Crown Pastoral Land (Rent for Pastoral Leases) Amendment Bill

Government Bill

As reported from the Primary Production Committee

Commentary

Recommendation

The Primary Production Committee has examined the Crown Pastoral Land (Rent for Pastoral Leases) Amendment Bill and recommends by majority that it be passed with the amendments shown.

Introduction

This bill seeks to amend the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998. It would replace the land-valuation basis for setting rents for pastoral leases with a property-earning-capacity basis. A new formula would be used to assess the productive capacity of each pastoral lease as a pastoral farming operation, using net farm revenue data and stock-carrying capacities.

This commentary focuses on the main amendments we recommend and does not address minor technical amendments.

Setting rents for pastoral leases

We recommend amending clause 6, which would insert new part 1A—Setting rents for pastoral leases (comprising new sections 23A to 23P) into the Act, in the ways detailed below.

Purpose

We recommend amending new section 23A, the purpose provision for Part 1A. The proposed amendment would expand the purpose provision to give more guidance in interpreting the widely-drawn new powers proposed for the Valuer-General, especially those to make rules; and to provide clearer links between the various technical provisions—distributed among the Act, regulations, and rules—necessary to make the system work, thus outlining the rent-setting process in which the new formula would be applied.

Regulation-making power

We recommend amending new section 23N(a), which would allow regulations (to be made by the Governor-General on the recommendation of the Minister) to specify the method for calculating the dollar rate per stock unit. The amendment, which would delete section 23N(a)(i) and insert a new section 23N(a)(i), would require the data series used by the method to consist of the publicly available data about farm revenues and expenses that is most comparable to that of pastoral farming operations. It would also require the measure of net farm revenues per stock unit used in the method to refer to revenues from pastoral farming.

Rule-making power

We recommend amending new section 23O(1), which provides that the Valuer-General may make rules concerning several technical details of the new system. The amendment would organise the rule-making powers (which would all be discretionary as introduced) into mandatory and discretionary groups. New section 23O(1)(a)(i) (previously section 23O(1)(a)) provides that the Valuer-General now must make rules specifying the information to be provided or referenced by the Commissioner under subsection 23C(5). New section 23O(1)(a)(iii) (previously section 23O(1)(e)) provides that the Valuer-General now must, for the purposes of ensuring that base

and current carrying capacities are assessed and used consistently to calculate rent, make rules for the following purposes: to define a standard stock unit by reference to an annual energy requirement; to specify the standard stock-unit equivalent of different kinds of stock; and to specify how non-standard stock-unit measurements are to be converted to standard stock-unit measurements.

New Zealand Labour Party minority view

Labour supports the continuation of tenure by leaseholders on Crown pastoral lands to ensure sustainable management and productive utilisation of high country leases.

However, this bill challenges the basic tenets of property rights between the land owner and lessee. The bill severely compromises the property rights of the land owner, the Crown, to negotiate a fair return on the full value of the land.

The bill allows the Government to charge rent on the productive capacity of Crown land but excludes rental for the right to exclusive occupation which the lessees also enjoy.

This amounts to giving away a significant share of the Crown's interest, so depriving taxpayers of a return on the true value of the Crown's land assets. Low rentals are capitalised into the sale price of leases. The profits from such sales are retained by the lessee, not the Crown. The subjective nature of the calculation and outcome for individual leases will mean huge variation in returns to the Crown.

Submitters expressed the need for certainty in rental setting. Labour agrees this is a priority. However, certainty can be achieved using a system that recognises the total value of the land, not selectively chosen aspects of that value.

Labour supports the principle of income-related rents where cases of hardship can be established and the fair rights of lessees are difficult to uphold. We support implementation of a mechanism to provide relief to those lessees who can demonstrate that a fair market rental is beyond the earning capacity of the land they occupy.

The Minaret Land Value Tribunal decision confirmed the lessee's rights over the land and reaffirmed tenure over the land exclusive of improvements. Legislation to specifically address the contradiction in law is now required to secure that decision, which an appeal to the High Court could possibly overturn.

The previous National Government amended the Maori Reserves Land Act in 1997 to address injustices for Māori. As owners of the land Māori were, until that amendment was made, forced to accept lower than market rents for their land through leases based on unimproved land value with similar perpetual rights of tenure for lessees as exists for Pastoral Leases.

Labour cannot support inconsistencies in law that will inevitably lead to further legislative amendments and compromise the basic property rights of the Crown.

Appendix

Committee process

The Crown Pastoral Land (Rent for Pastoral Leases) Amendment Bill was referred to the committee on 17 February 2011. The closing date for submissions was 25 March 2011. We received and considered 12 submissions from interested groups and individuals. We heard nine submissions.

We received advice from Land Information New Zealand.

Committee membership

Shane Ardern (Chairperson)
Hon Jim Anderton
Dr Ashraf Choudhary
Hon Craig Foss
Sandra Goudie
Colin King
Moana Mackey
Hon Damien O'Connor

Iain Lees-Galloway replaced Moana Mackey for much of this item of business.

Crown Pastoral Land (Rent for Pastoral Leases) Amendment Bill

Key to symbols used in reprinted bill

As reported from a select committee

text inserted unanimously text deleted unanimously

Hon Maurice Williamson

Crown Pastoral Land (Rent for Pastoral Leases) Amendment Bill

Government Bill

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,		ral Land Act 1998 Act (as inserted by section 6 of		
The	Parlian	nent of New Zealand enacts as follows:		
1	Title			
		act is the Crown Pastoral Land (Rent for Pastoral Ledment Act 2010 .	eases)	
2	Comn	nencement		
	This A	Act comes into force on the earlier of—		4
	` '	the day that is 180 days after the date on which	it re-	
		ceives the Royal assent:	dor in	
	` /	a date appointed by the Governor-General by Or		
		Council, and 1 or more orders may be made bridifferent provisions into force on different dates.	ngıng	

Principal Act amended
This Act amends the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998.

Part 1 Amendments to Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998

	Interpretation	
1)	Section 2 is amended by inserting the following definitions in their appropriate alphabetical order:	5
	"base carrying capacity, in relation to a pastoral lease, means the base carrying capacity of land as assessed or determined under Part 1A and under any regulations or rules made under Part 1A and that is expressed in stock units	10
	"Commissioner means the Commissioner of Crown Lands appointed under section 24AA of the Land Act 1948	
	"Crown assessor means an assessor appointed by the Commissioner under section 23C	
	"current carrying capacity, in relation to a pastoral lease, means the plausible current carrying capacity of land as assessed or determined under Part 1A and under any regulations or rules made under Part 1A and that is expressed in stock units	15
	"department means the department of State that, with the authority of the Prime Minister, is for the time being responsible for the administration of this Act	20
	"expert determiner means a person appointed as an expert determiner under section 23F(1)(a)(i)	
	"land means land that is subject to a pastoral lease	25
	"lessee's assessor means an assessor appointed by the lessee under section 23F(1)(b)	
	"Minister means the Minister who is, with the authority of the Prime Minister, for the time being responsible for the admin- istration of this Act	30
	"pastoral lease means a pastoral lease granted under section 66 of the Land Act 1948, and includes any renewal of that lease	
	"rent review date, in relation to a pastoral lease, means—	
	"(a) the date of the day immediately after the first period of 11 years from the commencement date of the pastoral lease:	35

"(b) the earnings available from that productive capacity.

Crown Pastoral Land (Rent for Pastoral

"(2) To help to achieve the purpose of this Part, the framework set

	n this P		
<u>"(a)</u>		des a formula with the following elements:	
	<u>"(i)</u>	the base carrying capacity of a pastoral lease as	
		an easily calculated proxy for the stock the land	5
		would carry in an unimproved state; and	
	<u>"(ii)</u>	the current carrying capacity of a pastoral lease	
		as an approximate measure of the stock the land	
		would carry when developed and farmed effi-	
		ciently, which allows the element in paragraph	10
		(iii) to be calculated; and	
	"(iii)		
		tween the current carrying capacity and the base	
		carrying capacity into the formula; and	
	"(iv)	a dollar-per-stock-unit rate that incorporates a	15
		proportion of net earnings per stock unit into the	
		formula; and	
"(b)	fixes	the values of some elements of the formula and	
	presci	ribes or constrains inquiry into the values for other	
		ents of the formula, namely,—	20
	<u>"(i)</u>	the dollar-per-stock-unit rate is calculated ac-	
		cording to a method prescribed in regulations	
		using available data about net farm incomes on	
		farms comparable to those on pastoral leases;	
		<u>and</u>	25
	"(ii)	the base carrying capacity is to be agreed or	
		determined once according to rules made by	
		the Valuer-General, including rules about using	
		scientific evidence that is predictive of the base	
		carrying capacity and information about the	30
		land; and	
	<u>"(iii)</u>	the current carrying capacity is to be agreed or de-	
		termined at each review according to rules made	
		by the Valuer-General, including rules about us-	
		ing information about efficient farming practices	35
		and information about the land; and	
<u>"(c)</u>	_	des for a dispute resolution system to facilitate	
		agreement between the Crown and lessees on the	
	base c	carrying capacity and the current carrying capacity.	

"23B Formula for calculating annual rents for pastoral leases

- "(1) Despite anything in any other enactment or in any instrument, the annual rent for a pastoral lease that has a rent review date on or after the date on which this section comes into force must be calculated in accordance with the formula set out in **subsection (2)** and the formula set out in **subsection (3)**, and the annual rent payable is the greater of the 2 amounts so calculated.
- "(2) The following formula must be used to calculate the annual rent for any pastoral lease to which **subsection (1)** applies: 10

$$a = b \times (c + ((d - c) \times 0.15))$$

where—

- a is the annual rent for the pastoral lease
- b is the dollar-per-stock-unit rate published by the Valuer-General in the *Gazette* that applies on to the rent review 15 date
- c is the base carrying capacity of the pastoral lease as determined under this Part and any regulations or rules made under this Part
- d is the current carrying capacity of the pastoral lease as 20 determined under this Part and any regulations or rules made under this Part.

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"(3) The following formula must also be used to calculate the annual rent for any pastoral lease to which **subsection (1)** applies:

 $b \times c$

where—

- b is the dollar-per-stock-unit rate published by the Valuer-General in the *Gazette* that applies on to the rent review date
- c is the base carrying capacity of the pastoral lease as determined under this Part and any regulations or rules made under this Part.

"23C	Commissioner to appoint Crown assessors to determine	
"(1)	carrying capacities of pastoral leases The Commissioner must appoint a Crown assessor to make an initial assessment of the base carrying capacity of a pastoral lease that has a rent review date during the period— "(a) beginning on the date that this section commences; and "(b) ending on the close of the day that is 90 days before the next rent review date.	5
"(2)	However, subsection (1) does not apply if the base carrying capacity of the pastoral lease has been determined previously under this Part.	10
"(3)	The Commissioner must appoint a Crown assessor to make an initial assessment of the current carrying capacity of a pastoral lease during the period— "(a) beginning on the date that is 120 days before the rent	15
	review date; and "(b) ending on the close of the day that is 90 days before the rent review date.	13
''(4)	The Commissioner may appoint 1 or more Crown assessors to make concurrent initial assessments of the base earrying capacity and the current earrying capacity of any pastoral lease or pastoral leases.	20
"(5)	The Commissioner must, as soon as practicable after appointing a Crown assessor under this section, provide that Crown assessor with, or refer that Crown assessor to, any information prescribed in any rules made under section 230 .	25
<u>"(6)</u>	Despite anything in this section, the periods specified in subsections (1) and (3) may be varied by written agreement between the Commissioner and the lessee.	
"23D	Initial assessment of carrying capacity by Crown assessors	30
"(1)	A Crown assessor must, in accordance with the terms of the Crown assessor's appointment under section 23C , inspect the land in a pastoral lease and formulate an initial assessment of— "(a) the base carrying capacity of the pastoral lease; or	35
	"(b) the current carrying capacity of the pastoral lease; or	

"(c) the base carrying capacity and the current carrying cap-

		acity of the pastoral lease.		
"(2)	The C	Crown assessor must allow the lessee or a representative		
()		e lessee to be present when the Crown assessor is inspect-		
		ne land in a pastoral lease for the purposes of subsection	5	
	(1).	to take in a pastoral reaso for the purposes of care-colors	J	
"(3)		Commissioner must, within 15 working days after the		
(-)		pletion of the Crown assessor's inspection of the land in		
		toral lease, give the lessee written notice of the Crown		
		sor's initial assessment that includes—	10	
	"(a)	the Crown assessor's initial assessment of the base		
	` '	carrying capacity or current carrying capacity, or both,		
		of the pastoral lease (as the case may be); and		
	"(b)	a copy of—		
		"(i) the information provided or referred to the Crown	15	
		assessor under section 23C(5); and		
		"(ii) any rule made or guidance provided by the		
		Valuer-General that is relevant to the Crown		
		assessor's initial assessment; and		
		"(iii) any other information that contributed signifi-	20	
		eantly to the assessment; and		
	"(e)	if the Crown assessor's initial assessment allows a rent		
		to be calculated, the rent that the lessee must pay if the		
		lessee accepts the Crown assessor's initial assessment.		
"(3)	The Commissioner must, within 15 working days after the			
		eletion of the Crown assessor's inspection of the land,		
		the lessee the Crown assessor's initial assessment, which		
	must-			
	<u>"(a)</u>	be in writing; and		
	"(b)	include—	30	
		<u>"(i)</u> the information provided or referred to the Crown		
		assessor under section 23C(5); and		
		"(ii) any other information that contributed materially		
		to the assessment; and		
	"(c)	explain which elements of the information referred to	35	
		in paragraph (b) contributed materially to the assess-		
	// 1\	ment; and		
	<u>"(d)</u>	specify the regulations or rules that permit or require the		
		use of the information referred to in paragraph (c); and		

	"(e)	if the Crown assessor's initial assessment allows a rent	
		to be calculated, specify the rent that the lessee must	
		pay if the lessee accepts the Crown assessor's initial	
		assessment; and	
	"(f)	give notice of the period for response, and the conse-	5
		quences of failure to respond within that period, in the	
		form prescribed by the Valuer-General for that purpose.	
"(4)	The 1	lessee must, within 15 working days after the date on	
	which	the notice is sent to received by the lessee, respond to	
	the C	rown assessor's initial assessment, in writing to the Com-	10
	missi	oner, by—	
	"(a)	accepting the Crown assessor's initial assessment; or	
	"(b)	rejecting the Crown assessor's initial assessment.	
"22E	Dwaa	ass if lasses accents on fails to respond to initial	
23E		ess if lessee accepts, or fails to respond to, initial sment	15
		e lessee accepts, or fails to respond to, an initial assess-	1.
		under section 23D(4) , the Crown assessor's initial as-	
		nent of —	
	"(a)	in the case of the base carrying capacity of a pastoral	
	(a)	lease lease,—	20
		"(i) becomes the base carrying capacity for that pas-	20
		toral lease; and	
		"(ii) must be used to calculate the rent for the that	
		pastoral lease under section 23B:	
	"(b)	in the case of the current carrying capacity of a pastoral	25
	()	lease lease,—	
		"(i) becomes the current carrying capacity for that	
		pastoral lease; and	
		"(ii) must be used to calculate the rent for the that	
		pastoral lease under section 23B .	30
		-	
"23F	Fran	nework for dispute resolution if lessee rejects initial	
		sment	
"(1)		lessee rejects the initial assessment of a Crown assessor	
		own assessors, then then, within 10 working days after	
		5-working-day period specified in section 23D(4) ,—	35
	"(a)	the Commissioner must—	

"(i)	appoint an expert determiner in accordance with
	subsection (2); and
(((::)	1:4C 414:4 -:

"(ii) submit a copy of the notice assessment given under **section 23D(3)** to the expert determiner; and

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- "(b) the lessee must appoint an assessor.
- "(2) The Commissioner—
 - "(a) must, in good faith, try to agree with the lessee on the person to be appointed as the expert determiner; and
 - "(b) must, if the Commissioner and the lessee are unable to agree, appoint a person that who is nominated by the Valuer-General.
- "(3) Within 10 working days after the 10-working-day period specified in **subsection (1)**, the lessee's assessor, the Crown assessor or assessors, and the expert determiner must meet at on the land in the pastoral lease for the purpose of reaching an agreement on the base carrying capacity or the current carrying capacity, or both, of the pastoral lease (as the case may be).
- "(4) If, after 10 working days after the meeting referred to in **subsection (3)**, the lessee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessors have not agreed on the base carrying capacity or the current carrying capacity, or both, of the pastoral lease (as the case may be) and communicated that agreement to the expert determiner, the expert determiner must, as soon as practicable,—
 - "(a) fix a date for a resolution hearing, which must be no later than 30 working days after the meeting specified in **subsection (3)**; and
 - "(b) give written notice of the resolution hearing to the lessee, the lessee's assessor, and the Crown assessor or 30 assessors as soon as practicable but at least 10 working days before the date of the resolution hearing.

"23G Duties of parties during dispute resolution before resolution hearing

"(1) During the period starting at the beginning of the meeting referred to <u>in</u> **section 23F(3)** and ending at the commencement of the resolution hearing referred to in **section 23H**, the

		essor, the Crown assessor or assessors , and the ex-	
-		ner have the following duties:	
"(a)	sors r	ssee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assesmust try in good faith to reach agreement on the carrying capacity or the current carrying capacity,	5
// /1 \	or bot	th, of the pastoral lease (as the case may be); and	5
"(b)		ssee's assessor, the Crown assessor or assessors,	
		he expert determiner must, at the meeting at on	
		nd referred to in section 23F(3), inspect the land	
		a view to gathering information to assist them to	10
		rm their duties under this section; and	
"(c)		rown assessor or assessors must explain to the	
		e's assessor and the expert determiner how the	
		n assessor or assessors arrived at the base carrying	
	-	ity or the current carrying capacity, or both, of	15
		astoral lease (as the ease may be) in the initial	
		sment by isolating, as far as possible, the signifi-	
		elements of the method that the Crown assessor or	
		sors used in making the initial assessment; and	
"(d)		ssee's assessor must formulate an assessment of	20
	the ba	ase carrying capacity or the current carrying cap-	
	acity,	or both, of the pastoral lease (as the ease may be)	
	and p	rovide the assessment to the Crown assessor or as-	
	sessor	rs and the expert determiner—	
	"(i)	taking into account any explanation provided	25
		by the Crown assessor or assessors under para-	
		graph (c); and	
	"(ii)	including any information that contributes sig-	
		nificantly to the lessee's assessor's assessment of	
		the base carrying capacity or the current carrying	30
		capacity of the pastoral lease; and	
	"(iii)	specifying the regulations or rules that permit the	
		use of that information to assess the base carrying	
		capacity or the current carrying capacity of the	
		pastoral lease; and	35
"(c)	the C	rown assessor must—	

explain to the lessee's assessor and the expert determiner the method that the Crown assessor used to arrive at the base carrying capacity or the cur-

rent carrying capacity, or both, of the pastoral lease (as the case may be) in the initial assessment by isolating, as far as possible, the material elements of the method that the Crown assessor

			used; and	5
		<u>"(ii)</u>	specify the regulations or rules that permit or re-	
			quire the use of the method referred to in sub-	
			paragraph (i); and	
	"(d)	the le	ssee's assessor must formulate, and provide to the	
		Crow	n assessor and the expert determiner, an assess-	10
			of the base carrying capacity or the current carry-	
			apacity, or both, of the pastoral lease (as the case	
			be) that—	
		"(i)	explains the method that the lessee's assessor	
			used to arrive at the base carrying capacity or the	15
			current carrying capacity, or both, of the pastoral	
			lease (as the case may be); and	
		<u>"(ii)</u>	takes into account any explanation provided by	
			the Crown assessor under paragraph (c); and	
		<u>"(iii)</u>	includes any information that contributes materi-	20
			ally to the lessee's assessor's assessment; and	
		"(1V)	specifies the regulations or rules that permit or	
			require the method referred to in subparagraph	
			(i) and information referred to in subparagraph	2.5
	"	.1	(iii); and	25
	"(e)		(iii); and evaluate how	25
	"(e)	the le	(iii); and expert determiner must analyse and evaluate how essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or asses-	25
	"(e)	the le	(iii); and expert determiner must analyse and evaluate how essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessor are applied the requirements of this Part and any	25
		the le sors h regula	(iii); and expert determiner must analyse and evaluate how essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessive applied the requirements of this Part and any actions or rules made under this Part; and	
	"(e) "(f)	the le	(iii); and expert determiner must analyse and evaluate how essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessive applied the requirements of this Part and any ations or rules made under this Part; and expert determiner may provide guidance or assist-	25
		the lessons heregular the example of	(iii); and expert determiner must analyse and evaluate how essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessive applied the requirements of this Part and any ations or rules made under this Part; and expert determiner may provide guidance or assist-to the lessee's assessor and the Crown assessor or	
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"(2)	"(f)	the lessons heregular the example to assess capacitoral lessons to a second capacitor and lessons to a secon	Appert determiner must analyse and evaluate how essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessive applied the requirements of this Part and any ations or rules made under this Part; and appert determiner may provide guidance or assistate to the lessee's assessor and the Crown assessor or stores in their efforts to agree on the base carrying entry or current carrying capacity, or both, of the paslease (as the case may be).	
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"(2)	"(f)	the le sors he regulation the example capacitoral le expertonelusion to the	Appert determiner must analyse and evaluate how essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessive applied the requirements of this Part and any actions or rules made under this Part; and expert determiner may provide guidance or assistant to the lessee's assessor and the Crown assessor or essers in their efforts to agree on the base carrying entry or current carrying capacity, or both, of the passlease (as the case may be). It determiner provides guidance or assistance after on of the meeting referred to in section 23F(3)—telessee's assessor, the expert determiner must pro-	30
"(2)	"(f) If the the co	the le sors he regulate the example to the expertence to the vide	Appert determiner must analyse and evaluate how essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessive applied the requirements of this Part and any ations or rules made under this Part; and appert determiner may provide guidance or assistate to the lessee's assessor and the Crown assessor or stores in their efforts to agree on the base carrying entry or current carrying capacity, or both, of the pastlease (as the case may be). It determiner provides guidance or assistance after on of the meeting referred to in section 23F(3)—telessee's assessor, the expert determiner must prothe Crown assessor or assessors with a written	30
"(2)	"(f) If the the co	the le sors he regulate the example to the expertence to the vide	Appert determiner must analyse and evaluate how essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessive applied the requirements of this Part and any actions or rules made under this Part; and expert determiner may provide guidance or assistant to the lessee's assessor and the Crown assessor or essers in their efforts to agree on the base carrying entry or current carrying capacity, or both, of the passlease (as the case may be). It determiner provides guidance or assistance after on of the meeting referred to in section 23F(3)—telessee's assessor, the expert determiner must pro-	30
	"(f) If the the co	the le sors he regulate the example to the expertence to the vide	Appert determiner must analyse and evaluate how essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessive applied the requirements of this Part and any ations or rules made under this Part; and appert determiner may provide guidance or assistate to the lessee's assessor and the Crown assessor or stores in their efforts to agree on the base carrying entry or current carrying capacity, or both, of the pastlease (as the case may be). It determiner provides guidance or assistance after on of the meeting referred to in section 23F(3)—telessee's assessor, the expert determiner must prothe Crown assessor or assessors with a written	30
"(2) 12	"(f) If the the co	the le sors he regulate the example to the expertence to the vide	Appert determiner must analyse and evaluate how essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessive applied the requirements of this Part and any ations or rules made under this Part; and appert determiner may provide guidance or assistate to the lessee's assessor and the Crown assessor or stores in their efforts to agree on the base carrying entry or current carrying capacity, or both, of the pastlease (as the case may be). It determiner provides guidance or assistance after on of the meeting referred to in section 23F(3)—telessee's assessor, the expert determiner must prothe Crown assessor or assessors with a written	30

"(b)	to the Crown assessor or assessors, the expert deter-
	miner must provide the lessee's assessor with a written
	summary of the guidance or assistance.

- "(3) The information required to be given by a Crown assessor or Crown assessors under subsection (1)(c) or by a lessee's assessor under subsection (1)(d) need not be in writing or, if in writing, need not be in any particular form.
- "(4) Despite **subsection (3)**, the information required to be given by a Crown assessor or Crown assessors under **subsection**(1)(c) and by a lessee's assessor under **subsection (1)(d)**must be provided in writing in accordance with any regulations or rules made under this Part by the date that is 5 working days after the meeting referred to in **section 23F(3)**.

"23H Resolution hearing

- "(1) If an agreement is not reached between the lessee's assessor 15 and the Crown assessor or assessors under section 23G before the date fixed under section 23F(4)(a), the expert determiner must chair a resolution hearing with the lessee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessors on the date fixed under section 23F(4)(a) to—
 - "(a) facilitate agreement between the lessee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessors; or
 - "(b) if the expert determiner considers that an agreement is unlikely during the resolution hearing, determine the base carrying capacity or current carrying capacity, or 25 both, of the pastoral lease (as the case may be).

"(1A) A determination made under subsection (1)(b) must—

- "(a) be in writing and in the form specified by the Valuer-General; and
- "(b) be given to the lessee and the Commissioner within 5 working days of the date of the resolution hearing.
- "(2) The expert determiner may establish any procedures or rules for the resolution hearing, but the procedures and rules must be consistent with any regulations or rules made under this Part.
- "(3) The Arbitration Act 1996 does not apply to the resolution hearing, but the expert determiner may apply any provision of that

Act to	a resolution	on hea	ring in any	procedu	res	or r	ules	that	the
expert	determine	r may	establish.						
			_			~			

- "(4) The expert determiner may make an award of costs that complies with **subsection (5)** and any regulations or rules made under this Part.
- "(5) An award of costs must provide that
 - the lessee pay the fees of the lessee's assessor and pay for any expenses incurred by the lessee's assessor that are associated with complying with the requirements of this Part; and

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- "(b) the Commissioner pay the fees of the Crown assessor or assessors and pay for any expenses incurred by the Crown assessor or assessors that are associated with complying with the requirements of this Part; and
- "(c) the lessee and the Commissioner pay an equal share 15 of the fees of the expert determiner and pay for any expenses that are associated with holding the resolution hearing (whether it proceeds or not).
- "(6) Despite **subsection (5)**, the expert determiner may require the lessee to pay a portion of the fees and expenses that the Commissioner would otherwise pay, or require the Commissioner to pay a portion of the fees and expenses that the lessee would otherwise pay pay, if the lessee's assessor or a Crown assessor (as the case may be) has, unreasonably or without justification.—
 - "(a) contributed to the time or expense involved in complying with the requirements of this Part; or
 - "(b) failed to comply, by act or omission, with this Part or any regulations or rules made under this Part; or
 - "(c) taken a position or pursued an argument that lacks merit, 30 including (but not limited to) refusing to accept facts that should have been accepted.

"231 Recording and noting carrying capacities

"(1) If the lessee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessors agree on the base carrying capacity or current carrying capacity, or both, of the pastoral lease (as the case may be) at any time before a resolution hearing,—

"(2)

"(3)

"(4)

"(5)

this Part.

"(a)		essee's assessor and the Crown assessor or assesmust both communicate to the expert determiner						
		greed base carrying capacity or current carrying						
		city, or both, of the pastoral lease (as the case may						
	be); a		5					
"(b)	the exing ca	epert determiner must record the agreed base carry- apacity or current carrying capacity, or both, of the ral lease (as the case may be).						
If the	lessee	e's assessor and the Crown assessor or assessors						
		e base carrying capacity or current carrying cap-	10					
acity, or both, of the pastoral lease (as the case may be) dur-								
ing a	esolut	ion hearing, the expert determiner must record the						
agree	d base	carrying capacity or current carrying capacity, or						
both,	of the	pastoral lease (as the case may be).						
If the	expert	determiner determines the base carrying capacity	15					
or current carrying capacity, or both, of the pastoral lease (as								
the ca	se may	y be) at a resolution hearing, the expert determiner						
must	record	the agreed base carrying capacity or current carry-						
ing ca	pacity	, or both, of the pastoral lease (as the case may be).						
		t determiner records a base carrying capacity or	20					
		ying capacity, or both, of a pastoral lease (as the						
	nay be	7 ·						
"(a)		case of a base carrying capacity, the recorded base						
	-	ing capacity of the pastoral lease—						
	"(i)	becomes the base carrying capacity for that pas-	25					
		toral lease; and						
	"(ii)	must be used to calculate the rent for the that						
(((1))		pastoral lease under section 23B:						
"(b)		case of a current carrying capacity, the recorded	20					
		nt carrying capacity of a pastoral lease—	30					
	"(i)	becomes the current carrying capacity for that						
	··(::)	pastoral lease; and						
	"(ii)	must be used to calculate the rent for the that pastoral lease under section 23B .						
Tl.		•	25					
		determiner must notify the Commissioner and the	35					
		e base carrying capacity or current carrying cap- pastoral lease that is agreed or determined under						
acity	or any	pasional lease that is agreed of determined under						

If the Commissioner becomes aware of a base carrying capacity to which **section 23E(a)(i)** applies or receives a notice

"(6)

	referred to in subsection (5) in relation to the base carrying capacity of a pastoral lease, the Commissioner must as soon as practicable advise the Registrar-General of Land of the base carrying capacity of the pastoral lease.	5
"(7)	If the Registrar-General of Land receives advice under subsection (6) , the Registrar-General of Land must, on any relevant computer register, note a memorial that specifies the base carrying capacity of the pastoral lease.	10
"23J	Appeals on questions of law	
"(1)	If the Commissioner or a lessee of a pastoral lease is dissatisfied with any determination by an expert determiner of base carrying capacity or current carrying capacity as being erroneous in point of law, the Commissioner or lessee may appeal to the High Court on that question of law.	15
"(2)	An appeal under this section must be dealt with in accordance with the rules of court.	
"(3)	On any appeal, the High Court must hear and determine the question of law arising in the proceedings, and must do 1 or more of the following: "(a) reverse, confirm, confirm or amend the determination	20
	in respect of which the appeal has been brought: "(b) quash the determination and remit the matter to the ex-	
		25

"23K Exclusion from liability

High Court thinks fit.

An expert determiner is not liable for any act done or omitted 30 to be done by the expert determiner in good faith in—

"(c) make any other order in relation to the matter that the

- "(a) the performance or intended performance of a function or duty under this Part or any regulations or rules made under this Part; or
- "(b) the exercise or intended exercise of a power under this 35 Part or any regulations or rules made under this Part.

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"23L Functions, duties, and powers of Valuer-General

- "(1) The Valuer-General—
 - "(a) must, using the method prescribed in regulations made under **section 23N**, calculate dollar-per-stock-unit rates and the periods to which they apply and publish 5 them in the *Gazette*; and
 - "(b) may make rules under section 230; and
 - "(c) may provide guidance in relation to any matter for which the Valuer-General may make rules under **section 230**; and
 - "(d) may provide information to lessees' assessors, Crown assessors, and expert determiners to assist them in performing their functions and duties under this Part; and
 - "(e) may <u>provide information</u>, monitor, and publish reports on, the processes specified in this Part for—
 - "(i) assessing <u>or determining</u> the base carrying capacity and the current carrying capacity of pastoral leases; and
 - "(ii) determining the base carrying capacity and the current carrying capacity of pastoral leases; and
 - "(iii) setting the rent for pastoral leases; and
 - "(f) may audit any assessment or determination of the base carrying capacity or current carrying capacity, or both, of any pastoral lease (as the case may be) against any rules made under **section 230** and any guidance provided under **paragraph (c)**; and
 - "(g) may appoint members to form 1 or more expert panels to assist in the performance of the Valuer-General's functions and duties or the exercise of the Valuer-General's powers under this Part; and
 - "(h) must appoint a person nominated by any organisation the Valuer-General considers is representative of lessees of pastoral leases to any expert panel formed under **paragraph (g)**; and
 - "(i) must publish, in any form or manner that the 35 Valuer-General considers appropriate, including (but not limited to) on an Internet site maintained by the department,—
 - "(i) information about—

"(A) assessing the base carrying capacity and

				the current carrying capacity of a pastoral	
			"(D)	lease; and	
			(D)	determining the base carrying capacity and	_
				the current carrying capacity of a pastoral	3
			"((())	lease; and	
		"		setting the rent for a pastoral lease; and	
		"(ii)		guidance provided under paragraph (c):	
		"		graph (c); and	1.0
		"(iii)	-	rules made under section 230: section	10
			<u>230;</u>		
		"(iv)		etermination made by an expert determiner	
				this Part in relation to base carrying cap-	
			acity.		
"(2)	In ca	rrying	out th	e functions and duties and exercising the	15
	powe	rs spec	ified in	subsection (1), the Valuer-General must	
	aim t	o ensu	re that-	_	
	"(a)	any a	ssessm	nent or determination is carried out quickly	
		and e	fficien	tly; and	
	"(b)			assessor, Crown assessor, or expert deter-	20
		mine	does 1	not use more information or undertake more	
		analy	sis tha	n is necessary to make an assessment or a	
		deteri	ninatic	on.	
"(2)	In ca	rrying	out th	e functions and duties and exercising the	
				in subsection (1), the Valuer-General	25
	must-				
	"(a)	aim to	o ensu	re that—	
		"(i)		ssessment or determination is made quickly	
				fficiently; and	
		"(ii)		essee's assessor, Crown assessor, or ex-	30
				determiner does not use more information	
				dertake more analysis than is reasonably	
				sary to make an assessment or a determin-	
			ation:	·	
	"(b)	<u>ha</u> ve		to the purpose of this Part.	35
			-		

"23M	Delegation	of Valuer-General's	functions,	duties,	and
	powers				

The Valuer-General may, in accordance with section 41 of the State Sector Act 1988, delegate to employees of the department, in the same manner and to the same extent as if the 5 Valuer-General were its chief executive,—

- "(a) any function, duty, or power conferred on the Valuer-General by this Act (other than the power to make rules under **section 230**) or any other enactment:
- "(b) any function, duty, or power delegated to the Valuer-General by any Minister of the Crown (other than a power that is subject to a delegation that provides that the power may not be delegated).

"23N Regulation-making power

The Governor-General may, on the recommendation of the 15 Minister, make regulations that—

- "(a) specify the method for calculating the dollar-per-stockunit rate, which must—
 - "(i) use publicly available data about farm revenues and expenses; and
 - "(i) use the publicly available data about farm revenues and expenses from pastoral farms and farms that are most comparable to pastoral farms; and
 - "(ii) use a measure of net farm revenues per stock unit derived from the data referred to in subparagraph (i); and
 - "(iii) set the dollar-per-stock-unit rate as a proportion of the measure referred to in **subparagraph (ii)** that corresponds as closely and consistently as practicable to the long-term average spent on rent and servicing mortgage debt; and
 - "(iv) contain a floor that will operate as the minimum dollar-per-stock-unit rate; and
 - "(v) use an appropriate index of farm costs to annually 35 adjust the floor referred to in **subparagraph (iv)**; and

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"(vi) specify how the dollar-per-stock-unit rate is to be

	"(l-)		calculated for different periods for the purposes of this Part:	
	"(b)		ribe forms:	_
	"(c) "(d)	provi cessa	ribe rules and procedures for resolution hearings: de for the matters that are contemplated by, or ne- ry for, by or necessary for giving effect to this Part or its due administration.	5
"23O	Rule	-maki	ng power	
"(1)			poses of this Part, the Valuer-General may make	10
` '	rules			
	"(a)		fy the information to be provided or referenced by	
			ommissioner under subsection 23C(5), includ-	
			out not limited to)—	
		"(i)	information predicting the characteristics of land in the pastoral lease, including information in the	15
			form of raw data, a land classification, a model,	
			or an algorithm:	
		"(ii)	assumptions about how the information referred	
			to in subparagraph (i) reveals the base earrying	20
			capacity and the current carrying capacity of a pastoral lease:	
		"(iii)	other information about the land in a pastoral	
		` /	lease:	
	"(b)		fy how a lessee's assessor, a Crown assessor, or an	25
		exper	t determiner must, when making an assessment or	
		a dete	ermination,—	
		"(i)	use the information provided or referenced by the	
			Commissioner under section 23C(5); and	
		"(ii)	use the information gained at a meeting under	30

section 23F(3) on land subject to a pastoral

"(iii) use or not use any other information about a pas-

"(c) provide that a specified process or method is the only 35 process or method that may be used by a lessee's assessor, a Crown assessor, or an expert determiner when

lease; and

toral lease:

	makiı	ng an assessment or a determination of base carry-	
	ing ca	apacity:	
"(d)	speci	fy how a lessee's assessor, a Crown assessor, or	
		pert determiner must deal with relevant matters	
		making an assessment or a determination of cur-	5
		arrying capacity, including (but not limited to)—	
	"(i)	how concepts useful to determining the base	
		carrying capacity or the current carrying capacity	
		of a pastoral lease are to be used (for example,	
		average efficient farming):	10
	"(ii)	information about stock numbers carried on a	
	()	pastoral lease:	
	"(iii)	constraints on stocking that arise from the obli-	
		gations under a pastoral lease:	
	"(iv)	other constraints on stocking:	15
"(e)	for th	ne purposes of ensuring base carrying capacities	
` '		urrent carrying capacities are assessed and used	
		stently to calculate rent,—	
	"(i)	define a standard stock unit for the purposes of	
		this Part by reference to an annual energy re-	20
		quirement (taking into account relevant industry	
		norms and practices):	
	"(ii)	specify the standard stock-unit equivalent of dif-	
	()	ferent kinds of stock for the purposes of this Part:	
	"(iii)	specify how non-standard stock-unit measure-	25
	()	ments are to be converted to standard stock-unit	
		measurements for the purposes of this Part:	
"(f)	provi	de for any other matters relating to—	
` /	"(i)	determining the base carrying capacity or current	
	()	carrying capacity of a pastoral lease that may be	30
		necessary or desirable to allow the Valuer-Gen-	
		eral to perform a function or duty, or exercise a	
		power, under this Part; or	
	"(ii)	setting rents for pastoral leases that may be neces-	
	` /	sary or desirable to allow the Valuer-General to	35
		perform a function, or duty or exercise a power,	
		under this Part:	
"(o)	nrese	rihe forms:	

	"(h)	cessar		the matters that are contemplated by, or negiving full effect to this Part and for its due on.	
<u>"(1)</u>	For th "(a)	ne purp	specification of the control of the	f this Part, the Valuer-General— rules that— fy the information to be provided or refed by the Commissioner under section 5), including (but not limited to)—	5
			<u>"(A)</u>	information predicting the characteristics of land, which includes information in the form of raw data, a land classification, a model, or an algorithm:	10
			<u>"(B)</u>	assumptions about how the information referred to in subparagraph (A) reveals the base carrying capacity and the current carrying capacity of a pastoral lease:	15
		<u>"(ii)</u>	specification sor, o	other information about the land: fy how a lessee's assessor, a Crown asses- r an expert determiner must, when making sessment or a determination,— use the information provided or referenced by the Commissioner under section	20
			"(B) "(C)	23C(5); and use the information gained at a meeting on the land under section 23F(3); and use the information provided under sec- tion 23G(4); and	25
		<u>"(iii)</u>	capac	use or not use any other information about the land: the purposes of ensuring that base carrying ities and current carrying capacities are asd and used consistently to calculate rent,—	30
			<u>"(A)</u>	define a standard stock unit for the pur- poses of this Part by reference to an an- nual energy requirement (taking into ac- count relevant industry norms and prac-	35

tices):

		"(B)	specify the standard stock-unit equivalent	
			of different kinds of stock for the purposes	
			of this Part:	
		"(C)	specify how non-standard stock-unit	
			measurements are to be converted to	5
			standard stock-unit measurements for the	
			purposes of this Part:	
"(b)	may r	nake r	ules that—	
	"(i)	provi	de that a specified process or method is the	
		only 1	process or method that may be used by a	10
		lessee	e's assessor, a Crown assessor, or an expert	
			miner when making an assessment or a de-	
		termi	nation of base carrying capacity:	
	<u>"(ii)</u>	specif	fy how a lessee's assessor, a Crown asses-	
			r an expert determiner must deal with rele-	15
			natters when making an assessment or a de-	
			nation of current carrying capacity, includ-	
			out not limited to)—	
		<u>"(A)</u>	how relevant concepts are to be used:	•
		<u>"(B)</u>	information about stock carried on a pas-	20
		(((a)	toral lease:	
		<u>"(C)</u>	constraints on stocking that arise from the	
		((/D)	obligations under a pastoral lease:	
	"	<u>"(D)</u> .	physical and other constraints on stocking:	25
	··(111)		de for any other matters relating to—	25
		<u>"(A)</u>	assessing or determining the base carrying	
			capacity or current carrying capacity of a	
			pastoral lease that may be necessary or	
			desirable to allow the Valuer-General to	20
			perform a function or duty, or exercise a	30
		"(D)	power, under this Part; or	
		<u>"(B)</u>	setting rents for pastoral leases that may be	
			necessary or desirable to allow the Valuer-	
			General to perform a function or duty, or	35
	"(iv)	provi	<u>exercise a power, under this Part:</u> de for the designation of individuals eligible	33
	<u>"(iv)</u>		appointed as assessors or expert determin-	
			appointed as assessors of expert determini-	
		ers:		

"(v)	provide for the matters that are contemplated by
	or necessary for giving full effect to this Part and
	for its due administration.
	Tot its add administration.

- "(2) Rules made under subsection (1)—
 - "(a) may specify upper and lower bounds or other constraints for the base carrying capacity and current carrying capacity of pastoral leases:
 - "(b) may prescribe different rules for different sets of pastoral leases:
 - "(c) may, in the case of rules referred to in **subsection**(1)(a) and (b), make different provision for the base carrying capacity and current carrying capacity of a pastoral lease:
 - "(d) may, in cases where it is useful to do so to assess or determine the current carrying capacity of a pastoral lease, make provision about how land farmed in conjunction with a pastoral lease is to be considered.
 - "(d) may provide that stock carried on land for any period is counted towards the current carrying capacity of the land in proportion to the part of the year that the stock spends on the land (whether or not that stock is also grazed on any other ground that is not subject to a pastoral lease).

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- "(3) Before making any rules under this section, the Valuer-General must—
 - "(a) publish a notice of the Valuer-General's intention, including (but not limited to) on an Internet site maintained by the department; and
 - "(b) take reasonable steps to bring the notice to the attention of lessees of pastoral leases; and
 - "(c) give interested persons a reasonable period of time, which must be specified in the notice, to make submissions on the proposed rules; and
 - "(d) consult persons who the Valuer-General considers represent the lessees of pastoral leases and the Valuer-General considers appropriate, having regard in each case to the content and effect of the proposed rules.
- "(4) Any rule made under **subsection (1)** is a regulation for the purposes of the Regulations (Disallowance) Act 1989 but is

		regulat		r the purposes of the Acts and Regulations 989.	
"(5)	secti		N and	conflict between any regulation made under any rule made under subsection (1) , the	5
"23P				nay designate individuals eligible to be	
"(1)				ssors and expert determiners be appointed as a lessee's assessor, a Crown	
(1)	assess	sor, or	an ex	pert determiner under this Part unless the o be so appointed.	10
"(2)				al must, in accordance with any regulations er this Part,—	
	"(a)	an ex	pert de	ny individual as eligible to be appointed as eterminer if the requirements in subsec- (5) have been met; or	15
	"(b)	design	nate an ce's as	ny individual as eligible to be appointed as assessor or a Crown an assessor if the indi-	
		"(i)		nember of—	
			"(A) "(B)	an organisation specified in any regula- tions or rules made under this Part; or a subset of members of an organisation	20
				specified in any regulations or rules made under this Part; or	
		"(ii)		a qualification specified in any regulations es made under this Part; or	25
		` '		erwise qualified to act as an assessor.	
"(2A)				al may direct that an individual designated	
				(2) must, if appointed as an assessor, carry	20
		sessme			30
	"(a) "(b)			rying capacity of pastoral leases; or	
				carrying capacity of pastoral leases; or	
	<u>"(c)</u>			rying capacity and the current carrying cap-	
"(2)	NT.		_	toral leases.	2.5
"(3)	assess	sor or a	Crow	o is designated as eligible to be a lessee's in assessor may be designated as eligible to expert determiner.	35

"(4)	In exercising a power under this section, the Valuer-General must have regard to the skills and experience necessary and desirable to perform the functions and duties and exercise the powers of a lessee's assessor, a Crown assessor, or an expert determiner (as the case may be).	5
"(5)	Before exercising the power to designate an individual as eligible to be appointed as an expert determiner, the Valuer-General must consult persons and organisations that the Valuer-General considers represent lessees of pastoral leases.	
"23Q	Service of notices	10
"(1)	Any notice or other document required or authorised by this Part to be served on or given to any person must be in writing	
	and is sufficiently served or given if it is—	
	"(a) delivered to that person; or	
	"(b) left at that person's usual or last known place of abode	15
	or business or at an address specified for that purpose in	
	any document received from that person; or	
	"(c) posted in a letter addressed to that person by name at	
	that place of abode or business or address.	
<u>"(2)</u>	If the person is absent from New Zealand, the notice or other	20
	document may be served on or given to the person's agent in	
// (a)	New Zealand.	
<u>"(3)</u>	If the person is deceased, the notice or other document may be	
	served on or given to the person's personal representatives.	
<u>"(4)</u>	If the person is not known, or is absent from New Zealand and	25
	has no known agent in New Zealand, or is deceased and has	
	no personal representatives, the notice or other document must be served or given in such manner as may be directed by an	
	order of a District Court.	
"(5)	If any such notice or other document is sent to any person by	30
<u>"(5)</u>	post, it is, unless the contrary is shown, deemed to have been	30
	delivered to the person on the seventh day after the day on	
	which it was posted; and in proving the delivery it is sufficient	
	to prove that the letter was properly addressed and posted.	
<u>"(6)</u>	Despite anything in subsections (1) to (5), a District Court	35

may in any case make an order directing the manner in which

<u>'(7)</u>	any notice or other document is to be served or given, or dispensing with the service or giving of the notice or document. This section does not apply to notices or other documents served or given in any proceedings in any court."	
	Part 2 Miscellaneous	5
7	Transitional provision in respect of Part 1A of Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 Act (as inserted by section 6 of this Act)	
(1)	Nothing in Part 1A of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 (as inserted by section 6 of this Act) applies to or affects any proceedings instituted or commenced in relation to a pastoral lease before this section comes into force.	10
(2)	However, Despite subsection (1), a lessee of a pastoral lease may, by giving notice in writing to the Commissioner of Crown Lands, elect to have the rent for the pastoral lease set under Part 1A of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 (as inserted by section 6 of this Act) if— (a) the lease has a rent review date on or after 1 June 2002;	15
	and (b) the lessee has not—	20
	 (i) had a final determination of rent made under this Act or the Land Act 1948; or (ii) reached a final agreement about rent made under this Act or the Land Act 1948. 	25
(3)	If a lessee of a pastoral lease has given notice under subsec -	
	 (a) Part 1A of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 (as inserted by section 6 of this Act) applies, with any necessary modifications, as if the dates referred to in section 23C were dates determined by the Commissioner; and 	30
	(b) the dates referred to in any section in Part 1A of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 (as inserted by section	
	6 of this Act), other than section 236, may be varied as agreed between the lessee and the Commissioner. (b) the Commissioner and the lessee may agree—	35

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- on values for b, c, and d in the formulas specified in section 23B of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 (as inserted by section 6 of this Act):
- (ii) to vary the dates or periods of time referred to in any section (other than section 23C) in Part 1A of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 (as inserted by section 6 of this Act):
- (iii) to omit any of the steps or modify any of the processes provided for in sections 23C to 23H of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 (as inserted by section 6 of this Act).
- (4) The Commissioner and the lessee may agree on values for b, c, and d in the formulas specified in **section 23B** whether or not—
 - (a) any relevant regulations or rules have been made under
 Part 1A of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 (as inserted by section 6 of this Act):

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 - (b) the Valuer-General has performed any relevant functions or duties or has exercised any relevant powers under Part 1A of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 (as inserted by section 6 of this Act).

Legislative history

9 December 2010 17 February 2011 Introduction (Bill 262–1)
First reading and referral to Primary Production
Committee