the council must have at least 8, but not more than 12, members, including 1 person who must be elected by the regional representatives of its staff committee, 1 person who must be elected by the regional representatives of its students' committee, and 1 person who must be elected by its Māori advisory committee. The rest of the members are to be appointed by the Minister.

New section 222H sets out criteria that the Minister must have regard to when appointing members to NZIST's council. These include the need to have regard to the principle that it is desirable that council membership should, as far as possible, reflect the ethnic, gender, and socio-economic diversity, and the diversity of abilities, of New Zealand's population and the fact that New Zealand is made up of a number of regions.

New section 222I provides that the Minister may appoint a chairperson and deputy chairperson of the council.

New section 222J states the term of office of NZIST's council members.

New section 222K relates to the determination of policy by NZIST's council and provides that NZIST's council must consult any board, committee, or other body established within NZIST that has responsibility for giving advice in relation to, or for giving effect to, NZIST's policy on the matter.

New section 222L provides that NZIST's council must establish 3 advisory committees, being a staff committee, a students' committee, and a Māori advisory committee, and requires NZIST's council to consult the committees on significant matters relating to NZIST's strategic direction.

New section 222M sets out the criteria for appointment of members to committees under new section 222L.

New section 222N imposes a specific requirement on NZIST to obtain the written consent of the Secretary for capital projects of NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary that are not within a capital plan approved by the Secretary or that meet or exceed any thresholds for capital projects published by the Secretary on the Ministry of Education's Internet site.

*New section 2220* provides that an NZIST subsidiary may not exercise any of the powers listed in section 192(4) of the principal Act (which include the power to sell or dispose of assets and to borrow) unless NZIST has obtained the consent of the Secretary.

New sections 222P to 222X provide for the exercise of statutory interventions by the Minister or the chief executive of the Commission at graduated levels of risk to NZIST or a related entity of NZIST, including (as applicable) risk related to the education and training performance of students enrolled at NZIST or a related entity of NZIST. The interventions include—

- the appointment of a Crown observer (*new section 222R*):
- a requirement to obtain specialist help (*new section 222S*):
- a requirement to prepare a performance improvement plan (*new section 222T*):
- the appointment of a Crown manager (new section 222U):
- the ability of the Minister to dissolve NZIST's council and appoint a commissioner (*new section 222W*).

New section 222Y provides that certain additional provisions of the Crown Entities Act 2004 specified in *new Part 2* of Schedule 4 of that Act (and that are mirrored in *new Part 2* of Schedule 13A of the principal Act) apply to NZIST's council and its members.

New section 222Z clarifies that NZIST may form 1 or more NZIST subsidiaries (additional to those established by new clause 27 of Schedule 1) if NZIST has obtained the written approval of the Minister. New section 222Z(2) empowers the Governor-General by Order in Council made on the recommendation of the Minister to disapply specified provisions of the principal Act to any newly formed NZIST subsidiary that does not provide education and training.

New section 222ZA states the duration of NZIST subsidiaries established under new clause 27 of Schedule 1. An NZIST subsidiary continues in existence until the close of 31 December 2022. However, the Governor-General may, by Order in Council made on the recommendation of the Minister, extend the duration of any particular subsidiary or all subsidiaries to a date specified in the order.

*New section 222ZB* provides for the dissolution of NZIST subsidiaries by NZIST's council.

New section 222ZC provides that the provisions set out in new Schedule 23 apply on the dissolution of an NZIST subsidiary.

Clause 50 amends section 234A, which relates to fees for domestic students and provides that a registered training establishment must not fix tuition fees that exceed the maximum set in its conditions of funding by the Commission, to expand the provision to cover fees payable by employers.

Clause 51 inserts new section 246A(1)(da) and (db), which confers additional functions on the New Zealand Qualifications Authority (NZQA) in relation to monitoring workforce development councils.

Clause 52 amends section 248B, which provides that NZQA may approve standard-setting bodies. New section 248B(1)(a) provides that a workforce development council may be approved as a standard-setting body.

Clause 53 amends section 249, which provides that institutions may apply to NZQA for the approval of programmes. The amendment deletes the reference to an industry training organisation in the definition of institution in section 249(1).

Clause 54 repeals section 250(6)(b), which provides that the restriction on an institution offering or providing an approved programme unless it is accredited by NZQA does not apply to any workplace training components of a programme.

Clauses 55 and 56 amend sections 251 and 252, which provide that an institution may apply to NZQA for approval of a training scheme and consent to assess against standards, to delete references to industry training organisations.

Clause 57 amends section 253, which provides that NZQA may make rules relating to various matters. The amendments replace section 253(1)(ga) and (gb), which provide that NZQA may make rules relating to fees and prescribing quality assurance requirements for industry training organisations. New section 253(1)(ga) and (gb) provides that NZQA may make rules on those matters for workforce development councils.

Clause 58 amends section 253C, which provides that the Minister may consent to the use of certain terms in the name or description of a registered establishment or wananga, to remove its application to polytechnics and institutes of technology.

Clauses 59 to 61 amend sections 254, 254A, and 255, which provide that NZQA may charge an institution fees, obtain information from institutions, and issue compliance notices to institutions, to apply the provisions to workforce development councils.

Clause 62 replaces section 292(c) and (d), which provide that it is an offence to use the term polytechnic to describe an educational establishment or facility, so that the provisions do not apply to NZIST or its subsidiaries.

Clause 63 consequentially repeals section 299A, which is a spent transitional provision relating to councils of tertiary institutions.

Clause 64 amends section 321(2), which relates to grants to educational bodies, to replace the reference to an industry training organisation with a reference to a workforce development council.

Clause 65 inserts new Part 34 (new sections 477 to 523), which deals with work-based training (including apprenticeships) and provides for workforce development councils to be established for 1 or more specified industries.

*New section 477* defines terms used in *new Part 34*. Some of the definitions carry over terms defined in the ITAA in relation to apprenticeships.

New section 478 carries over section 3 of the ITAA, which clarifies that a training contract and an apprenticeship agreement are part of the employment agreement between the employee and employer concerned.

New subpart 1 (new sections 479 to 488) provides for the establishment (and disestablishment) of workforce development councils by Order in Council made on the recommendation of the Minister and states the functions and obligations of workforce development councils. New sections 487 and 488 deal with the accountability of workforce development councils and provide that NZQA may issue a workforce development council with a quality assurance improvement notice and a compliance notice.

New subpart 2 (new sections 489 to 495) deals with apprenticeship training. The provisions transfer the content of Part 2A of the ITAA into the principal Act with some minor adjustment.

New subpart 3 (new sections 496 to 523) provides for a training levy to be imposed by Order in Council on qualifying members of a levy group that is payable to the relevant workforce development council for the levy group. The provisions transfer the content of Part 5 of the ITAA into the principal Act with some adjustment to reflect the new role of workforce development councils in performing the functions currently performed by industry training organisations. New Schedule 24 states matters that must be specified in levy orders.

Clause 66 amends Schedule 1, which contains transitional, savings, and related provisions, to insert new Part 9 (new clauses 26 to 57) as set out in Schedule 1 of the Bill, which sets out the transitional arrangements arising from the reforms made by the Bill.

New clause 26 defines terms used in new Part 9 of Schedule 1.

New subpart 1 (new clauses 27 to 40) deals with transitional matters arising from the establishment of NZIST and the replacement of polytechnics.

New clause 27 provides that on and after the commencement date (1 April 2020), every polytechnic previously established or deemed to have been established under the principal Act becomes a Crown entity subsidiary of NZIST and all the rights, assets, liabilities, and debts of the existing polytechnic become those of its corresponding NZIST subsidiary.

New clause 28 provides for the initial directors of NZIST subsidiaries.

*New clause 29* applies and disapplies various provisions of the principal Act to NZIST subsidiaries.

New clause 30 clarifies that an NZIST subsidiary is an organisation, a provider, and an institution for the purposes of the principal Act.

*New clause 31* provides that every member of an existing polytechnic's council ceases to hold office at the close of the day before the commencement date.

New clause 32 deals with the transfer of rights, assets, and liabilities of an existing polytechnic and provides that they vest in the polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary.

*New clause 33* deals with the transfer of an existing polytechnic's employees and provides that they become employees of the polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary.

*New clause 34* deals with superannuation entitlements of persons who, immediately before becoming an employee of an NZIST subsidiary, were contributors to the Government Superannuation Fund.

*New clause 35* deals with the transfer of students enrolled at an existing polytechnic immediately before the commencement date and provides that they must be treated as having been enrolled in the polytechnic's corresponding subsidiary.

New clause 36 deals with approvals, accreditations, and consents to assess against standards granted by NZQA to an existing polytechnic under the principal Act and in effect immediately before the commencement date and provides that these continue to apply as if they had been granted to the polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary.

*New clause 37* deals with funding approvals granted to an existing polytechnic by the Commission and in effect immediately before the commencement date and provides that the approval continues to apply as if it had been granted to the polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary.

*New clause 38* deals with the transfer of any legal proceedings and the completion of other matters.

New clause 39 requires an NZIST subsidiary to provide the Minister with a final report on its former polytechnic.

*New clause 40* validates the appointment by the Minister of members of NZIST's council if the actions or processes taken by the Minister in appointing the member substantially comply with the provisions of the principal Act (as amended by the Bill).

New subpart 2 (new clauses 41 to 56) deals with transitional arrangements relating to the replacement of industry training organisations by workforce development councils.

New clause 41 defines terms used in new subpart 2.

New clause 42 states that the transitional arrangements apply during the transition period (as defined in *new clause 26*).

New clause 43 provides for the recognition of former industry training organisations (former ITOs) and new entities as transitional industry training organisations (transitional ITOs) during the transition period.

New clause 44 states the effect of recognition of as a transitional ITO.

New clauses 45 and 46 allow the Minister to impose conditions on the recognition of a transitional ITO and to change the specified industries covered by a transitional ITO.

New clause 47 provides that certain provisions in Part 2 and all of Parts 2A and 5 of the ITAA apply to a transitional ITO during the transition period (as if that Act had not been repealed by the Bill).

*New clause 48* deals with approvals and consents to assess against standards granted to a former ITO by NZQA and provides that they must be treated as if they had been granted to the transitional ITO that corresponds with the former ITO.

New clauses 49 and 50 provide that a transitional ITO is an organisation within the meaning of section 159B of the principal Act and a standard-setting body for the purposes of section 248B of the principal Act during the transition period.

New clause 51 requires a transitional ITO to develop a transition plan for approval by the Commission that provides for the transfer of responsibility of the activities it is carrying out during the transition period to workforce development councils or providers (as the case may be).

*New clause 52* provides that the Minister may, during the transition period, direct funding to a provider of work-based training despite the restriction in section 159M of the principal Act.

*New clause 53* provides that the Minister may cancel the recognition of a transitional ITO during the transition period.

*New clause 54* provides that the recognition of any transitional ITO in existence at the end of the transition period lapses at the end of that period.

*New clause 55* deals with the allocation of assets of a transitional ITO and provides that those assets may be allocated to any 1 or more workforce development councils to which the activities of the transitional ITO have been transferred in accordance with its transition plan.

*New clause 56* provides that no compensation is payable to an employee of a transitional ITO for technical redundancy.

Subpart 3 (new clause 57) empowers the making of transitional regulations for the purposes of facilitating or ensuring the orderliness of the transition of the amendments made to the principal Act by the Bill or ensuring that existing rights or obligations continue as part of, or despite, that transition (or both).

Clause 67 amends Schedule 13A, which lists the provisions of the Crown Entities Act 2004 that apply to tertiary education institutions. As mentioned, the amendments divide the existing schedule into 2 Parts and include, in *new Part 2* (as set out in *Schedule 2* of the Bill), some additional provisions of that Act that apply only to NZIST.

Clause 68 repeals Schedule 19, which contains spent transitional and savings provisions relating to councils of tertiary institutions.

Clause 69 inserts new Schedules 22 to 24 (as set out in Schedules 3 to 5 of the Bill) as follows:

- *new Schedule 22* sets out the text of NZIST's charter, which NZIST must give effect to and report on:
- *new Schedule 23* sets out transitional and savings provisions that apply on the dissolution of an NZIST subsidiary:
- *new Schedule 24* transfers the content of Schedule 4 of the ITAA (which specifies matters that must be included levy orders) into the principal Act, with some adjustment to reflect the new role of workforce development councils in relation to levy orders.

#### Part 2

#### Repeals, revocations, and other amendments

Clause 70 repeals the ITAA.

Clause 71 consequentially repeals the Education (Polytechnics) Amendment Act 2009.

Clause 72 consequentially revokes 3 Orders in Council made under the principal Act disestablishing certain polytechnics and incorporating them into other polytechnics.

Clause 73 consequentially amends other enactments as set out in Schedule 6.

### Hon Chris Hipkins

# **Education (Vocational Education and Training Reform) Amendment Bill**

Government Bill

#### **Contents**

		Page
1	Title	7
2	Commencement	7
3	Principal Act	7
	Part 1	
	Substantive amendments to principal Act	
4	Section 2 amended (Interpretation)	7
5	Section 31B amended (Provider group for secondary-tertiary programme)	7
6	Section 31F amended (Recognition as lead provider of secondary-tertiary programme)	7
7	Section 159 amended (Interpretation)	7
8	Section 159B amended (Definition of organisation)	9
9	Section 159F amended (Functions of Commission)	9
10	New sections 159FA to 159FC inserted	9
	159FA Duties of Commission in relation to workforce development council	9
	159FB Power of Commission to require information from workforce development council	10
	159FC Power of Commission to audit workforce development council	10
11	Section 159G amended (Principles guiding how Commission operates)	11
12	New section 159KBB inserted (Additional requirement of NZIST's council to provide information)	11

	159KBB Additional requirement of NZIST's council to provide information	11
13	Section 159L amended (Minister determines design of funding mechanisms)	11
14	Section 159M amended (Restrictions on design of funding mechanisms)	11
15	Section 159OA amended (Variation of determination of design of funding mechanisms)	12
16	Section 161 amended (Academic freedom)	12
17	Section 162 amended (Establishment of institutions)	12
18	Section 163 amended (Constitution of institutions)	12
19	Section 164 amended (Disestablishment of institutions)	12
20	Section 165 replaced (Institutions to be governed by councils)	12
	Institutions to be governed by councils	13
21	Section 166 amended (Incorporation)	13
22	Section 169 amended (Constitutions of councils of new institutions)	13
23	Section 170 amended (Amendment of constitution)	13
24	Section 170A amended (Constitution to provide for membership of council)	13
25	Section 171 amended (Membership of council)	13
26	Section 171A amended (Certain people disqualified from appointment)	13
27	Section 171B amended (Matters to be considered when appointing members)	14
28	Section 171C amended (Statutes relating to appointment of members by councils of institutions)	14
29	Section 171D amended (Limitations on number of occasions on which people may be appointed as members of councils)	14
30	Section 171F amended (Certain acts and proceedings not invalidated by defects)	14
31	Section 173 amended (Term of office)	14
32	Section 176 amended (Casual vacancies)	14
33	Section 176A amended (Individual duties of members of councils)	14
34	Section 176B amended (Accountability for individual duties)	14
35	Section 176C amended (Removal of members)	15
36	Section 177 amended (Chairperson and deputy chairperson)	15
37	Section 179 amended (Fees and allowances)	15
38	Section 181 amended (Duties of councils)	15
39	Section 182 amended (Determination of policy)	15
40	Section 193 amended (Powers of councils)	15
41	Section 194 amended (Statutes)	15
42	Section 195 replaced (Trust property)	15
	195 Trust property	16

43		195A amended (Criteria for risk assessment of institutions)	16
44	Section require	195B amended (Institutions to provide information if d)	16
45	-	195C amended (Minister may appoint Crown observer)	16
46		195D amended (Minister may dissolve council and appoint	16
47		ssioner) 1 203 amended (Institutions are Crown entities)	16
48		222 amended (Delegation by council)	16
49		A replaced	16
		Part 15A	
		New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology	
	222A	NZIST established	17
	222B	Functions of NZIST	17
	222C	NZIST's charter	17
	222D	Minister may specify administrative regions for NZIST	17
	222E	Academic freedom of NZIST	18
	222F	NZIST must establish regional divisions	18
		NZIST's council	
	222G	Membership of NZIST's council	19
	222H	Matters to be considered when Minister appoints members to NZIST's council	20
	222I	Chairperson and deputy chairperson	20
	222J	Term of office	21
		Additional provisions applying to NZIST's council and NZIST subsidiaries	
	222K	Determination of policy	21
	222L	NZIST's council must establish advisory committees	22
	222M	Membership of advisory committees	22
	222N	NZIST and NZIST subsidiary must obtain consent for certain capital projects	22
	2220	NZIST subsidiary must obtain consent before exercising powers under section 192(4)	23
		Interventions	
	222P	Criteria for risk assessment of NZIST and related entities	23
	222Q	NZIST or related entity must provide information if required	23
	222R	Minister may appoint Crown observer	24
	222S	Specialist help	24
	222T	Performance improvement plan	25
	<b>222</b> U	Minister may appoint Crown manager	26
	222V	Protection of Crown manager	27

	222W	Minister may dissolve NZIST's council and appoint commissioner	27
	222X	NZIST's council may request intervention	28
		Application of Crown Entities Act 2004 to NZIST's council	
	222Y	Additional provisions of Crown Entities Act 2004 that apply to NZIST's council	29
		Specific provisions relating to NZIST subsidiaries	
	222Z	Formation of NZIST subsidiaries	29
	222ZA	Duration of NZIST subsidiaries	29
	222ZB	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	29
	222ZC	11	30
50		234A amended (Fees for domestic students must not maximums set in conditions of funding)	30
51	Section	246A amended (Functions of Authority)	30
52	Section	248B amended (Standard-setting bodies)	30
53		249 amended (Approval of programmes)	30
54		250 amended (Accreditation to provide approved	30
<i></i>	progran	,	20
55		251 amended (Application for training scheme approval)	30
56		a 252 amended (Consent to assess against standards)	30
57 50		253 amended (Rules)	30
58		n 253C amended (Minister may consent to use of certain n name or description of registered establishment or	31
	wanang		
59	•	1 254 amended (Fees)	31
60		254A amended (Power to obtain information)	31
61		255 amended (Compliance notices)	31
62		292 amended (Offences relating to use of certain terms)	31
63		299A repealed (Transitional and savings provisions	32
		g to councils of tertiary institutions consequential on	
	enactm	ent of Education Amendment Act 2015)	
64	Section	321 amended (Grant to educational bodies)	32
65	New Pa	art 34 inserted	32
		Part 34	
		Work-based training	
	477	Interpretation	32
	478	Training contracts and apprenticeship training agreements	33
		part of employment agreement	
		Subpart 1—Workforce development councils	
	479	Establishment of workforce development councils	34
	480	Disestablishment of workforce development councils	34

481	Incorporation	34
482	Functions of workforce development councils	35
483	Workforce development council's functions in relation to wananga	36
484	Workforce development council must not operate registered establishment	36
485	Obligations of workforce development councils	36
486	Annual fee payable by workforce development council	36
487	Qualifications Authority may issue quality assurance improvement notice	37
488	Qualifications Authority may issue compliance notice	37
	Subpart 2—Apprenticeships	
489	Interpretation	38
490	Apprenticeship training activities must be included in proposed plan	38
491	Obligations of persons carrying out apprenticeship training activities	39
492	Minister may issue apprenticeship training code	39
493	Availability of apprenticeship training code	40
494	Apprenticeship training code to be taken into account by mediator, Employment Relations Authority, and Employment Court	40
495	Application of Legislation Act 2012 to apprenticeship training code	40
	Subpart 3—Training levy	
496	Interpretation	40
497	Purpose of levy	41
	Imposition of levy	
498	Levy may be imposed by Order in Council	41
499	Restrictions on making of levy orders	41
500	Matters to be specified in levy orders	42
501	Purposes for which levy may be required	42
502	Levy order may require provision of information	43
503	Orders are confirmable instruments	43
504	Expiry of levy orders	43
	Ballots	
505	Independent returning officer must conduct ballot	44
506	Workforce development council must identify potential members of levy group	44
507	Returning officer must notify potential members of levy group	44
508	Commission must resolve coverage disputes	45

	509	Population to be balloted	45
	510	Requirements of ballot papers	45
	511	Returning officer must count votes	45
	512	Returning officer must keep ballot papers, etc	46
		Collection of levy	
	513	Levy is payable by qualifying members to workforce development council	46
	514	Certificate of exemption	46
	515	Method of collecting levy	46
	516	Levy order may provide for collection by agent	47
		Duties of workforce development councils and others in relation to levies	
	517	Levy funds must be kept in separate bank accounts and used only for authorised purposes	47
	518	Duty to keep records	47
	519	Duty to provide annual report	47
	520	Duty to protect commercially sensitive information	48
		Disputes	
	521	Arbitration or mediation system must be established	49
	522	Disputes about coverage	49
	523	Appeals to District Court	49
66		ule 1 amended	50
67	Sched	ule 13A amended	50
		Part 1	
		Provisions relating to all tertiary education institutions	
68	Sched	ule 19 repealed	50
69	New S	Schedules 22 to 24 inserted	50
		Part 2	
		Repeals, revocations, and other amendments	
70	Repea	l of Industry Training and Apprenticeships Act 1992	50
71	Repea	l of Education (Polytechnics) Amendment Act 2009	50
72		s revoked	50
73	Conse	quential amendments to other enactments	51
		Schedule 1	52
		New Part 9 inserted into Schedule 1	
		Schedule 2	66
		New Part 2 inserted into Schedule 13A	
		Schedule 3	67
		<b>New Schedule 22 inserted</b>	

	Education (Vocational Education and Training Reform) Amendment Bill	Part 1 cl 7
	Schedule 4 New Schedule 23 inserted	69
	Schedule 5 New Schedule 24 inserted	74
	Schedule 6 Consequential amendments to other enactments	76
The	Parliament of New Zealand enacts as follows:	
1	Title This Act is the Education (Vocational Education and Training Refement Act 2019.	orm) Amend-
2	Commencement	
	This Act comes into force on <b>1 April 2020</b> .	
3	Principal Act This Act amends the Education Act 1989 (the principal Act).	
	Part 1	
	Substantive amendments to principal Act	
4	Section 2 amended (Interpretation)	
(1) (2)	In section 2(1), repeal the definition of <b>industry training organis</b> . In section 2(1), definition of <b>tertiary component</b> , replace "section Industry Training and Apprenticeships Act 1992" with " <b>section</b> 4.	on 13C of the
5	Section 31B amended (Provider group for secondary-tertiary page 1 Repeal section 31B(1)(b)(ii).	orogramme)
6	Section 31F amended (Recognition as lead provider of secondary programme)  Repeal section 31F(d).	ry-tertiary
7	Section 159 amended (Interpretation)	
(1)	In section 159(1), replace the definition of <b>council</b> with:	
	council,—	
	(a) in relation to an institution other than NZIST, means the beens the institution in accordance with <b>section 165</b> :	ody that gov-
	(b) in relation to NZIST, means NZIST's council members appresection 222G	oointed under

(2)	In se	ction 159(1), replace the definition of <b>existing institution</b> with:	
	exist	ing institution means a body specified in Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 13	
(3)	In se	ction 159(1), definition of <b>institution</b> , replace paragraph (b) with:	
	(b)	NZIST (including, as the case requires, its subsidiaries); or	
(4)	In se	ction 159(1), replace the definition of <b>record of achievement</b> with:	5
		rd of achievement means a record of a student's educational outcomes tained by the Qualifications Authority or a tertiary education provider	
(5)	In se	ection 159(1), replace the definition of <b>private training establishment</b>	
	tion,	ate training establishment means an establishment, other than an institu- that provides post-school education or training, including vocational edu- n and training	10
(6)		ection 159(1), definition of <b>tertiary education provider</b> , replace "follow- but does not include an industry training organisation" with "following".	
(7)	In se	ction 159(1), repeal the following definitions:	15
	(a)	combined council:	
	(b)	designated polytechnic:	
	(c)	industry training organisation:	
	(d)	polytechnic:	
	(e)	polytechnic council:	20
	(f)	reconstitution day.	
(8)	In se	ction 159(1), insert in their appropriate alphabetical order:	
		Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology or NZIST means the New and Institute of Skills and Technology established by section 222A	
	NZI	ST subsidiary means a Crown entity subsidiary of NZIST	25
	train	nee—	
	(a)	means an employee who has a training contract; and	
	(b)	includes an apprentice as defined in section 489	
	relate voca	ning contract means a contract between an employer and an employee that est to the employee's receipt of, or provides for the employee to receive, tional education and training (whether provided by the employer or some person)	30
	the a		35
	worl	k-based training has the same meaning as in section 477	

		<b>Aforce development council</b> means a workforce development council lished under <b>section 479</b>	
(9)	In se	ction 159(3), delete "polytechnic,".	
8	Secti	on 159B amended (Definition of organisation)	
	Repla	ace section 159B(1)(b) with:	5
	(b)	a workforce development council:	
9	Secti	on 159F amended (Functions of Commission)	
(1)	After	section 159F(1)(e), insert:	
	(ea)	to ensure the availability within industry of high-quality vocational education and training; and	10
	(eb)	to promote the availability of vocational education and training to people of a kind or description specified in the Commission's statement of intent as people to whom that training has not traditionally been avail- able (whether within a particular industry or industries, or generally);	
		and	15
	(ec)	to develop and recommend to the Minister an apprenticeship training code for the purposes of <b>section 492</b> ; and	
	(ed)	to make the apprenticeship training code available as required by <b>section 493</b> ; and	
	(ef)	to monitor the performance of persons carrying out apprenticeship training activities (whether under a plan or a funding agreement) to ensure that they comply with the apprenticeship training code; and	20
	(eg)	to exercise the powers and perform the functions of the Commission under <b>subpart 3 of Part 34</b> (which relates to work-based training levies); and	25
(2)		ection 159F(1)(f), delete ", the Industry Training Act 1992, the Modern renticeship Training Act 2000,".	
10	New	sections 159FA to 159FC inserted	
	After	section 159F, insert:	
159I	A Du	ties of Commission in relation to workforce development council	3(
(1)		Commission must—	
	(a)	have regard to advice from a workforce development council in relation to its specified industries in assessing any proposed plan under section 159YA or when considering funding an organisation other than via a plan under section 159ZC in relation to vocational education and training; and	35

	(b)	give effect to advice from a workforce development council about the mix of vocational education and training needed for the 1 or more industries covered by the workforce development council when deciding to give funding approval to organisations under section 159YA(5).	
2)	The d	luty in subsection (1)(b) is subject to—	5
	(a)	any funding limits set by the Minister under section 159L and the Commission under section 159O; and	
	(b)	any capacity or capability constraints of providers to provide, arrange, and support the mix of vocational education and training.	
3)	is una cation limits	Commission must advise a workforce development council, in writing, if it able to give effect to the council's advice about the mix of vocational edunand training needed for the council's specified industries due to any sor constraints referred to in <b>subsection (2)(b)</b> and advise the workforce opment council about—	10
	(a)	what specific actions the Commission intends to take to address those limits or constraints within the next 3 years; and	15
	(b)	its right to object to the Minister if the workforce development council reasonably believes that the Commission has not adequately responded to its advice about the mix of vocational education and training required to meet the needs of its specified industries.	20
.59F		ver of Commission to require information from workforce opment council	
1)	devel matio	chief executive of the Commission may, by written notice to a workforce opment council, require it to provide the chief executive with any informabout the financial position or operations (or both) of the workforce opment council (whether or not funded under a plan under section (A).	25
2)	must	rkforce development council that receives a notice under <b>subsection (1)</b> provide the chief executive of the Commission with the required informavithin the time period specified in the notice.	30
3)		chief executive of the Commission may, at any time, revoke or amend a given under <b>subsection (1)</b> .	
59F	C Pov	ver of Commission to audit workforce development council	
1)	comp of the	he purpose of ascertaining whether a workforce development council is lying, or has complied, with the provisions of this Act, the chief executive e Commission may commission an independent audit of the workforce opment council.	35
2)	The a	audit may (without limitation) include an assessment of—	
	(a)	the conduct of the workforce development council's functions:	

(b)

the application of funding provided to the workforce development coun-

	cil by the Commission.	
11	Section 159G amended (Principles guiding how Commission operates) In section 159G(b) and (c), replace "industry training organisations" with "workforce development councils".	5
12	New section 159KBB inserted (Additional requirement of NZIST's council to provide information)  After section 159KBA, insert:	
159K	BB Additional requirement of NZIST's council to provide information	
(1)	The chief executive of the Commission may, by written notice to NZIST's council, require it to provide the chief executive with any information about the operation of NZIST or any related entity of NZIST for the purpose of determining whether there is a risk to, or arising from,—	10
	(a) the governance, management, or financial position of NZIST or a related entity of NZIST; or	15
	(b) the education and training performance of students enrolled at NZIST or a related entity of NZIST.	
(2)	If NZIST's council receives a notice under <b>subsection (1)</b> , it must provide the chief executive of the Commission with the required information within the time period specified in the notice.	20
(3)	The chief executive of the Commission may revoke or amend any notice given under <b>subsection (1)</b> .	
(4)	For the purposes of <b>subsection (1)</b> , <b>related entity</b> , in relation to NZIST, has the same meaning as in section 164A.	
13	Section 159L amended (Minister determines design of funding mechanisms)	25
	Replace section 159L(3)(d) with:	
	(d) specify the conditions that the Commission must attach to funding that is provided under funding mechanisms, including (without limitation) con- ditions setting limits on fees that—	30
	(i) organisations may charge domestic students:	
	(ii) tertiary education providers may charge employers for supporting their employees' work-based training; and	
14	Section 159M amended (Restrictions on design of funding mechanisms)	
(1)	In section 159M(b), after "students", insert "or that tertiary education providers may charge employers".	35
(2)	In section 159M, insert as subsection (2):	

(2)	However, the Minister may direct that funding be provided to NZIST via a funding mechanism if the Minister reasonably considers that it is consistent with the efficient use of national resources and in the national interest to do so.	
15	Section 159OA amended (Variation of determination of design of funding mechanisms)  In section 159OA(4), after "students", insert "and that tertiary education providers may charge employers".	5
16	Section 161 amended (Academic freedom)	
(1)	In the heading to section 161, after "freedom", insert "and institutional autonomy of institutions (other than NZIST)".	10
(2)	In section 161(1), replace "institutions that academic freedom and the autonomy of institutions" with "universities, wananga, colleges of education, and specialist colleges that academic freedom and the autonomy of those institutions".	
(3)	After section 161(4), insert:	15
(5)	This section does not apply to NZIST (for which <b>section 222E</b> provides).	
17	Section 162 amended (Establishment of institutions)	
(1)	Repeal section 162(1)(c).	
(2)	In section 162(2) and (4), delete "a polytechnic,".	
(3)	Repeal section 162(4)(b)(ii).	20
(4)	In section 162(5), delete "polytechnic," in each place.	
(5)	After section 162(9), insert:	
(10)	Subsection (5) does not apply to NZIST (for which <b>section 222A(2)</b> provides).	
18	Section 163 amended (Constitution of institutions)	25
	In section 163(1), replace "paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) of section 162(1) shall consist" with "section 162(1)(b) consists".	
19	Section 164 amended (Disestablishment of institutions)	
(1)	In section 164(4)(b), delete "(for example, a disestablished polytechnic may be incorporated in a university)".	30
(2)	After section 164(6), insert:	
(7)	To avoid doubt, nothing in this section applies to NZIST.	
20	Section 165 replaced (Institutions to be governed by councils) Replace section 165 with:	

165	Institutions to be governed by councils				
(1)	The governing body of NZIST is its council members appointed under <b>section 222G</b> .				
(2)	The governing body of every other institution is its council constituted in accordance with this Part.	5			
(3)	A reference in any enactment to the council or other governing body of an institution referred to in <b>subsection (2)</b> must be construed as a reference to the council of the institution.				
(4)	Subject to section 193(2), all acts or things done in the name of, or on behalf of, an institution with the authority of, or of a delegate of, the council or the chief executive are to be treated as being done by the institution.	10			
21	Section 166 amended (Incorporation)				
	In section 166(1), replace "and each college of education, polytechnic," with "NZIST, and each college of education,".				
22	Section 169 amended (Constitutions of councils of new institutions) Replace section 169(4) with:	15			
(4)	This section does not apply to the membership of NZIST's council.				
23	Section 170 amended (Amendment of constitution)				
	Replace section 170(2) with:				
(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply to NZIST's council.	20			
24	Section 170A amended (Constitution to provide for membership of council)				
	Replace section 170A(2) with:				
(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply to the membership of NZIST's council (for which <b>section 222G</b> provides).	25			
25	Section 171 amended (Membership of council)				
	Replace section 171(2) with:				
(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply to the membership of NZIST's council (for which <b>section 222G</b> provides).				
26	Section 171A amended (Certain people disqualified from appointment)	30			
	Replace section 171A(2) with:				
(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply to the membership of NZIST's council (for which <b>section 222G(2)</b> provides).				

27	Section 171B amended (Matters to be considered when appointing members)	
	Replace section 171B(3) with:	
(3)	This section does not apply to the membership of NZIST's council (for which section 222H provides).	5
28	Section 171C amended (Statutes relating to appointment of members by councils of institutions)	
(1)	In section 171C(1), delete "(or, as the case requires, section 222AA(1)(b))".	
(2)	After section 171C(6), insert:	
(7)	This section does not apply to the membership of NZIST's council.	10
29	Section 171D amended (Limitations on number of occasions on which people may be appointed as members of councils)  Replace section 171D(5) with:	
(5)	This section does not apply to NZIST's council.	
30	Section 171F amended (Certain acts and proceedings not invalidated by defects)	15
(2)	Replace section 171F(2) with:  This section does not apply to NZIST's council (for which <b>section 222G(3)</b> provides).	
31	Section 173 amended (Term of office) After section 173(2), insert:	20
(3)	This section does not apply to appointments to NZIST's council (for which section 222J provides).	
32	Section 176 amended (Casual vacancies) After section 176(3), insert:	25
(4)	This section does not apply to appointments to NZIST's council.	
33	Section 176A amended (Individual duties of members of councils) After section 176A(4), insert:	
(5)	This section does not apply to a member of NZIST's council.	
34	Section 176B amended (Accountability for individual duties)	30
(1)	In section 176B(2), delete "or 222AJ (as the case requires)".	- 0
(2)	After section 176B(7), insert:	
(8)	This section does not apply to a member of NZIST's council.	

35	Section 176C amended (Removal of members)			
	Replace section 176C(8) with:			
(8)	This section does not apply to the removal from office of a member of NZIST's council.			
36	Section 177 amended (Chairperson and deputy chairperson) Replace section 177(9) with:	5		
(9)	This section does not apply to the chairperson or deputy chairperson of NZIST's council (for which <b>section 2221</b> provides).			
37	Section 179 amended (Fees and allowances)			
	After section 179(3), insert:	10		
(4)	This section does not apply to a member of NZIST's council.			
38	Section 181 amended (Duties of councils)			
	In section 181, insert as subsection (2):			
(2)	In addition, NZIST's council must comply with section 97 of the Crown Entities Act 2004 in respect of its subsidiaries.	15		
39	Section 182 amended (Determination of policy)			
	After section 182(5), insert:			
(6)	This section does not apply to NZIST (for which <b>section 222K</b> provides).			
40	Section 193 amended (Powers of councils)			
(1)	In section 193(2)(e), delete "(for example, the council of a polytechnic may agree to the disestablishment of the polytechnic and its incorporation in a university)".	20		
(2)	In section 193(2)(ea), delete "(for example, the council of a university may agree to the incorporation of a polytechnic in the university)".			
(3)	After section 193(2), insert:	25		
(2A)	Subsection (2)(e) and (ea) does not apply to NZIST's council.			
41	Section 194 amended (Statutes)			
(1)	In section 194(1), after "institution", insert "and the board of an NZIST subsidiary".			
(2)	After section 194(1), insert:	30		
(1A)	Subsection (1)(ia) does not apply to NZIST's council or the board of an NZIST subsidiary.			
42	Section 195 replaced (Trust property)			

Replace section 195 with:

195

195	Trust property	
	Despite anything to the contrary in this Act or any other enactment relating to the institution (including NZIST and its subsidiaries), any real or personal property held by the institution upon trust must be dealt with in accordance with the powers and duties of the institution as trustee.	5
43	Section 195A amended (Criteria for risk assessment of institutions)	
(1)	In the heading to section 195A, after "institutions", insert "(other than NZIST)".	
(2)	After section 195A(3), insert:	
(4)	This section does not apply to NZIST's council (for which <b>section 222P</b> provides).	10
44	Section 195B amended (Institutions to provide information if required) After section 195B(5), insert:	
(6)	This section does not apply to NZIST's council (for which <b>section 222Q</b> provides).	15
45	Section 195C amended (Minister may appoint Crown observer) After section 195C(6), insert:	
(7)	This section does not apply to NZIST or its subsidiaries (for which <b>section 222R</b> provides).	
46	Section 195D amended (Minister may dissolve council and appoint commissioner)  After section 195D(8), insert:	20
(9)	This section does not apply to NZIST or its subsidiaries (for which <b>section 222W</b> provides).	
47	Section 203 amended (Institutions are Crown entities)	25
	Replace section 203(3) with:	
(3)	The provisions of the Crown Entities Act 2004 set out in <b>Part 1</b> of Schedule 4 of that Act and <b>Part 1</b> of Schedule 13A of this Act apply to all tertiary education institutions and their Crown entity subsidiaries (within the meaning of the Crown Entities Act 2004).	30
48	Section 222 amended (Delegation by council)	
	After section 222(11), insert:	
(12)	This section does not apply to NZIST's council.	
49	Part 15A replaced	
	Replace Part 15A with:	35

## Part 15A New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology

#### 222A NZIST established

(1) This section establishes the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology (NZIST) as a tertiary education institution.

5

- (2) The Governor-General may, by Order in Council made on the recommendation of the Minister, do either or both of the following:
  - (a) change the name of NZIST:
  - (b) amend this Act or any other enactment by omitting from it the name of NZIST and substituting some other name.

10

(3) To avoid doubt, NZIST does not cease to be a tertiary education institution merely because its name is changed under **subsection (2)**.

#### 222B Functions of NZIST

NZIST has the following functions:

(a) to provide or arrange, and support, a range of education and training and conduct applied research:

15

(b) to be responsive to and to meet the needs of the regions of New Zealand and their learners, industries, employers, and communities by utilising NZIST's national network of tertiary education programmes and activities:

20

- (c) to improve the consistency of vocational education and training by using skill standards and working in collaboration with workforce development councils:
- (d) to improve outcomes in the tertiary education system as a whole, including (without limitation) by making connections with schools and other organisations involved in tertiary education:

25

(e) to improve outcomes for Māori learners and Māori communities in collaboration with Māori and iwi partners and stakeholders.

#### 222C NZIST's charter

(1) NZIST must give effect to its charter as set out in **Schedule 22**.

30

35

- (2) NZIST must report in its annual report on how it has given effect to the charter.
- (3) The duty in **subsection (1)** is owed to the Minister.

#### 222D Minister may specify administrative regions for NZIST

The Minister may, by notice in the *Gazette*, specify administrative regions for the purposes of aligning with the regions as specified by the Government.

AAAT				CATTATATA
222E	Academ	nic free	edom (	of NZIST

- (1) It is declared to be the intention of Parliament in enacting the provisions of this Act relating to NZIST that NZIST's academic freedom is to be preserved and enhanced.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, **academic freedom**, in relation to NZIST, means—
  - (a) the freedom of academic staff and students, within the law, to question and test received wisdom, to put forward new ideas, and to state controversial or unpopular opinions; and

5

10

25

35

- (b) the freedom of academic staff and students to engage in research; and
- (c) the freedom of NZIST and its staff to regulate the subject matter of its courses; and
- (d) the freedom of NZIST and its staff to teach and assess students in the manner they consider best promotes learning; and
- (e) the freedom of NZIST through its chief executive to appoint its own staff.
- (3) However, nothing in **subsection (2)** limits or affects a workforce development council carrying out its relevant functions.
- (4) In exercising academic freedom, NZIST must act in a manner that is consistent with—
  - (a) the need for institutions to maintain the highest ethical standards and the need to permit public scrutiny to ensure the maintenance of those standards; and
  - (b) the need for institutions to be accountable and to properly use resources allocated to them.
- (5) In performing their functions, NZIST's council and its chief executive, Ministers, departments of State, authorities, and agencies of the Crown must act in all respects so as to give effect to the intention of Parliament as expressed in this section.
- (6) NZIST's academic freedom also applies in relation to NZIST subsidiaries that provide education and training.

#### 222F NZIST must establish regional divisions

- (1) NZIST must establish regional divisions for the purposes of—
  - (a) appointing members to a staff committee or a students' committee established under **section 222L**:
  - (b) appointing directors to an NZIST subsidiary.
- (2) NZIST may make statutes for the purposes of **subsection (1)**.

#### NZIST's council

222G Membership of NZIST's council (1) NZIST's council must have at least 8, but not more than 12, members, as follows: (a) 1 member must be a person who is elected by the regional representa-5 tives of its staff committee: and 1 member must be a person who is elected by the regional representa-(b) tives of its students' committee; and (c) 1 member must be a person who is elected by its Māori advisory com-10 mittee; and the rest of the members must be appointed by the Minister. (d) A person is not eligible for appointment under subsection (1) if— (2) the person is subject to a property order under the Protection of Personal and Property Rights Act 1988; or (b) a personal order has been made under that Act in respect of the person 15 that reflects adversely on their— (i) competence to manage their own affairs in relation to their property; or capacity to make or to communicate decisions relating to any par-(ii) ticular aspect or aspects of their personal care and welfare; or 20 the person is a bankrupt who has not obtained an order of discharge, or (c) whose order of discharge has been suspended for a term that has not yet expired or is subject to any conditions that have not yet been fulfilled; or the person has at any time been removed from office as a member of the (d) council. 25 No act or proceeding of NZIST's council, or any member or any committee of (3) NZIST's council, is invalid because of a defect in the appointment or election of a member of the council or (a) committee; or 30 (b) a disqualification of a member of the council or committee; or a defect in the convening of a meeting; or (c) a vacancy or vacancies in the membership of the council or committee. To avoid doubt.— (4) (a) an elected person referred to in subsection (1)(a) is a member of the council only while the person is a permanent member of the staff of 35

NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary:

an elected person referred to in subsection (1)(b) is a member of the

(b)

		council only while the person is a student enrolled at NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary:				
	(c)	an elected person referred to in <b>subsection (1)(c)</b> is a member of the council only while the person is a member of the $M\bar{a}$ ori advisory committee.	5			
222H		Matters to be considered when Minister appoints members to NZIST's council				
(1)	It is reflec	desirable in principle that, as far as possible, NZIST's council should et—	10			
	(a)	the ethnic, gender, and socio-economic diversity, and the diversity of abilities, of New Zealand's population; and				
	(b)	the fact that New Zealand is made up of a number of regions.				
(2)		n appointing members of NZIST's council, the Minister must have regard <b>bsection (1)</b> and must appoint people who (in the Minister's opinion)—	15			
	(a)	have relevant knowledge, skills, and experience in relation to governance, cultural competency, and the importance of diversity; and				
	(b)	are likely to be able to fulfil their individual duties to the council; and				
	(c)	together with the other members of the council, are capable of undertaking its responsibilities, duties, and functions.	20			
(3)	in ac	A person specified in <b>section 222G(1)(a) and (b)</b> is appointed by the council in accordance with the council's statute unless the person is ineligible for appointment under <b>section 222G(2)</b> .				
222I	Chai	Chairperson and deputy chairperson				
(1)	The Minister may appoint a chairperson and deputy chairperson of NZIST's council from among its members by giving written notice to the member concerned stating the term for which the member is appointed.					
(2)	The Minister may, by written notice to the member concerned, dismiss the chairperson or deputy chairperson of NZIST's council from office as chairperson or deputy chairperson.					
(3)		However, the Minister must not dismiss the chairperson or deputy chairperson without first consulting them on the proposed dismissal.				
(4)	The chairperson or deputy chairperson of NZIST's council—					
	(a)	may resign as chairperson or deputy chairperson by giving written notice to the Minister; and	35			
	(b)	ceases to hold office if they—				
		(i) cease to be a member of NZIST's council; or				

	(ii)	become the chief executive of NZIST or a member of the staff of NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary; or		
	(iii)	become a student enrolled at NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary.		
(5)	A chairperson or deputy chairperson who resigns must give a copy of the notice of resignation to NZIST's council.			
(6)	The chairperson or deputy chairperson of NZIST's council holds office as chairperson or deputy chairperson for the term for which they were appointed (but may be reappointed), unless the person earlier dies, is dismissed, resigns, or ceases to hold office under <b>subsection (4)(b)</b> .			
(7)	successor i	of office of the chairperson or deputy chairperson expires before a s appointed, the chairperson or deputy chairperson continues in their successor is appointed.	10	
222J	Term of off	fice		
(1)	A member of	of NZIST's council is appointed for a period not exceeding 4 years.		
(2)	* *	ointing members of NZIST's council under <b>section 222G(1)(d)</b> , r must state in the notice appointing the member—	15	
	(a) the d	ay on which the member's appointment takes effect; and		
	(b) the te	erm for which the member is appointed.		
Ad	lditional pro	ovisions applying to NZIST's council and NZIST subsidiaries		
222K	Determina	tion of policy	20	
(1)	cil must con that has res	ing the policy of NZIST with respect to any matter, NZIST's counsult any board, committee, or other body established within NZIST ponsibility for giving advice in relation to, or for giving effect to, if NZIST with respect to the matter.		
(2)	-	poses of <b>subsection (1)</b> , NZIST's council must establish an acad consisting of its chief executive and members of the staff and stu- CIST to—	25	
		e it on matters relating to work-based learning, courses of study or ng, awards, and other academic matters; and		
	(b) exerc	rise powers delegated to it by the council.	30	
(3)	sion or statu unless it ha	niting <b>subsection (1)</b> , NZIST's council must not make any deci- ate in respect of any academic matter referred to in <b>subsection (2)</b> as requested the advice of the academic board and considered any in by the academic board.		
(4)		decision or statute made by NZIST's council is not invalid merely a failure of the council to comply with either of <b>subsections (1)</b>	35	

<b>222</b> L	NZIS	ST's council must establish advisory committees		
(1)		NZIST's council must establish a staff committee, a students' committee, and a Māori advisory committee.		
(2)		Each committee established under <b>subsection (1)</b> must be treated as a board established by the council under section 193(2)(i).		
(3)	With	out limiting section 222K(1), NZIST's council must—		
	(a)	consult each committee established under <b>subsection (1)</b> on significant matters relating to its strategic direction that are relevant to the class of people represented by that committee; and		
	(b)	consider any advice given on those matters or any other matters by the committee.	10	
(4)		ever, a decision or statute made by NZIST's council is not invalid merely use of a failure of the council to comply with <b>subsection (3)</b> .		
222M	Mer	nbership of advisory committees		
(1)		n appointing members of its staff committee or its students' committee, T's council must ensure that—	15	
	(a)	each committee consists of persons representing a minimum of each substantial regional division of NZIST; and		
	(b)	each member of the staff committee is a permanent member of the teaching or general staff of NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary whom the permanent members of the teaching and general staff of NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary have elected to represent them; and	20	
	(c)	each member of the students' committee is a student enrolled at NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary whom the students have elected to represent them.	25	
(2)	must ers, t	n appointing members of its Māori advisory committee, NZIST's council determine in consultation with its Māori and iwi partners and stakeholdhe size and composition of the committee, but must ensure that the comion includes—		
	(a)	representation from NZIST or any of its subsidiaries; and	30	
	(b)	external people.		
222N	NZIS proje	ST and NZIST subsidiary must obtain consent for certain capital ects		
(1)	NZIS	T must obtain the written consent of the Secretary for any capital project ZIST or an NZIST subsidiary—	35	
	(a)	that is not within a capital plan approved by the Secretary; or		
	(b)	that meets or exceeds any thresholds for capital projects published by the Secretary on an Internet site maintained by or on behalf of the Ministry.		

(2)	any c	ne purposes of <b>subsection (1)</b> , an NZIST subsidiary must not carry out apital project unless it is in a capital plan approved by the Secretary or T has obtained the written consent of the Secretary.	
2220		ST subsidiary must obtain consent before exercising powers under on 192(4)	5
	An Nunles	ZIST subsidiary must not exercise any of the powers in section 192(4) s—	
	(a)	it has notified NZIST in writing of the proposed exercise of the power; and	
	(b)	NZIST has obtained the consent of the Secretary to the proposed exercise of the power by the NZIST subsidiary.	10
		Interventions	
222P	Crite	ria for risk assessment of NZIST and related entities	
(1)	the S	ne purpose of exercising a power under any of <b>sections 222R to 222W</b> , ecretary must, after consulting NZIST's council, determine criteria for sing the levels of risks to—	15
	(a)	NZIST and any related entity of NZIST; or	
	(b)	the education and training performance of students enrolled at NZIST and any related entity of NZIST.	
(2)	The S	ecretary must publish the criteria in the Gazette.	20
(3)		riteria must be reviewed at least once in every 2 years following the date ir publication in the <i>Gazette</i> .	
(4)		s section and <b>sections 222Q to 222U</b> , <b>related entity</b> , in relation to T, has the same meaning as in section 164A.	
222Q	NZIS	ST or related entity must provide information if required	25
(1)	NZIS writte	chief executive of the Commission has reasonable grounds to believe that T or a related entity of NZIST may be at risk, the chief executive may, by an notice to NZIST's council, require the council to provide either or both of following:	
	(a)	specified information about the operation, management, or financial position of NZIST or a related entity of NZIST at a given time:	30
	(b)	reports at specified intervals on specific aspects of the operation, management, or financial position of NZIST or a related entity of NZIST.	
(2)	tion to NZ	chief executive of the Commission requires information under <b>subsec-</b> (1), the information required must be information that relates to the risks ZIST or the related entity that the chief executive of the Commission is erned about.	35

(3)	A council that receives a notice under <b>subsection (1)</b> must provide the chief executive of the Commission with the required information within the period specified in the notice.				
(4)		The chief executive of the Commission may revoke or amend any notice given under <b>subsection (1)</b> .			
222R	Mini	ster may appoint Crown observer			
(1)	This	section applies if the Minister believes on reasonable grounds that—			
	(a)	NZIST or a related entity of NZIST may be at risk; or			
	(b)	the education and training performance of the students enrolled at NZIST or a related entity of NZIST may be at risk.	10		
(2)	The I	Minister may appoint a Crown observer to NZIST's council.			
(3)	Howe first-	ever, a Crown observer must not be appointed unless the Minister has			
	(a)	consulted NZIST's council; and			
	(b)	advised NZIST's council that the Minister is considering appointing a Crown observer; and	15		
	(c)	given NZIST's council an opportunity to comment on the proposal.			
(4)	-	ppointment under this section must be in writing and must state the date hich it takes effect.			
(5)	A Cr	own observer may—	20		
	(a)	attend any meeting of NZIST's council (or a committee or board of NZIST's council) to which the Crown observer is appointed; and			
	(b)	offer advice to NZIST's council (or a committee or board of NZIST's council); and			
	(c)	report to the Minister on any matter raised or discussed at any meeting that the person attends as a Crown observer.	25		
(6)		pt as authorised by <b>subsection (5)(c)</b> , a Crown observer must, at all , maintain confidentiality with respect to the affairs of NZIST's council.			
(7)		own observer is not a member of NZIST's council (or a committee or l of NZIST's council), and may not—	30		
	(a)	vote on any matter; or			
	(b)	exercise any of the powers, or perform any of the functions or duties, of a member of NZIST's council.			
222S	Specialist help				
(1)	This section applies if the chief executive of the Commission believes on reasonable grounds that—				
	(a)	NZIST or a related entity of NZIST may be at risk; or			

	(b)	the education and training performance of the students enrolled at NZIST or a related entity of NZIST may be at risk.	
(2)	The c	chief executive may, by written notice to NZIST's council, require it—	
	(a)	to obtain specialist help; or	
	(b)	to obtain specialist help for a related entity of NZIST.	5
(3)	The n	notice must state—	
	(a)	the help or kind of help to be obtained; and	
	(b)	the person or organisation, or kind of person or organisation, from whom or from which it is to be obtained.	
(4)		on as is reasonably practicable after receiving the notice, NZIST's council comply with it.	10
(5)	NZIS	T's council must—	
	(a)	provide the information and access, and do all other things, reasonably necessary to enable the person or organisation engaged to provide the help; and	15
	(b)	to the extent that the help provided is advice, take the advice into account in performing its functions and duties; and	
	(c)	pay the person or organisation's reasonable fees and expenses.	
222T	Perfo	ormance improvement plan	
(1)	This	section applies if the chief executive of the Commission believes on nable grounds that—	20
	(a)	NZIST or a related entity of NZIST may be at risk; or	
	(b)	the education and training performance of the students enrolled at NZIST or a related entity of NZIST may be at risk.	
(2)	prepa	chief executive may, by written notice to NZIST's council, require it to are and give to the chief executive a draft performance improvement plan ZIST or a related entity of NZIST.	25
(3)	The n	notice must state—	
	(a)	the matters to be addressed by the draft plan; and	
	(b)	the outcomes that implementation of the draft plan is intended to achieve; and	30
	(c)	the times by which those outcomes should be achieved; and	
	(d)	the performance measures that will be used to determine whether those outcomes have been achieved; and	
	(e)	the date by which the draft plan must be given to the chief executive.	35
(4)		T's council must prepare, and give to the chief executive by the stated a draft plan that complies with <b>subsection (3)</b> .	

(5)	The c	hief executive may—	
	(a)	approve the draft plan; or	
	(b)	after considering the draft plan, approve for NZIST or the related entity some other plan that complies with <b>subsection (3)</b> (whether a modified version of the draft plan or a different plan).	5
(6)	appro	council does not comply with <b>subsection (4)</b> , the chief executive may ve for NZIST or the related entity (as the case may be) any plan that comwith <b>subsection (3)</b> that the chief executive thinks appropriate.	
(7)		hief executive must not approve any plan other than a draft plan given to nief executive before discussing it with NZIST's council.	10
(8)		T's council must take all reasonably practicable steps to implement a plan ved under this section.	
<b>222</b> U	Mini	ster may appoint Crown manager	
(1)	This s	section applies if the Minister believes on reasonable grounds—	
	(a)	that there is a risk to the operation or long-term viability of NZIST or a related entity of NZIST; or	15
	(b)	that the education and training performance of the students enrolled at NZIST or a related entity of NZIST is at risk.	
(2)		The Minister may, by written notice to NZIST's council, appoint a Crown manager for NZIST.	
(3)	The Nout—	Minister must not appoint a Crown manager under <b>subsection (2)</b> with-	
	(a)	giving NZIST's council written notice of the Minister's intention to do so and the Minister's reasons for intending to do so; and	
	(b)	allowing NZIST's council a reasonable time to respond to the notice; and	25
	(c)	considering any written submissions received from NZIST's council within that time.	
(4)		her a time is <b>reasonable</b> in any particular case may depend (among others) on the urgency of the matters the Crown manager will have to deal	30
(5)	The n	otice must state—	
	(a)	the name of the Crown manager and the day on which their appointment takes effect; and	
	(b)	the functions of NZIST's council to be performed by the Crown manager; and	35
	(c)	any conditions subject to which the Crown manager may perform those functions; and	

	(d)	any r	matters about which the Crown manager may advise NZIST's coun-	
(6)			practicable after appointing a Crown manager, the Minister must ppointment in the <i>Gazette</i> .	
(7)	While	e there	e is a Crown manager appointed for NZIST,—	5
	(a)		Crown manager may perform any of the functions stated in the e appointing them, and—	
		(i)	for that purpose the Crown manager has all the powers of NZIST's council; but	
		(ii)	in performing any of those functions (and exercising any of those powers in order to do so) the Crown manager must comply with all relevant duties of NZIST's council; and	10
	(b)	NZIS	ST's council—	
		(i)	must not perform any of those functions; but	
		(ii)	must provide the information and access, and do all other things, reasonably necessary to enable the Crown manager to perform those functions and exercise those powers.	15
(8)	The Crown manager must perform any function under <b>subsection (7)(a)</b> (and exercise any power in order to do so) in accordance with this Act and, in particular, must have regard to <b>section 222E</b> .			20
(9)	NZIS	T's co	nuncil must pay the Crown manager's reasonable fees and expenses.	
(10)			n manager's appointment has not earlier been revoked, the Minister der whether the reasons for the appointment still apply—	
	(a)	no la	ter than 12 months after it was made; and	
	(b)		ter than 12 months after the Minister last considered whether they apply.	25
222V	Prote	ection	of Crown manager	
	done	by the	nanager is not personally liable for any act done or omitted to be c Crown manager, or for any loss arising from that act or omission, n manager was acting—	30
	(a)	in go	od faith; and	
	(b)	in the	e course of carrying out their functions.	
222W	Min Min	ister r	nay dissolve NZIST's council and appoint commissioner	
(1)	comn	nissior	er may, by written notice, dissolve NZIST's council and appoint a ner to act in place of the council if the Minister believes on reason-ls that—	35
	(a)	there and	is a serious risk to the operation or long-term viability of NZIST;	

	(b)	other methods of reducing the risk have failed or appear likely to fail.			
(2)	A notice under <b>subsection (1)</b> must specify—				
	(a)	the date on which the dissolution and appointment take effect; and			
	(b)	the name of the person appointed as commissioner.			
(3)		Minister may not exercise the power under <b>subsection (1)</b> unless the ter has first—	5		
	(a)	consulted NZIST's council and any other interested parties over the possible need to dissolve the council and appoint a commissioner; and			
	(b)	following that consultation, given the council written notice of the Minister's preliminary decision that NZIST's council should be dissolved and a commissioner appointed in its place; and	10		
	(c)	allowed NZIST's council at least 21 days in which to respond to the preliminary decision; and			
	(d)	considered any submissions made by NZIST's council about why the preliminary decision should not be confirmed.	15		
(4)	As so ter mu	on as practicable after giving a notice under <b>subsection (1)</b> , the Minis-ust—			
	(a)	publish a copy of it in the Gazette; and			
	(b)	present a copy of it to the House of Representatives.			
(5)		a commissioner is appointed under this section, the Minister must review pointment at least once in every 12 months following the appointment.	20		
(6)	As soon as the Minister is satisfied (following an annual review or at any other time) that the risk that gave rise to the appointment of the commissioner has reduced to such an extent that it is appropriate that NZIST be administered by a council, a new council must be appointed in accordance with <b>sections 222G</b> to <b>222J</b> .				
(7)	A commissioner's appointment ends on the close of the day before a new council takes office.				
(8)		ons 195DA, 195E, and 195F apply, with any necessary modifications, as emmissioner appointed under <b>subsection (1)</b> were appointed under sec-95D.	30		
222X	NZIS	T's council may request intervention			
	sion (	IST's council requests the Minister or the chief executive of the Commisas the case may be) to act under any of <b>sections 222R to 222W</b> , the ter or the chief executive—	35		
	(a)	must consider any argument or evidence supplied by NZIST's council; and			
	(b)	must consider whether or not to act under that section; but			

	(c)	may then (if any necessary conditions are satisfied) act under another of those sections giving them power to act.	
	A	Application of Crown Entities Act 2004 to NZIST's council	
222Y	Additional provisions of Crown Entities Act 2004 that apply to NZIST's council		
(1)	The provisions of the Crown Entities Act 2004 specified in <b>Part 2</b> of Schedule 4 of that Act and <b>Part 2</b> of Schedule 13A of this Act apply to NZIST and NZIST's council.		
(2)	NZIS provis	T must be treated as a statutory entity for the purpose of applying those sions.	10
		Specific provisions relating to NZIST subsidiaries	
222Z	Form	nation of NZIST subsidiaries	
(1)		T may, with the written approval of the Minister, form 1 or more NZIST diaries.	
(2)	of the	Governor-General may, by Order in Council made on the recommendation e Minister, specify provisions of this Act that do not apply to an NZIST diary formed under <b>subsection (1)</b> that does not provide education and ng.	15
222Z	A Du	ration of NZIST subsidiaries	
(1)		ZIST subsidiary listed in the second column of the table in <b>clause 27(3)</b> hedule 1 continues in existence until the close of <b>31 December 2022</b> .	20
(2)	mend	ever, the Governor-General may, by Order in Council made on the recomation of the Minister, extend the date on which any particular NZIST sub- y or all NZIST's subsidiaries may continue to exist to a date specified in reder.	25
(3)	Before making a recommendation, the Minister must consult NZIST on the proposed extension and take into account NZIST's views.		
(4)		Minister must not recommend an extension under <b>subsection (2)</b> unless linister is satisfied on reasonable grounds that the extension is—	
	(a)	consistent with the NZIST's responsibilities under the charter set out in $\textbf{Schedule 22};$ and	3(
	(b)	in the interests of the tertiary education system and the nation as a whole.	
222Z	B NZ	IST council may dissolve NZIST subsidiary	
		T's council may, by resolution, at any time before the date specified in	35

		lve an NZIST subsidiary and transfer the undertaking of the subsidiary to T or another NZIST subsidiary.	
222Z	C Ap	plication of Schedule 23	
	<b>Schedule 23</b> applies if an NZIST subsidiary is dissolved under <b>section 222ZA(1)</b> or in accordance with <b>section 222ZB</b> .		
50		on 234A amended (Fees for domestic students must not exceed mums set in conditions of funding)	
(1)	In the	e heading to section 234A, after "students", insert "and employers".	
(2)	In see	etion 234A(2), after "students", insert "or employers".	
(3)	In see	etion 234A(3), after "student", insert "or an employer".	10
51	Secti	on 246A amended (Functions of Authority)	
	After	section 246A(1)(d), insert:	
	(da)	to monitor, through the exercise of its powers under this Act, compliance by workforce development councils with the prescribed quality assur- ance requirements, and to address non-compliance:	15
	(db)	to monitor the quality and results of a workforce development council's systems and procedures for its moderation activities:	
52	Secti	on 248B amended (Standard-setting bodies)	
	Repla	ace section 248B(1)(a) with:	
	(a)	a workforce development council established in accordance with <b>section 479</b> ; and	20
53	Secti	on 249 amended (Approval of programmes)	
	In see	etion 249(1), delete "industry training organisation,".	
54		on 250 amended (Accreditation to provide approved programmes) al section 250(6)(b).	25
55	Secti	on 251 amended (Application for training scheme approval)	
(1)	In see	etion 251(1), delete "industry training organisation,".	
(2)	Repe	al section 251(3).	
(3)	Repe	al section 251(6)(b).	
56		on 252 amended (Consent to assess against standards) etion 252(1), delete "industry training organisation,".	30
57	Secti	on 253 amended (Rules)	

(1)

Replace section 253(1)(ga) and (gb) with:

(2)

**58** 

(1)

(2)

**59** (1)

(2)

(3)

**60** 

**61** (1)

(2)

(ga)	prescribing the amount of, or the method for determining, the annual fee payable by a workforce development council and when and how that fee is payable:	
(gb)	prescribing quality assurance requirements for workforce development councils, including (without limitation) requirements relating to the performance of the relevant functions of workforce development councils:	5
In se	ction 253(1)(m), replace "workplace" with "work-based".	
	ion 253C amended (Minister may consent to use of certain terms in e or description of registered establishment or wananga)	
	ection 253C(2) and (2A), replace "university, college of education, polynic, or institute of technology" with "university or college of education".	10
Repe	eal section 253C(4).	
Secti	ion 254 amended (Fees)	
	ection 254(1), replace "industry training organisation," with "workforce lopment council,".	15
in ac	ection 254(2)(c), delete "(including quality assurance activities undertaken ecordance with the Authority's functions under the Industry Training and renticeships Act 1992)".	
Repe	eal section 254(2)(d).	
Secti	ion 254A amended (Power to obtain information)	20
	ection 254A(1), replace "industry training organisation," with "workforce lopment council,".	
Secti	ion 255 amended (Compliance notices)	
	ection 255(1), replace "industry training organisation," with "workforce lopment council,".	25
In se	ction 255(2)(d) and (7)(e), replace "workplace" with "work-based".	
Secti	ion 292 amended (Offences relating to use of certain terms)	
Repl	ace section 292(1)(c) and (d) with:	
(c)	uses the term polytechnic to describe an educational establishment or facility unless the educational establishment or facility is NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary:	30
(d)	uses the term institute of technology to describe an educational establishment or facility unless the educational establishment or facility is NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary:	

63	Section 299A repealed (Transitional and savings provisions relating to councils of tertiary institutions consequential on enactment of Education Amendment Act 2015)	
	Repeal section 299A.	
64	Section 321 amended (Grant to educational bodies) In section 321(2), replace "an industry training organisation" with "a workforce development council".	5
65	New Part 34 inserted After Part 33, insert:	
	Part 34	10
	Work-based training	
477	Interpretation	
	In this Part, unless the context otherwise requires,—	
	<b>capstone assessment</b> , in relation to a student or trainee enrolled in a programme that leads to a qualification, means a final assessment that requires the student or trainee to demonstrate their overall achievement of knowledge, skills, and attributes set out in the graduate profile for the qualification	15
	<b>Commission</b> has the same meaning as in section 159(1)	
	<b>employment agreement</b> has the same meaning as in the Employment Relations Act 2000	20
	funding approval has the same meaning as in section 159(1)	
	industry means 2 or more enterprises that use—	
	(a) the same or similar inputs and methods of production to produce the same or similar products; or	
	(b) the same or similar methods to provide the same or similar services	25
	<b>Minister</b> means the Minister of the Crown who, under the authority of any warrant or with the authority of the Prime Minister, is for the time being responsible for the administration of this Part	
	<b>plan</b> has the same meaning as in section 159(1)	
	<b>programme</b> has the same meaning as in section 159(1)	30
	provider includes—	
	(a) NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary; and	
	(b) a government training establishment, a registered establishment, and a	

wananga within the meaning of those terms in section 159(1) qualification means a qualification listed on the Qualifications Framework

35

Part 1 cl 65

Qual	<b>lifications Authority</b> has the same meaning as in section 159(1)	
Qual	lifications Framework means the framework described in section 248	
regis	stered establishment has the same meaning as in section 159(1)	
skill	standard—	
(a)	means a specification of skills, and levels of performance in those skills; and	5
(b)	in relation to any vocational education and training (or proposed vocational education and training), means a specification of some or all of the skills in which training is (or is proposed to be) received, and the levels of performance in those skills intended to be attained by people receiving the training	10
_	<b>ified industries</b> , in relation to a workforce development council, means or more specified industries covered by the workforce development coun-	
train	nee—	15
(a)	means an employee who has a training contract; and	
(b)	includes an apprentice as defined in section 489	
train	ing contract has the same meaning as in section 159(1)	
learn	<b>ling package</b> means a resource, including the curriculum, sequencing of ing, and assessment requirements, that may be listed in the details of an oved qualification	20
train	ing scheme has the same meaning as in section 159(1)	
voca	tional education and training has the same meaning as in section 159(1)	
traini enga	<b>k-based training</b> means systematic training (including apprenticeship ing) in the skills characteristic of, or likely to be valuable to, persons ged in an industry (or 2 or more industries) that is provided to persons ged in that industry (or those industries)—	25
(a)	by or on behalf of employers in that industry (or those industries); or	
(b)	for the benefit of employers and employees in that industry (or those industries).	30
	ning contracts and apprenticeship training agreements part of loyment agreement	
empl	ning contracts and apprenticeship training agreements are part of the oyment agreement between the employee and employer concerned.  are: 1992 No 55 s 3	35
Comp	ate. 1774 NO 33 8 3	55

### Subpart 1—Workforce development councils

#### 479 Establishment of workforce development councils

- (1) The Governor-General may, by Order in Council made on the recommendation of the Minister, establish a workforce development council for 1 or more specified industries.
- (2) An order made under **subsection (1)** must—
  - (a) state the name of the workforce development council; and
  - (b) state the 1 or more specified industries that the workforce development council covers; and
  - (c) set out the governance arrangements for the workforce development council, including arrangements relating to the appointment, composition, and removal of members of the council; and

5

15

25

30

35

- (d) state any additional functions conferred on the workforce development council by the Minister in accordance with **section 482(1)(m)**.
- (3) In making a recommendation relating to the governance arrangements for a workforce development council, the Minister must, as far as is reasonably practicable, ensure that those arrangements provide for—
  - (a) the collective representation of employees in the governance of the council; and
  - (b) the representation on the council of Māori employers from any or all of the 1 or more specified industries.

#### 480 Disestablishment of workforce development councils

- (1) The Governor-General may, by Order in Council made on the recommendation of the Minister, disestablish a workforce development council and provide for the distribution of its assets and liabilities.
- (2) The Minister must not recommend the disestablishment of a workforce development council under **subsection (1)** unless the Minister—
  - (a) has received a request from the specified industries covered by the workforce development council for it to be disestablished and is satisfied on reasonable grounds that there are good reasons to do so; or
  - (b) reasonably considers that there has been a consistent failure by the work-force development council to carry out any 1 or more of its functions.

#### 481 Incorporation

Each workforce development council established under **section 479** is a body corporate with perpetual succession and a common seal, and is capable of—

- (a) holding real and personal property; and
- (b) suing and being sued; and

	(c)	otherwise doing and suffering all that bodies corporate may do and suffer.	
482	Func	ctions of workforce development councils	
(1)		functions of a workforce development council, in relation to the specified stries covered by it, are—	5
		Leadership	
	(a)	to provide skills leadership for the specified industries, including by identifying their current and future needs and advocating for those needs to be met through its work with the industries and with schools, providers, regional bodies, and the Government:	10
		Setting standards and developing qualifications	
	(b)	to develop and set skill standards:	
	(c)	to develop and maintain industry qualifications for listing on the Qualifications Framework:	
	(d)	to develop training schemes:	15
	(e)	to develop and set training packages:	
		Endorsing programmes and moderating assessments	
	(f)	to decide whether to endorse programmes developed by providers for approval by the Qualifications Authority under section 249:	
	(g)	to develop and set capstone assessments based on the needs of their specified industries:	20
	(h)	to carry out moderation activities, including in relation to any standards and capstone assessments it sets:	
		Advisory and representative role	
	(i)	to provide employers with brokerage and advisory services approved by the Commission:	25
	(j)	to advise the Commission about its overall investment in vocational education and training:	
	(k)	to advise the Commission about the mix of vocational education and training needed for the specified industries in the manner required by the Commission:	30
	(1)	to represent the interests of their specified industries, while taking account of national and regional interests:	
		Other functions	
	(m)	to perform any other functions conferred on it by the Minister in relation to the specified industries.	35

(2)

(2)	accou	erforming its functions, a workforce development council must take into unt the needs of its 1 or more specified industries but, in doing so, must consider national and regional interests.			
483	Worl	kforce development council's functions in relation to wananga			
(1)	Subject to subsection (2),—				
	(a)	a workforce development council may endorse a programme developed by a wananga only if requested by the wananga:			
	(b)	a capstone assessment developed by a workforce development council applies to a wananga only if requested by the wananga.			
(2)	devel	programme includes a component of work-based training, a workforce lopment council may perform its functions in <b>section 482</b> in relation to rogramme.	10		
<b>484</b>	Worl	kforce development council must not operate registered establishment			
		orkforce development council must not operate or hold any interest in a tered establishment.	15		
485	Oblig	gations of workforce development councils			
(1)	assur	orkforce development council must comply with any prescribed quality ance requirements set by the Qualifications Authority relating to the per- ance of its functions.			
(2)	to the	rforming its functions, a workforce development council must have regard e needs of Māori and other population groups identified in the tertiary edunstrategy issued under section 159AA.	20		
<b>486</b>	Annı	ual fee payable by workforce development council			
(1)	annu	orkforce development council must pay to the Qualifications Authority an all fee prescribed by or determined under rules made under section 1)(ga).	25		
(2)	costs	annual fee may recover no more than the reasonable costs, excluding those that are recoverable through fees charged under section 254, incurred by qualifications Authority for—			
	(a)	prescribing quality assurance requirements under <b>section 253(1)(gb)</b> ; and	30		
	(b)	monitoring compliance, and addressing non-compliance, with those requirements in accordance with its functions under <b>section 246A(1)(da)</b> ; and			
	(c)	issuing quality assurance improvement notices under <b>section 487</b> .	35		
(3)		ee is—			
	(a)	payable by the due date prescribed in the rules; and			

	(b)	recoverable as a debt due to the Qualifications Authority.	
487	Quali	fications Authority may issue quality assurance improvement notice	
(1)	neces	Qualifications Authority may, if satisfied that such action is reasonably sary to maintain the quality and effectiveness of a workforce development cil's performance of its functions, issue a quality assurance improvement eto a workforce development council.	5
(2)	A qua	lity assurance improvement notice must—	
	(a)	set out any concerns the Qualifications Authority has about the work- force development council's systems, practices, or procedures; and	
	(b)	specify the time within which the workforce development council is expected to address the Qualification Authority's concerns (which must be a reasonable time, having regard to the nature and complexity of the action required); and	10
	(c)	state that, if the Qualifications Authority's concerns are not addressed within the specified time, the Qualifications Authority may issue a compliance notice under <b>section 488</b> ; and	15
	(d)	state the consequence of a failure to comply with a compliance notice.	
488	Quali	fications Authority may issue compliance notice	
(1)		Qualifications Authority may issue a compliance notice to a workforce opment council requiring it to do either or both of the following:	20
	(a)	do, or refrain from doing, a particular thing in relation to a prescribed quality assurance requirement:	
	(b)	address any concerns set out in a quality assurance improvement notice issued under <b>section 487</b> that were not addressed within the time specified in that notice.	25
(2)	Section	on 255(3) to (6) applies to a compliance notice issued under this section.	
(3)		vorkforce development council fails to comply with a compliance notice I under this section, the Qualifications Authority may notify the Minister ting.	
(4)	wheth	impliance notice may be issued to a workforce development council ner or not a quality assurance improvement notice has been issued under on 487.	30
(5)	a con	ng in this section limits the power of the Qualifications Authority to issue apliance notice to a workforce development council in accordance with an 255.	35

### Subpart 2—Apprenticeships

#### 489 Interpretation

In this subpart, unless the context otherwise requires,—

apprentice means a person receiving apprenticeship training

**apprenticeship training** means a type of vocational education and training that—

5

10

30

35

- (a) is provided for a person who is working in an industry while undertaking training in that industry; and
- (b) is provided wholly or partly at the person's workplace, mainly by or on behalf of the person's employer; and
- (c) consists of a programme of study or training, or both, leading to a qualification in the skills of an industry that provides entry into an occupation in that industry; and
- (d) is facilitated by a person that receives funding from the Commission **apprenticeship training agreement** means an agreement between an employee and their employer that relates to the employee's receipt of, or that provides for the employee to receive, apprenticeship training.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 13C

#### 490 Apprenticeship training activities must be included in proposed plan

- (1) A provider that seeks funding for an apprenticeship training activity (as described in **subsection (2)**) via a plan must specify in its proposed plan how it intends to carry out that activity.
- (2) The apprenticeship training activities are—
  - (a) to promote apprenticeship training generally through providing information, guidance, and advice to employers and prospective apprentices about the benefits of an apprenticeship:
  - (b) to identify—
    - (i) prospective apprentices; and
    - (ii) employers able to offer apprenticeship training:
  - (c) to provide or arrange training or employment that may lead to apprenticeship training for prospective apprentices:
  - (d) to help prospective apprentices enter into apprenticeship training agreements:
  - (e) to produce, and facilitate (in consultation with the apprentice and the apprentice's employer) the implementation of, individual training plans consistent with an apprentice's apprenticeship training agreement:
  - (f) to monitor individual apprentices to ensure that their apprenticeship training leads them to attain, within a reasonable time, the level of skills

try is consistent with any apprenticeship training code:

(g)

necessary to complete a qualification in the skills of the specified indus-

to ensure, as far as is reasonably practicable, that apprenticeship training, and every apprenticeship training agreement, within the specified indus-

	(h)	ces,	ovide or procure appropriate pastoral care and support for apprenti- having regard to the age and experience of the apprentice and the ents of any apprenticeship training code.	
	Compa	are: 1992	2 No 55 s 13D	
91	Oblig	gation	s of persons carrying out apprenticeship training activities	10
1)			rrying out apprenticeship training activities (whether via a plan or ding agreement) must,—	
	(a)	490(	erforming any apprenticeship training activity described in <b>section</b> (2), comply with every part of the apprenticeship training code that ts that activity:	15
	(b)	ment	re helping a person to enter into an apprenticeship training agree- t, advise that person to seek advice about the agreement from an bendent person.	
2)	provi vider appre	der's of must entice of	er becomes aware that it is impracticable for an apprentice under care to continue their training with their current employer, the promake reasonable endeavours to find a new employer with whom the can complete their training.  2 No 55 s 13E	20
92	Mini	ster m	ay issue apprenticeship training code	
1)		Minist that—	er may, by notice in the <i>Gazette</i> , issue an apprenticeship training	25
	(a)	is co	nsistent with this subpart; and	
	(b)		out the responsibilities of apprentices, their employers, and persons ring out apprenticeship training activities under this subpart.	
2)			ticeship training code may, but need not, be a code recommended mission.	30
3)			ing an apprenticeship training code, the Minister may consult any organisations as the Minister considers appropriate.	
4)	The r	notice	under subsection (1) must—	
	(a)	force	Ify the date on which the apprenticeship training code comes into e (which must be at least 28 days after the date on which the notice blished); and	35
	(b)	eithe	r—	
		(i)	set out the apprenticeship training code in full; or	
			39	

give enough information to identify the code and state where cop-

(ii)

	ies of the code may be obtained.	
	Compare: 1992 No 55 s 13F	
493	Availability of apprenticeship training code	
	An apprenticeship training code issued by the Minister must be published on an Internet site maintained by or on behalf of the Commission.  Compare: 1992 No 55 s 13G	5
494	Apprenticeship training code to be taken into account by mediator, Employment Relations Authority, and Employment Court	
	In exercising or performing, in relation to a matter concerning an apprentice, any power or function under the Employment Relations Act 2000, the following must take into account every applicable element of any apprenticeship training code:	10
	(a) a person providing mediation services under that Act:	
	(b) the Employment Relations Authority:	15
	(c) the Employment Court.	
	Compare: 1992 No 55 s 13H	
495	Application of Legislation Act 2012 to apprenticeship training code	
	An apprenticeship training code is a disallowable instrument, but not a legislative instrument, for the purposes of the Legislation Act 2012, and must be presented to the House of Representatives under section 41 of that Act.  Compare: 1992 No 55 s 13I	20
	Subpart 3—Training levy	
496	Interpretation	
	For the purposes of this subpart,—	25
	ballot means a ballot under section 505	
	closing date means the date, specified in the ballot paper under section <b>510(b)</b> , by which ballot papers must be returned	
	<b>levy group</b> means the members of an industry described in a levy order, or proposed to be described in a levy order, who have to, or will have to, pay that levy or proposed levy	30
	<b>member of an industry</b> means a person who employs persons who work in that industry or a self-employed person in that industry	
	<b>qualifying member</b> , in relation to a levy group, means a member who does not have a certificate of exemption under <b>section 514</b>	35

Part 1 cl 65

**relevant industry** means the industry described in the levy order, or proposed levy order.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 25

#### 497 Purpose of levy

The purpose of this subpart is to enable the making of Orders in Council imposing a training levy on the members of an industry, payable to a workforce development council, if a ballot of those members shows sufficient support for the imposition of the levy.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 24

#### Imposition of levy

10

25

35

5

#### 498 Levy may be imposed by Order in Council

- (1) The Governor-General may, by Order in Council made on the recommendation of the Minister, impose a levy on qualifying members of a levy group that is payable to a workforce development council.
- (2) The Minister must not recommend the making of an Order in Council unless the Minister is satisfied on reasonable grounds of the matters in **section 499**.
- (3) A levy may be payable to—
  - (a) 1 workforce development council by all qualifying members of the industry that is covered by that council; or
  - (b) 1 workforce development council by all qualifying members of a specific industry that is within the range of industries covered by that council; or
  - (c) more than 1 workforce development council, jointly, by all qualifying members of an industry that is covered by those councils.
- (4) A levy order is a legislative instrument and a disallowable instrument for the purposes of the Legislation Act 2012 and must be presented to the House of Representatives under section 41 of that Act.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 26

#### 499 Restrictions on making of levy orders

- (1) The Minister must not recommend the making of a levy order unless satisfied on reasonable grounds that—
  - (a) the workforce development council to which the levy will be payable has, within the previous 12 months, balloted all known members of the levy group, in accordance with **sections 505 to 512**, in relation to a proposal that the levy should be imposed on those members; and
  - (b) at least 60% of the ballot papers distributed were validly completed and returned before the closing date to the independent returning officer conducting the ballot; and

	(c)	of the	e ballot papers validly completed and returned,—	
		(i)	more than 60% of the total supported the imposition of the levy; and	
		(ii)	more than 60%, weighted according to the size of the industry member that returned the ballot paper (calculated at the date on which the ballot closed and on the same basis as the levy is proposed to be charged, as set out in the ballot paper), supported the imposition of the levy; and	5
	(d)		etails specified in the order do not differ in any material way from specified in the ballot paper; and	10
	(e)	the de	etails specified in the order are acceptable to the Minister; and	
	(f)	syste	vorkforce development council has or will have in place adequate ms for accounting to qualifying members of the levy group for the aditure of levy funds; and	
	(g)	all of	her relevant matters known to the Minister have been properly coned.	15
(2)	the C		idering the matters in <b>subsection (1)</b> , the Minister must consult assion and may consult any other persons that the Minister considers	
	Compa	are: 1992	. No 55 s 27	20
500	Matt	ers to	be specified in levy orders	
		•	r must specify the matters set out in <b>Schedule 24</b> .	
501	Purp	oses fo	or which levy may be required	
1)	A lev	y orde	r must specify the purposes for which levy funds are to be used.	25
(2)		y orde may be	r may also specify any purpose or purposes for which no amount of used.	
(3)	more	purposing the	ng how levy funds are to be used, a levy order may specify 1 or sees that will benefit the levy group as a whole and that are related to costs (including infrastructure and administration costs) associated ping and maintaining skill standards for the specified industry.	30
(4)		evy orded to—	ler may specify a purpose for which levy funds may be used that is	
	(a)	meeti	ng the costs of arranging delivery of work-based training; or	
	(b)	under	taking any commercial or trading activity; or	35
	(c)	-	matter that directly benefits 1 or more individual members of the group, as opposed to generally benefiting the relevant industry as a e.	

(5)	Sub	section (4)(b) does not prevent a workforce development council from—	
	(a)	using any part of a levy to publish or sell any educational, informative, or promotional material (whether or not at a profit); or	
	(b)	investing any part of a levy pending its expenditure.	
	Comp	pare: 1992 No 55 s 29	5
502	Lev	y order may require provision of information	
	infor body	vy order may require qualifying members of the levy group to provide mation to the workforce development council, or some other person or v, for the purpose of enabling or assisting the determination of the amount vy payable.	10
	Comp	pare: 1992 No 55 s 30	
503	Ord	ers are confirmable instruments	
(1)	The that-	explanatory note of a levy order made under <b>section 498</b> must indicate —	
	(a)	it is a confirmable instrument under section 47B of the Legislation Act 2012; and	15
	(b)	it is revoked at a time stated in the note, unless earlier confirmed by an Act of Parliament; and	
	(c)	the stated time is the applicable deadline under section $47C(1)(a)$ or (b) of that Act.	20
(2)	publ may indic	Minister on whose recommendation a levy order was made must, by notice ished in the <i>Gazette</i> at least 6 months before the time at which the order be revoked under section 47C(1)(a) or (b) of the Legislation Act 2012, eate the Minister's intentions with regard to its continuing in force unless evy order is sooner—	25
	(a)	revoked; or	
	(b)	disallowed under Part 3 of the Legislation Act 2012; or	
	(c)	confirmed by an Act of Parliament.	
	Comp	pare: 1992 No 55 s 51	
504	Exp	iry of levy orders	30
(1)		vy order expires 5 years after the day on which it was made unless it is er—	
	(a)	revoked; or	
	(b)	disallowed under Part 3 of the Legislation Act 2012.	
(2)	adm	vy order is revoked if the workforce development council responsible for inistering the levy is disestablished under <b>section 480</b> .  Pare: 1992 No 55 s 52	35

#### **Ballots** 505 Independent returning officer must conduct ballot A ballot must be conducted by an independent returning officer appointed by the workforce development council and approved by the Minister. Compare: 1992 No 55 s 31 5 506 Workforce development council must identify potential members of levy group A workforce development council that proposes to impose a levy must take (1) reasonable steps to ensure that it identifies all potential members of the levy group, including-10 (a) obtaining from that council's records, and from records that may be available from other workforce development councils, information that can be used to identify potential members; and giving adequate notice of the ballot in public newspapers and industry-(b) specific publications, and inviting members of the relevant industry to 15 register to receive information about the ballot and ballot papers. (2) After satisfying the requirements of subsection (1), the workforce development council must provide to the independent returning officer who is administering the ballot a list of all potential members of the levy group of whom it is 20 aware. Compare: 1992 No 55 s 32 507 Returning officer must notify potential members of levy group The returning officer must give notice of the ballot to— (1) every person named on the list of potential members of the levy group provided by the workforce development council under section 506(2); 25 and any other person who the independent returning officer considers may be (b) a member of the levy group. (2) The notice under **subsection (1)** must advise the person about the ballot and must-30 describe the industry that is intended to be covered by the proposed levy (a) order; and state that the returning officer considers that the person is or may be a (b) member of that industry; and state that membership of the industry means that the person— 35 (c) is entitled to participate in the ballot; and (i) will be required to pay the levy if there is sufficient support for it (ii) in the ballot and the levy order is made; and

(d)

state that the person must notify the returning officer if the person dis-

		putes that the person is a member of the industry intended to be covered by the proposed levy order (a <b>coverage dispute</b> ); and	
	(e)	state the date by which that notification of a coverage dispute must be received.	5
	Compa	are: 1992 No 55 s 33	
508	Com	mission must resolve coverage disputes	
	son v	returning officer receives a notice under <b>section 507(2)(d)</b> that the perwishes to raise a coverage dispute, the returning officer must refer that to the Commission for determination in accordance with <b>section 522</b> .  are: 1992 No 55 s 34	10
509	Popu	lation to be balloted	
	(incluation)	oon as practicable after all coverage disputes have been finally determined ading any appeals under <b>section 523(2)</b> ), the returning officer must send lot paper to each person in the levy group.  are: 1992 No 55 s 35	15
510	Requ	irements of ballot papers	
	A bal	llot paper must state—	
	(a)	the address to which ballot papers must be returned; and	
	(b)	the date by which ballot papers must be returned; and	20
	(c)	full information on the nature of the levy power being sought, including all the matters listed in <b>Schedule 24</b> .	
	Compa	are: 1992 No 55 s 36	
511	Retu	rning officer must count votes	
		returning officer must collect all validly completed ballot papers received e returning officer at the closing date and calculate—	25
	(a)	the proportion of the total number of ballot papers sent by the returning officer under <b>section 509</b> that have been validly completed and received by them at the closing date; and	
	(b)	the proportion of the validly completed ballot papers received by the returning officer the closing date that are in favour of the proposal to impose the levy; and	30
	(c)	the proportion of the validly completed ballot papers received by the returning officer at the closing date that are in favour of the proposal to impose the levy if the votes are weighted according to the size of the member of the industry that returned the ballot paper (calculated at the	35

date on which the ballot closed and on the same basis as the levy is proposed to be charged as set out in the ballot paper).

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 37

#### 512 Returning officer must keep ballot papers, etc

The returning officer must take all reasonable steps to ensure that all ballot papers, envelopes, lists, and other documents used in connection with a ballot conducted under this Part are preserved and kept for a period of 1 year after the completion of the ballot.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 38

#### Collection of levy

10

5

#### 513 Levy is payable by qualifying members to workforce development council

If a levy order is made, the levy specified in the order is payable by every qualifying member of the levy group to the workforce development council named in the levy order.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 39

15

#### 514 Certificate of exemption

- (1) The chief executive of the Commission may issue a certificate of exemption from payment of a levy to a member of the relevant industry who—
  - (a) was a member of the industry at the time the ballot was held in relation to that levy; and

20

- (b) was, through no fault or neglect on that person's part, not included in the ballot.
- (2) The chief executive may revoke a certificate of exemption if—
  - (a) the person to whom it has been issued agrees; or
  - (b) it was issued in error.

25

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 40

#### 515 Method of collecting levy

 A workforce development council may collect levies directly from qualifying members of the levy group or by using a collection agent specified in the levy order in accordance with section 516.

30

35

- (2) A workforce development council may recover levies due from any qualifying member of the levy group—
  - (a) by deducting the amount due from any amount the workforce development council owes that qualifying member; or
  - (b) as a debt due to the workforce development council in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 41

E1/	T			C	114:	1	
516	Levy order	may	provide	ıor	collection	DV	agent

- (1) A levy order may specify persons, other than the persons who are primarily responsible for paying the levy, who must collect levy money due from qualifying members and pay it to the workforce development council.
- (2) If a levy order specifies a person who must act as a collection agent under **subsection (1)**, the levy order must also specify an amount from, or a percentage of, the levy money collected that the person may retain as a fee for providing the collection service.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 42

Duties of workforce development councils and others in relation to levies

10

5

# Levy funds must be kept in separate bank accounts and used only for authorised purposes

(1) A workforce development council that receives a levy under a levy order must open 1 or more bank accounts for the purpose of the levy and must use the account or those accounts for only the following purposes:

15

- (a) depositing amounts of levy paid or recovered; and
- (b) making payments out of levy funds.
- (2) Only people expressly authorised by the workforce development council may operate the account or those accounts.
- (3) No money may be paid out of the account or those accounts except for a purpose authorised in the levy order.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 44

### 518 Duty to keep records

A workforce development council that receives a levy must ensure that accurate and up-to-date records are kept of—

25

30

35

20

- (a) the names of all members of the levy group from whom the levy has been collected or recovered; and
- (b) the amount of the levy collected or recovered from those members; and
- (c) the names of all members of the levy group who are or may be liable to pay the levy but have not done so; and
- (d) the use to which the levy funds have been put.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 45

#### 519 Duty to provide annual report

(1) As soon as practicable after the end of a financial year during which a levy has been paid to a workforce development council under a levy order, the workforce development council—

(a)	must prepare, in respect of that year, financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice (within the meaning of sec-
	tion 8 of the Financial Reporting Act 2013); and
(b)	must include in the financial statements required by paragraph (a) all

- the necessary information to explain—

  (i) the balance of the levy fund; and
- (ii) the movements in the levy fund over the course of the year, including receipts of money collected and payments of money made under the levy order; and
- (iii) the use of assets acquired or built up with or out of money received under the levy order.

5

15

20

25

30

35

- (2) The workforce development council must ensure that the financial statements prepared under **subsection (1)** are audited within 90 days of the end of that financial year.
- (3) Financial statements prepared under **subsection (1)** must be included in the workforce development council's annual report for that year.
- (4) A workforce development council that is required by **subsection (3)** to include financial statements in its annual report must, as soon as that report has been completed, give a copy to the Minister, and the Minister must present a copy to the House of Representatives not later than 6 sitting days after receiving it.
- (5) Despite **subsection (4)**, if an enactment other than this Act requires a workforce development council to give a Minister a copy of its annual report and requires the Minister to present a copy to the House of Representatives, that organisation must, to the extent that the enactment and **subsection (4)** impose different requirements, comply with the enactment instead of **subsection (4)**.
- (6) A workforce development council that is required by **subsection (3)** to include financial statements in its annual report must take all reasonable steps to ensure that every person primarily liable for paying the levy that is reflected in those financial statements receives a copy of the annual report as soon as is reasonably practicable after the report has been completed.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 46

#### 520 Duty to protect commercially sensitive information

A person who receives commercially sensitive information for the purposes of carrying out a function or an activity under this Part, or under a levy order, must take reasonable steps to protect that information.

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 47

	Disputes		
521	Arbitration or mediation system must be established		
(1)	A workforce development council that receives a levy under a levy order must establish a method of arbitration or mediation in the case of disputes regarding—		
	(a) whether a person was included in the ballot relating to that levy; and		
	(b) whether a person has paid the levy; and		
	(c) the amount of levy payable; and		
	(d) any other matter relating to the levy, except disputes about whether person is within the levy group.	a 10	
(2)	Details of the arbitration or mediation system must be specified in the lev order, including—	У	
	(a) the method of appointment of arbitrators or mediators; and		
	(b) the procedures to be followed by arbitrators or mediators; and		
	(c) the remuneration of arbitrators or mediators; and	15	
	(d) the payment of costs in relation to arbitration or mediation; and		
	(e) any other matters relating to the resolution of disputes. Compare: 1992 No 55 s 48		
522	Disputes about coverage		
(1)	If a returning officer refers a dispute to the Commission under <b>section 508</b> the Commission must determine the matter.	<b>3</b> , 20	
(2)	The workforce development council that is proposing to impose a levy or, if levy order has been made, that is responsible for administering the levy must pay the reasonable costs of the Commission for determining the dispute.		
	Compare: 1992 No 55 s 49	25	
523	Appeals to District Court		
(1)	If a dispute is unresolved after arbitration or mediation in accordance with the method specified in the levy order, or if a party wishes to appeal against a decision of an arbitrator or mediator, the dispute may be referred, or the decision may be appealed, to the District Court.	i-	
(2)	A determination by the Commission under <b>section 522</b> may be appeale against on grounds of procedural error only.	d	
(3)	An appeal under <b>subsection (2)</b> may be made to the District Court by the person disputing membership of the levy group or by the workforce development council that is proposing to impose, or responsible for administering, the levy.		

Compare: 1992 No 55 s 50

66	Sche	edule 1 amended				
(1)	In Schedule 1, repeal clause 17(3).					
(2)	In So	In Schedule 1, after Part 8, insert the <b>Part 9</b> set out in <b>Schedule 1</b> of this Act.				
67	Sche	edule 13A amended				
(1)	Afte	r the Schedule 13A heading, insert:	5			
		Part 1				
	P	rovisions relating to all tertiary education institutions				
(2)	In So	chedule 13A, after the last item, insert the <b>Part 2</b> set out in <b>Schedule 2</b> of Act.				
68	Sche	edule 19 repealed	10			
	Repe	eal Schedule 19.				
69	New	Schedules 22 to 24 inserted				
(1)	Afte	r Schedule 21, insert the <b>Schedule 22</b> set out in <b>Schedule 3</b> of this Act.				
(2)	After Schedule 22 (as inserted by subsection (1)), insert the Schedule 23 set out in Schedule 4 of this Act.					
(3)	After Schedule 23 (as inserted by subsection (2)), insert the Schedule 2 set out in Schedule 5 of this Act.					
		Part 2				
		Repeals, revocations, and other amendments				
70	-	eal of Industry Training and Apprenticeships Act 1992	20			
	The	Industry Training and Apprenticeships Act 1992 (1992 No 55) is repealed.				
<b>71</b>	Rep	eal of Education (Polytechnics) Amendment Act 2009				
	The Education (Polytechnics) Amendment Act 2009 (2009 No 70) is repealed.					
72	Ord	ers revoked				
	The	following orders are revoked:	25			
	(a)	Education (Disestablishment of Tairāwhiti Polytechnic and Incorporation in Eastern Institute of Technology) Order 2010 (SR 2010/449):				
	(b)	Education (Disestablishment of Aoraki Polytechnic and Incorporation in Christchurch Polytechnic Institute of Technology) Order 2015 (LI 2015/257):	30			
	(c)	Education (Disestablishment of Bay of Plenty Polytechnic and Waiariki Institute of Technology and Incorporation into Waiariki Bay of Plenty Polytechnic) Order 2016 (LI 2016/1).				

Part 2 cl 73

- 73 Consequential amendments to other enactments
- (1) Amend the Acts specified in **Part 1 of Schedule 6** as set out in that Part.
- (2) Amend the legislative instruments specified in **Part 2 of Schedule 6** as set out in that Part.

# Schedule 1 New Part 9 inserted into Schedule 1

s 66(2)

#### Part 9 **Provisions relating to Education (Vocational Education and Training** 5 **Reform) Amendment Act 2019** 26 Interpretation In this Part, unless the context otherwise requires, amendment Act means the Education (Vocational Education and Training Reform) Amendment Act 2019 10 commencement date means the date on which the amendment Act comes into force **Commission** means the Tertiary Education Commission established under section 159C corresponding NZIST subsidiary, in relation to an existing polytechnic, 15 means the Crown entity subsidiary specified in the second column of the table in clause 27(3) opposite the name of the existing polytechnic specified in the first column of the table existing polytechnic or polytechnic means each polytechnic listed in the first column of the table in clause 27(3) that was established or deemed to have 20 been established under section 162 before the commencement date and in existence immediately before that date NZIST means the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology established by **section 222A** (as inserted by **section 49** of the amendment Act) 25 Qualifications Authority means the New Zealand Qualifications Authority continued by section 256A transition period means the period beginning on the commencement date and ending with the close of 31 December 2022. Subpart 1—Transitional provisions relating to polytechnics Conversion of polytechnics to NZIST subsidiaries 30 27 Polytechnics converted to NZIST subsidiaries

(1) On and after the commencement date, an existing polytechnic becomes a Crown entity subsidiary of NZIST (an NZIST subsidiary) and the following provisions apply for that purpose:

Schedule 1

5

10

- the polytechnic is to be treated as a company registered under the Com-(a) panies Act 1993 with the name specified in the second column of the table in **subclause (3)** opposite the name of the polytechnic specified in the first column of that table; and (b) the Registrar of Companies must, on the commencement date, issue a certificate of registration for the company; and (c) 100 shares must be treated as having been issued to the NZIST subsid-The certificate of registration is conclusive evidence that the NZIST subsidiary was, on and after the commencement date, registered as a company under the Companies Act 1993.
- (3) For the purposes of subclause (1)(a), the name of the corresponding NZIST subsidiary is:

Name of corresponding NZIST subsidiary

Name of corresponding NZ151 substitiary
Ara Institute of Canterbury Limited
Eastern Institute of Technology (Te Aho a Māui) Limited
Manukau Institute of Technology Limited
Nelson Marlborough Institute of Technology Limited
Northland Polytechnic Limited
Otago Polytechnic Limited
Southern Institute of Technology Limited
Tai Poutini Polytechnic Limited
The Open Polytechnic of New Zealand Limited
Toi Ohomai Institute of Technology Limited
Unitec New Zealand Limited
Universal College of Learning Limited
Waikato Institute of Technology Limited
Wellington Institute of Technology Limited
Western Institute of Technology at Taranaki Limited
Whitireia Community Polytechnic Limited

Consequences of conversion of polytechnics to NZIST subsidiaries

#### 28 **Initial directors of NZIST subsidiary**

Name of existing polytechnic

(2)

- The initial directors of an NZIST subsidiary must comprise at least 4, but not (1) more than 6, directors.
- In appointing directors under **subclause (1)**, NZIST must ensure that at least (2) half of the initial directors reside in the region in which the NZIST subsidiary predominately operates.

20

29	App	lication of provisions of this Act to NZIST subsidiary		
(1)		following provisions of this Act apply to an NZIST subsidiary with all ssary modifications:		
	(a)	section 201A (how institutions may use income and capital):		
	(b)	section 201B (gifts):	5	
	(c)	section 201C (council may establish common fund):		
	(d)	section 201D (investment of funds held in common fund):		
	(e)	section 202 (application of money):		
	(f)	section 212 (resumption of land on recommendations of Waitangi Tribunal):	10	
	(g)	section 213 (resumption of land to be effected under Public Works Act 1981):		
	(h)	section 214 (resumption of Wahi Tapu).		
(2)	The	following provisions of this Act do not apply to an NZIST subsidiary:		
	(a)	section 196 (duties of chief executive):	15	
	(b)	section 197 (delegation by chief executive):		
	(c)	section 200 (bank accounts):		
	(d)	section 201 (proper accounts to be kept):		
	(e)	section 220 (annual report):		
	(f)	section 221 (annual report to be available for inspection).	20	
30	NZI Act	ST subsidiary is organisation, provider, and institution for purposes of		
(1)		and after the commencement date, each NZIST subsidiary is to be ed,—		
	(a)	until <b>31 December 2022</b> , as an organisation within the meaning of section 159B(1), and the provisions of this Act relating to an organisation apply to it accordingly as if those provisions included a reference to the NZIST subsidiary:	25	
	(b)	as a provider within the meaning of section 238D, and the provisions of this Act relating to providers apply to it accordingly as if those provisions included a reference to the NZIST subsidiary:	30	
	(c)	as an institution with the meaning of section 159(1), and the provisions of this Act in Parts 16, 16A, and 20 and section 292 apply to it accordingly as if those provisions included a reference to the NZIST subsidiary.		
(2)	For the purposes of <b>subclause (1)(a)</b> , the Commission may consider a proposed plan of an NZIST subsidiary and fund that subsidiary for an academic year beginning on or after <b>1 January 2021</b> only if requested by NZIST.			

5

10

15

20

25

31	Members	of pol	ytechnic	council	cease to	hold	office

- (1) Every member of an existing polytechnic council holding office immediately before the commencement date ceases to hold office on the close of the day before that date.
- (2) Neither the Crown nor any existing polytechnic council is liable to make a payment to, or otherwise compensate, a person referred to in **subclause** (1) in respect of the loss of office.

#### 32 Transfer of rights, assets, and liabilities

- (1) This clause applies to all rights, assets, and liabilities that an existing polytechnic had immediately before the commencement date.
- (2) On and after the commencement date,—
  - (a) the rights, assets, and liabilities of the existing polytechnic vest in the existing polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary; and
  - (b) unless the context otherwise requires, every reference to the existing polytechnic in any instrument, agreement, deed, lease, application, notice, or other document before the commencement date must be read as a reference to the polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary.
- (3) In this clause, **assets**, **liabilities**, and **rights** have the same meanings as in section 216(1).

#### 33 Transfer of employees

- (1) On and after the commencement date, every employee of an existing polytechnic becomes an employee (a **transferred employee**) of the polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary on the same terms and conditions that applied to the person immediately before they became an employee of the corresponding NZIST subsidiary.
- (2) For the purposes of every enactment, law, determination, contract, and agreement relating to the employment of the transferred employee,—
  - (a) the employment agreement of that employee is to be treated as unbroken; and
  - (b) the employee's period of service with the existing polytechnic, and every other period of service of that employee that is recognised by the polytechnic as continuous service, is to be treated as a period of service with the polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary.
- (3) To avoid doubt, the employment of a transferred employee by a polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary does not constitute new employment for the purposes of any service-related benefits, whether legislative or otherwise.
- (4) A transferred employee is not entitled to receive any payment or benefit from an existing polytechnic or its corresponding NZIST subsidiary on the grounds that the person's position in the polytechnic has ceased to exist or the person

	has ceased to be an employee of the polytechnic as a result of the transfer to its corresponding NZIST subsidiary.				
(5)	This clause overrides—				
	(a)	Part 6A of the Employment Relations Act 2000; and			
	(b)	any employment protection provision in any relevant employment agreement.	5		
34	Gov	ernment Superannuation Fund			
(1)	empl annu	This clause applies to a person who, immediately before becoming an employee of an NZIST subsidiary, was a contributor to the Government Superannuation Fund under Part 2 or 2A of the Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956.			
(2)	For the purposes of the Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956, the person is treated as being employed in the Government service as long as the person continues to be an employee of NZIST.				
(3)	The Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956 applies to the person in all respects as if the person's service as an employee of NZIST were Government service.				
(4)		<b>clause (1)</b> does not entitle a person to become a contributor to the Govnent Superannuation Fund if the person has ceased to be a contributor.			
(5)		the purpose of applying the Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956, hief executive of NZIST is the controlling authority.	20		
35	Trar	nsfer of students			
(1)		clause applies to every student enrolled at an existing polytechnic imme- ely before the commencement date.			
(2)		On and after the commencement date, the student must be treated as having been enrolled at the existing polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary.			
(3)	NZIS poly	adent who would, but for the conversion of the existing polytechnic into an ST subsidiary, have been entitled to be granted an award of the existing technic is entitled to be granted a like award of the corresponding NZIST idiary.	30		
(4)	In su	<b>abclause (3)</b> , award has the same meaning as in section 159(1).			
36	Exis	ting Qualification Authority approvals, accreditations, and consents			
(1)	by th	clause applies to the following matters granted to an existing polytechnic ne Qualifications Authority under Part 20 before the commencement date in effect immediately before that date:	35		
	(a)	an approval of a programme under section 249:			
	(b)	an accreditation to provide all or part of a programme under section 250:			
	(c)	an approval to provide a training scheme under section 251:			

	(d)	a consent to assess against the standards listed on the Directory of Assessment Standards under section 252:			
	(e)	a consent to award a degree or a post-graduate qualification under section 253B.			
(2)	On a	nd after the commencement date,—	5		
	(a)	except as provided in <b>subclause (3)</b> , the approval, accreditation, or consent (including any conditions imposed on an approval, an accreditation, or a consent) must be treated as if it were granted to the existing polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary; and			
	(b)	unless the context otherwise requires, every reference to the existing polytechnic in the approval, accreditation, or consent must be read as a reference to the polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary.	10		
(3)	and t	and after <b>1 January 2023</b> , the approval of a programme under section 249 the consent to award a degree or a post-graduate qualification under section 253B must be treated as if they were granted to NZIST.	15		
37	Exist	ing funding approvals granted by Commission			
(1)	This clause applies to an approval granted to an existing polytechnic by the Commission under section 159YA(2) before the commencement date and in effect immediately before that date.				
(2)	On and after the commencement date,—				
	(a)	the approval (including any conditions imposed on the approval) must be treated, until <b>31 December 2020</b> unless it is earlier withdrawn or revoked, as if it were granted to the existing polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary; and			
	(b)	unless the context otherwise requires, every reference to the existing polytechnic in the approval must be read as a reference to the polytechnic's corresponding NZIST subsidiary.	25		
38	Exist	ing proceedings and other matters			
(1)	On and after the commencement date,—				
	(a)	the continuation or enforcement of any proceedings by or against an existing polytechnic may instead be continued or enforced by or against its corresponding NZIST subsidiary without amendment to the proceedings; and	30		
	(b)	the completion of a matter or thing that would, but for this clause, have been completed by the existing polytechnic may be completed by its corresponding NZIST subsidiary; and	35		
	(c)	anything done, or omitted to be done, or that is to be done, by or in relation to the existing polytechnic is to be treated as having been done, or			

		naving been omitted to be done, or to be done, by or in relation to its corresponding NZIST subsidiary.	
(2)	In st	ubclause (1)(a), proceedings—	
	(a)	means civil and criminal proceedings; and	
	(b)	includes any enforcement or compliance action by the Commission or the Qualifications Authority.	5
39	Fina	l report of former polytechnic	
(1)	the p	NZIST subsidiary must provide a final report to the Minister in relation to polytechnic from which the NZIST subsidiary was formed in accordance clause 27.	10
(2)	spec	oite subpart 1 of Part 5 of the Public Finance Act 1989, the Minister may ify the contents of the final report and the date or dates by which the conof the report must be provided.	
(3)		Minister must present a copy of the final report to the House of Represenes as soon as is reasonably practicable after receiving it.	15
40		dation of pre-commencement actions and processes regarding isterial appointments to NZIST's council	
(1)		clause applies to any action or process undertaken by the Minister before ommencement date in appointing members to NZIST's council.	
(2)		ppointment is valid if the action or process substantially complies with the isions of this Act (as amended by the amendment Act).	20
	Sub	part 2—Transitional arrangements for work-based training	
41	Inte	rpretation	
(1)	In th	is subpart, unless the context otherwise requires,—	
	1992	Act means the Industry Training and Apprenticeships Act 1992	25
	that	ner ITO means an industry training organisation listed in clause 43(a) was recognised under Part 2 of the 1992 Act and whose recognition was in a immediately before that date	
	tran	sitional ITO means—	
	(a)	a former ITO:	30
	(b)	a body corporate that is recognised by the Minister under clause 43(b)	
		kforce development council means a workforce development council blished under section 479 (as inserted by section 65 of the amendment	
(2)	indu	nis subpart, unless the context otherwise requires, provider, specified stry, trainee, and work-based training have the same meanings as in tion 477 (as inserted by section 65 of the amendment Act).	35

42	App	licatior	of clauses 43 to 56				
	Clau	ıses 43	<b>3 to 56</b> apply during the transition period.				
43	Recognition of transitional ITOs						
	The part:	he following are recognised as transitional ITOs for the purposes of this sub- art:					
	(a)	each	of the following former ITOs:				
		(i)	Boating Industries Association of New Zealand Incorporated:				
		(ii)	Building and Construction Industry Training Organisation Incorporated:				
		(iii)	Community Support Services ITO Limited:	10			
		(iv)	Competenz Trust:				
		(v)	Infrastructure Industry Training Organisation Incorporated:				
		(vi)	MITO New Zealand Incorporated:				
		(vii)	New Zealand Hair and Beauty Industry Training Organisation Incorporated:	15			
		(viii)	Primary Industry Training Organisation Incorporated:				
		(ix)	Service Skills Institute Incorporated:				
		(x)	Skills Active Aotearoa Limited:				
		(xi)	The Skills Organisation Incorporated:				
	(b)	-	ody corporate recognised by the Minister, by notice in the <i>Gazette</i> , ransitional ITO for the purposes of this subpart.	20			
44	Effe	ct of re	cognition				
(1)	A tra	nsition	al ITO recognised under clause 43(a)—				
	(a)	recog	cognised for the 1 or more specified industries for which it was mised under Part 2 of the 1992 Act immediately before the comement date; and	25			
	(b)	relati	carry out the 1 or more activities described in <b>subclause (3)</b> in on to the specified industries for which it was previously recogunder the 1992 Act.				
(2)	A tra	nsition	al ITO recognised under clause 43(b)—	30			
	(a)		cognised for the 1 or more specified industries specified in the e given by the Minister recognising the transitional ITO; and				
	(b)		carry out the 1 or more activities described in <b>subclause (3)</b> and fied in the notice.				
(3)	For t	he purp	poses of this clause, the activities are—	35			

	(a)	developing and maintaining skill standards to be listed on the Directory of Assessment Standards; and	
	(b)	developing and maintaining arrangements for the delivery of work-based training that will enable trainees to achieve the relevant skill standards; and	5
	(c)	the apprenticeship training activities described in <b>section 490(2)</b> (as inserted by <b>section 65</b> of the amendment Act).	
45	Mini	ster may impose conditions on recognition of transitional ITO	
(1)		Minister may, by written notice to a transitional ITO, impose any condi- on that recognition that the Minister considers are reasonably necessary—	10
	(a)	to maintain the quality and effectiveness of vocational education and training in the transitional ITO's specified industries; and	
	(b)	to ensure the success of the transfer of responsibility for the activities of the transitional ITO.	
(2)		Minister may amend or revoke a condition imposed under <b>subclause (1)</b> ritten notice to the transitional ITO.	15
46	Mini	ster may change specified industries or activities of transitional ITO	
	The	Minister may, by notice in the <i>Gazette</i> , change—	
	(a)	the specified industries covered by a transitional ITO; or	
	(b)	the activities that must be carried out by the transitional ITO in relation to those industries.	20
47	App	lication of provisions of 1992 Act to transitional ITO	
(1)	subo	the repeal of the 1992 Act, the provisions of the 1992 Act listed in clause (2) continue in force, with any necessary modifications, and apply transitional ITO as if the amendment Act had not been passed and as if—	25
	(a)	references in those provisions to an industry training organisation were references to the transitional ITO; and	
	(b)	references in those provisions to industry training were references to work-based training.	
(2)	The j	provisions are—	30
	(a)	section 10 (industry training organisation's proposed plan must identify activities for which it seeks funding):	
	(b)	section 10A (power to fund if employer switches industry training organisation):	
	(c)	section 11 (matters to which Commission must have regard in determining whether to give funding approval to proposed plan):	35
	(d)	section 11B (obligations of industry training organisations):	

	(e)	section 11C (Qualifications Authority may issue quality assurance improvement notice):				
	(f)	section 11D (Qualifications Authority may issue compliance notice):				
	(g)	section 11E (industry training organisation not to operate registered private training establishment):	5			
	(h)	section 11F (annual fee):				
	(i)	section 13A (additional functions of Qualifications Authority):				
	(j)	section 13B (Qualifications Authority may prescribe quality assurance requirements):				
	(k)	Part 2A (apprenticeship training):	10			
	(1)	Part 5 and Schedule 4 (training levies).				
18	Exist	ing approvals and consents granted to former ITO				
1)	Qual	clause applies to the following matters granted to a former ITO by the ifications Authority under Part 20 before the commencement date and in t immediately before that date:	15			
	(a)	an approval of a programme under section 249:				
	(b)	an approval to provide a training scheme under section 251:				
	(c)	a consent to assess against the standards listed on the Directory of Assessment Standards under section 252.				
2)	On a	nd after the commencement date,—	20			
	(a)	an approval or a consent (including any conditions imposed on the approval or consent) must be treated as if it were granted to the former ITO's corresponding transitional ITO; and				
	(b)	unless the context otherwise requires, every reference in the approval or consent must be read as a reference to the corresponding transitional ITO.	25			
19	Tran	sitional ITO is organisation				
	tion 1	nsitional ITO is to be treated as an organisation within the meaning of sec- 159B, and the provisions of this Act relating to an organisation apply to it dingly.	30			
50	Tran	Transitional ITO is approved standard-setting body				
	purpo	nsitional ITO is to be treated as an approved standard-setting body for the oses of section 248B in relation to the specified industries for which it is mised under this subpart until—				
	(a)	a notice is given under <b>clause 46</b> that removes the activity described in <b>clause 44(3)(a)</b> for a specified industry covered by the transitional ITO; or	35			

	(b)		ecognition of the transitional ITO is cancelled under clause 53 or es under clause 54.				
51	Transitional ITOs must develop transition plan						
	Ever	y trans	itional ITO must—				
	(a)		lop a transition plan for approval by the Commission that provides ne transfer of responsibility for—	5			
		(i)	the activity described in <b>clause 44(3)(a)</b> to any 1 or more workforce development councils:				
		(ii)	the activities described in <b>clause 44(3)(b) and (c)</b> to any 1 or more providers specified by the Commission; and	10			
	(b)	impl	ement and maintain that plan; and				
	(c)		ort providers specified by the Commission in transferring the onsibility for the activities described in clause 44(3)(b) and (c).				
52	Min	ister m	nay direct funding to provider for work-based training				
	a pronece	ovider ssary f	of work-based training if the Minister believes it is reasonably for facilitating or ensuring the successful transfer of responsibility vities referred to in clause 44(3)(b) and (c).	15			
53	Can	cellatio	on of recognition of transitional ITO				
(1)		Minist ıl ITO-	er may, by notice in the <i>Gazette</i> , cancel the recognition of a transi—	20			
	(a)	if it a	asks the Minister to cancel its recognition; or				
	(b)	if the	e circumstances described in subclause (2) apply; or				
	(c)		has breached the requirement set out in section 11E of the 1992 Act pplied by clause 47(2)(g)); or	25			
	(d)	if the	e Minister is satisfied that the transitional ITO—				
		(i)	is no longer responsible for carrying out any of the activities referred to in <b>clause 44(3)</b> ; or				
		(ii)	no longer exists.				
(2)	For t	he pur	pose of <b>subclause (1)(b)</b> , the <b>circumstances</b> are that—	30			
	(a)		Minister has issued a notice to the transitional ITO stating that the ster considers its performance is inadequate for any of the following ons:				
		(i)	it is not carrying out at least 1 of the activities for the specified industries for which it is recognised:	35			
		(ii)	it is failing to comply with 1 or more conditions of its recognition:				

		(iii) it is failing to comply with a compliance notice issued by the Qualifications Authority; and			
	(b)	the period of time specified in the notice within which the transitional ITO must improve its performance has elapsed; and			
	(c)	the Minister is satisfied that the transitional ITO's performance continues to be inadequate for the reason specified in the notice.	5		
3)	For tl	he purpose of subclause (2)(a), the notice must be in writing and state—			
	(a)	the areas in which the Minister considers the transitional ITO's performance to be inadequate; and			
	(b)	what actions the transitional ITO should take to improve its performance; and	10		
	(c)	the period (which must be a reasonable period) within which the transitional ITO must improve its performance; and			
	(d)	the fact that the Minister may cancel the recognition of the transitional ITO under <b>subclause (1)</b> if it fails to improve its performance within that period.	15		
4)	If the recognition of a transitional ITO is cancelled under <b>subclause (1)</b> , any approval or consent associated with that recognition is withdrawn on the date on which the recognition is cancelled.				
5)		otice is required to be given to a transitional ITO for a withdrawal under clause (4).	20		
4	Reco	gnition lapses at end of transition period			
1)		clause applies to any transitional ITO in existence at the close of the day ediately before the end of the transition period.			
2)	The perio	$\mathcal{E}$	25		
3)	val o	recognition of a transitional ITO lapses under <b>subclause (2)</b> , any appropriate consent associated with that recognition is withdrawn on the date on the the recognition lapses.			
4)		otice is required to be given to a transitional ITO for a withdrawal under slause (3).	30		
5	Alloc	eation of assets of transitional ITO			
1)	This perio	clause applies to any assets of a transitional ITO during the transition d.			
2)	found	ding document, those assets may be allocated to 1 or more workforce dopment councils to which the activities of the transitional ITO have been	35		
	trans	ferred in accordance with the transition plan.			

(3)	In th	is clause,—						
	asse	ts has the same meaning as in section 216(1)						
	founding document means,—							
	(a)	for a transitional ITO that is a company, the transitional ITO's constitution (if any):	5					
	(b)	for a transitional ITO that is an incorporated society, the transitional ITO's rules:						
	(c)	for a transitional ITO that is a charitable trust, the transitional ITO's trust deed.						
56	No c	compensation for technical redundancy of employees of transitional	10					
(1)	other tiona of th	employee of a transitional ITO is not entitled to receive any payment or representation the ground that the position held by the employee in the transital ITO has ceased to exist if the position ceases to exist because the duties are position are more closely connected with the functions of a workforce elopment council, a provider, or another transitional ITO and—	15					
	(a)	the employee is offered employment in an equivalent position in that workforce development council, provider, or other transitional ITO (whether or not the employee accepts the offer); or						
	(b)	the employee is offered and accepts that employment.	20					
(2)		ubclause (1)(a), employment in an equivalent position means employte that is—						
	(a)	in substantially the same position; and						
	(b)	in the same general locality; and						
	(c)	on terms and conditions that are no less favourable than those applying to the employee immediately before the date the offer of employment is made to that employee; and	25					
	(d)	on terms that treat the period of service with the transitional ITO (and every other period of service recognised by the transitional ITO as continuous service) as if it were continuous service with the workforce development council, provider, or other transitional ITO (as the case may be).	30					
		Subpart 3—Transitional regulations						
57	Trar	nsitional regulations						
(1)	the M	Governor-General may, by Order in Council made on recommendation of Minister, make regulations prescribing transitional provisions, savings proposes, or both, for either or both of the following purposes:	35					

(a)	facilitating or	ensuring the	orderliness	of the	transition	of the	amend-
	ments made to	this Act by t	he amendme	nt Act:			

- (b) ensuring that existing rights or obligations continue as part of, or despite, that transition.
- (2) The Minister must not recommend the making of regulations under **subclause** 5 **(1)** unless satisfied that those regulations—
  - (a) are reasonably necessary for either or both of the purposes in **sub-** clause (1)(a) and (b); and
  - (b) are consistent with the purposes of those amendments.
- (3) The transitional provisions or savings provisions prescribed by regulations under **subclause** (1) may be provisions in addition to or instead of those set out in this Part, and may—
  - (a) provide that, for a transitional period, in any circumstances, or subject to any conditions, specified in the regulations, 1 or more provisions (including definitions) of those amendments to this Act do not apply, or apply with modifications or additions:
  - (b) provide that, for a transitional period, in any circumstances, or subject to any conditions, specified in the regulations, 1 or more provisions repealed, amended, or revoked by those amendments to this Act continue to apply, or apply with modifications or additions, as if they had not been repealed, amended, or revoked:
  - (c) provide for any other matter necessary for either or both of the purposes in **subclause (1)(a) and (b)**.
- (4) No regulations made under this clause may be made, or continue in force, after the close of **31 December 2022**.

15

## Schedule 2 New Part 2 inserted into Schedule 13A

s 67(2)

### Part 2

## Additional provisions of Crown Entities Act 2004 applying to NZIST

Provisions or c	proving an area and approving to real and
Section	Brief description
Section 37	Removal of members of autonomous Crown entities
Section 38	Removal of elected members of Crown agents and autonomous Crown entities
Section 40	Definition of just cause
Section 41	Process for removal
Section 43	No compensation for loss of office
Sections 44 and 45	Resignation of members and members ceasing to hold office
Sections 47 and 48	Remuneration and expenses of members
Sections 49 to 52	Collective duties of board
Sections 53 to 57	Individual duties of members
Sections 58 to 61	Effect of non-compliance with duties and reliance on information and advice
Sections 73 to 76	Delegation
Section 77	Vacancies in membership of board
Sections 96 to 102	Crown entity subsidiaries
Sections 120 to 126	Liability of members, office holders, and employees
Sections 127 and 128	Method of contracting and seal
Sections 138 to 149A	Statement of intent
Sections 149B to 149M	Statement of performance expectations
Sections 150 to 156	Reporting: annual report
Section 158	Bank accounts of Crown entities

# Schedule 3 New Schedule 22 inserted

s 69(1)

Schedule 22 NZIST's charter 5 s 222C(1) The New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology (NZIST) exists to provide, arrange, and support a range of education and training in the workplace and in formalised learning environments using a variety of delivery methods. NZIST will be responsive to the needs of all regions of New Zealand, their 10 learners, industries, employers, and communities. 3 To meet the needs of regions throughout New Zealand, NZIST must offer in each region a mix of education and training, including on-thejob, face-to-face, and distance delivery that is accessible to the learners of that region and meets the needs of its learners, industries, and com-15 munities; and (b) operate in a manner that ensures its regional representatives are empowered to make decisions about delivery and operations that are informed by local relationships and to make decisions that meet the needs of their communities; and 20 ensure that international learners are attracted to train and study in (c) regions throughout New Zealand; and (d) ensure that there is collaboration across its national network; and maintain a high-quality coherent network of infrastructure that meets (e) regional skills needs. 25 4 NZIST must operate in a way that allows it to empower students and staff on academic, non-academic, and well-being matters and matters relating to the organisation's practices and services; develop meaningful partnerships with— 30 (b) industry across the country, including Maori and Pacific employ-(i) ers; and communities at a local level, including hapu and iwi, and Pacific (ii)

35

(c) use the insights gained through partnerships to—

communities; and

(i) develop and provide vocational education and training that meets short-term and long-term skills needs; and

		(ii)	align education and training delivery to support the unique social and economic goals of local communities; and	
	(d)	reflec	et Māori-Crown partnerships in order to—	
		(i)	ensure that its governance, management, and operations give effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi; and	5
		(ii)	recognise that Māori are key actors in regional social, environmental, and economic development; and	
		(iii)	respond to the needs of and improve outcomes for Māori learners, whanau, hapū and iwi, and employers; and	
	(e)	of all	inclusivity as a core principle, recognising and valuing the diversity of its learners, and providing the unique types of support different ers need to succeed; and	10
	(f)	serve	the needs of all of its learners, in particular those who are under- d by the education system, including, but not limited to, Māori, ic, and disabled learners; and	15
	(g)		culturally responsive delivery approaches, whether on campus, in orkplace, online, or otherwise; and	
	(h)		collaboratively with schools, wānanga, and other tertiary education issations to improve the outcomes of the education system as a e.	20
;	In giv	ving ef	fect to clause 4, NZIST must ensure that—	
	(a)	and e	nts and employers can transition seamlessly between delivery sites educational modes, including between workplaces and other forms laces of learning; and	
	(b)		ammes of study and qualifications are portable and consistent, yet ble enough to meet local needs; and	25
	(c)		Zealand's reputation as a quality study destination for international ers is sustained; and	
	(d)		ange of education and training options available to learners and overs is appropriately broad and current; and	30
	(e)	future	e skill needs are anticipated and quickly responded to; and	
	(f)	teach tice; a	ing and learning is supported by research, evidence, and best prac-	
	(g)		ing pathways provide learners with a range of opportunities to proto higher levels of education and training; and	35
	(h)	the ne	eeds of adult and second-chance learners are afforded high priority.	

# Schedule 4 New Schedule 23 inserted

s 69(2)

	Schedule 23	
	Provisions applying on dissolution of NZIST subsidiary	5
	s 2222	:C
1	Interpretation	
	In this schedule, unless the context otherwise requires,—	
	<b>Commission</b> means the Tertiary Education Commission established under section 159C	e- 10
	dissolution date, in relation to an NZIST subsidiary, means—	
	(a) the date specified in <b>section 222ZA(1)</b> ; or	
	(b) the date specified by Order in Council under <b>section 222ZA(2)</b> ; or	
	(c) the date on which the subsidiary is dissolved in accordance with a resolution of NZIST's council under <b>section 222ZB</b>	o- 15
	<b>NZIST subsidiary</b> means a Crown entity subsidiary of NZIST listed in the second column of the table in <b>clause 27(3)</b> of Schedule 1	ıe
	<b>Qualifications Authority</b> means the New Zealand Qualifications Authority continued by section 256A.	ı <b>y</b>
	Dissolution	20
2	Dissolution of NZIST subsidiary	
(1)	An NZIST subsidiary is dissolved on the dissolution date.	
(2)	As soon as possible after the dissolution date, the Registrar of Companies muremove the NZIST subsidiary from the New Zealand register of companie kept under the Companies Act 1993.	
	Consequences of dissolution	
3	Members of NZIST subsidiary board cease to hold office	
(1)	Every member of an NZIST subsidiary's board who holds office immediate before the dissolution date ceases to hold office on the close of the day before that date.	
(2)	Neither the Crown nor the NZIST subsidiary is liable to make a payment to, otherwise compensate, a person referred to in <b>subclause (1)</b> for the loss office.	

4	Transfer of rights, assets, and liabilities to NZIST		
(1)		clause applies to all rights, assets, and liabilities that an NZIST subsidiary immediately before the dissolution date.	
(2)	On a	On and after the dissolution date,—	
	(a)	all rights, assets, and liabilities of the NZIST subsidiary vest in NZIST; and	5
	(b)	unless the context otherwise requires, every reference to the NZIST subsidiary in any enactment or any instrument, register, agreement, deed, lease, application, notice, or other document before the dissolution date must be read as a reference to NZIST.	10
(3)		is clause, <b>assets</b> , <b>liabilities</b> , and <b>rights</b> have the same meanings as in sec- 216(1).	
5	Emp	ployment of NZIST subsidiary employees by NZIST	
(1)		chief executive of NZIST must identify the employees of the NZIST sub-ry—	15
	(a)	whose duties overall are required by NZIST to carry out its functions; and	
	(b)	whose positions will cease to exist as a result of the dissolution of the NZIST subsidiary.	
(2)		employee who is identified under <b>subsection (1)</b> must be offered equiva- employment by NZIST, being employment that is—	20
	(a)	in substantially the same position; and	
	(b)	in the same general locality; and	
	(c)	on terms and conditions (including any terms and conditions relating to redundancy and superannuation) that are no less favourable than those applying to the employee immediately before the date on which the offer of employment is made to the employee; and	25
	(d)	on terms that treat the period of service with the NZIST subsidiary (and every other period of service recognised by the NZIST subsidiary as continuous service) as if it were continuous service with NZIST.	30
(3)	sub tinuo	e employee of the NZIST subsidiary accepts an offer of employment under clause (2), the employee's employment by NZIST is to be treated as concus employment, including for the purpose of service-related entitlements, ther legislative or otherwise.	
(4)	other iary	employee of an NZIST subsidiary is not entitled to receive any payment or benefit on the ground that the employee's position in the NZIST subsidhas ceased to exist or the employee has declined to accept an offer of doyment in an equivalent position.	35

(5)

This clause overrides—

	(a)	Part 6A of the Employment Relations Act 2000; and	
	(b)	any employee protection provision in any relevant employment agreement.	
6	Gov	ernment Superannuation Fund	
(1)	empl	clause applies to a person who, immediately before becoming an oyee of NZIST, was a contributor to the Government Superannuation I under Part 2 or 2A of the Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956.	5
(2)	For the purposes of the Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956, the person is treated as being employed in the Government service as long as the person continues to be an employee of NZIST.		10
(3)		Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956 applies to the person in all ects as if the person's service as an employee of NZIST were Government ce.	
(4)		clause (1) does not entitle a person to become a contributor to the Govern Superannuation Fund if the person has ceased to be a contributor.	15
(5)		the purpose of applying the Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956, hief executive of NZIST is the controlling authority.	
7	Tran	asfer of students to NZIST	
(1)	This clause applies to every student enrolled at an NZIST subsidiary immediately before the dissolution date.		20
(2)	On and after the dissolution date, the student must be treated as having been enrolled at NZIST.		
(3)	A student who would, but for the dissolution of the NZIST subsidiary, have been entitled to be granted an award of the NZIST subsidiary is entitled to be granted a like award of NZIST.		25
(4)	In st	<b>abclause (3)</b> , award has the same meaning as in section 159(1).	
8	Exis	ting approvals, accreditations, and consents	
(1)	treate	clause applies to the following matters granted to an NZIST subsidiary or ed as having been granted to the subsidiary by the Qualifications Authority r Part 20 before the dissolution date and in effect immediately before that	30
	(a)	an approval of a programme under section 249:	
	(b)	an accreditation to provide all or part of a programme under section 250:	
	(c)	an approval to provide a training scheme under section 251:	
	(d)	a consent to assess against the standards listed on the Directory of Assessment Standards under section 252:	35
	(e)	a consent to award a degree or a post-graduate qualification under section 253B.	

the approval, accreditation, or consent (including any conditions

On and after the dissolution date,—

(a)

(2)

		imposed on an approval or accreditation) continues to apply and must be treated as if it were granted to NZIST; and	
	(b)	unless the context otherwise requires, every reference in the approval, accreditation, or consent must be read as a reference to NZIST.	5
9	Exis	ting funding approvals	
(1)	havii	clause applies to an approval granted to an NZIST subsidiary or treated as ng been granted to the subsidiary by the Commission under section $VA(2)$ before the dissolution date and in effect immediately before that	10
(2)	On a	nd after the dissolution date,—	
	(a)	the approval (including any conditions imposed on the approval) continues to apply and must be treated, unless it is earlier withdrawn or revoked, as if it were granted to NZIST; and	15
	(b)	unless the context otherwise requires, every reference in the approval to the NZIST subsidiary must be read as a reference to NZIST.	
10	Exis	ting proceedings and other matters	
(1) On and after the dissolution date,—			
	(a)	the continuation or enforcement of any proceedings by or against an NZIST subsidiary may instead be continued or enforced by or against NZIST without amendment to the proceedings; and	20
	(b)	the completion of a matter or thing that would, but for this clause, have been completed by the NZIST subsidiary may be completed by NZIST; and	25
	(c)	anything done, or omitted to be done, or that is to be done, by or in relation to the NZIST subsidiary is to be treated as having been done, or having been omitted to be done, or to be done, by or in relation to NZIST.	
(2)	In st	ubclause (1)(a), proceedings—	30
	(a)	means civil and criminal proceedings; and	
	(b)	includes any enforcement or compliance activities by the Commission or the Qualifications Authority.	
11	Fina	l report of dissolved subsidiary	
(1)	prepa	oon as is reasonably practicable after the dissolution date, NZIST must are and forward to the Minister a final report on the dissolved subsidiary's ations.	35
(2)	The	final report must be for the period (the <b>report period</b> )—	

- (a) commencing at the start of the financial year in which the NZIST subsidiary was dissolved; and
- (b) ending with the close of the day immediately before the date on which the subsidiary was dissolved.
- (3) The final report must include audited financial statements for the report period.
- (4) The Minister must present a copy of the final report to the House of Representatives as soon as is reasonably practicable after receiving it.

#### 12 Transfers of contracts does not give rise to claims

No person may claim against NZIST or an NZIST subsidiary for breach of contract on the ground that contract, or any benefit of the contract, is vested in NZIST, whether or not the vesting involves the NZIST and its employees gaining access to any information, data, programme, intellectual property right knowledge, chattel, equipment, transmission device, or facility of the claimant or any other person.

10

5

## Schedule 5 New Schedule 24 inserted

s 69(3)

	Schedule 24	
	Matters to be specified in levy orders	5
	ss 500, 510	
	To whom levy is payable and who pays	
1	The name of the workforce development council that is to receive the levy.	
2	A description of the industry whose members will be primarily liable to pay the levy.	10
	Amount of levy	
3	The basis on which the amount of the levy is to be calculated or ascertained.	
4	How the size of a qualifying member of the levy group is to be calculated for the purposes of calculating the levy payable by that member, for example,—	
	(a) based on the number of employees of the member that work in the relevant industry; or	15
	(b) based on the level of production of the member.	
5	Whether the levy is to be payable at a single rate or 2 or more different rates and the basis on which any different rates will apply.	
6	How the rates of the levy are to be notified.	20
7	Maximum and minimum amounts of levy payable (if any).	
8	The amount of any additional charges, or the percentage increase in the levy payable, if amounts of levy otherwise payable are paid late or not paid at all (if applicable).	
	Application of levy	25
9	Either—	
	(a) how the workforce development council is to spend the levy; or	
	(b) the means by which the organisation is to consult qualifying members of the levy group as to how the workforce development council is to spend it.	
10	Whether the levy must be spent by the workforce development council or may be paid to, and spent by, branches or subsidiaries of the workforce development council.	

# **Education (Vocational Education and Training Reform) Amendment Bill**

Schedule 5

	Payment of levy	
11	When and how the levy is to be payable, including—	
	(a) the period to which the levy will apply (the <b>levy period</b> ); and	
	(b) how often levy payments are required to be made; and	
	(c) the methods of payment of the levy that is to be available to qualifying members of the levy group.	5
12	How the amount of the levy payable is to be calculated when a person becomes a qualifying member of the levy group part way through a levy period.	
13	How refunds of the levy are to be calculated, and when they will be paid, if a qualifying member ceases to be a qualifying member of the levy group part way through a levy period.	10
14	What exemptions from payment of the levy will be available.	
15	The circumstances (if any) in which, and the conditions subject to which, qualifying members of the levy group may be allowed extensions of time for the payment of any amount of levy.	
16	The enforcement mechanisms that the workforce development council receiving the levy may use to collect the levy.	
	Collection of levy by agent	
17	The persons (if any), other than the industry members primarily responsible for paying the levy, who are responsible for collecting the levy in accordance with <b>section 516</b> .	
18	The amount of, or percentage of, the levy money collected that a collection agent may retain as a fee for providing the collection service.	
	Other matters	
19	The records to be kept by—	25
	(a) the workforce development council receiving the levy; and	
	(b) persons collecting the levy; and	
	(c) persons who are, or may be, liable to pay the levy.	
20	The details of the method of arbitration or mediation to apply in the case of disputes, as required by <b>section 521</b> .	30

### Schedule 6 **Consequential amendments to other enactments**

s 73

### Part 1 Amendments to Acts

5

#### Accident Compensation Act 2001 (2001 No 49)

In section 6(1), definition of place of education, paragraph (a)(ii), replace "a polytechnic," with "the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology and its Crown entity subsidiaries,".

#### **Building Act 2004 (2004 No 72)**

10

15

In Schedule 2, paragraph (m), replace "polytechnics," with "the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology and its Crown entity subsidiaries,".

#### Care and Support Workers (Pay Equity) Settlement Act 2017 (2017 No 24)

In section 5, definition of level 2 qualification, paragraph (b), definition of level 3 qualification, paragraph (b), and definition of level 4 qualification, paragraph (b), replace "industry training organisation (within the meaning of that term in section 2 of the Industry Training and Apprenticeships Act 1992)" with "workforce development council (as that term is defined in **section 477** of the Education Act 1989)".

#### **Crown Entities Act 2004 (2004 No 115)**

In section 6(1), replace "Schedule 4 of this Act and Schedule 13A of the Education Act 1989 apply to tertiary" with "Part 1 of Schedule 4 of this Act and Part 1 of Schedule 13A of the Education Act 1989 apply to all tertiary".

2.0

After section 6(1), insert:

(1A) The provisions set out in Part 2 of Schedule 4 of this Act and Part 2 of Schedule 13A of the Education Act 1989 apply to the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology and its Crown entity subsidiaries in addition to the provisions referred to in subsection (1).

25

In section 7(1)(e), replace "polytechnics" with "the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology".

In Schedule 4, after the Schedule 4 heading, insert:

30

## Part 1 Provisions relating to all tertiary education institutions

In Schedule 4, after the last item, insert:

#### Crown Entities Act 2004 (2004 No 115)—continued

#### Part 2

# Additional provisions that apply to New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology

Section	Brief description
Section 37	Removal of members of autonomous Crown entities
Section 38	Removal of elected members of Crown agents and autonomous Crown entities
Section 40	Definition of just cause
Section 41	Process for removal
Section 43	No compensation for loss of office
Sections 44 and 45	Resignation of members and members ceasing to hold office
Sections 47 and 48	Remuneration and expenses of members
Sections 49 to 52	Collective duties of board
Sections 53 to 57	Individual duties of members
Sections 58 to 61	Effect of non-compliance with duties and reliance on information and advice
Sections 73 to 76	Delegation
Section 77	Vacancies in membership of board
Sections 96 to 102	Crown entity subsidiaries
Sections 120 to 126	Liability of members, office holders, and employees
Sections 127 and 128	Method of contracting and seal
Sections 138 to 149A	Statement of intent
Sections 149B to 149M	Statement of performance expectations
Sections 150 to 156	Reporting: annual reports
Section 158	Bank accounts of Crown entities

#### Financial Advisers Act 2008 (2008 No 91)

In section 5, replace the definition of **lecturer** with:

**lecturer** means a person who is employed by a university, the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology and its subsidiaries, or a college of education to teach or instruct students of the university, New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology and its subsidiaries, or college of education

In section 5, repeal the definition of **polytechnic**.

In section 5, insert in its appropriate alphabetical order:

**NZIST** means the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology established by **section 222A** of the Education Act 1989, and includes its Crown entity subsidiaries

#### Ngāti Tūwharetoa Claims Settlement Act 2018 (2018 No 55)

In section 142(2)(c), after "Polytechnic", insert "Limited".

15

10

5

In Schedule 1, Part 2, insert in its appropriate alphabetical order:

A workforce development council established under **section 479** of the Education Act 1989

#### Plumbers, Gasfitters, and Drainlayers Act 2006 (2006 No 74)

5

In the heading to section 157, replace "industry training organisation" with "workforce development council".

In section 157(1) and (2), replace "industry training organisation" with "workforce development council".

Replace section 157(3) with:

10

(3) In this section, workforce development council means a workforce development council established under section 479 of the Education Act 1989.

#### Real Estate Agents Act 2008 (2008 No 66)

Replace section 12(3) with:

(3) To avoid doubt, nothing in subsection (1) affects the role of a workforce development council established under **section 479** of the Education Act 1989 for the real estate industry.

15

#### Residential Tenancies Act 1986 (1986 No 120)

In section 5B(6), replace "polytechnics," with "the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology and its Crown entity subsidiaries,".

20

# Taratahi Agricultural Training Centre (Wairarapa) Act 1969 (1969 No 138)

Replace section 3(2)(d) with:

(d) 1 member appointed on the nomination of the workforce development council whose specified industry coverage includes agriculture:

#### Part 2

25

#### Amendments to legislative instruments

#### Accident Insurance ("Counsellor") Regulations 1999 (SR 1999/166)

In regulation 2, definition of **course of education**, paragraph (a), replace "a polytechnic," with "the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology and its Crown entity subsidiaries.".

30

#### **Electronic Identity Verification Regulations 2013 (SR 2013/9)**

Revoke regulation 4(1)(k).

5

10

15

20

# Fire and Emergency New Zealand (Fire Safety, Evacuation Procedures, and Evacuation Schemes) Regulations 2018 (LI 2018/96)

In Schedule 2, paragraph 13, replace "polytechnics," with "the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology and its Crown entity subsidiaries,".

# Health and Safety at Work (Mining Operations and Quarrying Operations) Regulations 2016 (LI 2016/17)

In regulation 3(1), revoke the definition of **industry training organisation**.

In regulation 50(3), replace "registered with an industry training organisation" with "assessing under a consent to assess against standards granted under section 252 of the Education Act 1989".

# **International Student Contract Dispute Resolution Scheme Rules 2016 (LI 2016/42)**

In rule 28(2)(a), replace "institutes of technology and polytechnics," with "the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology and its Crown entity subsidiaries,".

#### National Civil Defence Emergency Management Plan Order 2015 (LI 2015/140)

In the Schedule, clause 102(2)(a), replace "polytechnics," with "the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology and its Crown entity subsidiaries,".

#### Real Estate Agents (Licensing) Regulations 2009 (SR 2009/282)

In regulation 3(1), revoke the definition of **industry training organisation**.

In regulation 3(1), insert in its appropriate alphabetical order:

**workforce development council** means the workforce development council for the real estate industry established under **section 479** of the Education Act 1989

In regulation 12(1)(a)(iii), (b)(iv), and (c)(iv), replace "industry training organisation" with "workforce development council".

#### Sale and Supply of Alcohol Regulations 2013 (SR 2013/459)

Revoke regulation 23(1)(b) and (2)(b).

#### **Student Allowances Regulations 1998 (SR 1998/277)**

In regulation 2(1), definition of **tertiary provider**, replace "polytechnic," with "the New Zealand Institute of Skills and Technology and its Crown entity subsidiaries,".

30

Wellington, New Zealand: